THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 13,092. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1872.—TRIPLE SHEET. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

DIRECTORY FOR ADVERTISERS.

AMUSEMENTS—Ninth Page—Fifth and sixth columns.
ASTROLOGY—Ninth Page—Fourth column.
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BOARD AND LODGING WANTED—Second Page—Second column.
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HERALD BRANCH OFFICE—UPTOWN

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD RECEIVED AT THE BRANCH OFFICE,

1,265 BROADWAY,

WEST SIDE, BETWEEN THIRTY-FIRST AND THIRTY-SECOND STREETS.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FROM 8 A. M. TILL 9 P. M. ON WEEK DAYS (SUNDAYS 2 TILL 9 P. M.), AT OFFICE RATES. NO EXTRA CHARGE OF ANY KIND.

PERSONAL.

CENTRAL PARK—SUNDAY EVENING; TWO YOUNG ladies driving; smiles for gentlemen in park wagon; three. It will allow acquaintance address CHARLIE AND HARRY, Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

FANNY—THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET. WILL BE WITH you to-morrow at noon. HANK.

FOR ADOPTION—IN A CATHOLIC FAMILY, A FINE male child, three weeks old. Apply at 245 East Thirteenth street.

G.—WILL YOU DINE WITH ME AGAIN? N.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF PATRICK MORAN; worked formerly on Bleecker Street Railroad; when last heard from was keeping grocery store in Twenty-sixth street, New York. He or his relatives should see this notice they are earnestly requested to communicate with FRANK LORTON, box 294 Post office, Shreveport, La. Louisville papers please copy.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF THOMAS LALOR, OF Ballynehane, Queens county, Ireland; emigrated to this country in 1848 or 1849; settled in Kentucky; blacksmith by trade. Any information of his present whereabouts will be thankfully received by FRANK LORTON, box 294 Post office, Shreveport, La. Louisville papers please copy.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF CHRISTINA WILSON, who left her home on the 5th of July to A. Any information concerning her whereabouts will be thankfully received and rewarded by her afflicted parents, at 601 East Fifteenth street, near avenue B.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF FREDERICK CHAMBERS, by his brother-in-law, James Bowes. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received at 483 Greenwich street.

LADY IN BLACK, FULTON FERRY BOAT, CAME UP town on Sixth avenue car.—The gentleman she bowed to when she left car at Thirtieth street would like to make her acquaintance. Address NORTHER, Herald office.

LADY WITH ROMAN SASH, STEWART'S, 2½ P. M.; bowed to gent with straw hat. Address ALMINE, Herald Uptown Branch office.

L. L. L.—COME THIS WEEK IF POSSIBLE. TELEgraph early to Milford, Conn. Next week the same. LAURIE—THIS EVENING, SAME TIME. ANTONIO.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO FOLLOWED THE BLONDE young lady, dressed in white, with black lace collar, from University place, Fourteenth street, to Brentano's book store. Will the said lady oblige a true friend by calling at station D, Eighth street? There is a letter for her with the initials H. R. M.

WILHELM PONNAZ, SON OF MERCHANT THEOdor Ponnaz, in Brunswick (served 1864 in the Union army), can receive November 1 of this year, from the undersigned, a legacy of fifteen hundred thalers, which his aunt, the late Widow Caroline Ponnaz, left him. DOCTOR MED. BUENICKEN.
Vienenburg (Hanover, German Empire), May, 1872.

GENTLEMAN WITH WHITE HAT, NOTICED BY lady, Saturday evening, about 8 o'clock, Fulton avenue, Brooklyn, wishes to make her acquaintance, if agreeable. Please address F. B. ELDER, box 194 Herald office.

481—THE TWO YOUNG LADIES WHO CALLED AT 48 will confer a great favor by sending names to A. C., 48 Centre street.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A DIAMOND. THE OWNER CAN OBTAIN it by sending a description of it, when it was lost, &c., together with his address, to Box S. M., Brooklyn Post office.

LEFT—IN THE TOILET ROOM OF THE STEAMER Daniel Drew, on her passage from Troy, Saturday, June 22, two rings: one a small diamond, the other in the shape of a strap and buckle, a stone in the centre and a pearl on each side. The ring opens and contains the hair of a deceased mother. Any one returning the same will receive a liberal reward and the thanks of the owner. Call at 448 West Twenty-fourth street.

LOST—ON THURSDAY, THE 20TH, IN A FULTON ferry stage, in the vicinity of the ferry, a Receipt Book. The finder will receive the thanks of the owner and a suitable reward by leaving it with the stage starter, at the ferry, or at 252 Court street, Brooklyn.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, JUNE 22, THREE CHECKS, drawn by Adams' Express Company on the American Exchange National Bank, for $60 each, payable to the order of Mary A. and Charlotte Foster, dated December 1, 1871; March 1, 1872, and June 1, 1872; Nos. 11,028, 12,095, 12,802; payment stopped. Return to JOHN SNEDEKER, office Sphinx of the Times, No. 3 Park row, New York.

LOST—ON SATURDAY, 22D INSTANT, BETWEEN Twenty-seventh street depot and beach at Stamford, Conn., a ladies' gold Watch, with the name Hall engraved on outer front. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at 176 East Seventy-ninth street.

LOST—ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, IN BROADWAY car (or West Fifty-first street), a ladies' Pocketbook. Finder may return to 454 West Fifty-first street.

LOST—MONDAY AFTERNOON, IN PASSING THROUGH Maiden lane and Front street to Wall street ferry, a small white Fox, containing an inside shell and gold hoop set and pair of earrings. A suitable reward will be paid for returning the same to E. R. & CO., 23 Maiden lane.

LOST—ON TUESDAY NIGHT, JUNE 18, A GOLD faced Lever Watch, gold dial, John Hutchison, maker; No. 2,927. If the same is returned to Fremont House, 655 Broadway, a reward of $50 will be given and no questions asked.

LOST—FROM HOTEL AT SANDS' POINT, L. I., ITALian Greyhound, with red collar. A liberal reward paid for its return to Hotel or 211 West Eleventh street, New York.

LOST—JUNE 23, A 18 FEET WHITEHALL ROW Boat; white outside and in; brown outwale; 3 yellow thwarts. $25 reward. JOHN ECNIEL, 15 James slip.

LOST—A SMALL DIAMOND STUD, AT THE CONcerts and Superbe excursion, Sunday last. A suitable reward will be given on returning it to room 12, 207 Broadway, New York.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN.—$50 REWARD FOR THE RETURN of gold hunting anchor Watch, No. 17,185; C. L. R. engraved on the outside of case; shell chain attached to watch, with gold keys on ring at end of chain. Any party returning the same to 261 and 263 Water street will receive the above reward.

LOST OR STOLEN—BANK BOOK NO. 54,008 OF THE Emigrants' Industrial Savings Bank. The finder will be rewarded on leaving it at the bank, 51 Chambers street. If not found application will be made for a new book on July 25. PATRICK KERR, Depositor.

LOST OR STOLEN—A BROWN SLUT; THE FINDER will receive $5 reward by returning her to No. 305 West Forty-third street.

REWARDS.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, ON SUNDAY, 23D INST., a small Scotch Terrier; answers to the name of Prince. Return to fancy store, 549 West Fifty-first street.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, JUNE 22, ON a Fulton ferry boat or a Smith street car, Brooklyn, an Account Book. Please return to 13 Liberty street, second floor, front office.

$5 REWARD.—LOST IN CENTRAL PARK, AN Amethyst and Gold Sleeve-button. Call at 18 East Sixteenth street, or 28 Bond street, second floor.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, ON SATURDAY NIGHT, AN old Pocketbook, containing $30 and some change. Apply to L. M., 134 West Twelfth street.

$5 REWARD.—LEFT IN BLEECKER STREET CAR, Friday evening, an Account Book. Return to H. F. AVERILL, 120 Broadway, room 29.

$5 REWARD.—LOST, PAIR LADIES' BOOTS IN Twenty-seventh street or Seventh avenue. The above reward will be paid by Mr. BUTLER, shoemaker, Broadway, near Thirty-first street.

$25 REWARD—FOR A GOOD, PERMANENT SITUation. Address JOHN E., Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

$150 REWARD.—IF THE PARTY WHO TOOK TWO Clocks and some Bronzes from brick house in West Thirty-third street, between Fifth avenue and Broadway, will return the same he will receive the above reward and no questions asked. Address box 857 Post office.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A MASS MEETING OF THE BOSS BARBERS OF New York and vicinity will be held on Tuesday evening, June 25, at 8½ o'clock, at Teutonia Assembly Rooms, 152 to 160 Third avenue. Punctual attendance is requested. F. TOURELLE, Secretary.

A.—HERALD BRANCH OFFICE, BROOKLYN, corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

ALL SOLDIERS WOUNDED, RUPTURED OR INjured, however slightly, are entitled to a pension. Apply to Dr. E. B. JACKSON, late Surgeon United States Navy, No. 4 New Chambers street.

A.—ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY, PRICES REDUCED. J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., Bankers, 10 Wall street, box 4,685 Post office, New York.

A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF ROYAL HAVANA and Kentucky State Lotteries always on file. J. CLUTE, Broker, 236 Broadway, 153 Fulton street, No. 2 Park row. Post office box 4,962.

A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS
KENTUCKY LOTTERIES.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS NO. 53—JUNE 24, 1872.
31, 44, 12, 54, 54, 1, 52, 3, 28, 66, 27, 1.
KENTUCKY—CLASS NO. 49—JUNE 24, 1872.
64, 29, 37, 22, 25, 17, 21, 66, 51, 28, 75, 23, 43, 13.
PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS NO. 29—JUNE 24, 1872.
25, 70, 51, 55, 69, 27, 4, 68, 66, 63, 72, 74.
PADUCAH—CLASS NO. 30—JUNE 24, 1872.
52, 8, 42, 19, 25, 36, 57, 23, 1, 47.
SIMMONS & CO., Managers, Covington, Ky.

J. CLUTE, Broker, 236 Broadway; Post office box 4,962.

BRASS FINISHERS AND FOUNDERS EIGHT-HOUR League.—Resolved, That the Brass Founders and Finishers of New York and vicinity remain as good a state and better than when first organized, notwithstanding all reports to the contrary. E. FURY, President. P. LARKIN, Secretary.

BOOK STORE.—NEW AND SECOND HAND BOOKS to be bought and sold. 571 Hudson street.

CHALLENGE.—EDWARD P. NORTH, CIVIL ENgineer, 310 East Fourteenth street:—Sir—Having been unfairly refused to the "Railroad Gazette" the right to refute your erroneous statements, I challenge you to a discussion on gauges in any leading, impartial engineering paper of this city. Yours respectfully, CH. J. QUETEL, C. E.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—FULL OFFICIAL DRAWINGS received for June 8 by JOSEPH BATES, 195 Broadway, room 4.

IN ORDER TO SATISFY THE DEMANDS OF MY customers for a good quality of lager beer, which I am unable to obtain from the stock now in the market, I hereby offer the highest price per barrel to any brewer who will furnish me with a first class article. LAURENCE FLUERBACH, 24 Greenwich avenue.

NOTICE.—WE BEG TO INFORM OUR FRIENDS AND the public in general that we have established in New York a branch of our house. A. ROCHEREAU & CO.
NEW ORLEANS, June 1, 1872.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN MARKET COMPANY, 346 and 348 Broadway, New York, June 15, 1872.—Notice.—The consent applications for STANDS in the MANHATTAN MARKET, Thirty-fourth street, North River, have induced the Company to open their books before the completion of the building. Consequently on and after Monday, July 1, stands will be LEASED for the term of five years, the occupants to have privilege and preference on renewal of lease at the end of the term. Leases will date from August 1, when it is expected the building will be ready for occupation.
Plans of the BUILDING AND STANDS, with prices affixed, can be examined at the office of the Company. PAUL J. ARMOUR, President.

ROYAL HAVANA AND KENTUCKY LOTTERY BROkers. JOS BATES & CO., 71 Broadway; Post office box 4,264.

TO THE MERCHANTS AND STEVEDORES OF NEW York.

The Longshoremen's Associations Nos. 1, 2 and 3, of New York, and No. 1, of Brooklyn, met in convention on June 23, and unanimously adopted the following resolutions in regard to night work (or overtime):—
Resolved, That on and after Monday, July 1, that we will demand double time—i. e., two hours for one—from 6 P. M. until 7 A. M., and after said date no Union man will work for any stevedore or co-pany within said hours otherwise than in accordance with said resolution.
It was also resolved, That any and every man's time shall be good from the time that he is taken from the corner (irrespective of distance) until he is knocked off by the boss or foreman, and if any distance to go the boss is liable to pay car fare or ferryage.
By order of the Convention.
THOMAS WESTMAN, Chairman.
JOHN HIGGINS, Secretary.

THE PRINCESS METTERNICH CHARM.

The secret of this delicious, refreshing and subtle perfume was a present to the Princess Metternich from the Queen of the Sclavonic Gypsies, who claims that her ancestors also gave the secret to the enchantress Cleopatra, Queen of Egypt, and that its exquisite odor formed one of the most entrancing fascinations of that syren of the Nile and of her dangerous and irresistible influence over Marc Antony, Cæsar and the Roman generals.
Sold everywhere,
and by the NEW YORK CHEMICAL COMPANY, 78 Maiden lane.

$578,558 IS DRAWN DAILY IN THE LEGALized Kentucky State Lottery. $100,000 sold was drawn in Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba June 3. Address BALEY & CO. (office established thirty years), 174 Broadway.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

A.—FOR SALE, ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS, Birds, &c. Medicines for all diseases; Prepared Food for mocking birds, at B. G. DOVEY'S, No. 3 Greene street, near Canal.

THE TURF.

PROSPECT PARK FAIR GROUND ASSOCIATION, THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 3½ O'CLOCK P. M.
Purse $300; mile heats, best 3 in 5, in harness.
Bedd Doble enters b. m. Goldsmith Maid.
O. A. Hickok enters b. m. Lucy.
John Murphy enters b. g. Henry.
R. Mace enters b. m. American Girl.
Good day and track. Admission to field $1; to field, grand stand and quarter stretch $2. No extra charge for ladies to grand stand. Admission to club house for a gentleman and ladies, residents of New York and Brooklyn, endorsed by a member of the association, $50; for non-residents, endorsed as above, $3. Badges to be procured at the office of the Association, Fulton street, corner Bedford, before 11 o'clock A. M., on Thursday, June 27. In case of postponement notices will be posted on the Herald bulletins at Johnson's Restaurant, corner Twenty-eighth street and Broadway, New York, and at the office of the Association, Brooklyn. MARTIN KALBFLEISCH, President.
GEO. W. OAKLEY, Superintendent.

PROSPECT PARK FAIR GROUND ASSOCIATION.—Tuesday, June 25, 4 o'clock P. M. match $500, mile heats, best three in five, in harness. C. H. Smith names s. m. Lady Shotwell. Owner names s. m. Rose Lee. Good day and track. G. W. OAKLEY, Superintendent.

POOLS SOLD AT JOHNSON'S RESTAURANT, CORner Broadway and Twenty-eighth street, on Wednesday evening, on Goldsmith Maid, American Girl, Lucy and Henry; also on the Long Branch races. MARSHALL & JOHNSON.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AT REDUCED PRICES—
Our large stock of
Elegant Carriages,
consisting a full assortment of
Landaulets, Landaus, Brettes, Coupelets, Coupes, Extension and half top Park Phaetons, Buggies, &c.
Two new styles of ladies' Victorias.

Eight styles of six seat Family Rockaways.

Pony Phaetons,
on two, three, platform and C springs,
at greatly reduced prices.

One second hand Brett, cheap.
One second hand six-seat Rockaway.
A. T. DEMAREST & CO.,
Carriage Manufacturers, 679 Broadway.

A LOT OF HORSES, JUST FROM THE COUNTRY, for sale, or exchange for horses of less value; fit for all kinds of business; also a few good steppers, warranted sound and kind. 511 Canal street, corner Washington.

A LOT OF FIRST CLASS ROAD WAGONS; ALSO Express, Grocery and light Business Wagons for sale cheap. 348 West Twenty-seventh street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AT THE AUCTION HOUSE OF
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
office and salesroom 37 Nassau street,
opposite the Post office.

THE HORSE AND CARRIAGE BRANCH
of our business is conducted at our
HORSE AUCTION MART,
110, 112 AND 114 EAST THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR FOURTH AVENUE,
where we hold regular
SALES OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES
EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
CATALOGUE OF THIS DAY'S (TUESDAY'S) SALE, at 12 o'clock.

TEAM BROWN TRUCK HORSES, 16¼ HANDS, 8 AND 9 years old; kind and true in all harness; are excellent workers and sold only for want of use.
HANDSOME NEW LANDAU, BUILT IN PARIS, ON eight springs, used by the Grand Duke Alexis on the occasion of his reception in this city.
BROWN FOUR YEAR OLD COLT, 15½ HANDS, sired by Membrino Pilot, dam a Rysdick's Hambletonian mare, who has a record of 2:32 to road wagon. Sold by order of Charles R. Costar, assignee in bankruptcy of Wm. B. Borrows.
NO TOP WAGON, WITH POLE AND SHAFTS, BUILT by Brewster, of Broome street.
DARK BROWN TROTTING HORSE, 15½ HANDS, NINE years old; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; a superior roadster; trots in 2:30; a free and stylish driver and warranted sound.
ROAN HORSE, 14 HANDS, 4 YEARS OLD, KIND AND true in all harness, free from vice, fast traveller, free and stylish driver, can be driven by any one and warranted sound.
BLACK HORSE, MORGAN STOCK, RAISED IN VERmont, 14½ hands, 7 years old, kind and true in all harness, excellent under saddle, free and pleasant driver, free from vice, fast traveller, stylish and warranted sound.
TOP WAGON, BUILT BY DEMAREST & CO.
CHESTNUT HORSE, 15½ HANDS, 8 YEARS OLD, kind and true in all harness, free from vice, an extra good trader and trots close to 3 minutes.
BRIGHT BAY ABDALLAH MARE, 15 HANDS, 5 years old; kind and true in all harness; a first class road-tater; can trot in three minutes any day; has great bottom and endurance and is a free, stylish and pleasant driver.
BROWN STALLION, RAISED IN CANADA WEST, sired by an imported Morgan horse, 16½ hands, 5 years old; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; trots in three minutes; an extra good stock horse; fine style and warranted sound.
TWO FOUR-SEAT ROCKAWAYS, NEARLY NEW.
CHESTNUT HORSE "TOM BOY," SIRED BY MORgan Rattler, dam Maid of the Mill, 14 hands, 5 years old; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; trots in three minutes; is stylish and warranted sound.
FOUR SEAT VICTORIA PHAETON.
SORREL MARE, 15½ HANDS, 6 YEARS OLD; KIND and true in all harness and under saddle; free from vice; good traveller; an extra fine driver; stylish, and warranted sound.
VICTORIA, CITY BUILT, IN GOOD ORDER.
SORREL HORSE, 15 HANDS, 7 YEARS OLD; KIND and true in harness; free from vice; good traveller; stylish, and warranted sound. Also set Harness and
TOP WAGON, IN GOOD ORDER.
SORREL MARE, 15½ HANDS, 6 YEARS OLD; KIND and true in all harness; free from vice; good traveller; pleasant driver; fears nothing; very stylish, and warranted sound.
TOP WAGON, BUILT BY GODWIN.
BLACK MORGAN HORSE, 15½ HANDS, 7 YEARS old; kind and true in all harness, free from vice, good traveller, stylish and a reliable horse for family use.
PEDDLER'S WAGON IN GOOD ORDER.
BAY HORSE, DICK, 15 HANDS, 7 YEARS OLD; KIND and true in all harness, free from vice, trots in three minutes, is very stylish and warranted sound.
WHITE TROTTING MARE, SNOWBALL, 15 HANDS, 8 years old; kind and true in all harness, free from vice; has trotted in 2:50 and can trot in 3 minutes any day; is a free and stylish driver and warranted sound.
BLACK HORSE, 15 HANDS, 5 YEARS OLD; KIND and true in all harness; free from vice; good traveller; stylish and warranted sound.
BUCKSKIN COLORED MARE, 15½ HANDS, 9 YEARS old; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; a good roadster; trots in 3 minutes and has great endurance.
BAY HORSE, 15½ HANDS, 7 YEARS OLD; KIND AND true in all harness; free from vice; an excellent worker and a fast walker.
SEVERAL OTHER HORSES. DESCRIPTION TIME of sale.
Fine Top Wagons (sold to pay advances), Rockaways, Depot and Road Wagons; double and single Harness.
Weather never interferes with our sales.

AT 88 LIBERTY STREET.
Fine assortment of light top Buggies, Pony Phaetons, Rockaways and Depot Wagons.
First class make; very low price; extra line of light Harness, all styles and prices.
Sheets, Nets, Whips, Robes, &c.
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL, 55 Liberty street.

A GREAT AND UNRESERVED SALE,
BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
OF ELEGANT CARRIAGE, FAMILY AND ROAD HORSES, FINE CARRIAGES, WAGONS, HARNESS, &C.,
THIS DAY (TUESDAY), JUNE 25,
AT 10 O'CLOCK PRECISELY,
AT THE NEW YORK BOARDING STABLES,
15 AND 17 EAST TWENTY-EIGHTH STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,
JAMES JENKINS, AUCTIONEER,
being the property of a prominent politician who is leaving for Europe to be gone for two years, and consequently offers his entire outfit to be sold without limit or reservation. The Horses are extra fine, having been purchased at a great expense, and are all perfectly sound and free from blemish. The Carriages and Harness are of the best make, and have been carefully used and have not depreciated 10 per cent.
Large and fine pair premium Carriage Horses, dark bay or brown, with black points, and known as the Mitchell Team; were raised in Kentucky; are fully 16 hands high; 7 and 8 years old; full tails; fine style and action; are fast travellers; do not pull; are afraid of nothing and are warranted sound and kind.
High bred and extra fine team of bay Geldings, 15½ high, both 6 years old; are very fast and have great style and action; have been used as road team and have size and style enough for phaeton or Victoria; were raised in the State of Maine by G. H. Scott, Esq., and sired by the Drew Horse; dams thoroughbreds. They attract more attention on Park or road than any team ever seen. Drive with open bridles and without checks and can be handled by a child, and can pull a top wagon 15 miles an hour. Warranted sound and kind.
Celebrated and fast young dappled gray Gelding Tycoon, 15½ hands high, and seven years old; raised by Mr. Alexander in Kentucky, and sired by Magnet; dam by Pilot; he trotted at Buckeye Course, winning the 3 minute race in 2:37, 2:37½ and 2:38, two years ago, and was then purchased by owner, and has since been used on road. He trotted at Fleetwood track, two weeks ago, to 125 pound wagon, in 2:43, and can beat 2:40 in harness; and is a straight and pleasant driver; does not fret or pull in company; and as a pole horse is unsurpassed; warranted sound and kind.
High bred and stylish brown Gelding, sired by Abdallah; cannot be outstyled by any horse in the city; 15½ high, 6 years old; long, flowing tail; fine head and neck; can be at 3 minutes; is afraid of nothing; has been used by ladies; is an extra fine road horse, good under saddle, and as a No. 1 family horse is second to none; warranted sound and kind.
Bay Hambletonian Mare Bistord, 5 years old, 15 hands high; raised by Mr. Backman, Esq., of Orange county, and sired by Major Winfield, dam Lady Ellis, by Kentucky Hunter; she is one of the purest gaited young mares in the country, has never been trained and has been broken but one year; she can show a 2:50 gait, and with proper handling will beat 2:40 this season; she is a fine and prompt driver, is sensible and well behaved and is warranted sound and all kind.
Also, a beautiful six-seat Brett, but little used, elegantly mounted, built to order, and cost $2,150; 1 Top Wagon, Pole and Shafts; 1 open Road Wagon, Pole and Shafts, all built by Brewster & Co.; 1 C spring Top Pony Phaeton with Lamps; also single and double Harness, by Wood Gibson; Blankets, Sheets, Robes, &c., &c.
N. B.—The above stock will be on exhibition at stable as above at all times previous to sale, where particulars can be ascertained and catalogues obtained.
SALE POSITIVE, RAIN OR SHINE.
JENKINS & DUFF, AUCTIONEERS.

A.—SPEED, STYLE, SAFETY AND ELEGANCE.—For sale, by auction, on Wednesday (to-morrow), June 26, at stable 43 Great Jones street, at 10 o'clock prompt:—
Four fine, bighbred, handsome and well broken road, family and trotting Horses, the balance of 8 brought here from Kentucky, about 4 weeks ago, by Calvin Morgan, Esq., and the choice; also 5 fine Horses, Wagons, Harness, &c., the property of Mr. Stockwell, who sails for Europe this week; all removed to stable for convenience of sale. This sale includes 1 elegant Kentucky bred bleed bay coupe Horse, 16½ high; the handsomest and best styled horse in New York; can be driven by a lady; fears nothing and is sound and kind. The fine young trotting MARE LADY LAURENT, 6 years old, 15½ high, sired by Daniel Lambert; the finest young road mare in the country; warranted to beat 2:40 and sound and kind; has record of 2:36. Also the Hambletonian trotting HORSE JACKSON, 15½ high, 7 years old; warranted to beat 2:40 any day, or no sale; the time of these trotters will be shown on track, or no sale; he can trot in 2:35. Also four fine driving Horses; all bighbred; are suitable for ladies to drive; all fine size and elegant style, and every horse is warranted sound and kind, or no sale. Can be seen and examined any time prior to sale at stable. Full particulars in to-morrow's Herald and at sale. Sale positive; no limits or restrictions by biddings or withdrawals. Mr. Morgan is obliged to be home in Lexington by the 1st of July.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26,
AT TEN O'CLOCK PROMPT,
AT STABLE 133 WEST THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET, NEAR SEVENTH AVENUE,
OF EIGHT FAST ROAD AND FAMILY HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, HARNESS, BLANKETS, ROBES, &C.
The whole the property of a private gentleman, removed from Westchester to above stable for convenience of sale. Including a fast Team of Trotters, 15 hands high, 5 and 6 years old, color brown, disposition of the drive evenly without pulling, great roadsters and can trot better than 2:30; will be sold separately or together; are warranted sound and kind and can be driven by a child. Also a fine and handsome bay coupe or family Horse, 15½ hands high; 6 years old, full mane and tail, fine and nervy driver, can trot in 2:30 and warranted sound.
Fine and fast Hambletonian Gelding, 15¾ hands high, 8 years old, sired by Rysdyk's Hambletonian, dam a Membrino mare; color, brown, with four white ankles; has trotted in 2:27; has a record of 2:31; is very pure gaited; a perfect roadster; has great powers of endurance; fine style and action, and warranted kind and gentle in every respect.
Also a very speedy brown Mare, 14½ hands high, 9 years old; can pull a road wagon in 2:40, and warranted sound and kind.
Also a child's complete Turnout, consisting of bay Mare, 13 hands high, small Road Wagon, Harness, &c.
Black Colt, 3 years old, halter broke only and warranted sound.
Fast trotting horse Spencer, 15¾ hands high; sired by American Star; dam Sophia Bellfounder; has a record of 2:30; pedigree and record warranted. Also, half top Park Phaeton, 2 top Wagons, 2 open Wagons, Pony Phaetons, single and double Harness, &c.
Sale positive, absolute and unreserved.

A.—NOTICE. NOTICE. NOTICE. NOTICE.—Purchasers and dealers are invited to examine the immense stock of Carriages, consisting of all styles and grades of workmanship, in Repository, 688 and 690 Broadway, extending through to
168, 170 and 170 Crosby street, being the
Largest Carriage Warerooms
in the United States, and having the
most general assortment,
and all at reasonable prices.
Single and double Harness in great variety.
Several second hand and slightly soiled Carriages, taken in trade and left by parties having no further use for them.
Old Carriages taken in exchange.
MANUFACTURERS' UNION, office 688 Broadway.

A BASKET PHAETON, WITH LAMPS, FOR SALE, has been used but a few times, with Harness, in first class order, best city makers. Apply at 161 East Twenty-eighth street.

AT FACTORY.—TOP AND ROAD BUGGIES, PHAEtons, Depot Wagons, new and second hand Landaus; all very cheap for cash.
DAY & SON, 135 Eldridge street.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

A.—THE FOLLOWING HORSES ARE INCLUDED IN the catalogue of to-morrow's sale at BARKER & CHASE'S City Auction Mart and New York Tattersalls, corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street:—
A GENTLEMAN'S FAMILY ESTABLISHMENT, CONsisting of an elegant pair of matched brown Geldings, 16 high, 6 and 7 years old; elegant drivers, great roadsters, and warranted sound and kind; also a fine Park Phaeton, Harness, &c.
HANDSOME KENTUCKY BRED CHESTNUT SADDLE Horse, 15¾ high, 7 years old, extra stylish and fine, goes all gaits, elegant in harness, and warranted sound and kind.
FINE PONY TURNOUT, CONSISTING OF A HIGHbred sorrel Pony, 13½ high, 5 years old, gentle driver, warranted sound and kind; also Phaeton, &c.
THE FAST, THOROUGHBRED SADDLE GELDING Truman, by Australian, dam Maid of Gross, by Lexington; is 15½ high, 4 years old; elegant under saddle; can run in 2:47, and is warranted sound and kind.
FAST BLACK MARE; CAN TROT IN 3 MINUTES.
FAST BLACK GELDING; CAN TROT IN 3 MINUTES.
ALSO SEVERAL OTHER HORSES.
FULL DESCRIPTION IN TO-MORROW'S HERALD.

A.—MINER & STEVENS,
Carriage Manufacturers,
115 to 121 East Thirteenth street,
having removed from 655 Broadway, are now offering at their warerooms and factory Carriages and light Wagons of every description, manufactured on the premises under their own supervision, and guarantee them not to be surpassed by any, in quality, style, finish or design.

Purchasers are invited to call and examine.

AT OUR FACTORY, IN TWENTY-FIFTH STREET, near Lexington avenue:—
One second hand Barouche.
One second hand six seat Rockaway.
One second hand four seat Rockaway.
One four wheel Dog Cart.
Open and top Buggies.
All in first rate order.
J. B. BREWSTER & CO.

A.—PHAETON, HAM'S MAKE; ONE BREWSTER Coupe, Landaulets, Ladies' Phaetons; second hand Landaulets, Landaus, Pony Phaetons, 25 per cent less than Fifth avenue stores. HAM'S, 19 East Fourth street.

A.—NEW AND SECOND HAND PONY, PARK, BASket, extension top Phaetons, Top, Road, Express, Depot and Jagger Wagons, Clarences, Coaches, Landulets, Victorias, Cabriolets, Rockaways, Sulkies, Harness, Sheets, Whips, 25 per cent cheaper than Broadway prices. WM. H. GRAY, 29 and 22 Wooster street.

A.—CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, 141 WEST BROADway, near Canal street.—Pony Phaetons, top and open Buggies, new and second hand; Express, Depot and Business Wagons; cheapest place in the city.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FOUR SEAT PHAETONS, Depot Wagons (standing and falling tops), top and road Wagons, various styles. JOSEPH REAL, 97 and 99 Charles street.

A SPLENDID PAIR OF HORSES—WARRANTED kind and sound, and Carriage to let during the owner's absence, or will sell the same. Apply at 33 West Thirty-third street.

AT WITTY'S CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY, NEVINS and Fulton streets, Brooklyn, large assortment Carriages, Pony Phaetons, Business Wagons; several fine Ponies for ladies' driving for sale cheap. H. B. WITTY & CO.

A BARGAIN.—I HAVE ELEVEN CARRIAGES FOR sale very cheap; 2 Bretts, 1 coach, 3 Buggies, 2 doctors' Phaetons, 3 Business Wagons. 460 Third avenue.

A STYLISH PAIR OF BAY CARRIAGE HORSES, 16 hands, 6 and 7 years old; warranted sound and kind; the property of a gentleman sailing immediately to Europe; sold at a sacrifice. Set of double Harness, new, made by Campbell. Inquire at Powers' stable, 54 Lafayette place.

A FINE LOT OF INDIAN PONIES FROM CENTRAL America.

RACING IN ENGLAND.

THE ROYAL ASCOT MEETING.

Presence of Illustrious Personages—Great Attendance of the Nobility—Appearance of Cremorne, Winner of the Derby and Grand Prix de Paris—Prince Charlie Winner of the Two Thousand Guineas—Defeat of Sterling, Harry Bassett's Would-Be Rival—The Gold Vase—The Royal Hunt Cup.

LONDON, June 13, 1872.

In the hurry of the great day of the Ascot meeting I have not time to describe the glories of the place, the immense attendance of the aristocracy, the royal procession—including the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of Edinburg, Prince Arthur and the Duke of Cambridge—or the splendor of the toilets on the "lawn." All these things I must leave till Saturday, and must content myself at present with an account of the racing on the first two days of perhaps the greatest meeting connected with the English turf. The value of the prizes is unequalled; all the best animals in the country appear for one or other of them, and the sport crowded into each day's programme is almost fatiguing. Except on Tuesday, when the weather was deplorable, the gathering has been a decided success, and the magnificence of the spectacle was never surpassed.

The first day's racing was of the most interesting kind and comprised several races of rare importance to English sport. Among them was the Prince of Wales' Stakes for three-year-olds, which may be regarded as a sort of supplement to the Derby, and generally brings out the best horses of their age in country. We were not, however, to see Cremorne, the the winner of the Derby, in the field, for, though he was on the spot, he had only recently returned from Paris, and it would have been cruelty to run him. He went over to the French capital on Tuesday last, undergoing the sea voyage, which was a very trying one, without apparently the slightest injury. On Sunday he went down to the Bois de Boulogne to start for the Grand Prix de Paris, one of the richest racing prizes in the world, and he won it with the greatest ease, Maidment. his jockey, having time to turn round in his saddle to smile contemptuously on his opponents, none of whom ever had the ghost of a chance. Cremorne left Paris the same evening and again crossed the channel, without showing any symptoms of uneasiness, and arrived in England on Monday morning. He got a brief rest in London, and then was sent out at a very early hour for Ascot, where he arrived on Tuesday, the day on which the meeting commenced. There was some fear that Mr. Savile, who does not, as a rule, spare his horses, would send him out to run for the Prince of Wales' Stakes, and when his number was seen on the telegraph board, and Maidment, the jockey, appeared in the well-known yellow and red cap, indignation found vent in tones both loud and deep. As it turned out, however, the whole thing was a mistake; the horse had been scratched some time previously, and Maidment, who was not aware of the fact, had gone in to scale. The most notable of the runners for the Prince of Wales' Stakes was Lord Falmouth's horse, Queen's Messenger, who won three races as a two-year-old, but this season was compelled to put up with third place both in the Two Thousand Guineas and the Derby. Almoner had won the Newmarket Biennial, and Xanthus had been second to him; but both had thoroughly disgraced themselves in the two great races referred to. Khedive is the stable companion to King Lud, who finished close behind Queen's Messenger in the Two Thousand, and was now said to be superior to him, and Wenlock had been an excellent fourth to Lord Falmouth's horse in the Derby.

THE PRINCE OF WALES' STAKES of 50 sovs. each, half forfeit, with 1,000 added, for three-year-olds: colts 122 lbs., fillies 117 lbs.; winners extra; maiden allowances: the second received 200 sovs., and third 100 sovs. out of the stakes; new course (about 1 mile and 5 furlongs); 186 subscribers.

Lord Falmouth's b. c. Queen's Messenger, by Trumpeter—Queen Bertha; 127 lbs. (inc. 7 lbs. extra)........ 1
Lord Zetland's ch. c. Khedive, 122 lbs........ 2
Mr. W. S. Crawfurd's ch. c. Drumochter, 115 lbs........ 3
Duke of Beaufort's br. c. Almoner, 125 lbs. (inc. 2 lbs extra)........ 0
Mr. G. Clive's b. c. Winslow, 122 lbs........ 0
Mr. W. S. Cartwright's Louise Victoria, 110 lbs........ 0
Mr. T. Jennings' Lighthouse, 122 lbs........ 0
Mr. R. H. Long's b. c. Lord Gough, 115 lbs........ 0
Mr. T. V. Morgan's Xanthus, 122 lbs........ 0
Lord Wilton's b. c. Wenlock, 115 lbs. (carried 8st. 5 lb.)........ 0
Lord Ailesbury's ch. c. Wolfhall, by Savernake—Heroine of Lucknow, 115 lbs........ 0

Betting at the start—7 to 4 against Wenlock (t.); 9 to 2 against Queen's Messenger (t.); 9 to 2 against Khedive (t.); 5 to 1 against Drumochter (t.); 100 to 15 against Louise Victoria (t.); 10 to 1 against Almoner (t.); 100 to 6 against Heroine of Lucknow c. (t).

The start was an excellent one, and the lot went for several strides almost abreast. The first in advance was the Heroine of Lucknow colt, but he soon gave way to Drumochter, and the most prominent of the others were Louise Victoria (who, by the way, was second in the Oaks), Khedive, Lord Gough, Xanthus and Almoner. When half a mile had been got over Drumochter in turn retired behind Louise Victoria and the Heroine of Lucknow colt, and in the Swinley Bottom Drumochter retired still further and was passed by Khedive and Wenlock, while Almoner dropped into the rear. Coming into the old course the Heroine of Lucknow colt again assumed the command, attended by Wenlock, Louise Victoria, Khedive and Drumochter; but when fairly in the straight run for home Queen's Messenger, who had hitherto been lying in the ruck, gradually improved his position, and, getting on even terms with the leaders, of whom the Heroine of Lucknow colt, Louise Victoria and Wenlock were the first beaten, won after a good race by a neck from Khedive, behind whom, at three lengths, came Drumochter; Wenlock fourth, and Louise Victoria fifth. Time, 3m. 6s. The result of the race was that Queen's Messenger, who had previously been first favorite for the great Doncaster St. Leger, the third of the most important three-year-old races—in which, unfortunately, Cremorne and Brother to Flurry, the first and second in the Derby, are not engaged—was in still greater demand for that race, while King Lud, who was supposed to be his most formidable opponent, went back in the quotations. Her Majesty's Gold Vase, which followed, was a race

IMPORTANT TO AMERICA,

seeing that among the runners was Sterling, that magnificent horse who was at one time the object of negotiations for a match with the States champion Harry Bassett, which unfortunately fell through, owing chiefly, as was supposed, to the cowardice of his owner, Mr. Bretton. Though redoubtable for his speed he had never run in public over long courses, but his friends and many general backers believed that he would yet show that stamina was one of his strongest points. He now came out over a two-mile track and met some celebrated stayers, such as Dutch Skater, Corisande and Agility, and it will be seen that though he beat all these he failed to accomplish the task, rolling all over the course when challenged by Albert Victor, who ran a dead heat with King of the Forest for second place in last year's Derby, and was subsequently second in the St. Leger of the same season. From this it will be seen that if

HARRY BASSETT

is possessed of thorough staying powers as well as speed, he must have beaten our champion in the proposed match, though not, perhaps, as easily as the London Club crew beat that of the Atalanta.

THE GOLD VASE, given by Her Majesty, added to a Sweepstakes of 20 sovs. each, for three-year-olds and upwards; weight for age, penalties and allowances; 2 miles; 10 subs.

Mr. W. S. Cartwright's ch. c. Albert Victor, by Marsyas, Prince of Wales, 4 years, 8 st. 10 lbs.. 1
Mr. Gretton's b. c. Sterling, 4 years, 8 st. 10 lbs.. 2
Baron Rothschild's b. f. Corisande, 4 years, 8 st. 5 lbs........ 3
Mr. Johnstone's Kingwood, 4 years, 8 st. 10 lbs... 0
Mr. Launde's Agility, 5 years, 8 st. 12 lbs........ 0
M. Lefevre's Dutch Skater, 6 years, 9 st. 3 lbs.... 0
M. Lefevre's Alaric, 5 years, 9 st. 3 lbs........ 0

Betting—7 to 4 against Sterling, 9 to 4 against Corisande, 100 to 15 against Dutch Skater, and 10 to 1 each against Albert Victor and Agility.

Alaric, serving his stable companion, Dutch Skater, made the running at a good pace and soon held a long lead of Sterling, who gave way to Dutch Skater before half the journey had been accomplished. Alaric was soon joined by his companion, and they came on together into the straight, where they were joined by Albert Victor and Corisande, the five for a few strides running in a line. The three last named soon drew away and Sterling appeared to have the race at his mercy, but he compounded in the last quarter of a mile, and Albert Victor won very easily by half a length. Corisande a bad third. One of the finest struggles of the day was that between the the famous Hannah—who last year won for Baron Rothschild the One Thousand Guineas, the Oaks and the St. Leger—and Ripponden, a horse belonging to Mr. Savile. So great appeared to be the chance of the mare for the Eighteenth Ascot Triennial that 100 to 30 was laid on her, but she had the greatest difficulty in shaking off her opponent, whom she beat by only a head. What Ripponden did afterwards will be seen. On Wednesday the racing was greatly inferior to that of the previous day, but we had the pleasure of seeing

THE FAMOUS CREMORNE,

who, looking remarkably well after all his hard work and travelling, absolutely cantered away from the field that was offered to him for the Fourteenth Ascot Biennial, worth £700, with odds of seven to one betted on him. We also saw that magnificent "roarer," Prince Charlie, who beat Cremorne for the 2,000 guineas, but whose infirmity placed him "nowhere" in the Derby. He now came out for the Fern Hill Stakes, in which, as he met only two moderate two-year-olds, odds of four to one were betted on him; but he caused his backers some uneasiness, for he "hung" dreadfully at first; but when roused, woke up, and coming along with his great, beautiful stride, won easily enough. One of the chief races of the day was a sort of

SUPPLEMENT TO THE PRINCE OF WALES STAKES,

inasmuch as though Queen's Messenger did not run for it, it brought out Drumochter, whom he then beat into third place, and King Lud, stable companion of Khedive, who in that race finished second. Their opponents were a very moderate animal named Bustard, belonging to the Duke of Hamilton—who, by the way, now made his first appearance on an English race course for a long time—and Laburnum, who, during the winter months, was first favorite for the Two Thousand Guineas and Derby, but has since proved himself a fearful rogue. The race was one of the finest we have seen this week, for the four came up the straight almost abreast, and at one time Laburnum appeared to be winning; but, as usual, he would tire. Bustard was one of the first beaten, but "coming again" in the last few strides, in the course of which Drumochter got to the front, he finished with King Lud a dead heat for second place, three-quarters of a length behind Drumochter. This running still further enhanced the chance of Queen's Messenger for the St. Leger, and he became a greater favorite than ever.

THE ROYAL HUNT CUP, a piece of plate value 300 sovs., added to a Handicap Sweepstakes of 10 sovs. each; winners 7 lbs. extra; New Mile; 65 subs.

Mr. Saville's b. c. Ripponden, by Skirmisher—Vertumna, 4 years, 100 lbs........ 1
Mr. Merry's b. c. Falkirk, 4 years, 98 lbs........ 2
Colonel Carlton's ch. c. Hamlet, 3 years, 93 lbs... 3
Mr. H. R. Ray's ch. h. Normanby, 5 years, 114 lbs. 0
Mr. Richmond's Oxonian, 6 years, 113 lbs........ 0
Mr. T. E. Case's Anton, 4 years, 113 lbs........ 0
Mr. Gentle's Ralph Lambton, 5 years, 108 lbs..... 0
Mr. Eastlake's Sister Helen, 4 years, 103 lbs..... 0
Mr. Johnson's ch. c. Fisherman, 4 years, 102 lbs... 0
Mr. A. E. Hope's br. c. Young Sydmonton, 3 years, 100 lbs........ 0
Lord Calthorpe's Bonny Swell, 5 years, 93 lbs..... 0
Lord Ailesbury's Sir Robert Walpole, 4 years, 97 lbs........ 0
Mr. J. Parry's Marshal Bazaine, 3 years, 96 lbs... 0
Mr. G. G. Keswick's Helmet, 3 years, 95 lbs..... 0
Mr. Johnstone's b. c. Lord Hawke, 4 years, 94 lbs. 0
Mr. G. Payne's Celibacy, 3 years, 89 lbs........ 0
Lord Downe's Bordeaux (dam Frangipanni), 4 years, 85 lbs........ 0
Mr. Reynolds' The Curate, 3 years, 82 lbs........ 0
Mr. Sturt's Theodoros, 4 years, 77 lbs........ 0

Betting at the start—7 to 2 against Theodoros (t), 5 to 1 against Anton (t), 5 to 1 against Bonny Swell (t), 100 to 15 against Fisherman (t), 100 to 8 against Ripponden (t), 100 to 7 against Celibacy (t), 20 to 1 against Bordeaux (t), 20 to 1 against Marshal Bazaine (t), 20 to 1 against Falkirk (t), 25 to 1 against Hamlet (t), 25 to 1 against Sir Robert Walpole (t), 25 to 1 against Ralph Lambton (t), 28 to 1 against Sister Helen (t), 40 to 1 against Oxonian (t), 40 to 1 against Lord Hawke (t).

The lot got away to an excellent start, and the first to show in advance was Fisherman, to whom succeeded on the right Anton, Theodoros and Bonny Swell, while prominent in the centre were Falkirk, Sir Robert Walpole, Hamlet, Celibacy and Young Sydmonton, and close to Fisherman were Ripponden and Helmet. This order was maintained for nearly half a mile, when he gave way to Falkirk, who now had for his immediate attendants Hamlet, Ripponden and Helmet. Falkirk held his advantage to the distance, when he swerved and Ripponden, drawing up to him, soon had the best of the race and won very easily by a length, Hamlet finishing three lengths behind the second. Time, 1:45. Net value of the stakes, £950, or $4,750.

PROSPECT PARK FAIR GROUNDS.

A Trotting Contest Between Othello, Fanny Fern and Hank—Othello the Winner.

A trotting contest came off yesterday afternoon for "a special purse," between black gelding Othello, chestnut mare Fanny Fern and bay gelding Hank, which was won very easily by Othello in three straight heats.

The winner of the race was once known as the Black Crook, then owned by Mr. Gould, who sold him to Norton, late Superintendent of the Money Order Department of the New York Post Office, for $4,000. To whom the horse belongs now no one could tell yesterday, but Norton was there to engineer the race and see that the horse won, probably for the purpose of selling him for a good price. Othello is a fine gelding, and for a gentleman's road horse he ought to bring a large figure, for it will be difficult to find a better one.

Fanny Fern, the second in the race, is an honest creature, and in her many races has always given satisfaction to the public. She became lame last fall and her owner bred her to a good horse; but not proving in foal, she is being trained and trotted again this year. She is hard to beat when the heats are split.

Hank is a very pretty little horse, and a fast one, too; but he seemed yesterday to lose a great deal of ground purposely at the start. He afterwards held his own with the others, and many who witnessed the race are under the impression that he could have done better had his driver assisted him "just a little."

The following are the details of

THE RACE.

First Heat.—Fanny Fern had the best of the send off, Othello second, Hank third. Othello was very rank, and broke up repeatedly to the quarter pole. Fanny Fern led two lengths to that point in thirty-seven and a half seconds, Othello second, twenty lengths in advance of Hank. Othello closed on the backstretch, and at one time was on even terms with Fanny Fern, Hank far behind. Fanny passed the half-mile pole in 1:15½. Soon after passing that point Othello steadied himself, and he soon took the lead, and was four lengths ahead at the three-quarter pole, Fanny Fern second, twenty lengths in advance of Hank. The latter trotted fast afterwards, and shut up a great deal of the gap. Othello won the heat by four lengths in 2:33, four lengths ahead of Fanny Fern, who was six lengths in front of Hank.

Second Heat.—The horses had a very even start, and went away at a good pace, Othello leading, Fanny Fern second, four lengths in front of Hank. Othello made a skip on the turn, and at the quarter pole Othello was half a length in front, in thirty-nine seconds. Fanny Fern second, six lengths in advance of Hank. Othello broke up on the backstretch, and Fanny Fern led him for a considerable distance by his having a succession of breaks. He, however, settled, and was in front at the half mile one length in 1:18. Fanny Fern second, eight lengths in advance of Hank. Othello trotted very steady to the three-quarter pole, Fanny Fern laying close to his wheel all the way. Othello came along and won the heat by three lengths. Fanny Fern second, four lengths in advance of Hank. Time, 2:31¼.

Third Heat.—Othello took the lead at the start, Fanny Fern second, Hank third. At the quarter pole, which was passed by Othello one length in front of Fanny Fern, the time was thirty-eight and three-quarter seconds, Hank far behind. The black gelding led to the half-mile pole, in 1:16, and it was palpable that he could not be beaten by any horse in the race if his driver kept him trotting. He came home a winner by three lengths, in 2:33¼, three lengths in advance of Fanny Fern, the latter being eight lengths clear of Hank. The following is a

SUMMARY.

PROSPECT PARK FAIR GROUND ASSOCIATION, JUNE 24.—Special Purse, mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

J. Campbell entered blk. g. Othello..........	1	1	1
J. H. Phillips entered ch. m. Fanny Fern....	2	2	2
F. Loomis entered b. g. Hank..........	3	3	3

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat..............	37½	1:15½	2:33
Second heat..............	39¼	1:18	2:31¼
Third heat..............	38¾	1:16½	2:33¼

TWO GREAT TROTTING EVENTS.

Goldsmith Maid, Lucy, American Girl and Henry to Meet at the Prospect Park Fair Grounds and at Fleetwood Park.

The purse of $5,000 offered by the Prospect Park Fair Grounds Association, free for all horses, with the provision that Goldsmith Maid, Lucy, Henry and American Girl should enter, closed agreeable to announcement, last evening at the office of the Association in Brooklyn, and pleasant to note, with the response the liberality of the management deserved, as the four above well-known clippers were duly entered. A race between these horses has long been hoped for by the lovers of trotting, and the owners of Henry and American Girl have frequently of late expressed a wish to meet the Maid and Lucy on a fair field, to fully test the merits of each. This contest, providing that the necessary accompaniments of good day and track may be had, will take place on Thursday of this week, and, without the least doubt, it will be one of the most interesting of its nature seen on any track for a long time. The purse is divided so that $2,250 will go to the first, $1,250 to the second, $1,000 to the third and $500 to the fourth horse, each receiving a handsome sum; but the struggle for second place, while, perhaps, it is conceded that Goldsmith Maid will be the winner, will be of the most intense nature, and large sums of money will find their way to the pool box awaiting the result in this particular. The conditions of the race are mile heats, best three in five, in harness, and a horse distancing the field to be only entitled to the first premium.

The Fleetwood Park Association at the same time offered a similar purse, to be trotted under like conditions, and it closed last night at Johnson's, Broadway and Twenty-eighth street, with the same result as that of the Prospect Park Fair Grounds Association. The race at Fleetwood will take place on Tuesday, July 2.

MONMOUTH PARK RACES.

The races at Long Branch will commence on Saturday next, and there is every reason to anticipate an immense success, as the best horses in the land are now there ready to run. The meeting will be inaugurated with "The Grand National Steeple Chase," for all ages, about three miles, over a very fine steeple-chase course, many of the jumps being quite difficult, which will try the jumping powers of the horses engaged. We have at present some capital "cross-country" horses, half a dozen or more of which will be in this race, such as Blind Tom, Tammany, Lochiel, Lobelia, Jim Tisdale, Astronomer, Vesuvius, and perhaps Dick Jackson. The winner will be difficult to select out of such a field. The second race is a mile dash, for all ages, and there are at least twenty horses at Monmouth Park that are fit to run in it. The third race on the first day is the Jersey Derby. There are forty-one entries for this stake, the best of which we think are D. R. Harness' chestnut colt Meteor, by Asteroid, dam Maria Innis; W. R. Babcock's chestnut filly Ethel Sprague, by Jack Malone, dam Vesper Light; D. McDaniel's two chestnut colts, Jo Daniel and Hubbard, the former by Australian, the latter by Planet; D. Swiger's bay colt Shylock, by Lexington, dam Edith; John M. Clay's bay colt True Blue, by Lexington, dam Balloon; A. Belmont's gray colt Gray Planet, by Planet, dam Eagless; and Hunter and Traver's bay colt Buckden, by Lord Clifden, dam Consequence. Mr. Belmont's Gray Planet will make his first appearance this season on this occasion, and great hopes are entertained of his winning. Large amounts of money are pending between him and Jo Daniel, the winner of the Belmont stakes at Jerome Park, on the result, as they are booked for first and second places in the race by the "knowing ones;" but it would not surprise us much to see some of the others named pass under the wire first at the finish.

The second day of the meeting will be Tuesday, July 2, when the Hopeful Stakes will be run by two-year olds, a half mile dash. This will bring together eight or ten youngsters of the first quality. Then will come a race of mile heats for a purse; and after that follows the great race of the meeting, the contest between the famous horses Longfellow and Harry Bassett, for the Monmouth Cup. There will be other horses in the race, but they will not be considered as contestants. When the two turf giants are stripped for the struggle, there will probably be more spectators than ever before witnessed a race in this country. When the great match between Eclipse and Henry took place in 1823 it was estimated that fifty thousand people were on the Union Course, and at that time the population of New York and its suburbs did not number over half a million in a circuit of twenty miles. In what proportion should we then estimate the crowd that will be gathered at Monmouth Park on July 2, when in the same radius we have a population of two millions, a great proportion of whom are lovers of fast horses. Betting is about even on this great race, although the Bassett party are the "callers." They, however, hesitate to wager odds on the result at present, but it is thought that before the drum taps Harry Basset will be the favorite at 100 to 70. John Harper and Colonel McDaniel, at the present time, proclaim their horses' condition as near perfection as it is possible to get them; and should no unforeseen mishap occur between this and Tuesday next, the greatest race in point of speed that ever took place on this continent will be run.

On the third day of the meeting, the 3d of July, there will be four races; and on Independence Day there will be three. The July meeting closing on the 5th with three races, comprising hurdles, a three mile dash and the Monmouth Sequel Stakes for three-year-olds.

All that is required by the managers of the meeting to make this a succession of successes is to provide steamboats and railroad cars enough to convey the crowds to the grounds and return them in safety to their homes each day.

THE METHODIST PREACHERS.

General Conference Action on the American Bible Society Regretted—Determined to Stand by That Society.

The Methodist preachers continued their discussion of the doings of the late General Conference yesterday. Dr. Holdich led off with some remarks regretting the spirit evinced by the Conference that all its offices should be filled by members of its own body. He also regretted the fact that several of its appointees had been placed in office through intrigue and caucusing, which he considered wholly and highly improper for such a Christian body to do. We condemn such intrigues in political associations; how much more so, then, in the General Conference. The Doctor spoke warmly on the Conference action in dropping from its list of disciplinary collections that for the American Bible Society, of which he is secretary and has been for ten years. He thought it was hardly courteous, considering that the Methodist Church has received its proportionate share of donations for its several missions every year, and sometimes more than its proportion, and the more so since the society has recently elected a Methodist as its President. He hoped that the pastors would on their own behalf see that collections continued to be taken up for this cause in their several charges.

Drs. Reid, Brown, Merwin, Woodruff and others spoke on this Bible Society matter, and expressed the idea that the question had been sprung upon the Conference toward the close of its session, that it had not been discussed either in the Committee on Revisals or in the General Conference, and that it was substantially the work of two of the Bishops. They hoped, however, that the Church would be kept in blissful ignorance of the action of the Conference, and would continue to make subscriptions and donations as usual.

The meeting decided, after next Monday, to adjourn until the first Monday in September, and then to take up their vacation experiences.

NEW YORK EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the New York Educational Society, composed of ministers and laymen of the New York and New York East Conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church, met yesterday afternoon at 805 Broadway. Rev. Dr. Curry in the chair. The object of the society is to aid candidates for the Methodist ministry in obtaining a collegiate education. They have applications this year from ten persons, eight of whom they propose to help. These are at present scattered in Dickinson College, Wesleyan University, Syracuse University and Drew Theological Seminary. They find many of their sources of income dried up by the McClintock Association, whose object is similar, but whose benefactions are confined to young men in Drew's Seminary. The minutes, which were read by Dr. A. S. Hunt, showed that for the year 1870-71 the Education Society paid out $1,274. They need to-day $500 to aid their old beneficiaries and much more for new applicants. Subscriptions amounting, with the balance on hand, to over $200 were thereupon received by the Treasurer.

The following named officers were elected for the year:—President, Mr. Oliver Hoyt; Vice Presidents, Drs. Crawford, Curry, Hunt and Mr. Taft; Treasurer, Mr. C. H. Fellowes, and Secretary, Rev. A. D. Vail. A board of managers was also chosen, and appropriations were made to the beneficiaries of the society.

ALMOST A TUGBOAT DISASTER.

Collision on the North River—Exciting Scene on a Jersey City Ferryboat.

At ten minutes before six o'clock last evening the tugboat H. G. Lapham collided with the Jersey City ferryboat New York, off the slip at the foot of Cortlandt street, and was so badly injured that it was with difficulty kept from sinking. The tugboat was proceeding from pier 19 and signalled the ferryboat, but the latter was being carried along by the tide. Captain Sherman, of the tugboat, says he tried to back, but the crank came to the dead point and the two boats pushed steadily towards each other till the tugboat ran under the starboard side, in front of the wheelhouse. Then followed a crash, a creaking and smashing of timbers, and shrieks of women, who were on board the ferryboat. But the most terrible scene of all was the loud roar that attended the sudden escape of a huge volume of steam from the boiler, and which was in the excitement of the moment supposed to be an explosion. The steam pipe leading from the boiler to the cylinder was wrenched from its socket, allowing the steam to escape and providentially preventing an explosion. The deck hand of the tugboat, the engineer, William Martin, and the fireman, Isaac Parks, jumped overboard and were rescued in small boats. Although the pilot house and smokestack were knocked clean over, the captain held on for dear life till the deck hands of the ferryboat pulled him on board. The cook, Richard Caulfield, was rescued in a similar manner.

Roundsman William Hassin and Officers Archer, Thomas, Fay and Mulvey hurried to the scene and rendered assistance. The ferryboat Hudson City was about to leave the slip when the collision occurred, and there was a general stampede of the passengers backward to the bridge. The tugboat belonged to Mr. William Reeves.

THE LONDON OPERA SEASON.

Italian Opera as a Fashionable Club—The Secret of Attraction at Covent Garden and Drury Lane—Decay of the Lyric Drama in England—Gye versus Mapleson—Nilsson, Kellogg, Tietjens, Vizzani, Campanini, Patti, Lucca and Other Operatic Stars Reviewed.

LONDON, June 8, 1872.

Although politics are much discussed just now, and sensible people in England read with an interest easy to understand what the HERALD and other organs of American opinion (but particularly the HERALD) say about a question of which all the world has been talking for months, this being what is called "the London season," public entertainments engross a very large share of attention. Above all the two Italian opera houses are the topics of conversation not merely in high circles among the "upper ten," but in circles where art, and particularly musical art and most especially operatic musical art, is an absolute necessity of life. But apart from these considerations Italian opera in London has become indispensable to certain classes. Italian opera may fairly be regarded as a club where ladies and gentlemen habitually meet and interchange ideas on all existing topics, no matter what. Two years ago the idea of a ladies' club was projected, but for reasons unnecessary to mention it fell through. Now the ladies are obliged to resign themselves to inevitable fate and to hold their club at the opera, where they, as a matter of course, are compelled to include gentlemen as members. This, indeed, is their place of rendezvous, where they can converse freely to the accompaniment of music from orchestra and chorus, or orchestra alone, just as the case may be, until a Lucca or a Kellogg opens her lips and warbles mellifluous strains to enchain their immediate attention and supply them with a new subject to dwell upon and discuss. Opera, and especially Italian opera, would long ago have declined and faded in the old country but for this. Then we have at the London operas an element of attraction which alone would suffice to keep them up—I mean the dazzling attraction of "evening dress," with the ladies, resplendent in their toilettes and their beauty, outshining the very lights that make them visible. The gentlemen, too, are all attired with the nicest scrupulousness. This appears to me, as an American, the very acme of good taste—an exhibition of mutual courtesy, a desire to please and to be agreeably presentable to each other—which does honor alike to both sexes. And more especially at the Italian opera—which has been, is and must ever be a luxury, like other luxuries, principally for the wealthier classes, who alone can help to support it—does this seem eminently desirable. Now, if the result of this habit—a habit which has prevailed since the glorious Handel was manager and director of the Italian opera here at the commencement of last century—has been such, what would it be if universally adopted in America, the unquestionably destined home of the arts, and particularly of that form of art which is so gracefully represented by the opera? I need hardly tell even an inhabitant of the "Old World" that the personal beauty of the American ladies is as unrivalled as their taste in dress is exquisite.

DECAY OF ITALIAN OPERA IN EUROPE.

It is of no use concealing the fact that on this side of the great Atlantic Italian opera is gradually going into decay. The club system, the union of ladies and gentlemen, the evening dress, the pleasant talk, &c., alone keep it up. A new composer of genius might revive it for a time; but there seems little chance of such a phenomenon, even of another Verdi; much less chance of another Rossini; least of all of another Mozart, with a "Don Giovanni" in his portfolio (Wagner won't do under any circumstances.) But the Americans, being a younger and more vigorous people, more lively, impressionable and open to new sensations, seem absolutely destined to take the sceptre of art from Europe's hands and to wield it for the universal good of artists in particular and the world generally. In America I feel thoroughly convinced that Italian opera will find

A NEW AND PERMANENT HOME,

more especially if it is made the fashion, as it has so long been here, and if its attractions are enhanced by the means I have suggested. New York has, with good management, already the power to surpass anything now to be witnessed in Europe, whether at Milan, Berlin, Madrid or St. Petersburg, and I may safely add Paris or London.

Now that both of the Italian operas have been open for some time I am able to tell you a fact or two. Mapleson, at Drury Lane, has the best conductor in Costa, and the best orchestra. The members of Gye's orchestra at Covent Garden may be individually good for the most part, but, owing to the

UTTER INCOMPETENCE OF HIS TWO CONDUCTORS

(fancy two conductors!) the performances are at times below mediocrity. At Mapleson's the fame of Mlle. Marimon has very considerably diminished. Her vocal facility is not questioned, but her style and deportment are considered somewhat vulgar, and her roulades and cadenzas, all prepared for her by her master, M. Maton, and *tours de force*, are now for the most part looked upon as stereotyped machine tricks. That Tietjens was, and even is, a good artist, none can honestly deny; but that

CONSTANT WEAR AND TEAR

in London during summer and autumn, in the country during winter and spring, have materially injured her voice, and that she consequently as often sings ill as well is no less undeniable. In thinking of Tietjens and Nilsson I am often reminded of that wonderful picture by the English Turner, in which a magnificent old ship of war is being tugged up the river by an insignificant little steamer (steamers were unknown in the time of the Temeraire), in order to be converted into a hospital. And yet (would you believe it?) some of those English newspaper reporters (thus they are here humiliatingly styled) who were wont to extol Christine to the skies, positively have

THE IMPUDENCE TO CRITICISE HER!

You will laugh; but it is true all the same. The *Telegraph* has a significant hint or two as to her voice in the upper register having been injured by over-exertion, while the *Queen* and *Athenæum* go straight to the point and accuse her of certain exaggerations which render her performance in the "Traviata" much less acceptable than it used to be. Another critic finds that Mlle. Nilsson has abandoned the Bosio reading of Violetta for that of Piccolomini, leaving his readers to choose which they like best. There was an enormous house on the occasion of Nilsson's first appearance (Tuesday last), by no means an enormous house on the occasion of her second (Friday). I tell you candidly I do not think that her prestige in this country will endure. But, as she is speedily to be wedded to a constant adorer of many years, what does that matter?

AN AMERICAN PRIMA DONNA.

You will be glad to hear that our charming compatriot, Clara Louise Kellogg, has again met with a cordial, nay, enthusiastic, reception from the English public, who evidently rate her at her genuine worth, as a very accomplished dramatic singer. Kellogg has played Linda and Lucia, both with extraordinary success—a success spontaneously recognized by the entire London press.

The new tenor, Campanini, is a disputed triumph. Some call him Giuglini's legitimate successor; others will admit nothing of the kind. I take the medium, and prefer to think that, though not yet a great singer, Campanini has a beautiful voice, and greater promise than we have seen exhibited by any tenor for years past. Mapleson, however, is rather fortunate in tenors. For example, he has got Vizzani, who is very young, extremely good looking, graceful and manly in bearing, possesses a really beautiful and sympathetic voice of wide compass and good quality, from the highest note to the lowest, sings with invariable taste, and acts with an intelligence that many long-accepted tenors might envy. Vizzani is a valuable acquisition, and the more so because his repertory is varied and extensive.

At Covent Garden it is still, in a great measure, "Patti, Patti, Patti." "Too many patitades," as the great English wit, Charles Kenney, once replied to some one who asked his opinion of Gye's prospectus for the season.

Patti seems desirous of extending her repertory in the wrong direction. Last year she made a *fiasco* as Valentine, in the "Huguenots"—a part utterly unsuited to her; this year she has played Leonora, in "Il Trovatore"—the first time with great applause, the second time with considerably less. If she persists in these endeavors (and, like poor Grisi, she is both jealous and omnivorous), she stands a good chance of

LOSING HER VOICE.

We have, of course, heard her in the "Barbiere," "Don Giovanni" and "Dinorah"—in which last named opera she made her *rentrée* with undisputable success. She is now about to introduce to the meekly enduring London public an opera called "Gelmina," the composition of Prince Poniatowski, which, I may inform you, as I have had a long look at the vocal score, is about as good as the "Esmeralda" of Signor Campana, which opera Patti (although it had notoriously failed at St. Petersburg) absolutely forced Gye to give the year before last, with what result, if I remember well, was communicated to the HERALD at the time.

Gye's promise of "Lohengrin" will, I fancy, end in moonshine. The German singers engaged expressly for this opera have successively appeared and successively failed. I need not name them, for they are not worth naming; and yet Gye had in his theatre Madame Pauline Lucca, who was not only willing, but anxious, to undertake the part of Elsa, in "Lohengrin." By the way, high as Lucca stood before in the opinion of the English public, she has this year increased her artistic stature by a "cubit." Her voice was never in better condition, and both as singer and actress she has reached her zenith. To my thinking Lucca, admitting the merits of all her comrades, is the most complete artist now on the lyric board in London. Her various performances this season have all been talked about as something to remember. In "Fra Diavolo" the bedroom scene alone, where the innocent Zerlina retires to her couch, unconscious that she is observed by the brigand and his confederates, is enough to make the fortune of a well-directed opera house. Her inimitable performance of Selika, in "l'Africaine;" her lively and provokingly original Cherubino, her Valentine, in "Les Huguenots," perhaps unequalled since the Valentine of Mme. Viardot, are one and all admirable; for to excel, as Lucca does, in so many characters, with nothing in common with others, is granted to few: yet another must be added—her Marguerite, in "Faust," which popular opera was given the other night, when stalls were eagerly bought up at three guineas.

HIGH PRICES AT THE OPERA IN LONDON ARE PROVERBIAL;

but in this instance boxes, stalls and amphitheatre front seats (no "pit!"—What would Edmund Kean have said?) were exorbitantly charged, and, I must admit, as willingly paid for. The Prince and Princess of Wales came to the performance, although they had only arrived from the Continent on the afternoon of the same day; but, as no one had any idea of their honoring the theatre with their presence, the high prices I have referred to could have had nothing whatever to do with them. How esteemed is Lucca by both these illustrious personages everybody in London knows full well, and nothing could have proved it more convincingly than the fact of their coming in public on the very day of their arrival from abroad. It was the first appearance of the Prince in public since his happy recovery to witness a performance of Pauline Lucca. Lucca's Marguerite is one of the best and brightest of her many *rôles*—nay, the Marguerite of Marguerites. No one saw this more clearly than the earliest appreciator and friend of Charlotte Bronte, G. H. Lewes, who, when Pauline first essayed the character in London, poured forth all his eloquence in an article of enthusiastic eulogy—signed with his initials—in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, an article still vividly remembered by all.

THE STUDENT OF GOETHE.

Glowing as were Mr. Lewes' praises of Mario's Faust, they were still more unqualified for Lucca's Gretchen—and Lewes is the biographer as well as one of the most eager and most successful divers into the apparently unfathomable profundities of Goethe.

A last word, for the present, about the operas here. The chorus at both theatres is very inferior to what it used to be. Why is not Santi, acknowledged the greatest chorus master now in Europe, engaged at either house? The answer is, because, for reasons of his own, he has declined offers from both. His absence, nevertheless, is a grievous loss. Such an incomparable general cannot well be spared, and every English opera-goer who cares for a good and effective *ensemble* hopes for Santi's speedy return.

Now is the season of races, balls, concerts, *fêtes*, &c., which, despite the rain so constantly and prodigally falling in this otherwise not altogether unblessed or unhappy country, are eagerly followed up by all who have the means to enjoy them.

MILITARIA.

Taglioni's Imperial Ballet of the Franco-Prussian War—The Fair Sex in Regimentals—Emperor William's Soldiery on the Stage—Francs-Tireurs and Parisian Cocotes—Fascinating Beauties in Hussar Uniforms.

BERLIN, May 10, 1872.

The author of this new pantomime, Paul Taglioni, belongs to the far-famed family of choregraphers emanating from Philip Taglioni, the renowned dancer, born 1777, in Milan, and who recently died, at the extreme age of ninety-five years, in his regal villa on the shores of Lake Como. His daughter and granddaughter, the Maries Taglioni, have earned for themselves the reputation of the most distinguished danseuses of their time. Mary, the younger, a daughter of Paul, left the stage in 1866 to become the wife of the Austrian Prince, Joseph Windischgrätz. Paul Taglioni, born in Vienna in 1808, and for more than twenty years master of the Royal Ballet in this capital, is the composer of the popular productions:—"Undine," "Satanella," "Flick and Flock," "Sardanapalus," "Ellinor," "Morgano," "Electra," "Don Parasol," and numerous others. The late war and the annexation of Alsace and Lorraine inspired this

GRAND PANTOMIME, "MILITARIA,"

which, true to its title, presents thrilling episodes of a military campaign, and naturally partakes of a higher patriotic character. This ballet particularly glorifying Germany's triumph over France, it is not surprising that, in order to effectually put it in scene, the royal, or, rather, imperial *maître de ballet*, was given *carte blanche* to draw upon the garrison for men, horses and all other requisites. The court and the nobility, as well as the *habitués* of the ballet, mostly consisting of the officers of the army and the swells and dandies of the upper ten, looked, as a matter of course, with intense interest to the first performance. During the several rehearsals we noticed in the rear of the Opera House whole companies of soldiers, cavalry and infantry, arms stacked, in the open streets, and waiting, with their respective bands of music, to perform their part on the stage within. Imagine the fine chance of an impresario who has at his disposal, not only an imperial subsidy of more than one hundred thousand thalers annually, but a number of first class, leading danseurs and danseuses, a highly skilled *corps de ballet*, and who, on an occasion like this, may call out the

ENTIRE MILITARY DEPARTMENT

to enhance the effect of a performance. As for intricacy in this new pantomime there is none, and one can happily dispense with a libretto explaining the plot, as is generally needed in other ballets of Taglioni. Real war scenes aptly blend with public and private episodes in a French village taken by the Germans. On the rising of the curtain one sees a cosey Alsatian village nestled in green hills and forests, with mountains in the background. The good people assembled on the public square seem agitated. They might just then have heard of the terrible defeat at Woerth. Telegrams are placarded; their contents create fear and dejection in some, fanatic fury in others. Jean (first pantomime, Herr Guillemin), the son of the innkeeper, Widow Criquet, puts himself at the head of a crowd armed with cudgels and flint guns, by the lively brandishing of which they exhibit their bravery. The Mayor, M. de Brémont, with his beautiful daughter Mathilde (Miss Selling), are seated on their porch. As the patriotic passion of Jean and his crowd is nearing its climax it is suddenly interrupted by the appearance of Uhlan lance-flags over the hills. Presently several mounted lancers emerge from the woods and rush at full speed down a hillside into the village, scattering the crowd right and left, and charging with their steeds close up to the footlights. This is greeted by a storm of applause from the crowded house, and great merriment at the ridiculous panic of Jean and his comrades. More lancers are seen approaching, while large bodies of infantry, headed by bands, march with the utmost precision into the village. Again the Opera rings with applause at the appearance of these well-drilled and grand specimens of soldiery. Quartermasters are seen consulting with the Mayor; the oldest villagers are summoned, and the inhabitants make sour faces at the *maudits Prussiens* billeted upon them. Sentinels and pickets are everywhere stationed. One of the officers (second pantomime, Herr Glasemann) is quartered with the Mayor and falls in love at first sight with Mathilde. While she and the stricken Prussian officer sup on the balcony, the servant maid, Anna Marie (solo danseuse, Miss Lenoir), sweetly smiles upon his Corporal (first dancer, Herr Burwig). The gallant Corporal assists her in drawing water from the well, and is rewarded by his charmer with a moonlight dance. Jean, as jealous as patriotic, discovers his rival; and, creeping up with his elastic bludgeon, joins the fantastic dance of the lovers, moving as their shadows between and behind them, not daring to attack the Corporal, at whom he makes blind passes, while he himself receives untold kicks and cuffs.

The music of this trio polka as well as all the orchestral pieces, is extremely beautiful, and composed by Hertel, from whose pen is nearly all the music to the ballets of Taglioni.

THE DELIGHTFUL SITUATION

of the two loving couples is interrupted by the relentless exigencies of war. Lancers suddenly gallop to the officers' quarters bringing marching orders, the bugle call sounds, the men rush into file—all this with, not stage, but actual military drill. The officer now takes affectionate leave of Mathilde and in a manner so touching that the Mayor seems seriously displeased. Anna Marie appears at her garret window, weeping the loss of her corporal. A lively scene now ensues. The corporal, having made his way to the attic to take leave of his new love, is fastened in by Jean and comrades. He is pursued to the roof, the house is scaled, and, after a stout defence, he is compelled to seek safety by disappearing through Anna Marie's window. Leaving the valiant corporal to his fate in the sweetheart's chamber,

THE SECOND ACT

opens with a public fair, enlivened by the usual accomplishments of booths, circus, shows, &c., attended by a large concourse of young and old Alsacians in their national garb and intermixed with Prussian soldiers, smoking, drinking, dancing and apparently on the best of terms with the Alsacian maids. Amid the general jollification the circus tent opens and thirty clowns, the *fleurs* of the *corps de ballet*, execute grotesque dances. A riding master, with a whip of rosebuds in hand, leads forth four superb steeds (two-legged ones) richly caparisoned, heads decked with waving white plumes, finely muscled, well rounded and strong in the calves; indeed, four beautiful blondes, exquisite danseuses, who go through all the movements of the noble animal with consummate female grace, trotting, galloping, cantering, prancing or curvetting at the rhythm of music. This novel intermezzo in a ballet produced complete ecstasy among the chivalry in the side boxes, each of these lovers of the sport having, no doubt, his own private wishes regarding these novel circus horses. Next in order was a

CHOREGRAPHIC CHEF D'OEUVRE,

by four *premières danseuses*, assisted by Herr C. Müller, accomplished scholar of Taglioni and first male dancer of the royal ballet. To crown the success of this elaborate composition, Mlle. David, the recognized queen of the light-footed, graced it with her wonderful *entrechats* and gazelle-like agility. The vehement applause having subsided a company of

HUSSARS OF THE GUARDS

appeared, some thirty of the fairest girls of the *corps de ballet*, displaying their graceful forms to the best advantage in tight uniforms of that branch of the cavalry—red jackets, richly trimmed; blue pants, top boots, steel spurs and sabres, with which they bravely fought in their dancing evolutions. The lovely corps of amazons, thoroughly scrutinized by the chivalric spectators and repeatedly encored, was followed by a general dance and procession, in which the jolly Prussians, representing Bacchus, Father Rhine, the poet Kutschke and other familiar military characters, joined with great fervor.

THE THIRD ACT,

a continuation of the first, opens with the garret scene and the smitten corporal's flight. His pursuers have just forced the door—a wild chase begins. Several encounters take place, the Prussian defending himself by extraordinary feats of strength and agility, which, as a matter of course, are warmly applauded. The hero at last, on the point of succumbing, is rescued by a detachment of German troops, who storm the house and make prisoners of the French.

THE FOURTH AND LAST ACT

seems intended to exhibit the contrast between German and French modes of warfare. A camp of Francs-tireurs—the Garibaldi-shirt men—a complete variety of arms, each man putting on the airs of an officer. Widow Criquet is robbed of a basket of fruit. She complains in vain; finally appeals to the Mayor, who, on interfering, is hooted by the camp and put in prison. Now the most original scene ensues. A liveried groom appears and announces visitors. The whole camp goes into ecstasies. A brilliantly dressed group of

PARIS COCOTES,

armed with poodle, cane, *pincenez*, come to pay their compliments to Messrs. Les Francs-Tireurs. Titbits, chickens, champagne; a grand *déjeûner* in camp, followed by a lively *Cancan Mabille*, in all its spiciness and glory. This ends the choregraphic portion of the pantomime. Marie appears and drugs the sentries of the camp, but is discovered in the act of freeing the Mayor. She is taken to be hung, her master is kneeling with bared breast awaiting the fire of his frenzied countrymen. At this tragic point Prussian and Bavarian regiments storm the camp and turn the table against the Francs-tireurs. Martial strains introduce the

GRAND FINALE.

Berlin, in her gala dress, seen at a distance: the combined armies, Prussians, Bavarians, Wurtembergers, &c., with full band playing national airs, making their triumphant entry. Here another novelty is introduced—a chorus in a ballet. The thronging populace, gathered to hail the victors, peal forth, "The Watch on the Rhine." The scenery shifts. *Tableau vivant.* Emperor Barbarossa is awake, and placing the imperial crown on his head. Borussia and Germania shake hands, and numerous other allegoric figures complete the picture of national exultation.

It were useless to add that "Militaria," was enthusiastically received. Taglioni well understood the times, and knew that whether in jackboots or petticoats the army, by virtue of its prestige, would secure this ballet unbounded success.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

Board of Supervisors.

A meeting of the above Board was held yesterday, when the following report from the special committee appointed at the meeting on Monday last was read and adopted:—

Your committee held a meeting on Friday at one P. M., which was duly advertised, and, having previously notified all the parties interested to appear before them, Messrs. Murray, Gallanay, Herrlich and others named in the resolution for positions appeared and submitted credentials as to capacity and integrity. The committee is satisfied with the character of the men. The committee submit the following resolutions for adoption:—

Resolved, That the following named persons be appointed to the places and at the annual salaries set opposite their respective names:—

Philip E. Herrlich, janitor........	$1,500
James Monaghan, deputy janitor........	1,500
Thomas Higgins, deputy janitor........	1,500
Peter Reynolds, assistant janitor........	1,200
Edward Murtha, assistant janitor........	1,200
Seaman Johnson, assistant janitor........	1,200
Martin Murray, engineer........	1,500
Thomas A. Gallanay, assistant engineer........	1,200
Henry F. Murray, fireman........	1,000

Resolved, That an additional assistant engineer be appointed to take charge of boilers in the new Court House at $—— per annum, and that four watchmen be appointed to take charge of the new Court House—two to serve from six A. M. to six P. M. and two from 6 P. M. to six A. M.; two watchmen for brown stone building—one to serve from six A. M. to six P. M. and one from six P. M. to six A. M.; and two watchmen for Register's office, to serve at same hours, compensation to be fixed at $75 per month each.

On motion of Alderman FITZGERALD the salary of the engineer was increased to $1,800 per annum. The salary of the additional assistant engineer was made $1,500 per annum. After the transaction of some ordinary business the Board adjourned to meet on Monday next, at twelve M.

Board of Aldermen.

The usual weekly meeting of this Board was held yesterday, President Cochrane in the chair.

WAKING UP THE COMPTROLLER.

Alderman CONOVER moved the following resolution and preamble:—

Whereas, There is now in the hands of the Comptroller assessment lists for sewers, paving, &c., some of which have been completed over a year, amounting in the aggregate to over one million of dollars, and which it is understood are retained by him on account of his objection to the legal fees allowed the Collector of Assessments for the collection of the same; and whereas assessment bonds have been issued for the payment of the same, which are drawing interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, and which interest has to be paid by the parties assessed; and whereas the amount of interest which has accrued on said lists since they were sent to the Comptroller's office to the present time is about $59,000, while the fees for collection would amount to about $25,000, making an additional amount of about $33,000 to be paid by the parties assessed by reason of such delay; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to send the assessment lists in his possession forthwith to the Collector of Assessments for collection, in order that the parties assessed may be saved the expense of further interest on the same.

The resolution was adopted.

THE DEATH OF ASSISTANT ALDERMAN HARTT.

The committee appointed by the Board of Assistant Aldermen to submit resolutions in reference to the death of Assistant Alderman Hartt were presented to the President, and, at a later stage of the proceedings, the resolutions were considered, and the Board immediately adjourned to Monday next, at one o'clock.

Board of Assistant Aldermen.

DEATH OF ASSISTANT ALDERMAN HARTT.

The Board met yesterday, Otis T. Hall, President, in the chair.

After the formal opening of the session the CHAIRMAN said he had learned with regret of the sudden demise of their respected brother Hartt, and he suggested that the proper steps be taken to pay respect to his memory.

Assistant Alderman FOLEY then presented the following preamble and resolutions:—

Whereas the Common Council has learned of the sudden death of Charles P. Hartt, a respected member of the Board of Assistant Aldermen, a gentleman in every sense of the word, and one who by his steadfast adherence to principle, his zeal in the interests of his constituents and of the public at large, has endeared himself to all with whom he had come in contact—one whose every act and every word demonstrated the fact that he was an honest and earnest advocate of all that was right and just, and whose sudden demise has deprived his constituency of a most competent representative; has deprived the members of the Common Council of an active and devoted associate; has deprived the city of New York of an enterprising citizen, and society at large of a true gentleman; therefore

Resolved, That we heartily mourn the loss to the city government and the city of so true a representative and so earnest a citizen as the late Assistant Alderman Hartt; that we tender our unfeigned sympathies to the family of the deceased in their sad bereavement, and that we do attend the funeral in a body and wear the usual badges of mourning for a period of thirty days, and that on the day set apart for the funeral the flags on all the public buildings be displayed at half mast.

Messrs. Slacom, Conner, Kraus, Pinckney and the Chairman indulged in brief remarks expressive of regret over the unexpected death of Mr. Hartt, and highly eulogistic of his character as an Alderman and a citizen.

The resolution and preamble were then adopted, and after the appointment of a committee to take the same to the Board of Aldermen and another committee on arrangements for the funeral, the Board adjourned.

PAYMENT TO CROTON AQUEDUCT LABORERS.

Comptroller Green paid yesterday the wages due for May to the workmen employed on the line of the Croton Aqueduct. A. S. Cady, Esq., Clerk of the Bureau of Arrears, acting as paymaster, proceeded as far as Croton Dam and disbursed at various points along the line of the work the funds provided for the purpose, to the amount of $5,000. There are a large number of men to be paid scattered in gangs at considerable intervals on the work.

It may be incidentally remarked that since coming into office Comptroller Green has adopted the system of paying the corporation workingmen on the line of their work, and they in consequence have not been obliged to lose a day every two weeks, as formerly, in coming down town to the Chamberlain's office for their pay. When the payrolls, as in some instances, contain the names of 2,500 laborers, it will be seen that a very large sum is annually saved to the workingmen by the considerate plan of the Comptroller.

Commissioner Van Nort yesterday opened a large number of bids for contracts for regulating and paving streets and building sewers. The awards will probably be made to-day.

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NEW YORK HERALD

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
PROPRIETOR.

All business or news letters and telegraphic despatches must be addressed NEW YORK HERALD.

Volume XXXVII.....No. 177

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

BOOTH'S THEATRE, Twenty-third street, corner Sixth avenue.—ENOCH ARDEN.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE, 14th st. and Broadway.—PRIMA DONNA OF A NIGHT—AN ALARMING SACRIFICE.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and Thirteenth street.—ON THE JURY.

OLYMPIC THEATRE, Broadway.—SCHNEIDER: OR, THE OLD HOUSE ON THE RHINE.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—GIO, THE ARMORER OF TYRE—MY SARAH TIBBS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM, Broadway, corner Thirtieth st.—ESCAPED FROM SING SING.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 Broadway.—CHICAGO BEFORE THE FIRE, DURING THE FIRE AND AFTER THE FIRE.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, No. 201 Bowery.—NEGRO ECCENTRICITIES, BURLESQUE, &c. Matinee at 2½.

SAM SHARPLEY'S MINSTREL HALL, 535 Broadway.—SAM SHARPLEY'S MINSTRELS.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE, 720 Broadway.—GEORGIA MINSTRELS.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.—GARDEN INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

TERRACE GARDEN, 58th st., between 3d and Lexington avs.—SUMMER EVENING CONCERTS.

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 Broadway.—SCIENCE AND ART.

DR. KAHN'S MUSEUM, No. 745 Broadway.—ART AND SCIENCE.

TRIPLE SHEET.

New York, Tuesday, June 25, 1872.

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4—The Labor Revolt: A Compromise Proposed; The Men Calm and Collected—Political Intelligence—Drowned in Hoboken.
5—Racing in England: The Royal Ascot Meeting—Prospect Park Fair Grounds—Two Great Trotting Events—Monmouth Park Races—The London Opera Season—Militaria—Municipal Affairs—Payment of Croton Aqueduct Laborers—The Methodist Preachers—New York Educational Society—Almost a Tugboat Disaster.
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8—Dolly Varden Canoe: An Expedition to the Source of the Mississippi: *En Route* for Lake Itasca—Interesting Proceedings in the New York and Brooklyn Courts—The Stokes Trial—The Paterson Courts—The Liberty Street Explosion—Daring Escape—Marriages and Deaths.
9—Financial and Commercial: A Firmer Tone in the Money Market; Advance in Foreign Exchange; Gold Feverish and Unsettled; Declining to 113 and Advancing to 113¾; Prepayment of the July Interest on the Public Debt to Begin on Wednesday—The New State Loan Awarded at 100 a 107¾. Gold: A Rally of Two Per Cent in the South Carolina Bonds; Stocks Higher but Unsettled; Erie, Northwestern and Pacific Mail Strong and Canton Weak—Advertisements.
10—The Boston Jubilee: An Unprofitable, Intolerable Day of Oratorio; The Handel Societies Benefit—Our Colleges—The Weather—Obituary—Temperance Lecture at Cooper Institute—The Church of the Messiah—The Police and the Street Incumbrances—Fires in Newark—European Markets—Shipping Intelligence—Advertisements.
11—Advertisements.
12—Advertisements.

OUR SPECIAL DESPATCH FROM GENEVA announces the arrival of General Sherman in the city, after journeying from Zurich.

THE NEW YORK CONFERENCE has become a source of amusement to the journals of all parties all over the country. It will probably be travestied in several prominent places.

THE BLACK SEA CABLE.—The Czar of Russia and the Sultan of Turkey have come to the conclusion of establishing telegraphic communication between Odessa and Constantinople by means of a cable underneath the waters of the Black Sea. The St. Petersburg journals of the 2d inst. published the terms of the convention between their Imperial Highnesses. By these terms the starting point of the cable will be on the European shore of the Black Sea, at the mouth of the Bosphorus. The cable will be finished within a year.

THE SAN ANTONIO (Texas) *Herald* is much rejoiced because General James Shields, of Cerro Gordo memory, takes the field for Greeley. Shields was pierced through the lungs by Mexican bullets, but he still seems to have heart and pluck for a Presidential campaign.

GENERAL ROBERT TOOMBS has accomplished one good thing by his recent tirade. He has aroused the respectable Southern prints to the necessity of a disavowal of his incendiary sentiments.

THE RECENT INUNDATIONS IN ITALY.—The accounts in the Italian papers of the terribly destructive work occasioned by the recent rains in Southern Italy are most deplorable. The losses will aggregate the sum of twenty millions of francs. For miles the country was flooded, and over forty thousand people saved their lives with difficulty from the rising waters of the rivers. At several points, according to the mail accounts, the Po overflowed its banks and caused the disasters referred to. At Mezzano the river first rose above its banks, and subsequently at other points. With commendable alacrity the authorities performed their duty toward the sufferers, many of whom were found in the most deplorable situation. King Victor Emmanuel has subscribed 20,000 francs, the Minister of the Interior 5,000, and a large number of the rich landed proprietors in the country contiguous to the scenes of the occurrences have contributed generously to aid the unfortunate sufferers who were driven from their homes and despoiled of all they possessed by the angry waters of the swollen river.

THE KENTUCKY DEMOCRATIC PAPERS universally endorse the action of their State Convention, which was all for the Cincinnati platform. The ancient hostility between Cincinnati and Louisville—chief cities of the rival States of Ohio and Kentucky—seems to have been subdued by this tender of the olive branch from the Ohio side.

THE SPRINGFIELD *Republican* says the *Evening Dose* does not support the Fifth avenue ticket. It has not the ghost of a chance if it did.

The Great Strikes in Europe and America—The Common Cause of Capital and Labor.

The HERALD special cable despatch from London, published to-day, gives a graphic account of the great strike now going on in that city among the carpenters, masons, bricklayers and others connected with the building trade, and a *résumé* of the agitations by which it has been preceded within the past twenty years. It will be read with especial interest by all who are directly or indirectly concerned in the present movement among the laboring classes of New York; by employers and employed who are at this moment gazing upon the smokeless chimneys and deserted workshops of the metropolis with anxiety and apprehension and asking themselves how long this deadlock, so injurious to both, is to continue. There is a natural sympathy among workmen all over the world, and a great and important labor movement, such as has been agitating New York for eight weeks, cannot fail to be watched anxiously on the other side of the Atlantic in these days of rapid communication and almost instantaneous interchange of thought. In like manner our own sons of toil, who have laid aside their tools and deserted the bench and the forge with the resolution to force from capital what they believe to be their rights, will look with anxiety for information respecting the action and the fortune of their fellow laborers in Europe. It is with this knowledge, and in the hope of protecting both employers and employed on our own side against false information, that we have determined to procure special cable reports of the actual condition of the strike in England and elsewhere in Europe, and to lay the information before the working classes of New York, so that they may be as familiar with its progress as though the strikers in London were the residents of one of our city wards. We have discovered that a great many exaggerated and untruthful stories are circulated by designing men in regard to the labor movements in Europe, with a view to incite our own workmen to extravagant demands and even to acts of violence, and hence we believe that a faithful record of the true condition of affairs in foreign cities, so long as the existing agitation continues, will serve to lessen the excitement inseparable from such occasions, and to bring to both capital and labor a better appreciation of the responsibilities they are incurring.

The labor strikes in London commenced in 1853, and have been continued at intervals up to the present time. The masters were generally successful in their resistance of the demands of the workmen until in 1859, when George Potter, the great agitator, appeared on the scene as a leader and commenced the formation of trades unions. Last year there was a general rising of the engineers all over England, and, although the masters made a stubborn fight, the men prevailed in the end and obtained the concession of nine hours as a day's work. It was found that the places of engineers could not so readily be supplied, and their absence from work, of course, stopped all the power in the several establishments and tied the hands of other workmen who were not nominally in the movement. The success of the engineers encouraged other trades to follow their example, and the carpenters and joiners took the lead and withdrew from work in two of the largest London firms. The masters threatened a general lock-out, unless the men returned to their posts, but before putting this extreme measure into operation they proposed an arbitration to consider the claims of the employés, naming on their own part the Earl of Derby and the Marquis of Salisbury. The men refused to submit their cause to arbitration, probably fearing that the prejudices of the arbitrators would be too strongly against the laborer to render a fair decision likely. When this overture was rejected a general lock-out took place, and last week twenty thousand workmen were thrown out of employment. The masters, it appears, not only closed their gates to the actual strikers, but ejected also the masons, bricklayers and others employed in the building business, whose services were valueless without the carpenters and joiners. One of the locking-out firms was the well-known one of Cubitt & Co., and the HERALD correspondent obtained an interview with one of the partners, Mr. Plunkett, an old and experienced master builder, who has witnessed three great strikes. The firm employs three thousand carpenters, masons and bricklayers, and as Cubitt's principal business is to lease ground and to erect skeletons of houses thereon, which are rented at an advanced ground rent, these men are constantly at work. Mr. Plunkett's experience has taught him that while the general effect of strikes is to raise wages, which have advanced fifteen per cent in the last twenty years—a very immaterial advance when the increased cost of living is considered—they also result in throwing a large number of men out of employment and thus in causing great want and suffering among families. At present the men demand that fifty-one hours shall be a week's work, or eight hours and a half a day, and they ask in addition an increase of a shilling a day, or twenty-four cents of American money, in their wages. At present the hours are fifty-six and a half per week, or nearly nine hours and a half a day. The London masters profess to regard the demand of the men as not warranted by the present condition of trade in that city, and although they do not approve of lock-outs, except as a last resort, they remain firm at present in their resistance to the movement. The laborers also tell their story to our correspondent, and show that their pay as masons is now eightpence English currency, an hour, or sixteen cents of our money, making for a day's work at nine hours one dollar and forty-four cents. They say that the cost of living in London has largely increased, and complain that when sent to jobs at great distances their walk to and from the work is not allowed them in their time. The men express themselves sanguine of success, declare that they are financially strong and that they do not lack assistance from other trades, who will, in their turn, strike for nine hours a day and ninepence an hour. So they nail the flag of "No surrender" to the mast and spend their time in the "publics," no doubt drinking in communist sentiments with their beer. The London *Times*, in commenting on the strikes, predicts that these extended trades disputes will have the effect of making coal and iron dear and of incredibly increasing the price of the products with which England supplies the world, thus entailing loss upon the country and sacrificing the advantages she is entitled to derive from her resources and products.

This is the position of affairs at the present moment in the city of London, and we believe that the situation may be studied with advantage by our own workmen and capitalists. The American mechanic or laborer, should not overlook the fact that he is far better off in every respect than the workingman of Europe; that he is better paid, better fed, better clothed and better appreciated; that he is a free man and the equal of the millionnaire if sober, honest, industrious and upright in his dealings, instead of being a mere overworked, underpaid, despised drudge. The American workman has a character and a standing in the world, with intelligence to back him, and he should refuse to be put upon the same level with the irresponsible Communist or the uneducated European laborer. We have regretted to find that the enterprising and usually outspoken journals of the metropolis have almost entirely ignored the subject of these labor strikes in their editorial columns, and have hesitated to give that advice both to employers and workmen which is so much needed at an excited moment like the present. We have felt it to be our duty to offer such counsel as we have deemed the crisis demanded, both to capital and labor, and we now tell the American working classes that they must respect themselves if they desire to succeed in the work they have before them, or to accomplish any result by which they can better their condition. As we have said, they are the superiors of the great body of English laborers, and hence they should spurn from their societies the Mackays and Blissarts, who would degrade them from earnest, steadfast citizens into a horde of half savage revolutionists. Let them study the condition of the London laborers as shown in our report, and they will probably be disposed to better appreciate the advantages they themselves possess. Especially they will refrain from allowing themselves to be led into excesses by foreign advisers, and will not misinterpret the favorable words of those who believe some of their demands to be reasonable into an approval of any rash or lawless acts. In like manner we call the attention of men of capital and employers to the story of the London lock-out, the experience of the old master builder, and the sensible comments of the London *Times*. If they read the lesson aright they will not let their feelings overpower their judgment and good sense, and by a coercive policy give opportunity to mischievous agitators to ventilate their agrarian doctrines and incite an irritable mass of strong men to acts of indiscretion and probably of violence. The lock-out in London, they are told, will so enhance the price of coal and iron and of all the products which form the bulk of the English trade, that the men of capital will in the end be the parties to feel the injury to the greatest extent. It is a certain fact that these great labor strikes, which throw hundreds of thousands out of employment and paralyze industrial pursuits, however much they may be temporarily supported by contributions from societies, must in the end make the country poor, and compel the wealthy, in some shape or another, to bear the increased burden. Starving families must be supported, and those who have means must be *taxed to support them*. If riots occur damages must be paid, and the loss falls at last on the rich man and on the steady workman who returns to labor and struggles on for a living. Capitalists and honest men with families, who are always ready and willing to work, are those who suffer from these disturbances, while the reckless spirits who do the most to initiate them escape the penalties they impose upon the community.

There is one gratifying piece of intelligence in regard to the New York strikes. It is reported that the Commissioners of Emigration and the Citizens' Association have come forward in an attempt to settle the differences between the employers and the workmen by a convention and friendly arbitration. The men, it is said, have agreed to the proposition, and the employers certainly should not hold out or offer any obstruction to such a mode of settlement. The present condition of affairs cannot be expected to continue without breeding incalculable mischief. We do not anticipate violence. We are confident that our laboring men have too much good sense and self-respect to attempt the accomplishment of their objects by other than lawful and peaceable means. But every day taken from the active industry of the city impoverishes some person, and idleness breeds vice in the bad portion of the working classes. A lock-out, says the English master, is a dangerous experiment; and so is every act that tends to separate the interests of the employer and the laborer and to shake their confidence in one another. Let the men be peaceful and moderate—the capitalists reasonable and even liberal, and the efforts now being made to effect a settlement of their differences cannot fail to be successful. Before another week passes over the city we hope that the cheerful sound of labor will again be heard ringing out from the workshops; that the chimneys will once more give forth their volumes of smoke, showing that the incense of industry is burning brightly within, and that employer and workman will meet each other with cheerful looks, feeling that the concessions made on each side have only strengthened the ties between them and conured to the interest of both. We look to the conservative spirit of capital and of intelligent, honest labor, to accomplish this result.

WHY DO NOT THE PRESS of the country cease for a time their twaddle about the Baltimore Convention and give their views about the more immediate question of the labor strikes?

IT IS ASSERTED that a majority of the newspapers of the country are in favor of the Cincinnati movement. But how is it about the circulation of those papers? Handbills do not express the sentiments of a community of intelligent people.

THE SPRINGFIELD *Republican* (Sam Bowles-Greeley) announces that Cincinnati was a little excited on hearing of the nomination of Grotebeck, its worthy citizen, for President. The chance of his being Minister to England under Greeley, however, allayed the agitation.

The Boston Bubble on the Point of Bursting.

The first week's existence of the unwieldy monster of discord called into being for the sole purpose of feeding the inordinate vanity and laughable conceit of the Bostonians is likely to be its last. Already the wearied and suffering denizens of that unhappy village refuse to be dragged to the five-acre lot on Back Bay, where it would seem that a second Pandora's box has been opened or that Boston was atoning for all its wickedness in a purgatorial state. The twenty thousand people that occupied the chorus seats—one-half of them as innocent of singing qualities as if they were inmates of a deaf and dumb asylum—are looking with longing hearts towards their farm homes; the very cannon has lost its sturdy roar, as the gunpowder is dealt out less liberally than before; the fiddlers and bomblowers are shaking their heads despondently at the slim chance of ever getting their hard-earned money, and the deserted benches and gloomy aisles of the Coliseum re-echo mournfully to the footsteps of the bewildered visitor who may chance to stumble into it. The fate of the builders of the Tower of Babel has overtaken these ruthless invaders of the realm of music, and the childish vanity of Boston has received a blow that, if anything could penetrate its adamantine armor of conceit, would crush it forever. Happy in their exaggerated ideas about their whimsical little village the modern Athenians refuse to see that the entire civilized world is laughing at their ridiculous attempts to gain notoriety by five acres of discord and hideous noises. It is the last and most lamentable example of the fable of the frog and the ox. The Boston frog is now ready to burst, and naught will remain but ridicule and contempt. Yet there will be one more legacy left of the "Hub," a very undesirable one too. This Yankee speculation called the Jubilee will undoubtedly leave behind it such a pile of unpaid bills that a tax will be imposed upon the village, and a burdensome debt bequeathed to the descendants of the thousand and one committeemen. Already the expenses are enormously in advance of the receipts, and the latter are decreasing every day. Amid all the charlatanism and noise of this hubbub there are a few features that we should like to keep in the country and give them a chance to be heard under less distressing circumstances. There are the French, English and Prussian bands, Strauss, Mme. Leutner and Mme. Arabella Goddard. In defence of all these artists we might say that they were induced to take part in the Boston affair under false pretences, and that they sincerely regret ever having anything to do with it. It would be worth the money and enterprise of any manager to bring such artists before an intelligent metropolitan public, and to enable them to place themselves in a proper light before the world of art. As for the rest of the Jubilee, organ, piano, cannon, anvils and big drum, it is to be hoped that they will never arise from the merited oblivion into which the voice of an outraged community will speedily sink them.

The Geneva Conference—The Prospect of Settlement Again Disturbed.

We have scarcely had time to congratulate our own citizens and the people of England on the friendly termination of the irritating controversy between the two governments in regard to the subjects submitted to the consideration of the Geneva Court of Arbitration before we receive information calculated to impair our faith in the finality of the supposed settlement. The HERALD special cable despatch from Geneva published to-day states that in consequence of important despatches received since Saturday night by the American agent the Court has been suddenly summoned to meet to-day instead of Wednesday, and that all the arbitrators had reached Geneva at eight o'clock last evening. In connection with this change of programme we have the announcement that despatches have reached the national capital within the past two or three days indicating that a serious question still remains before the Geneva tribunal, and that an obstruction lies in the way of its decision on the admissibility of the American claims for indirect damages, which threatens to revive, or rather to keep alive, the original point of dispute in all its force and intensity.

Phil Sheridan on the Indians and Indian Policy.

The news we published recently relative to the hostile and threatening movements of the Indians along the Texas border is confirmed by the communication of General Sheridan to the Secretary of War, which appeared in our columns yesterday. He agrees with General Augur as to the character and disposition of the Kiowas, the hostile Indians referred to, but he differs with him and others as to disposing of these troublesome customers. Sheridan is eminently practical, and if left to manage the Indians as he thinks proper we should hear little more of their depredations. He does not favor the proposed scheme of General Augur, to merely remove these Kiowas, because, as he says, they would escape from any of the Northern posts. In short, he declares there is no way of stopping the outrages of the Indians but by inflicting punishment. "The tribe needs punishment," he says, "of the severest kind, and we are prepared to administer it whenever it is deemed best by the authorities. Had it not been for Colonel Hazen, who represented that these Indians were friendly, when I followed their trail without missing it for a moment from the 'battle of Washita' till I overtook them, the Texas frontier would be in a better condition than now, and we should be free from embarrassment." Why does not the government give Sheridan full authority to manage these hostile Kiowas, for he would not stop, as he says, until he caused them to respect human life and the rights of property? The Quaker peace policy as applied to such Indians as these is based upon a false sentiment of humanity. Is there to be no feeling of humanity for the murdered, outraged or plundered whites on the frontier? Are we to have no sympathy for the victims of these savages? Is all our sympathy to be for the savages only? It is time that our Indian philanthropists and the government should see that the most humane policy is to rule these wild and warlike tribes through their fears. General Sheridan says well, that "the government will not be able for a much longer time to avoid the demands of progress and settlement, and that measures must be adopted to render every portion of our extensive frontier safe for a citizen to travel over or occupy."

How the Herald Gets Its News—Excitement in High Quarters.

The State Department at Washington has long been a convert to the opinion that the ways of the HERALD are inscrutable in the matter of getting news. Within the past few days, however, it has knelt at the HERALD shrine in a manner which amuses us as we note the comicality of the puzzled expression that plays round the mouths of these worshippers in spite of themselves. On this subject the HERALD has a record which can afford to smile at the wonder of the devotees of the State Department. It contents us to publish the news, and whether it falls into our hands like a ripe peach from the tree or we are obliged to climb perilously up for it, as people in the tropics do after the delicate *bonne bouche* of the cabbage palm tree, or whether we are forced to dig deep for it like water in the desert, we care only to chronicle the success. A failure on our part to achieve anything, no matter how great the effort made, we would regard with as little sympathy as the world generally wastes on its heroes of unsuccess. It was our fortune once to supply the English government itself with the news of the fall of Magdala and the death of King Theodorus, of Abyssinia. The news of Dr. Livingstone, which came to us so long ago, is now being confirmed through the slow medium of mail communication to the savans to the Royal Geographical Society, who were in nowise willing at first to credit the information furnished them gratuitously by the HERALD. The arrival of Alexis, for which New York was athirst last November, awakened scepticism when it was found that the HERALD was the only paper that had the news, which was lying at our very doors. If we refer to the publication of the Fisk-Mansfield letters in the same breath with the thirty-five thousand words despatch which composed the secret treaty correspondence it is because no other paper published on the same day matters which were in the highest demand as important matters of news. They were things which increased intelligence among the people demanded of increased facility in the press. When the State Department undertook to keep secret the grave steps it was taking in a matter of such vital interest to the nation it was making war upon that popular intelligence and the increased press facilities to satisfy it; the HERALD's pages have shown with what result. The dark-lantern device has been knocked to pieces in the nervous hands that held it, and the mediæval secrecy proved to be no secret at all when the HERALD and the sun of the nineteenth century were abroad. It was all very well when potentates cooked up treaties and got the crowd to hurrah when they were signed. The people nowadays want to know not only for whom, but for what they are asked to cheer, and if the Old World style of partisan newspaper cannot or dare not and the diplomats will not tell them, the live, progressive journal must do it.

The State Department lately become, as we have said, wonderfully exercised over the manner in which the HERALD got its news about the various steps in the treaty, which were reported in its columns as soon as they were made by the old diplomats, who thought they were managing the business with consummate secrecy. Accordingly, a most confidential personage, with the vast department machinery at his back, was set to pluck out the heart of the mystery; but, like the courtiers in "Hamlet," they discovered they could not play upon the pipe which discoursed such eloquent music to the public daily through the columns of the HERALD. "They tap the State office wire," said one; but neither spigot nor bung could be discovered whereat a HERALD man could drink in the vintage of diplomacy as it was fermented in the brains of our treaty makers and bunglers on both sides of the Atlantic. "They subsidize entire telegraph companies," suggested another, and the confidence clerk breathed the foul suspicion into the ears of the head telegraph officials. We cannot print the exact measure of the indignation which this aspersion roused in the tickings of the telegraphic breast. The biggest electric battery that ever scientific lightning imitator discharged for the edification of virtuosos would not be the faintest electric spark beside the thunderstorm of strong language used by the telegraph people at the insulting insinuation. The confidential man fell immediately, lest some of the sturdy assertions of blastedness and donkeyism might become realized on his person and a coroner's inquest become necessary. No! Like Cæsar's wife, the telegraph company pronounced itself and its employés above suspicion. At last the innocent little cherubim who wear pretty white wings in business time and play "tag" in their leisure hours—the telegraph message boys, in fact—became the latest suspects of the confidential Fouché of the department. Lynx eyes were set to watch the gentle children as they flew on rapid pinion towards the leviathan of the State Department and as they gambolled homeward along the gutters and every two or three days indulged in the luxury of a piece of stale pie, secured at an immense reduction on its value in the fresh state. The severe flouting which the department man received at the telegraph office was turned into overwhelming ridicule when it was discovered that the great American government, while tilting in sharp encounter of wit with England and Spain, was using all its spare force in tracking the little errand boys of the telegraph office. Utterly bamboozled, foiled and fuddled in the vain attempt to get at the secret of HERALD success in news procuring, the State Department officials took to iced drinks and cold shower baths and left the *quæstio vexata* where they found it. We are sorry we cannot help them.

The HERALD pays a pretty large telegraph bill yearly, but it must be small compared with the immense sums those cunning old chaps have spent on cabling their squabbling from America to England and back again. When the Alabama claims are settled, if they ever are, it will require a good round appropriation to pay for the amounts squandered in playing battledore and shuttlecock through the cable, probably as large a sum as the damages we are ever likely to collect from the precious treaty. It dawns on us that much of the high-strung humanity and gushing brotherly love which bubbled from such disinterested patriots as Mr. Cyrus W. Field may have had just a trifle of material inspiration after all. We do not like to entertain the thought, but if the negotiations ceased so would the costly cabling, and so much the less would be the dividends. Is it possible that the sleek *entente-cordiale* people have such sordid roots to their feelings? So long as the negotiations go on the HERALD publishes the spice of the theme; but the brotherly-lovers are never heard from until they are likely to stop. Another suspicion rises. Have the State Department people any shares in the cable? Then, indeed, would it become plain why they should not oppose an eight months' adjournment of the arbitration. They could cable themselves into wealth almost in the interval if they stuck well to their work and always held something in reserve to cable and squabble about. These matters have dropped into this article incidentally; but when the history of HERALD enterprise in the treaty matter is enjoyed by posterity the question of what made the old State Department fellows cable so much in secret (?) will share the interest with the query as to how the HERALD got its news.

The Fish Culture in American Waters—A Good Appropriation by Congress.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill passed at the recent session of Congress contains an item of fifteen thousand dollars to be applied to the erection of shad and salmon hatching establishments in American waters, and to be expended under the direction of the United States Commissioner of Fisheries. This appropriation was secured through the efforts of Hon. Robert B. Roosevelt, of New York, one of the New York Commissioners of Fisheries, a gentleman who, both as a true sportsman and a sound political economist, has studied the subject of fish culture and understands its great importance in every point of view. Few people reflect upon the evil that may be inflicted upon a populous country through the indiscriminate destruction of the fisheries, or upon the benefits that may be derived from a wise protective policy in the regulation of the taking of fish and from a careful application of the artificial means by which their cultivation can be promoted. In his exhaustive speech on the subject in the House of Representatives Congressman Roosevelt called attention to the value of the fisheries as a means of national wealth and as a source of support to millions of our people, and showed conclusively that with a little exercise of industry and a small outlay of money the government has it in its power to add materially to the economy as well as to the luxury of living. The practice of over-fishing and of unseasonable fishing is one incident to the growth of the population, and should be restricted as far as possible by wise laws; but this alone is not enough. Indeed, it is but a small portion of the work the government is called upon to perform. By whatever stringent regulations the indiscriminate destruction of fish and their taking at improper seasons, when they should be left undisturbed to breed and to grow, may be prohibited, there will still be wanting the encouragement of their increase by artificial means and the introduction into the several waters where they are unknown of the most desirable species for food. Of these latter salmon and shad are prominent, and their culture and spread are the immediate objects of the appropriation.

The artificial culture of fish has been practised for centuries with success. It is not an experiment, but a certainty, and there is no reason why it should not be regarded as important as the cultivation of the land for the products it yields. Mr. Roosevelt, in putting forward this idea, remarks that while an acre of land will produce corn enough to support a human being an acre of water will support many persons, and can be made, with proper aid, to sustain the lives of a still greater number. The expense of securing the food in the latter case is far less than in the former, and hence the products can be sold at a cheaper rate to the poor. "We raise animals for man's use," says Mr. Roosevelt, "cross their breeds, study their food, and try and adapt their surroundings to their greatest development. We cultivate plants and vegetables, and strive to obtain new species and improved varieties. We import cattle from Europe, horses from Africa, sheep from Spain, wheat from Egypt, sorghum from Asia. Our daily struggle is to make the most of whatever can be turned to the support of the human race, except with one great class, which has always contributed, and, unless exterminated, always will contribute largely to that end." This reasoning is unanswerable, and it is only surprising that the culture of fish has not long since been taken hold of by the government as a national work. The appropriation now secured is small, but it may prove the opening wedge to a great undertaking which will be of more practical and immediate value to the poor than all the agricultural bureaus that could ever be established.

Spain—The Montpensier Manifesto.

In his manifesto, just issued, the Duke de Montpensier asserts the right to the throne of Queen Isabella's son, Alphonso, the Prince of the Asturias. The Duke's language is plain and emphatic. "When the proper moment arrives he will fearlessly defend and proudly serve the interests of the Prince of the Asturias." This language sounds strange, coming, as it does, from a man who encouraged the revolution which sent Isabella and her family into exile, and who afterwards consented to allow himself to be nominated a candidate for the vacant throne. Our regard for Montpensier would have been none the less if his past record had been less open to suspicion. His conduct throughout the protracted struggle in Spain has been the reverse of noble. Ambition and selfishness have never been wanting to the members of the House of Orleans. Ambition and selfishness have, unless we greatly mistake, proved the ruin of the Duke of Montpensier. If anything could induce us to support the cause of Amadeus we should certainly find some inducement to take that course in the manifesto of Montpensier. It may be that the cause of Amadeus is hopeless—that the Spanish people have made up their minds that no foreigner shall rule over them. It may be that the hearts of the Spanish people are set upon Alphonso, and that the restoration of the Bourbons in his person is merely a question of time. But the cause of the Savoy-

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ard King is not rendered more desperate or the cause of Alphonso more hopeful by this declaration of a man who, in order to advance what he thought his own interests, was quite willing to sacrifice his nearest if not dearest friends. It will not be wonderful, however, if this manifesto shall have the effect of hastening on a crisis which has long been threatening. Serrano and Sagasta have both given up the Savoyard King in despair; Montpensier has now pronounced himself. It is no longer possible, therefore, to resist the conviction that a fresh revolution is at hand. Would that we could say that, with a change of dynasty or with the establishment of the republic, Spain would see the end of her troubles. The internal condition of Spain is as pitiful as can be. If possible, the foreign relations of Spain are worse; and what adds to the gravity of the situation is the fact that she seems determined to alienate from her the sympathy of the one Power which, in the prospect that lies before her, would be likely to render her any service. If our news of this move proves to be strictly correct Spain is doing her best to bring herself into actual conflict with the United States.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

United States Senator William M. Stewart, of Nevada, is at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Commodore Mullany, of the United States Navy, has a berth at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Bishop Wilmer, of New Orleans, sojourneth at the New York Hotel.

Congressman Frank Morey, of Louisiana, has arrived, with his carpet-bag, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Professor Samuel Longfellow, of Cambridge, Mass., is on a short stay at the Astor House.

Captain Hamilton Perry, of the steamship Republic, turns in at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Judge McRae, of California, is stopping at the New York Hotel.

Major J. E. Beach, of Louisville, Ky., is among the late arrivals at the Grand Central Hotel.

General H. W. Carpentier, of San Francisco, has pitched his tent at the Sturtevant House.

M. de Westenberg, the Minister from the Hague, is at the Albemarle Hotel.

James Russell Lowell, the poet, will soon start for Europe, to remain two years.

George B. McCartee, Superintendent of the Printing Bureau of the Treasury Department at Washington, makes the Fifth Avenue Hotel his present stamping ground.

Speaker James G. Blaine, who was not nominated at Philadelphia in place of Grant, yesterday arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Ex-Governor B. Bradbury and J. C. Madigan, of Maine, and Professor R. E. Rogers, of Philadelphia, are at the Astor House.

Judge A. McLearn, of North Carolina, is acquiring knowledge at the Grand Central Hotel.

John Derringer recently died in Indiana at the age of one hundred and seven years—an Ancient Pistol who "went off" at last.

Secretary Fish yesterday left this city to attend the meeting of the Trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund, in Boston, to-day. This is a "blind," under cover of which he will hear Gilmore's mighty panjandrum.

General William Callow, of Pennsylvania, is at the Hoffman House, not, it is to be hoped, a callow general.

Admiral Polo de Barnabé, the Spanish Minister, yesterday returned from Boston to the Clarendon Hotel. He would rather go on a six years' cruise than to hear that noise again.

President Grant arrived from Long Branch at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday afternoon. He was, of course, accompanied by Generals Babcock and Porter. The party made a short stay here and then started for Boston, where Ulysses will meet the trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund to-day. To-morrow he will accomplish the real object of his visit, namely, to hear the big drum. What a handy excuse that Peabody Fund is! George Peabody was present at the Jubilee of 1869.

MOVEMENTS OF THE PRESIDENT.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., June 24, 1872.

President Grant and wife and General Porter left for New York this morning. The President leaves this evening for Boston to attend the meeting of the trustees of the Peabody Institute Fund to-morrow and the Jubilee on Wednesday.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, June 24, 1872.

A Greensboro' special to the *Daily News* says:—"A fire broke out in that place last night at two o'clock in Porter's drug store, burning the Court House, Caldwell's bank, the Southern Hotel, Mendenhall and Staple's law office and other buildings. Loss $50,000 or more, the only insurance being $5,500 on Porter's drug store. The Court House was the finest in the State, and was worth about thirty thousand dollars. The records of the Courts were saved. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A NEW YORK BANK SWINDLER.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 24, 1872.

Last Saturday a middle-aged man, presenting a good business appearance and giving the name of Joseph Phelps, presented himself at the First National Bank of this city, purporting to be from Evans, Wharton & Co., of New York city. He represented that he was here to made some investments and desired to make some deposits which could draw interest. Upon learning that the bank paid no interest on deposits he presented a check on the Fulton National Bank, of New York, apparently drawn by Evans, Wharton & Co., for $8,000. Upon this he desired to draw a few hundred dollars, which the cashier declined to advance, whereupon the man departed and has not since been heard from. The New York firm was at once informed of what had occurred and replied that they knew nothing of check, letter or man. The man's deportment and appearance were well calculated to deceive.

A SQUATTERS' FIGHT.

One Fractures the Other's Skull with a Cart Rung.

On Sunday afternoon John Perry and Christopher Walsh, squatters on the rocks in Fifty-sixth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, got into a dispute with each other about some trifling matter. The parties being under the influence of liquor they soon proceeded to a settlement of their quarrel by a resort to physical force. During the fight which followed Walsh picked up a cart rung, with which he struck Perry on the head, fracturing his skull. The injured man was removed to the hospital, where he now lies in such a condition as to make it doubtful if he can recover. Justice Bixby, at the Yorkville Police Court, committed Walsh to await the result of his victim's injuries. Late yesterday afternoon information reached the Coroners' office that Perry was lying in a very critical condition. Coroner Schirmer will take Perry's ante-mortem statement to-day should he be in a condition to make it.

THE LATEST INSULT TO OUR FLAG.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

The pride of every American citizen must sink away down into his boots upon perusal of the latest vile insult to the starry emblem of our nationality, published in your great journal and standard of national honor and integrity. I refer to the dastardly indignity perpetrated upon the flag of the Union by the captain of the Canadian cutter Stella Marie, who continues to fly the Stars and Stripes, union down, beneath the Dominion rag, and laughs to scorn, under advice and past experience, the appeals of our unsustained representatives to desist from such an outrage upon the feelings of the people of the United States. What a fearful spectacle of administrative timidity is here presented! As a soldier of the Army of the Potomac, who fought under General Grant, I protest against longer submitting to such gross indignities at the hands of this "tadpole" of nations—the Dominion of Canada. Away with such a Secretary of State as Hamilton Fish! Such fish, instead of being a fertilizing agent to promote the vegetation of Uncle Sam's mighty farm, will surely cause the last blade of that patriotism and honor which has flourished since our forefathers made a clearing to wither and die. By all means let President Grant put his foot down here. Kick decayed Fish over into the offal trough of public execration. We will then be no longer "accustomed to such insolence." Let your wholesome advice be carried out. Send a sufficient force to the Gulf of St. Lawrence to protect our vessels and to check the insolence of upstart commanders.

A VETERAN.

THE GREAT ENGLISH STRIKE.

Herald Special Report from London.

General Lock-Out by the Masters Against the Men Connected with the Building Trades.

Twenty Thousand Operatives Idle in the British Metropolis.

The Workingmen Resolved and Hopeful and the Masters Firm.

History of the Industrial Movement During the Past Twenty Years.

Triumph of the Engineers and Caution and Combination of the Masters.

What Labor Has Gained and What It Now Wants.

Aristocratic Arbitration Refused by the Artisans.

Complaints on Both Sides to a Herald Commissioner.

Crisis in the History of British Production and the Price Rates of the World.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The following despatch to the HERALD has been received from our correspondent in the capital of Great Britain:—

LONDON, June 24, 1872.

The great strike which has occurred in the London building trade is the result of twenty years' agitation of the subject of the relative rights and demands—as to wages, hours of work and the binding effect of artisan society rules—of the masters and workingmen.

HISTORY OF THE MOVEMENT.

The movement was commenced in the year 1853. In 1858, in accordance with a demand of the men, the question of a reduction in the time of a day's work from ten hours was considered. A memorial, numerously signed, was presented to the employers, but, after a short struggle, the masters obtained a victory.

Mr. George Potter then appeared on the scene and proffered his services as a leader, or, as may be said, the leader, of the working classes. He commenced agitating actively, according to pre-arranged rule, and within the limit and line of the law. He was successful in the country towns, and, as a result of the general effort, founded the Trade Union organization pretty much on its present existing basis.

THE STRIKE OF 1871.

Last year, 1871, as the readers of the HERALD recollect, the engineers all over the country struck and held a general conference, or industrial convention, in Newcastle. Sir William Armstrong's firm was made the special object of attack. The masters fought stubbornly, but the men conquered in the end, and the nine hours a day movement was conceded by the employers to the engineers everywhere in the kingdom.

Encouraged, or emboldened, by the triumph of the engineers, the carpenters and joiners determined to follow their example, and adopt their system of operation or active strategic combination. They just lately forwarded an ultimatum, as to rules and wages, to the London masters, and applied the screw of a cessation of productive power by the act of withdrawal from the yards and outside jobs of two large firms.

The masters, in reply, threatened a general lock-out if the men did not return to work.

The men refused.

EMPLOYERS' PROPOSAL FOR ARBITRATION.

After the endurance of a vast amount of inconvenience and very heavy cash losses, the masters proposed an arbitration of the subjects at issue between themselves and the tradesmen, and nominated the Right Honorable the Earl of Derby with the Marquis of Salisbury to represent capital in the Court.

The men refused to accept the plan of the masters.

A GENERAL LOCK-OUT ENFORCED IN RETALIATION.

A general lock-out was commenced last week in consequence.

Twenty thousand men, all, or the great majority of them, carpenters and joiners, have been thrown out of employment. The masons and bricklayers have been ejected also.

HERALD SPECIAL INVESTIGATION OF THE CASE.

The HERALD reporter has just had a special interview with a master, Mr. Plunkett, a member of the firm of Messrs. Cubitt, with reference to the more immediate difficulty of the lock-out and the matter of the trades union movement generally. The old gentleman has seen three strikes in the course of his professional career. He employs three thousand men, masons, bricklayers and carpenters.

WHAT HE KNOWS BY EXPERIENCE.

In reply to my inquiries he said he would not deny that trade strikes tended to raise the existing rate of wages; but he knew that the result was to throw many hands out of steady employment. He said he thought that the cost of building and labor had advanced fifteen per cent during the last twenty years. The men's demand is for fifty-one hours, instead of fifty-six and a half, in the week, at wages one shilling more in amount per day. The masters, he says, view the subject simply as a question of supply, and he believes the demand of the men is not warranted in justice under the existing condition of the building trade. He reckoned and calculated pretty confidently on being able to prove this assertion to the arbitrators if the court was appointed. He dislikes a lock-out just as bad as he does the strikes, but is compelled, generally, not to object. The men's unions and masters are still determined to uphold their resolves.

WHAT THE MEN SAY.

The HERALD reporter, having bid Mr. Plunkett adieu, met three operative masons. They were seated in a small public house. They declined to give their names, as they were afraid of the consequences of communicating to the press. They said that in the year 1853 their wages was five shillings sterling a day; in 1860, six pence a day more; in 1861 it was seven pence sterling an hour, and in 1865 eight pence an hour.

The reason of the present strike, they added, is the dear rate of living in London, the long way they have to travel to outside jobs, and the cost of conveyance, unless they choose to walk in their own time for work and thus incur a loss.

RESOLVED AND HOPEFUL.

There is no fear, said the masons, of men being brought into the city from the country, as the operatives are better off in the rural districts than are two-thirds of the masons belonging to the society in town.

The men are sanguine of success. Their organizations are financially strong, and helped from the treasuries of the other trades. They demand nine hours a day and nine pence an hour, and have adopted the motto, "No Surrender."

PRESS OPINION.

The London *Times*, editorially, considers that the result of the trade disputes will be an incredible increase in the price of the products with which England supplies the world, and a vast loss to Great Britain. It will make coal and iron dear, and, as a consequence, England loses her present advantages in her resources for industrial production.

GENERAL SHERMAN.

Herald Special Report from Geneva.

The American Commander at the Seat of the Alabama Claims Arbitration.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The following special despatch to the HERALD has been received from our correspondent in Geneva:—

GENEVA, June 24, 1872.

General William T. Sherman has arrived in Geneva, from Zurich, and Lieutenant Frederick D. Grant and Miss Nellie Grant are expected here within a day or two.

ENGLAND.

Progress of the Prince of Wales Through the Metropolis—Severe Storm and Serious Losses—The United States Naval Flag.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

LONDON, June 24, 1872.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales is at this moment (twelve o'clock noon) passing through London, *en route* for Bethnal Green, where he is to open the Museum this afternoon. Crowds of persons, almost equal to those which assembled to witness the royal thanksgiving procession last February, throng the streets and enthusiastically cheer him as he passes.

SEVERE LOSSES BY A SUDDEN STORM.

A heavy storm, accompanied by heavy thunder and remarkably vivid lightning, was experienced in London and various other portions of England this afternoon. A cotton mill at Bolton, near Manchester, was struck by lightning, and some of the operatives were stunned, though none were seriously injured. The Lord Nelson Tavern, at Dover, was also struck, and, taking fire, was burned. Many of the inmates were injured.

THE AMERICAN NAVAL FLAG.

Rear Admiral Alden, commanding the American fleet in European waters, paid a visit to the Mayor of Southampton to-day.

GERMANY.

Emperor William's Compliment to the Germans in America.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

BERLIN, June 24, 1872.

A Mr. Seibert, a resident of New York, has presented the Emperor William with several lame stags. His Majesty, on accepting the gift, took occasion to thank the Germans in America for their patriotism.

FRANCE.

The Cabinet Vacancy Not Yet Filled and Official Consolidation of Duty.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

PARIS, June 24, 1872.

No appointment of a successor to M. Larcy in the Ministry of Public Works has yet been made. The Minister of Commerce will act as Minister of Public Works also until the vacancy is filled.

THE GOVERNOR'S ISLAND ACCIDENT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

DEAR SIR—In your report of the accident off Governor's Island, by which the boy James Hastings was drowned, it is stated that my schooner, S. J. Gurney, ran into the small boat of which the unfortunate youth was an occupant. As myself and son were sailing the S. J. Gurney at the time, will you please state in your next edition that the small boat was handled by a very incompetent person, and that instead of our running over them they ran into us, and that I did all that was possible to avoid the catastrophe.

W. B. GURNEY.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

Herald Special Reports from Geneva.

American Request for an Immediate Reassemblage of the Arbitration Court.

Important Despatches from Washington to Geneva.

THE QUESTION OF INDIRECT DAMAGES

President Sclopis' Summons to the Members.

Prompt Obedience and Reopening of the Proceedings To-Day.

British Speculation as to the Probable Result and Existing Influencing Causes.

TELEGRAMS TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The following special despatch to the HERALD has been received from our correspondent serving at the seat of the Alabama claims arbitration, in Geneva, Switzerland:—

GENEVA, June 24, 1872.

The contents of important despatches received here since last Saturday night have induced the American agent acting before the Alabama Claims Arbitration Court to request His Excellency Count Sclopis, President of the Court, to summon a conference of the council. Count Sclopis immediately on reception of the application made in behalf of the United States telegraphed to all the members of the Court to meet in session here at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, on Tuesday, the 25th instant, instead of Wednesday, the 26th, in the afternoon, the period of adjournment first declared. It is not known whether the American claim for indirect damages has been withdrawn.

Arrival of the Arbitrators.

GENEVA, June 24—8 P. M.

All the members of the Alabama Claims Arbitration Court have—eight o'clock, evening—returned to the city, in obedience to the call of the President, Count Sclopis.

BRITISH PRESS REPORTS.

Indications of a Brief and Harmonious Session—Government Despatches from Washington and London—American Hope of a Satisfactory Conclusion—Secretary Fish's Finality—English Inferences from the Presidential Canvass.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

LONDON, June 24, 1872.

A special despatch from Geneva to the *Daily News* of this city denies that there is anything in connection with the Alabama claims arbitration to indicate a prolonged stay of the English and American Commissioners there.

Mr. Waite, of the counsel for the American government, has gone to Paris, where his wife is lying ill.

Baron d'Itaguba, the Brazilian arbitrator, has left for Frankfort, having been summoned thither by a despatch announcing the death of his daughter in that city.

The Americans are hopeful of a most satisfactory termination of the arbitration.

CABINET DESPATCHES.

Both sides have received many letters and despatches from their respective governments since the adjournment last Wednesday.

Mr. Bancroft Davis, the agent on the part of the United States, got an important telegram from Secretary Fish yesterday, which the London *News* correspondent has reason to believe is the final reply of America.

BRITISH SPECULATION AS TO THE PRESIDENTIAL POLICY.

The London *News*, in commenting upon the present status of the arbitration, says it thinks Horace Greeley's improving prospects for election to the Presidency of the United States have spurred President Grant to vigorous efforts to save the treaty.

SHERMAN'S MARCH.

General Sherman, of the United States Army, who is now at Zurich, is expected in Geneva.

GENERAL SHERMAN IN THE ANCIENT CITY.

General William T. Sherman has arrived in Geneva and Lieutenant Frederick D. Grant and Miss Nellie Grant are expected within a day or two.

THE QUESTION IN WASHINGTON.

Chances of a Satisfactory Ruling at Geneva—The Dead Supplemental—Secretary Fish and the Treaty Correspondence—A Letter from Bancroft Davis—Spurious American Opinion—Cablemen's Patriotism.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 24, 1872.

The State Department yesterday telegraphed to Bancroft Davis, our agent at Geneva, a carefully prepared statement of the object of the United States in presenting the indirect claims to the tribunal and the reasons for not asking a money award, and why they should not be taken as an element of consideration in the gross award to be determined under the seventh article of the treaty, or brought forward under the tenth article in case the tribunal should make reference of the claims to the Board of Assessors, as they are empowered to do by that article. This statement is

IN AN ARGUMENTATIVE FORM,

and our agent is instructed to press its acceptance and consideration on the tribunal, that a decision

EITHER FOR OR AGAINST THIS CLASS OF CLAIMS

may be arrived at and the matter disposed of. Mr. Davis telegraphed to-day that he believed that a majority of the Board would accept the view taken by our government, and the question would be disposed of in a manner entirely satisfactory to us.

Contrary to reports from Geneva, it is ascertained from an official source that no negotiations are in progress for a new supplemental treaty. Such a course is considered unnecessary, in consequence of the alleged decision ruling out of the tribunal the claims for indirect damages. During a recent conversation with President Grant he said that everything which has been done by Secretary Fish relative to the Treaty of Washington was with his full concurrence, and therefore the responsibility of the diplomatic action did not entirely rest upon that officer—in other words, they were in accord upon the subject.

The following letter belongs to the correspondence published this morning, and is expressive of the views of the agent of the United States at Geneva:—

MR. BANCROFT DAVIS' LETTER.

PARIS, May 22, 1872.

SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your No. 28 of the 8th inst. I shall not be astonished if the present efforts at settlement in Washington are not successful. If they succeed and are accepted in London our way at Geneva will be plain. If they fail a practical question will be presented for solution, namely—whether we are to be at Geneva on the 15th of June, ready to proceed, whatever notice England may have given to the Tribunal. I find that there is some difference of opinion on that point. My own judgment is decided that the interests of the United States, as well as

GOOD FAITH TOWARDS THE NEUTRAL POWERS,

who have appointed arbitrators at our request, require us to be there. If the question were between the United States and Great Britain only, it would be a matter of little consequence, because whatever the Court might do could not anticipate that England would pay heed to it, and we should run the risk of an award which England might set up against us, without the chance of an award which England would listen to our setting up against her. But Great Britain is not alone with us in the arbitration, and it seems to me that we owe it to the neutral Powers to let them see that we do not admit the right of either of the litigants to retire from the arbitration without first consulting the other Powers whom we have for this purpose and to this extent made parties to the treaty. In face of the neutral Powers

ENGLAND CANNOT RETIRE

from the arbitration, and if she attempts to retire on the 15th of June a correspondence with the neutral Powers must ensue unless we stay away; also I propose to act on this theory unless I receive from the government instructions by telegraph or otherwise to the contrary. But, as I have already said, there is a difference of opinion as to the policy of doing as I propose to do, and I therefore think it right to say what has been said on this subject.

The Joint High Commission grew out of a previous correspondence between the Secretary of State and the British Minister at Washington. That correspondence made provision, among other things, for the submission to that body of the differences between the governments growing out of the acts of the cruisers, generally known as the Alabama claims. At the first conference of the Joint Commissioners, in which the Alabama claims were discussed, the Secretary of State, in a written paper,

DEFINED THE CLAIMS

which were referred to in the correspondence. The British Minister listened to this definition without objection or cavil. Long negotiations ensued, which resulted in the submission of these claims nearly in the language of the correspondence and without any limitations. This statement, so made by the Secretary of State and assented to by the British Minister, was incorporated verbatim into the case, as the only authentic statement which had been passed upon by the framers of the treaty. Independently, therefore, of the overwhelming

PROOF OF THE PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE OF GREAT BRITAIN

of these national claims and of her acquiescence in them as presented, by delaying for several weeks to take any objection to them, and hold it to be clear on the record of the Joint High Commission alone that it would have been a cause for grave censure if these claims had not been presented as they were. It was not thought necessary, either on the part of Great Britain or of the United States, to discuss the law of damages in the opening cases. The author of the American case, however, sufficiently indicated his personal opinions in the language in which the third and fifth classes of claims were presented. In the former the tribunal was asked to estimate the injuries which the United States had suffered. In the latter it was stated that the United States

COULD NOT ESTIMATE THEIR INJURIES,

and that it would perhaps be impossible for any one to do so, and the tribunal was asked to determine whether Great Britain ought not in equity to make compensation to the United States. Whether well or ill founded it was, in my judgment, clearly the duty of the President under the treaty to present these claims, leaving it to the tribunal to decide what they were worth. Some of the leading journals in America were

CONTROLLED BY BRITISH WRITERS,

whose articles in favor of England were quoted as evidences of American opinion, although American rights and interests were of little account with persons of such hermaphrodite nationalities.

LEADING PROPRIETORS IN THE CABLE

between England and America hurried to Washington to save their property from the depreciation which would follow a rupture between the two countries, however remote and improbable. All there sayings were repeated in London and Havre, and served to consolidate opinion in England and to lead the public to think that there is a division in America.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

J. C. B. DAVIS.

To Hon. HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

DREADFUL STORY OF A DIAMOND RING.

As already stated, among the victims of the recent railroad smash-up at Metuchen, N. J., was a Danish couple named Potassen, but two months married. Mr. Potassen being the son of a Danish nobleman. They were on their bridal tour, and were *en route* to San Francisco, where Potassen's brother is Danish Consul. When the terrible crash came all was darkness and confusion for a few moments; but the gentleman soon recovered consciousness, and his first thought was of his bride. An immediate search was made for the lady, who was at last found beneath a heap of debris, senseless and covered with blood. Upon raising her up her husband was horrified to find that one of her arms had been completely torn off. The unfortunate lady was removed to shelter and the husband began the sickening task of seeking his wife's missing arm. He proclaimed that upon one of the fingers was the diamond wedding ring, a jewel worth many hundred dollars, and instantly a general search was begun. Among the prowlers about the wreck was a tramp hand, who was observed to secret something under his coat and walk away. He was soon overhauled, and on perceiving that he had been detected he threw down his burden, which proved to be the lost arm. It was picked up by the nobleman, who removed the ring and caused the arm to be taken care of. The lady was brought to St. Barnabas' Hospital in Newark, where she now lies in a fair way of recovery.

KICKED TO DEATH BY A HORSE.

James Dougherty, of No. 15 Centre street, a truckman by occupation, put up his horse last night at No. 204 Madison street, and when grooming him was kicked by the animal in the forehead and received a wound from the effects of which he died in two hours.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

The cabinet makers' strike in Philadelphia having ended, the men returned to work yesterday morning at their former rates and hours.

General E. R. Cowan, Assistant Secretary of the Interior; John W. Delano and Colonel J. W. Wham, Commissioners appointed by Secretary Delano to visit the Indians of Dakota, arrived in Chicago yesterday morning.

Evidence is becoming stronger daily that a strike is imminent among the different trades organizations in Buffalo. The President of the International society, with several representatives of the strikers in New York and Jersey City, are there.

Notwithstanding the drizzling rain all day there was an immense military, civic and Masonic procession in Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday afternoon, to the site of the new city and county building, where the corner stone was to be laid. The entire procession was under the command of Major General Howard, Grand Marshal, and the streets through which it moved were crowded with spectators.

PROBABLE OVERT ACT OF WAR.

Spanish War Vessels Ordered to Destroy the American Steamers Virginius and Edgar Stewart.

THE VIRGINIUS HUNTED DOWN.

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1872.

Positive information has reached me from an undoubtedly reliable source that the Spanish war vessels have strict orders to seize and sink the American steamers Virginius and Edgar Stewart wherever they may be found outside of neutral ports. Thus, if the Virginius were to leave Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, where she has taken temporary refuge, she would be pounced upon and destroyed at once by the Spanish war steamers Arapides and Pizarro, which are lying in wait for her at that port. The instructions of the Spanish naval commanders, it is said, admit of a wide construction, and the Virginius is liable to capture as soon as out of the reach of the guns of the Venezuelan fort. The commanders of the Spanish war vessels are only so far limited in their instructions as to avoid armed conflict with neutral Powers.

Letter of the Captain of the Virginius—The Chase by Spanish War Vessels—The Virginius Leaky and Bound to Leave Puerto Cabello for Repairs.

As will be seen by the following letter of the captain of the Virginius, addressed to a gentleman of this city, that steamer is in a leaky condition, and being unable to make the necessary repairs at Puerto Cabello, will have to leave for some other port where she can be placed in a seaworthy condition:—

PUERTO CABELLO, May 23, 1872.

MY DEAR S.—I arrived here with the Virginius about six days ago, having been on a sort of a cruise, &c., for twenty days. When we sailed from Aspinwall we were followed by the Spanish war ship Pizarro. We soon left her, however; but upon our arrival at this port we found the iron-clad frigate Arapides, and the next day our old friend the Pizarro made her appearance, having been on the hunt for us ever since. A day or two after another Spanish man-of-war arrived (the Tornado), but sailed again in a couple of days. The Spaniards have been raising h—l generally on our account, having demanded from the government authorities that the ship should be delivered up to them, she being nothing but a pirate, &c. Upon the refusal of the government to do this, they then threatened to cut her out of the port. The Governor immediately had his old rattletrap of a fort manned and a guard placed alongside the ship, with orders to fire into any boat approaching the ship. In fact, the people have behaved in a very plucky manner, as the Spanish iron-clad could have blown both town and castle to blazes in five minutes. The fun of the thing is that we have no coal, nor is there any in this place, and it will take us at least a month to get any from St. Thomas. Besides, the ship is leaking, and before being of any real use will have to go into dock to repair. The nearest dock to us is at Martinique, and I shall go there from this port, but probably not before six weeks.

I am yours sincerely, FRANK BOWEN.

THE WAR IN MEXICO.

Another Battle Imminent at Monterey.

Reported Concentration of Five Thousand Government Troops by General Rocha at Saltillo—His Alleged Co-operation with General Cevallos Against the Revolutionists.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

MATAMOROS, June 24, 1872.

A courier has arrived in this city with dates from Saltillo to the 18th inst. General Rocha, with 3,000 government troops, had reached that place from Sinaloa, uniting with General Fuero and Colonel Leurilto, and forming an army of 5,000 men, to advance on Monterey, where Quiroga and Treviño, with the revolutionists, are entrenching. General Ayala, with 400 government cavalry, has routed Varges at Tulo, who pronounced a few days since at the head of a few hundred men.

Large quantities of supplies and munitions of war left here to-day under convoy of 400 regulars for Camargo to join General Cevallos, who is preparing for an advance on Monterey to co-operate with General Rocha's force from Saltillo.

The revolutionists are supposed not to exceed 4,000 men at Monterey, while the government forces under Generals Rocha and Cevallos, approaching from opposite directions, will amount to about eight thousand.

A decisive conflict is imminent at Monterey, with a numerical strength largely on the side of the government, under the command of General Rocha.

NAVAL ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1872.

Commander A. W. Johnson is detached from the South Atlantic Station and placed on waiting orders.

Lieutenant Commander H. De Haven Manley is detached from the South Atlantic Station and granted three months' leave.

First Assistant Engineer Walter D. Smith is detached from the Philadelphia Navy Yard and ordered to the Boston Navy Yard.

A PRELUDE TO THE FOURTH.

A number of fireworks exploded last night in the basement of No. 36 Thompson street, used as a candy store by Paul Cuenin, who, in endeavoring to light a kerosene lamp, threw a lighted match in the show window. Four hundred dollars' damage was done, and Cuenin and two lads, who were in the store, were severely burned, and were conveyed to Bellevue Hospital.

THE SMALLPOX IN JERSEY CITY.

JERSEY CITY, June 24, 1872.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

This morning, while passing through Fourth street, near Grove, I observed a man who has just recovered from the smallpox burning his bed in the middle of the street. Such a thing is an outrage. Where is the Board of Health, or is there not such a thing in existence in Jersey City? We certainly pay taxes for its support, and think that they should take some measures to arrest the spread of the disease. By inserting this in your valuable paper you will oblige many of our citizens.

W. J. C.

Died.

WOODWARD.—On Monday, June 24, Mrs. ANN WOODWARD, in the 81st year of her age.

Funeral services will take place on Wednesday afternoon, June 26, at four o'clock, from the residence of her son-in-law, John F. Anderson, No. 5 Lafayette avenue, Brooklyn. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

[For Other Deaths See Eighth Page.]

Dandruff—Barnett's Cocoaine Kills It.

A.—For a First Class, Elegant Summer Hat go to ESPENSCHEID, Manufacturer, 118 Nassau street.

A.—Herring's Patent CHAMPION SAFES. 251 and 253 Broadway, corner of Murray street.

Austin & Co., Flag and Banner Manufacturers, 99 and 101 Fulton street, corner of William.

A.—Herald Branch Office, Brooklyn, Corner of Fulton avenue and Bowman street. Open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

A Cool, Refreshing Hair Dressing.—CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR restores gray hair, strengthens its growth, obviates bad effects of salt water on the hair. Sold by all druggists.

Mineral Waters.—Nature Has Provided in the noted medicinal spring waters of Kissingen, Vichy, Carlsbad, Selters, &c., valuable remedies for Rheumatism, Gout, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, &c. MATTHEWS' CRYSTALS, OR SOLUBLE TABLETS OF MINERAL WATERS, for home use, represent, with the greatest degree of fidelity, the waters of these springs. Sold by druggists. Sample box by mail on receipt of 25 cents. JOHN MATTHEWS, First avenue, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Great Reduction in the prices of Tickets. Orders filled, Prizes cashed, information furnished. Government Bonds negotiated. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street, New York.

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DOLLY VARDEN CANOE.

An Expedition to the Source of the Mississippi.

The Itasca Region To Be Explored—The Pioneer Canoe Cruise on American Waters—Description of the Dolly Varden and Her Outfit.

WHITE EARTH, CHIPPEWA RESERVATION, Minn., June 4, 1872.

The voyage of the canoe *Dolly Varden* down the Mississippi will be watched with great interest throughout the land. Nothing of the kind has ever been undertaken in this country. Knowing that the actual source of the longest river in the world, although within the boundaries of the United States, was unknown to geographers and unvisited by a single white man, it was early determined that the voyage of the American pioneer pleasure canoe should begin at the very springs, near Lake Itasca, from which the Mississippi takes its rise. The success of the expedition, it was foreseen, would at once open up to the world a region comparatively unknown. The maps of the Upper Mississippi region were admitted by the best geographers to be utterly unreliable above Brainerd, Minn., and the government surveyors at St. Paul could not furnish the HERALD correspondent with any reliable information regarding the country.

The canoe Dolly Varden was completed in Troy, N. Y., and has the following dimensions:—Length, 14 feet; beam, 28 inches; depth amidships, 10½ inches; at the stem (bow), 20½, and at the stern, 17½ inches. This gave the canoe fine lines and a strong shear. A large air chamber at each end rendered the craft safe in the event of a capsize. The hull was of paper and the deck of red cedar. A layer of paper over the wooden deck secured absolute protection from the distressing leaks which more or less exist in all wooden lap-streak boats. The midships section, between the two water-tight bulkheads, was set apart for the cabin. Its dimensions were:—Length, 7 feet; breadth, 28 inches; height forward, 10 inches. The after-end of the cabin included the well-hole, in which the canoeist sat when sailing or paddling the craft. This well was divided, by a temporary bulkhead, into two compartments and in the locker thus formed, just aft of the canoeist's seat, stowage capacity was had for the clothing and provisions of a three months' voyage. Just forward of the stretcher a place was provided for the famous "Rob Roy cuisine," which was made in New York from instructions and diagrams furnished by J. MacGregor, Esq., of Trinity College, Cambridge, England. With this ingenious apparatus dinner is prepared from canned meats and soups in less than fifteen minutes.

The new craft was provided with two masts. The mainmast was fitted to carry a sprit sail, having a reach of seven feet from peak to end of boom. This mast was in two sections, with a sliding-gunter, so that the sail could be quickly reefed down to four and a half feet. The small jigger, carried on the mizzenmast, and the jib completed the work of the sailmaker. A double bladed paddle was included in the outfit, to be used for propulsion when the wind was adverse.

After innumerable coats of varnish the canoe was announced complete, and was outfitted and provisioned prior to leaving by express for St. Paul. The first mate then entered the following inventory in the log book:—

CARGO OF THE DOLLY VARDEN.

1. Crew.—Weight, 128¾ pounds.
2. Fittings.—Masts, boom, sprit, galley, sails, hair seat, paddle, waterproof sheet, blanket, mosquito bar, compass, pistol and charges, shotgun, powder and shot, bag, long knife, blocks and tackle, waxends, tools, copper nails, screws, spare cord, soap, marine glue, sounding ball and cord, books, maps, ink, pencils, pens and money.
3. Dress.—Two suits of blue navy flannel, Derby coat, Chinchilla jacket, waterproof coat and sou'wester, shoes, slippers, rubber shoes, brushes, comb, scissors, needles, pins, thread and umbrella.
4. Food.—Condensed coffee, in cans, 2; condensed soups, 2; Liebig's extract of meat, 2; tea, ½ pound; hard bread, cheese, brandy, concentrated milk, 2; sugar, salt, cigars and matches.
5. Weight of canoe, 55 pounds; fittings, 10½; baggage, 16¾, and galley, 4½ pounds.
6. Propelling Power—Paddle and sail.

So fitted out and provisioned the canoe was shipped to St. Paul. Thence, on May 29 via the Lake Superior and Northern Pacific railroads, the Dolly Varden reached Oak Lake station on May 31. This station is situated 210 miles west of Duluth, and sixty miles east of the Red River of the North. On the road from Duluth to Brainerd a freight car ran off the track and very nearly precipitated the entire train into the ditch. The feelings of the crew may be imagined until he had ascertained that the little craft, which he had brought 2,000 miles, was uninjured. After a night's rest in the freight depot at Oak Lake station, the canoe was loaded upon a wagon procured from an Indian, and the craft and crew started for a twenty miles' ride across the trackless prairie to White Earth, on the Chippewa Indian Reservation. The prairie was quite rolling and was interspersed with unnumbered small lakes, which glistened most beautifully in the sunlight of the first summer's day of the year 1872. The prairie stretches away to the north as far as Pembina and to the Minnesota River on the south. Numerous wigwams were passed and the young Indians frequently congregated about and followed the wagon to look at the glistening hull of the Dolly Varden. After four hours of driving, mostly by the compass, the crew and canoe reached the trading post at White Earth. Both are now within about thirty-five miles of Lake Itasca; but the country between here and the lake is an untravelled forest of pines and scrub oaks, interspersed with many small rivers. The canoe will have to be carried on the backs of two Indians this entire distance.

EN ROUTE FOR LAKE ITASCA.

The Journey Through the Unexplored Wilds of Minnesota—Landmarks of Indian Massacre—First Launch of the Dolly Varden—Gallant Behavior of the Little Craft—The Ascent of Wild Rice River on the Way to Lake Itasca.

CANOE DOLLY VARDEN, WILD RICE RIVER, Northern Minnesota, En Route for Lake Itasca, June 5, 1872.

The canoe Dolly Varden, after a trip of 2,100 miles by rail, reached Oak Lake station, on the Northern Pacific Railroad, and was carefully lifted from the cars to be stowed away over night in the telegraph station. This building, with the exception of a small log hut called the hotel, and several tents, was the only habitation within the limits of the station. This was at once warehouse, freight and passenger depot and telegraph office. Near this place the Indians, only a short time ago, murdered a family of settlers, the Cooks, and the neighborhood was thoroughly alarmed. The settlers, principally Norwegians, to the number of twenty-five families, together with all their cattle and effects, had flocked to the station for safety, and were actively engaged in erecting a stockade below the village, on the prairie, on the day of our arrival. This did not look encouraging, and several of the residents advised the crew of the "Dolly" to return at once to St. Paul. After coming so far the crew was not to be discouraged. A team was procured and the canoe and crew started

ACROSS THE PRAIRIE,

a distance of twenty-one miles, to White Earth trading post, in the southwest portion of the Chippewa Reservation. This place was reached after a tiresome though interesting ride. There it was found that, as the trip to Itasca and thence to Brainerd would occupy two weeks, and the boat and crew would traverse a country totally uninhabited, it would be absolutely necessary to hire a guide and an Indian to carry the provisions. A guide was found, who soon secured an Indian; a birch-bark canoe was bought for their use, and a complete outfit of provisions was purchased. In the whole settlement of perhaps five hundred Indians only one could be found who had ever made the trip to Itasca Lake, and the

REGION WAS PRACTICALLY UNEXPLORED.

The map for that section of the country was a blank, and afforded not the slightest clue as to the nature of the country, or the location of the lakes and rivers. In three days all arrangements were complete, and on Tuesday, June 4, a team carrying the two canoes, their crews and provisions left White Earth for a lake of that name, some seven miles in the bush. The road led through a forest of scrubby pine and was over a succession of hills and hollows. The horses were not suffered to proceed faster than a walk, and even then as the crew trudged along behind he felt great anxiety for the "Dolly." The team toiled through morasses, over logs and among briers until about two o'clock in the afternoon, when the banks of the lake were reached. Dinner over, after being carefully lifted out of the wagon

THE DOLLY VARDEN WAS LAUNCHED

in White Earth Lake. The trip to Lake Itasca, the source of the longest river in the world, was now fairly begun. The crew stowed the sails and rigging snugly below, and, in company with the birch-bark, carrying the guides and luggage, the trim little craft started toward the northeast. The lake is not more than a mile long, and after crossing it our route led up the White Earth River for two miles further, where a portage had to be made around a fall. Thence seven miles further up the stream, against a sluggish current, and through another small reed-encircled lake. Here a portage of one mile was made to the Twin Lakes. These are two small bodies of water, not more than a mile and a half in width, and are beautifully located among pine-covered hills. The wind blowing freshly from the southwest, the crew would not listen to the desire of the guide to camp for the night, but launched the "Dolly," which the Indian had carried on his head, and, spreading mainsail and jib, crossed the first lake in fine style. This was

THE FIRST SAIL

of the new canoe, and she behaved remarkably well. The wind was over the port quarter, and, running free, the little craft more than equalled all anticipations of her crew. All encamped last night on the narrow strip of land which separates the two lakes. A night of misery among mosquitoes and wood ticks followed. This morning, although the rain fell in torrents and the wind blew a half gale, the second lake was crossed in safety. The canoe worked well under paddle in a short, chopping sea, and although she frequently had her bow under water, she did not take one drop over the waterproof apron. The birch bark, built to weather any storm, was scarcely as successful. On the northeastern side of the lake an old Indian, by name Ka-ba-besen-dung, was hired to carry the Dolly ten miles across the unbroken wilderness, directly north, to the Wild Rice River. The best map of Minnesota which could be obtained in New York gave only ten miles of this stream east of the Red River. Beyond this all was a blank.

The rain had ceased shortly after starting, but the clouds were very thick. The guide carried the provisions and his Indian their birch-bark canoe. Old Ka-ba-be-sen-dung took the Dolly upon his head, while her crew, shouldering the paddle, gun and knapsack followed in his track. The compass showed our route to be due north. The crew then discovered that, while it is only thirty-five miles from White Earth to Itasca, the direct line lies through a vast succession of swamps and windfalls, which could not be traversed. The wilderness in which we found ourselves had originally been a vast forest of pine, but a fire had rendered it a barren waste of red sand and charred stumps. As far as the eye could see to the northward the scene was unchanged, while off to the east, in the direction of our Mecca, was a hill of dead trees. The red, sandy soil of this barren waste was covered in places with a beautiful purple moss—the only vegetation. We continued our march

THROUGH THE DESERT,

and the clouds became blacker with each moment of time. The old Indian, who had claimed to know of a trail across this desert, was unable to find it after the first few miles, and we had to have recourse entirely to "Dolly's" compass. Suddenly the storm broke upon us in the middle of the desert, and before the crew could stop the Indian who carried the canoe it was useless to put on the rubber coat, which was carried in the locker. The crew, being thoroughly wet, ordered the guides to move on, and the march continued through the storm. The shower having merged into a drizzling rain, a halt was made, a charred stump was hewn to pieces and a fire was soon lighted, around which we all gathered. One of the Indians was sent off in the direction of the hills on the east in search of water. Tired, cold and thoroughly drenched, the crew of the "Dolly" rolled themselves in a rubber sheet and slept until dinner was announced. The Indian had found a muddy pond about one mile to the eastward, and a cup of strong tea was greatly relished.

Dinner over, the portage was resumed, and, through frequent showers, continued to our present camp on the banks of the Wild Rice River. Frequent rests were necessary, for the strong wind which has been blowing most of the day has rendered it extremely tiresome and difficult even for an Indian to carry a canoe on his head. A gust of wind, striking the boats, would frequently swing them about so suddenly as to carry the Indians off their feet. The Wild Rice River is about twenty-five feet in width at this point. To-morrow we shall begin its ascent to Wild Rice Lake, a distance from here of thirty miles. This letter is sent back to White Earth by one of the Indians who leaves us here.

THE LIBERTY STREET EXPLOSION.

The following additional testimony in the cause of the late disastrous fire in Liberty street was taken yesterday before the Fire Marshal:—

George A. Erkenbrach, the proprietor of the store testified—I live at 42 East Nineteenth street; I am a manufacturing chemist, and was in Boston at the time of the fire; my brother was in charge of the place; he is not a practical chemist; do no manufacturing in Liberty street; that is my salesroom; I manufacture in Hoboken, N. J.; had four or five carboys of spirits of nitre standing against the partition in my store, at a point which is about over the middle of the saloon below; this liquid is of a very volatile character, and the vapor is inflammable; it would become of a reddish color from coming in contact with wood; have known carboys of this liquid to burst; think the great heat of the past few days would tend to produce an expansion sufficient to burst a carboy; had some of Hoffman's anodyne in bottles in the neighborhood of the carboys; it is very volatile, and something like sulphuric ether; there was about thirty pounds of sulphuric ether, which is considered more explosive than anything else in the store; a quantity of ascetic ether, in half gallon and pound bottles; had aqua-ammonia and ascetic acid, several carboys of each; think we had three barrels of alcohol and two of bay rum in the store: it is all saved except one barrel of alcohol, partly filled, which was in the rear end of the store; think the explosion which injured the firemen must have been caused by spirits of nitrous ether.

William H. Erkenbrach, who lives at 352 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, testified as follows:—The only person employed at the store besides myself was a young boy; received nothing but a barrel of alcohol and five empty cans on the day before the fire; there were two barrels of alcohol near the door, which were saved; another barrel in the back part of the store, partly filled, was destroyed; had two barrels of bay rum, which was saved; had nothing else in barrels; am not a practical chemist; am not thoroughly acquainted with the nature of chemicals; there were some twelve or fifteen carboys piled along by the partition filled with various liquids—ammonia, spirits of nitre, ascetic acid; had in bottles sulphuric, nitric and muriatic acids; I locked up on Friday evening about five or ten minutes before six; everything was safe then; I have been with my brother about a year; had a carboy of ammonia burst in the store one night; all the carboys are packed with straw and hay; our store was quite small, and it is very warm there in hot weather; was very warm there last week.

THE PATERSON COURTS.

Postponement of the Bogert Murder Trial Until September—The Freeholder Trials Also Put Off Until Fall.

Yesterday was the day set down for the trial of Van Winkle Bogert, the lover and accomplice of Libbie Garrabrant in the murder of Ransom F. Burroughs. At ten o'clock the Court was opened, Judge Bedle presiding, with associates Barkalow, Daggers, Terhune and Sandford, and Bogert was brought into Court. He is a frail-looking young man of about twenty, and what might be considered the beau ideal of a country sport. Being brought up around a well patronized country tavern, his appearance reflects the effect of his training.

There was not so large an attendance of spectators as would naturally have been expected, had not it become noised about that the trial would not be proceeded with.

Colonel A. B. Woodruff, the counsel of the defence, but recently lost his son by sudden death—a promising young man who had just graduated with high honors at the New York University, and upon whom he looked as the apple of his eye. The affliction so upset the Colonel that he has been unable to complete his arrangements for the trial, and, indeed, his nervous system is even now so upset that he would be unable to stand the ordeal of so tedious a case as this would undoubtedly be. So when County Prosecutor Hopper formally moved the trial of Van Winkle Bogert for the murder of Ramson F. Burroughs, Mr. Woodruff arose and asked the postponement of the case until the September term. As he stated his reasons Colonel Woodruff's voice grew husky and thick at the sorrowful memories it brought up, and his tones were almost inaudible, save to those in his immediate vicinity.

County Prosecutor Hopper feelingly said that under the circumstances he would make no objections to the motion for postponement, although the State was ready to proceed with the trial at once.

Judge Bedle sympathized with the afflicted counsel, and although sorry to have the case go over, said he would not demand the trial to proceed under the circumstances in a case in which the defence should be carefully prepared, and which was likely to be long and tedious; and he was afraid Colonel Woodruff would be physically unable to go through with it. Thereupon Judge Bedle formally ordered the trial of Bogert to be postponed until the September term of the Passaic County Courts. All the preparations had been made, and a large panel of jurors had been summoned, all of whom were in their places.

Among the many rumors current is one to the effect that an effort will be made to get Bogert out on bail until September, and that Libbie Garrabrant, if the Court of Pardons do not interfere, will not anyhow be hanged until after Bogert's trial is concluded.

All further consideration of the trial of the Passaic county Freeholders for defrauding the county has been postponed until the September term of Court.

John J. Corcoran was arraigned for stealing the Judge's notes and one of the indictments against the Freeholders from the Judge's desk. He pleaded *non vult contendre*, and his sentence was set down for Saturday next. Corcoran was the defendant in one of the Freeholder indictments.

WHICH IS WHICH?

Is Ethan or Ethan A. the Grandson of His Grandfather?

65 WALL STREET, ROOM 11, NEW YORK, June 24, 1872.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

As a good deal of prominence is given to an individual called Ethan Allen, who appears to be somewhat active in the Greeley organization, will you oblige the only surviving grandson of Colonel Ethan Allen, of Revolutionary memory, by stating that this Greeley-Allen is not in the slightest manner connected with the family of the old hero, and I hope he will apply to our Legislature at its next session to have his name changed. Yours very respectfully,

ETHAN A. ALLEN.

P. S.—As an act of justice to me I hope you will publish the above notice, after your publication in yesterday's HERALD.

E. A. A.

STOKES.

Fishing for a Jury—Only One More Juror Obtained.

Description of the Court on a Dull Day—Growing Difficulty of Capturing Jurors—Bearing of the Prisoner—"Have You Seen Black Friday?"

Yesterday was the dullest day yet of the Stokes trial, slow as has been its progress, and tedious its almost unbroken monotony of "rejection." Only one additional juror was obtained out of the panel of a hundred ordered on Saturday by Judge Ingraham. There are now, therefore, ten good and true men obtained, but it is hard to say when the two seats still vacant will be filled. The process of selection has been one of constantly increasing difficulty. The first day there were only two men secured, but then there was an unusual amount of sparring among counsel, and most of the time was frittered away in verbal "gas." The second day three jurors crowned the efforts of the Court; the third and fourth gave two more each; and yesterday the haul of jurors fell off to a solitary unit. Perhaps to-morrow the impending panel of a hundred may be exhausted without any result at all. But, o' course, a jury will be obtained some time or another, and every one hopes that to-morrow will yield this necessary basis of the trial.

POPULAR INTEREST SUSPENDED.

Owing to the slowness of the proceedings it must be confessed that public interest in the trial was yesterday at a very low ebb. At the beginning of the case the officers of the court had extreme difficulty in keeping back the crowd of would-be spectators; but, until the trial begins in serious earnest, even the seedy loafers, who apparently spend their entire lives in listening to *causes celebres*, and whose faces are as familiar features of an exciting trial as those of the reporters, disdain to struggle for a seat. The court room was indeed at times scarcely full, and those who attended evidently merely dropped in for an hour or two to see how Stokes is bearing the strain of this prolonged suspense. This was further shown by the rush of visitors about the time when the Court was supposed to be likely to adjourn, and by the lingering of the spectators about the railing of the space reserved for the prisoner and the counsel, so as to get a view of the accused as he rose to be conducted away by his keepers.

"Looks pretty gray, doesn't he?" coolly remarked one, as Stokes firmly strode away, and remarked too in accents so loud that his words must have reached the ears of the prisoner himself. "It's bound to tell, sir, bound to tell. Tombs air doesn't agree with a delicate constitution." Stokes, however, even if he heard this cruelly careless criticism, gave no sign that it had touched him.

APPEARANCE OF THE COURT.

Even the Court itself begins to take on an air of hopeless weariness. The judge sits on the bench in a state of patient calm that long-deferred hope seems powerless to disturb; but it may easily be guessed that, hiding himself beneath this quiet exterior, he is eagerly looking forward to his release from so sadly solemn a duty as that which now keeps him from enjoying his over-due vacation. The jurors fidget uneasily on their seats and wonder when their muster shall be at length complete; and even the counsel, as they anxiously scrutinize the face of each new candidate for jury duty, look as though they wished they could find the right men and have the whole weary business started on its final stage.

THE PRISONER.

Stokes, however, to those who saw him before last January, seems to bear up with singular firmness. There are a few additional streaks of gray in his hair, and the cheeks are somewhat thinner, but the eye is still bright and clear, and the countenance expresses as plainly as ever the self-confidence, the pride, the resolution that were always its dominant features. At his side yesterday sat his father and brother, the former with whitened hair and care-worn, sorrow-furrowed face. With his brother and his counsel Stokes frequently exchanged a few hasty comments as the candidates for a place on the jury were disposed of, and even laughed gayly once or twice at the occasional stupid blunders they made under examination.

FISHING FOR A JURY.

Very severe, indeed, were the comments of the spectators upon the legal process of getting a jury. It has, indeed, come to be almost a standing joke among them that it is hopeless to expect to get a juror except among the first twenty or thirty in the panel. After that the examination by the counsel runs in an almost stereotyped channel.

"They all learn the trick, that's what the matter," knowingly declared a constant attendant at the trial; "and as soon as they find out that they will escape a fortnight's imprisonment at the Astor House by forming an opinion about the guilt or innocence of the prisoner, *why, of course, they form one. A conscience*, as a general thing, does not help a man much, but in a trial like this it is invaluable. Just coax it a little and it will make you swear till all's blue that you can't be sure that you could do justice between the people and the prisoner, and so you get off one of the ugliest duties a man can fulfil."

And certainly the ordinary course of the proceedings pretty much confirms this cynical view of the ordinary juror. It is astonishing how sensitive a man's conscience becomes after he has been in court long enough to know by personal observation that an opinion, no matter how feeble, so long as it will take evidence to remove it, will exempt him from taking his place, side by side, with those unfortunate citizens who are seated in the chairs of the jury, and look so hot, so weary, so languidly miserable, even now before the trial has fairly begun. Well may the District Attorney say with a half-concealed sneer, as he has said once or twice to gentlemen who, with a glibness perfectly wonderful, have responded to his inquiry as to whether they could deliver an impartial verdict by stating that evidence would need to be produced to remove their existing impression, "And, of course, you don't want to serve, sir?"

YESTERDAY'S HAUL.

Yesterday's single juror was John Augustus Lefferts, who testified that he had an impression about the case, but did not believe that it would influence his verdict. He was also asked if he had seen "Black Friday," and replied in the affirmative, but added that he did not stay it through. He did not know Jay Gould or William M. Tweed, and had no views for or against the prisoner. Mr. Lefferts was then sworn in the usual way. He is a stout, middle-aged gentleman, with very bushy gray hair and side whiskers, and positive, resolute-looking features. His manner of replying during his examination showed that he knew exactly the state of his own mind, and that, though he would not form an opinion hastily, he would be apt to cling to it very tenaciously when it was formed.

The only excitement during the day with counsel was a few remarks made by Mr. McKeon. The not unfrequent question, "Have you seen 'Black Friday'?" was put to a gentleman named Burlingham, and on his replying "yes" he was also asked if he recognized the play as representing the Stokes-Fisk tragedy. Before he could reply the Court interfered, whereupon Mr. McKeon said that he thought the question was proper. The defence claimed that there had been a persistent effort on the part of certain men to create a strong public opinion against his client, and this play had been one of the means thus employed. The question, however, was not pressed.

It would be tedious to give in detail the names of the rejected jurors. Their examination was unmarked by any features of exceptional interest, though once or twice the spectators tittered at the imperfect acquaintance with English displayed by one or two citizens of foreign birth, whose names had found their way into the box.

The Court adjourned until half-past ten this morning.

DARING ESCAPE.

Two House of Refuge Boys Quit the Tombs at Twelve o'Clock at Night.

William Middleton and George Dowling, two youths, aged respectively seventeen and eighteen years, who were implicated in the recent riot at the House of Refuge, since which time they were confined with another boy in a cell on the upper corridor of the main building of the Tombs prison, made good their escape Sunday night in a somewhat remarkable manner. Tearing their blankets into strips and then tying them together they fastened one end to the bedpost in the cell and threw the other out the window, which is at most not more than six and a half inches wide—so narrow, indeed, that bars were never deemed necessary. This done the two lads managed in some way to squeeze themselves through this narrow aperture, and let themselves down to an outhouse, and on a level with the wall on Elm street, and then escaped over the wall to the street.

About half-past twelve o'clock a gentleman passing through Elm street saw the boys lowering themselves from the window, one being in an entirely nude state. The man ran to the entrance of the prison and gave the alarm, but was too late, as they had escaped and have not been recaptured. The third boy either lacked the courage to make the attempt or else his head was too large to pass through the aperture.

MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The steamship Idaho will leave this port on Wednesday for Queenstown and Liverpool.

The mails for Europe will close at the Post Office at seven o'clock A. M.

THE NEW YORK HERALD—Edition for Europe—will be ready at half-past six o'clock in the morning.

Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents.

THE COURTS.

Interesting Proceedings in the New York and Brooklyn Courts.

The Bankruptcy Proceedings Against James H. Ingersoll's Hardware Firm—A Spiritualist Sending His Son to the Lunatic Asylum—Proceedings in the General Sessions.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

The Ingersoll Bankruptcy Case.

Before Judge Blatchford.

A petition was yesterday submitted in this Court by Mr. Isaac W. Palmenter to have the hardware firm in Murray street, of which James H. Ingersoll is principal, thrown into involuntary bankruptcy. The firm in question, besides Mr. Ingersoll, consists of Philip P. Austin, Besson J. Austin and Eugene N. Heath, special partners. The place of business is at No. 41 Murray street, and is said to have been, up to the time of the recent Tammany exposure, the source from which the city obtained its hardware. Parmenter alleges that this firm owes him money for advertising, and has contracted this and other debts on representations that it was solvent, when, in fact, it was insolvent and in contemplation of taking advantage of the bankrupt act. On this petition Judge Blatchford granted an order, returnable the latter part of this week, requiring the firm, known by the title of E. A. Heath & Co., to show cause why they should not be adjudicated involuntary bankrupts and their estate divided *pro rata* among their creditors, and in the meantime an injunction has been issued preventing them from disposing of any portion of the property of the firm.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

A Spiritualist Sends His Son to the Lunatic Asylum.

Before Judge Barrett.

In re Walter Wolverton.—In this Court there was yesterday morning a slight deviation from the stereotyped programme of causes coming up here to be heard. A young and comely-looking woman, with a profusion of rich brown curls falling in graceful ringlets over her shoulders, was, in the first place, the central object of very general observation. She sat quietly by herself in a corner of the court room. Shortly a young man was conducted into the court room and assigned a seat in front, who, by his strange actions while coming into the room and stranger acts after being seated, at once attracted unusual attention. He gave all the tokens of being crazy as a loon, moving his head incessantly from side to side, his eyes rolling in a frenzy that was something more or less than poetically fine—tossing up his handkerchief, snapping his jaws and the like. He had no sooner taken his seat than the young lady referred to flew quickly to his side. Instead of quieting him this made him wilder than ever. A lawyer arose and explained the case, which was an application upon a writ of habeas corpus for the release of the young man from the Lunatic Asylum on Blackwell's Island. The Judge, basing his decision upon the strange conduct of the young man, at once dismissed the writ and ordered the young man to be sent back to the asylum. The latter was at once taken from the room, and the young woman followed, he still keeping up his wild antics and she now setting up a terrible howling. According to her story, some two months ago Dr. Wolverton, the spiritualist residing in East Broadway, took her to his house. His son, Walter Wolverton, was living in the house. She says that she became his spiritual mother; but the keeper bringing the young man to court declares that she claims to be his celestial bride. As her story runs on they lived very harmoniously for a time, when the father became jealous of the son's attentions to her. One day he went away, locking them up in the house, and on his return the son went for him, knocked him down and took the keys from him. This enraged the old gentleman, and he at once charged the young man with being a lunatic and caused his committal to the Lunatic Asylum. It was through her intercession that the writ of habeas corpus was granted. She says that the old man is crazy and not the son, and means to bring the matter before other judges to accomplish the young man's release.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Decisions.

By Judge Freedman.

Francis Cronin vs. Reuben W. Howes et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

The Rector, &c., of Trinity Church vs. Alboni Higgins. See mem. for counsel.

Highick M. Irwin vs. John H. Pulston. Same.

James B. Hunter vs. Joseph Howard, Jr., et al. Order granted.

Anson K. Stephenson vs. James R. Sprott et al. Same.

James B. Hunter vs. Joseph Howard, Jr., et al. Reference granted.

Charles Bochim vs. Augusta Bochim. See opinion.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

Decisions.

By Judge Larremore.

Holmes vs. Churchill.—Reference ordered.

Best vs. Himrod.—Receiver appointed.

By Judge Loew.

Cove vs. The New York Oil Company.—Motion denied, without costs.

Doncourt vs. Brooks.—See memorandum for counsel.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Two Ruffians Sent to the State Prison Ten Years Each for a Brutal Outrage Upon a Woman.

Before Recorder Hackett.

The June term of the Court was continued yesterday, his Honor the Recorder presiding, and Assistant District Attorney Stewart prosecuting.

Most of the session was occupied in the trial of an indictment for rape against Peter Woods, William Wren and Patrick Carr, charging them with committing an outrage upon a widow woman named Catharine Milday, at the room of a tenement house in East Twenty-fifth street, on the 24th of March. The testimony of the witnesses on both sides revealed a horrible picture of depravity, showing that the woman and little children and the prisoners were huddled in a small room and drank freely of beer and bourbon. When the officer entered the room twenty-four hours afterwards to take her to the hospital he found the unfortunate woman so bruised and beaten about the face as to be almost unrecognizable as a human being. Mr. Stewart pressed with unusual vigor for the conviction of these young ruffians.

The Recorder in his charge defined the law, and directed the jury, if they believed the testimony for the prosecution, to convict Woods and Carr of the crime alleged against them, and Wren of assault and battery. This was the verdict rendered by the jury without leaving their seats. His Honor sent Woods and Carr each to the State Prison for ten years, and Wren to the Penitentiary for one year.

Grand Larcenies.

John Smith pleaded guilty to grand larceny in stealing, on the 7th inst., $100 worth of clothing, the property of Owen Gormley. He was remanded for sentence.

Mary Russell pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, the indictment charging her with stealing $78 worth of clothing from Sarah Smith on the 8th inst. She was sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

John Keefe, alias John Roach, alias Johnny the Greek, indicted for stealing a pocketbook containing $40, on the 21st of May, from Ashley P. Rawson, while riding on a car of the Belt Railroad, pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

Axey Morrissey pleaded guilty to the offence of abduction, the allegation being that on the 1st of November, 1871, she abducted a child of Hugh Gilmartin, aged two years. The boy was soon found in a hallway near the complainant's house. The prisoner was sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

Late in the afternoon Henrietta Gower was placed on trial charged with stealing a piece of lace from Rosali Cohen, in July 1871. The case will be resumed this morning.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part 2—Adjournment for the term.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Judge Barrett.—Nos. 42, 52, 54, 69, 72½, 77, 78, 79, 84, 94, 103, 112, 114. Call 115.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Judges Leonard, Ingraham and Gibson.—Nos. 89, 144, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 157, 158, 159, 26, 80, 100, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part 1—Held by Judge Van Brunt.—Nos. 1054, 1537, 506, 2080, 1852, 68, 1473, 1618, 1502, 374, 1354, 1555, 1858, 633, 1051.

MARINE COURT—GENERAL TERM—Part 1—Held by Judges Spaulding, Joachimsen and Tracy. Calendar continued.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Held by Judge John K. Hackett.—The People vs. David Murphy, homicide; Same vs. Thomas Duffy, manslaughter; Same vs. Thomas Duffy and Bernard Jones, robbery; Same vs. George A. Wheeler, robbery; Same vs. James McNab, robbery; Same vs. William Risb, burglary; Same vs. Dennis Cushman, George Carr and Michael Ryan, burglary; Same vs. James Roessler, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. William Van Duzen, Henry Martin and Henry Minor, grand larceny; Same vs. Charles Rinebach, grand larceny; Same vs. William Rogers, grand larceny; Same vs. Charles Karschon, grand larceny; Same vs. George Dunn (two cases), false pretences.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Suit Against a Railroad Company.

Before Judge Pratt.

Mary Meyer vs. The Central Park, North and East River Railroad Company.—The plaintiff brings suit to recover damages in the sum of $20,000 for injuries received by being thrown from one of the company's cars, in New York city, in June, 1868. She was *enciente* at the time, and while stepping off the car the vehicle started suddenly and she was thrown to the ground. She was removed to a carriage, and on the way home gave premature birth to a child. She has since suffered severely. The defence set up was that the accident was caused by plaintiff's own negligence. Case on.

CITY COURT.

A Valentine and a Hatchet.

Before Judge Neilson.

Frank Gabriel vs. Schoenhalz.—The plaintiff said that while in an Eastern district lager beer saloon on the 20th of February last, the defendant threatened so kill him with a hatchet. It appears that Schoenhalz suspected that the plaintiff had sent him an insulting valentine, and happening to meet Gabriel in the saloon he demanded an explanation. Gabriel denied having sent the valentine, when the defendant flourished the hatchet, but did not hit him.

The jury gave plaintiff a verdict of six cents.

COURT OF SESSIONS.

A Desperate English Burglar.

Before Judge Moore and Associate Justices Voorhees and Johnson.

Thomas Way is a recent importation from the criminal classes of England. On the 24th day of May last he broke into the residence of Mrs. Margaret Durand, 221 Manger street, E. D., and secreted himself under a bed. Upon her return Mrs. Durand discovered the intruder and gave an alarm. Way crawled out from under the bed and with a pocket knife in his hand ran toward her. She fled to the front stoop and Way then escaped from the house, but was subsequently captured by Officer Keeler, of the Stagg street police station, at which place Mr. Durand's gold watch was found on him.

The prisoner was yesterday tried and convicted. He states that Mrs. Durand's daughter had promised to cook a bullock's heart for him, and had placed a ladder under a window, so that he could get into the house. Mrs. Durand did not think he had ever seen her daughter.

Way, who is about twenty-two years of age, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for four years. Upon receiving his sentence he acted in the most violent manner, kicking the chairs about and swearing terribly. He was hurried off to Crow Hill.

Another Burglar.

The burglar Henry Jones, who pleaded guilty on Saturday to the third degree, was yesterday sentenced to the Penitentiary for a year.

BROOKLYN COURT CALENDER.

CITY COURT.—Nos. 79, 270, 98, 280, 237, 216, 75, 286, 291, 292, 198, 115, 156, 303, 243, 103, 96, 250, 315, 155, 260, 285, 5, 230, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

CARTER—CORTELYOU.—On Wednesday, June 19, by the Rev. James Millett, at his residence, JOSEPH H. CARTER to FRANCENIA O. CORTELYOU.

HEWLETT—LABAGH.—On Wednesday, June 19, at the South Reformed church, by the Rev. James M. Ludlow, JOHN D. HEWLETT to EMMA ELIZABETH, third daughter of Isaac Labagh.

NOBLE—HERRICK.—On Wednesday, June 12, at the residence of the bride's parents, Spring Valley, N. Y., by the Rev. John Allen, JAMES ALBERT NOBLE, of Salem, Mass., to AMELIA JOSEPHINE, youngest daughter of S. D. Herrick, Esq.

TAYLOR—STYMAN.—At Mount Vernon, Westchester county, on Wednesday, June 19, at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. T. Towndrow, by the Rev. O. A. Williams, GEORGE P. TAYLOR to NELLIE M. STYMAN, both of New York.

VAIL—BRIDGEMAN.—In Newburg, N. Y., on Wednesday, June 19, at the First Presbyterian church, by the Rev. Dr. Sproie, CHARLES ST. JOHN VAIL to KATE H., daughter of Alfred Bridgeman.

Died.

APGAR.—On Sunday, June 23, EDWARD LOUIS, infant son of Louis J. and Sarah P. Apgar, aged 1 year, 4 months and 25 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents on Sipp avenue, formerly Bergen avenue, Jersey City Heights, on Tuesday, June 25, at five o'clock P. M.

BALDWIN.—On Monday, June 24, at his residence in this city, SIMEON BALDWIN, in the 72d year of his age.

Funeral on Wednesday morning. Notice given hereafter.

BARRATT.—On Saturday, June 22, WALTER ALEXANDER, infant son of Oliver and Fannie Barratt, aged 3 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 30 Perry street, on Tuesday, June 25, at half-past twelve o'clock.

BEATTYS.—In this city, on Sunday, June 23, after a short illness, MARY J. VAN ANDEN, wife of Fred L. Beattys and eldest daughter of Mrs. J. O. Van Anden.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning, at eleven o'clock, from her mother's residence, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Detroit and Troy papers please copy.

BISHOP.—On Monday, June 24, MARY JANE L. BISHOP, widow of Thomas E. Bishop, in the 54th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of her family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 101 West Forty-eighth street, on Wednesday, June 26, 1872, at ten o'clock A. M.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

BUTTS.—On Monday, June 24, at twenty-five minutes past three o'clock A. M., JENNETTE, wife of Aaron Butts, and daughter of the late Joshua Dutcher, of Dover, Dutchess county, N. Y.

Her remains will be taken to that place for interment, to-day (Tuesday), June 25, by the 10:40 train.

BURT.—At Orange, N. J., on Saturday, June 22, MARY SEARS, wife of James Burt, in the 80th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, W. A. Gellatly, Llewellyn Park, Orange, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at four o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at North Orange depot to meet the train, which leaves foot of Barclay street at half-past two P. M.

BYRNE.—On Saturday, June 22, at his residence, 42 Second avenue, JOHN C. BYRNE, son-in-law of the late John McMenomy, aged 44 years.

His friends, the friends of the family and those of his brother-in-law, John E. McMenomy, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, on Tuesday, June 25, at nine o'clock A. M., to the Church of the Nativity, Second avenue, between Second and Third streets.

CLARKE.—At Mobile, Ala., on Sunday, June 16, MITCHELL W. CLARKE, son of Franke H. and Fannie Clarke, aged 1 year and 9 months.

Bridgeport (Conn.) papers please copy.

CLAYTON.—On Monday, June 24, ANNA M. CLAYTON.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her brother, 531 Grand street, Brooklyn, E. D., on Wednesday, at ten A. M.

CURTIN.—On Sunday, June 23, CORNELIUS, son of Hannah and the late Thomas Curtin, in the 14th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his mother's residence, No. 400 East Twenty-third street, on Tuesday, June 25, at two o'clock P. M.

CURRIE.—On Lord's Day, June 23, at the residence of her parents, Fairmount, West Farms, Westchester county, MARGARET W. ABERCROMBIE, wife of David C. Currie.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the Christians' meeting house, Seventh street, Morrisania, Wednesday, 26th inst., at three o'clock P. M.

Boston (Mass.) and Dumfries (Scotland) papers please copy.

CROWLEY.—On Sunday, June 23, EUGENE F., youngest son of Thomas and Catherine Crowley, aged 4 years, 10 months and 24 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 241 East Seventy-seventh street, on Tuesday, June 25, at two o'clock P. M.

DAYTON.—Suddenly, at Norwalk, Conn., on Sunday, June 23, SAMUEL E., eldest son of Samuel Dayton.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his brother, J. R. Dayton, 1,518 First avenue, corner Eighty-fourth street, to-day (Tuesday), June 25, at eleven o'clock.

DEMILT.—On Sunday evening, June 23, ELIZABETH DEMILT.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services on Tuesday, 25th inst., at eight P. M., from her late residence, 240 East Thirty-eighth street.

DYKE.—On Monday, June 24, JOHN Q. DYKE, Jr., in the 28th year of his age.

Funeral services from the residence of his brother-in-law, J. H. Bateman, 525 Hudson street.

ERNEST.—Suddenly, at the residence of Horatio N. Winans, Scarsdale, Westchester county, N. Y., on Sunday, June 23, FREDERIC B. ERNEST, of New Orleans, aged 67.

Funeral services on Wednesday, the 26th, on arrival of 2:30 Harlem train, Forty-second street depot, returning at 5:30.

Pittsburg, Natchez and New Orleans papers please copy.

FROGGATT.—At East View, Fallowfields, near Manchester, England, on Wednesday, May 29, THOMAS FROGGATT, aged 69 years.

GRAY.—In Albany, N. Y., on Saturday, June 22, JANNETT GRAY, widow of Niel Gray, of this city, in the 76th year of her age.

Her remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

GAVACAN.—On Monday, June 24, 1872, EDWARD GAVACAN, aged 25 years.

The relatives and friends of the family and those of his brother, Joseph Gavacan, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from the residence of his brother-in-law, Thomas Flood, 434 East Fourteenth street, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock. The remains will be interred in Calvary Cemetery.

HARTT.—Suddenly, on Sunday morning, June 23, of disease of the heart, CHARLES P. HARTT, Treasurer of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company and member of the Board of Assistant Aldermen of this city, in the 55th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from Rev. Dr. Booth's church, corner of Tenth street and University place, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at three o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken to Troy, N. Y., for interment.

Troy papers please copy.

The members of the Common Council are hereby notified to meet in the Chamber of the Board of Assistant Aldermen, this afternoon, at one o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late C. P. Hartt, Assistant Alderman.

GEORGE J. KRAUS, MICHAEL HEALY, NICHOLAS R. CONNOR, Committee.

HAMMER.—On Sunday, June 23, JOSEPH HAMMER, aged 23 years.

Brothers of Gettys Lodge, No. 11, I. O. O. F., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the German church, corner of Montgomery and Madison streets, this day (Tuesday), at half-past one o'clock P. M.

KABLE.—MARGARET KABLE, in her 76th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, June 25, at three o'clock, P. M., at her son-in-law's residence, Andrew Hannan's, 203 South Ninth street, Brooklyn, E. D.

KOSMAK.—In Bridgeport, Conn., on Sunday, June 23, EMIL JULIUS KOSMAK, aged 8 months and 16 days.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, 201 Hester street, New York, to-day (Tuesday), June 25. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

LOUGHMAN.—On Sunday, June 23, SIMON, eldest son of Simon and Mary Loughman, aged 9 years, 6 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, June 5, at one o'clock, from the residence of his parents, 549 West Thirty-seventh street.

MANZANEDO.—On Sunday, June 23, at Richfield Springs, JUAN MANZANEDO, son of Jose Manzanedo, of Staten Island, aged 17 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, 25th inst., at St. Paul's church, New York city, at twelve o'clock noon.

MARSH.—At Cornwall, N. Y., on Monday, June 24, WALTER RAYMOND MARSH, in the 35th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday morning), June 25, at ten o'clock, from the residence of his father, James Marsh, 31 Fifth avenue, New York city.

MCBRIDE.—At Greenpoint, on Sunday, June 23, ANDREW MCBRIDE, a native of the county Donegal, Ireland, in the 52d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, June 25, at nine A. M., from his late residence, 79 Clay street, to St. Anthony's church, Greenpoint, where a requiem mass will be offered up for the repose of his soul, thence, at two P. M., to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

MCELRY.—In Jersey City, on Monday, June 24, BRIDGET, wife of Felix McElry, in the 33d year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, at two o'clock P. M., from 210 Bay street, Jersey City, thence to St. Peter's new cemetery.

MCMAHON.—On Monday, June 26th, PHILIP MCMAHON, native of county Fermanagh, parish of Clones, Ireland, aged 40 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Wednesday, the 25th inst., at one o'clock, from the residence of his sister, Mrs. McCourt, 518 Greenwich street.

MCLAUGHLIN.—On Monday, June 24, MARY MCLAUGHLIN, daughter of Patrick and Eliza McLaughlin, aged 2 years, 6 months and 25 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 603 Eleventh avenue, at one o'clock on Tuesday, June 25.

NEEFUS.—In Flatbush, on Monday, June 24, PETER NEEFUS, in the 78th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son, Diamond street, Flatbush, on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past three o'clock, without further invitation.

O'NEILL.—On Saturday, June 22, JAMES O'NEILL, aged 37 years, 5 months and 4 days.

The relatives an friends of the family, also the Tammany Society, the Tammany Hall General Committee, Ninth Ward Thomas Jefferson and B. H. P. clubs are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, June 25, at half-past nine o'clock A. M., from his late residence, 510 Greenwich street; thence to St. Joseph's church, corner of Sixth avenue and West Washington place, for solemn requiem mass.

BALL, HOP AND PLEASURE CLUB.—Members and friends are requested to meet at club rooms, 397 Hudson street, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at half-past eight o'clock A. M., sharp, to attend in a body the funeral of our late esteemed member, Hon. James O'Neill. J. W. CORNWELL, President.

J. H. DONGAN, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Tammany Hall Democratic General Committee of the Ninth Assembly District, held on Saturday, June 22, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty in the all-wise dispensation of His providence to remove from among us the Hon. James O'Neill, one who in this life was a beloved associate and an invaluable member of the Tammany Hall General Committee of the Ninth Assembly district and ward of the city of New York; therefore, be it

Resolved, That while bowing with resignation to the fiat of an overruling Providence we recognize and deeply deplore the loss which the Tammany Hall Democratic organization has sustained in the demise of James O'Neill; that his many generous and valuable qualities of mind and heart, his varied and extensive experience and his efficient labors had made him an inestimable worker in the cause of democracy; that in social life his generous impulses, his amiability of disposition, his sympathy for his fellow man, and his unswerving devotion to those with whom he was allied by the ties of friendship made up a character which in an especial manner endeared him to all who had the honor to enjoy his companionship in life.

Resolved, That we, the members of the General Committe of Tammany Hall here assembled, representing the organization of the Ninth Assembly district, composed of the intimate personal and political associates of the deceased, do tender to his widow and relatives this expression of our condolence for the sad bereavement that they have sustained in the loss of one who was endeared to them by the closest ties of affection and relationship.

Resolved, That the members of this General Committee do attend the funeral of the lamented deceased in a body, and that a copy of these resolutions be engrossed and presented to the bereaved family. IGNATIUS FLYNN, President.

EDWARD GILON, Secretary.

PHILLIBROWN.—On Monday, June 24, 1872, THOMAS PHILLIBROWN, of London, England, aged 64 years.

Funeral will take place from the residence of Dr. G. F. Ayling, 413 Kent avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, 25th inst., at three o'clock P. M. His friends are invited to attend.

POWERS.—On Monday morning, June 24, MAURICE, only child of Maurice and Elizabeth Powers, aged 9 months.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 117 avenue D.

ROBESON.—In Philadelphia, on Saturday, June 22, of cholera infantum, WILLIAM MARTIN, youngest son of Daniel S. and Jennie C. Robeson, aged 1 year, 7 months and 15 days.

Interment in Hazlewood Cemetery, Rahway, N. J., Tuesday, June 25, at half-past eleven o'clock A. M.

ROBERT.—At Hoboken, N. J., on Monday, June 24, after a long and painful sickness, Miss JOSEPHINE ROBERT, of Chaune de Froid, Switzerland, in the 53d year of her age.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, June 26, at two P. M., from her late residence, 68 Fifth street, Hoboken, N. J. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral without further notice.

RICHARDS.—DAVID B., Jr., son of David and Mary Richards, aged 2 years, 4 months and 11 days.

The funeral took place from his parents' residence, 228 Varick street, on Saturday, June 22.

SQUIRE.—On Monday morning, June 24, 1872, of inflammation on the brain, JOSEPHINE STANBURY, daughter of J. Newton and Elizabeth C. Squire.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at the house of her parents, 215 East 105th street, on Tuesday at half-past five o'clock P. M. The remains will be removed for interment at Flat Lands on Wednesday morning, at nine o'clock.

TAYLOR.—At Greenville, N. J., on Saturday, June 22, EMILY, wife of Thomas Taylor and daughter of the late William and Jane Connelly, aged 35 years, 8 months and 10 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at three o'clock, from her late residence, Greenville, N. J. Train from foot of Liberty street at 2:30.

TOMPKINS.—At Howell Works, N. J., on Sunday afternoon, June 23, of dropsy of the chest, PETER A. TOMPKINS, late of Greenburg, Westchester county, N. Y.

His remains will be interred at White Plains, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at four o'clock P. M.

TRUSLOW.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, June 23, 1872, ARVENIA TRUSLOW, aged 42 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, June 25, at two o'clock P. M., from the residence of her brother, A. J. Corsa, 376 Graham avenue, Brooklyn, E. D.

TUTTLE.—On Saturday, June 22, MERRITT TUTTLE, aged 4 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, Palisade avenue, Jersey City Heights, on Tuesday, at half-past one o'clock P. M.

WOOD.—At Jersey City, N. J., of cholera infantum, JENNIE GERTRUDE, youngest daughter of Lewis E. and Euphemia A. Wood, aged 11 months.

The relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 186 Grove street, this day (Tuesday), June 25, at four o'clock P. M.

Orange county papers please copy.

YOUNG.—Suddenly, Thursday, June 20, in the 6th year of his age, EDWIN J., son of James and Emma J. Young.

The relatives and friends are requested to attend his funeral, from the Reformed church, K street, Greenpoint, on Wednesday, 26th inst., at half-past ten o'clock A. M.

ZIFF.—On Sunday, June 22, HENRY M. ZIFF, aged 46 years and 22 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 228 First avenue, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

A Firmer Tone in the Money Market.

ADVANCE IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Gold Feverish and Unsettled—Declining to 113 and Advancing to 113 1-2.

Prepayment of the July Interest on the Public Debt to Begin on Wednesday.

The New State Loan Awarded at 100 a 107 1-4, Gold.

A Rally of Two Per Cent in the South Carolina Bonds.

STOCKS HIGHER BUT UNSETTLED

Erie, Northwest and Pacific Mail Strong and Canton Weak.

WALL STREET,
MONDAY, June 24—6 P. M.

On 'Change to-day flour was lower and wheat dull and nominal. The cotton market was quiet and unchanged.

THE STATE CREDIT.

A telegram from Albany says that the new loan of the State has been awarded at 100 a 107¼ in gold.

MONEY FOUR TO FIVE PER CENT.

Money was rather more active, and loaned early in the day at 4 a 5 per cent alternately, and in nearly equal proportions at the two rates, the higher being paid quite freely by borrowers upon stock collaterals. Before the close of banking hours it was offered in large amounts at 4 per cent. The market was harder to this extent, that nothing was done at as low as 3 per cent, while the average rate was over four cent. Mercantile paper was in good demand and quoted as before—viz., 5 a 7 per cent discount for the several grades of prime.

ADVANCE IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The decline in gold to 113 enabled the execution of a good many orders for bills on Europe, and absorbed so readily the offerings of the leading bankers at previous rates that the prime houses advanced their quotations an eighth per cent—viz., to 109⅞ for sixty-day and 110¼ for sight sterling. The anticipation of heavy remittances to Europe of the July interest on the five-twenties held abroad also helped the strength of the market.

GOLD UNSETTLED—113¼ A 113 A 113½.

The gold market was unsettled, and after an early display of weakness and a decline to 113 rallied to 113½, and closed strong at 113⅜. The decline was occasioned by the announcement, already fully expected, that the Treasury would begin the prepayment without rebate of the July interest on Wednesday next, and the rally to 113½ by the advance in exchange and an expectation of a resumption of specie shipments. The advance received also a good deal of direct help from the gold pool, whose interests are largely concerned in a restoration of the market to the basis of 114 a 115. As if in obedience to a spirit of compromise between the two opposing influences thus operating upon the market, the price settled back to the intermediate quotation of 113¼ a 113⅜. The Sub-Treasury paid out $25,000 on account of redeemed five-twenties and $31,000 on account of interest. The course of the market is shown in the table:—

10 A. M.	113¼	3 P. M.	113⅜
10:15 A. M.	113¼	3:21 P. M.	113½
11 A. M.	113⅜	3:30 P. M.	113⅜
11:26 A. M.	113	3:40 P. M.	113½
12 M.	113⅜	3:50 P. M.	113⅜
1 P. M.	113⅜	4 P. M.	113¼ a 113⅜
2 P. M.	113⅜		

In the gold loan market the rates ranged from 2½ to 5 per cent for carrying. The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank were as follows:—

Gold cleared	$39,544,000
Gold balances	2,534,158
Currency balances	2,893,481

GOVERNMENTS HEAVY.

The government list was dull and heavy most of the day, but no lower, the closing quotations being, in fact, considerably steadier in sympathy with the reaction in the temper of the gold market. The following were the final prices:—United States currency sixes, 114¼ a 114½; do. do., 1881, registered, 114¾ a 114⅞; do. do., coupon, 119¼ a 119⅜; do. five-twenties, registered, May and November, 113¾ a 114¼; do. do., 1862, coupon, do., 113¾ a 114¼; do. do., 1864, do. do., 113¾ a 114¼; do. do., 1865, do. do., 114¼ a 114½; do. do., 1867, registered, January and July, 112¾ a 112⅞; do. do., 1865, coupon, do., 116¼ a 116½; do. do., 1867, coupon, do., 117¼ a 117½; do. do., 1868, do. do., 117 a 117¼; do. ten-forties, registered, 110¾ a 110⅞; do. do., coupon, 111⅛ a 111¼; do. fives of 1881, registered, 112⅜ a 113; do. do. do., coupon, 112½ a 113.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES DULL.

The Southern State bonds were exceedingly dull, and for the most part steady. The Tennessees were hardly so firm. The new South Carolinas were strong and rallied fully two per cent on a small amount of business, the July issues selling at 30½ as against 28 on Saturday. The following were the closing quotations:—Tennessee, ex coupon, 74½ a 75; do., new, 74½ a 75; Virginia, ex coupon, 44 a 50; do., registered stock, old, 37 a 45; do. sixes, consolidated bonds, 55 a 55½; do. sixes, deferred scrip, 16½ a 18; Georgia sixes, 74 a 78; do. sevens, 88 a 90; North Carolina, ex coupon, 33 a 34½; do. to North Carolina Railroad, 38 a 47; do. funding, 1866, 26 a 30; do. do., 1868, 23 a 25; do., new, 22 a 25; do., special tax, 15 a 16; Missouri sixes, 97½ a 98; do., Hannibal and St. Joseph, 94 a 95; Louisiana sixes, 50 a 60; do., new, 50 a 60; do., levee sixes, 59 a 65; do. do. eights, 79 a 82; do. do. eights, 1875, 83 a 88; Alabama fives, 60 a 65; do. eights, 87 a 90; South Carolina sixes, 52 a 55; do., new, January and July, 30½ a 31; do. do., August and October, 29 a 30; Arkansas sixes funded, 56 a 60.

THE RAILROAD BONDS.

The following were the bids for the railroad bonds:—

New York Cen 6's, 1883	93	Han & St Jo, lg	100
New York Cen 6's, r e	89	Han & St Jo con	91½
Erie 7's, 2d m, '79	102	Del, Lack & W'n 1st m	101
Erie 1st m, extended	101	Del, Lack & West 2d m	99
Erie 7's, 3d m, '83	101½	Tol & Wab 1st m, ex	98½
Erie 7's, 4th m, '80	95	Tol & W 1st m, St L div	95
Erie 7's, 5th m, '88	91½	Tol & Wab 2d m	93½
Buf, N Y & E 1st m, '77	92½	Tol & Wab equip bds	80
Hud R 7's, 2d m, s f, '85	103½	Tol & Wab con conv	91
Hud R 7's, 3d m, s f, '75	100⅝	Gt West 1st m, 1888	97
Harlem 7's, 1st m	100½	Gt West 2d m, 1893	89
Alb & Susq 1st bds	97	Gal & Chic extended	100
Mich Cen 1st m 8's, '82	115	Chi, R I & Pacific	104
Mich So 7 p c 2d m	99	New Jer Cent, 1st m, n	108
Mich S & N I s f 7 p c	102½	New Jersey Cent, 2d m	100½
Clev & Tol s f	102	Pitts, F W & Chic 1st m	103⅝
Clev & Tol new bds	96½	Pitts, F W & Chic 3d m	95
Clev, Painesville & A, old	99	Clev & Pitts con s f	95
Clev, Painesville & A, n	96	Clev & Pitts 2d m	99
Detroit, M & Tol bds	101½	Clev & Pitts 3d m	97
Buffalo & Erie new bds	97	Clev & Pitts 4th m	87
Lake Shore div	96½	Chic & Alt s f	97
Lake Shore, con, c	100	Chic & Alt 1st m	105
Lake Shore, con reg	101	Chic & Alt income	98
Pac RR 7's, gtd by Mo	102	Ohio & Miss 1st m	105½
Central Pac gold bds	104⅝	Ohio & Miss 2d m, con	88
Union Pac 1st m	93½	St Louis & Iron M 1st m	100
Union Pac l g 7's	81½	Mil & St Paul 1st m 8's	108
Union Pac in 10's	86½	Mil & St Paul 2d m	95
Ill Cen 7 p c, 1875	104½	Marietta & Cin 1st m	97½
Belleville & S Ill 1st, 8's	97	Joliet & Chic 1st m	108
Alt & T H 1st m	100	Col, Chic & Ind C 1st m	91
Alt & T H 2d m, pref	93½	Col, Chic & Ind C 2d m	79
Alt & T H 2d m, inc	80	Tol, Peo & W, E D	92
Chic & N W s f	101	Tol, Peo & W, W D	93½
Chic & N W int bds	98½	Bost, Hart & E 1st m	47½
Chic & N W con bds	96½	Cedar F & Minn 1st m	85½
Chic & N W 1st m	100½		

COMPARISON OF THE IMPORTS.

The following shows the imports, exclusive of specie, at the port of New York for the week ending June 22, and since the beginning of the year:—

	1870.	1871.	1872.
Dry goods	$1,165,846	$1,210,951	$1,374,907
General merchandise	5,272,815	6,341,277	6,542,976
Total for week	$6,438,661	$7,552,228	$7,915,882
Previously reported	135,188,914	178,849,119	210,918,985
Since Jan. 1	$141,626,575	$186,401,347	$218,837,868

STOCKS STRONG AND UNSETTLED.

The stock market was intensely dull outside of a few features, such as Erie, Northwest and Pacific Mail, which were fairly active, and displayed at times considerable life. The rise in Erie was occasioned by a corresponding advance in the London market, the price on this side touching 56¾. The improvement elsewhere seemed the result of a pretty general scare among the "shorts," whose buying was arrested only when the professionals of the reputed "bear" clique were bold enough to begin selling. The demonstration was simultaneous with that in the Gold Room, and had the effect of depressing prices and rendering the market heavy in dealings after the last board, although toward the hour of adjournment a considerable reaction ensued, and the market left off holding a large proportion of the day's improvement. Canton was weak and was offered at 99½.

HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES.

The following table shows the highest and lowest prices of the principal stocks during the day:—

	Highest.	Lowest.
New York Central	97⅞	97½
New York Central scrip	97½	97⅞
Erie	56¾	55⅜
Lake Shore	96⅜	96
Wabash	75⅜	75⅛
Northwestern	73⅞	72½
Northwestern preferred	90⅞	90⅝
Rock Island	111¼	110¾
St. Paul	54¼	53⅞
St. Paul preferred	77⅞	77½
Ohio and Mississippi	45⅞	45
Boston, Hartford and Erie	8¼	8
Union Pacific	38½	37⅞
C., C. and I. C.	36½	35⅞
Western Union Telegraph	75⅝	74⅞
Pacific Mail	71⅞	70½

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday, June 24—10:15 A. M.

$10000 US 6's, cur....... 114½

10 A. M.—Before Call.

700 shs Pac M SS Co	70½	100 shs Erie RR....c	56⅛
600 do....s3	70⅜	700 do	56½
500 do	70⅜	500 do	55⅞
200 do	70¾	300 L S & M S RR	95⅞
600 do	70⅜	800 do....s3	95⅞
2300 do....s3	70¼	100 do....b3	95⅞
900 do	70⅜	600 do....s3	96⅛
100 do....b3	70⅝	100 do	95⅞
300 do	70⅜	100 Un Pac RR....c	38⅞
400 do	70⅝	600 do	38⅜
100 do	70⅜	100 do	38
100 do....b3	70⅞	400 Chic & R I RR	110⅞
100 West Un Tel....c	75¼	100 do	110¾
300 do	75⅜	400 Chic & N W RR....s3	72⅝
100 do	75¼	200 do	72⅞
800 do....s3	75⅜	300 do	72⅝
200 do	75⅜	100 do....b3	72⅞
200 N Y C & H R....b3	97⅝	400 do	72⅞
200 do....s3	97⅜	100 do....c	72⅞
10000 N Y C & H R scrip	97½	100 do....s3	72⅞
10000 do....b3	97⅜	200 do	72⅞
400 L S & M S scrip	93	300 do....b3	72⅞
1400 Erie RR	56	1200 do	72⅞
200 do....c	55⅞	300 do	72⅞
500 do	55¾	200 C, C & I C RR	33⅞
200 do	56	600 do	36
100 do	55⅞	200 do	33⅞
100 do....c	55⅞	900 do	33⅞
200 do....b3	56⅛	200 Ohio & Miss RR	45⅝
1400 do	56⅛	500 do	45⅝
1000 do....c	56⅜	100 do....c	45⅝
300 do	56¼	100 do....b3	45⅝
100 do	56⅛	100 do....c	45⅝
200 do	56⅜	700 do	45⅝
500 do....b3	56⅛	700 do....b3	45⅝
300 do	55⅞	100 do....s3	45⅝
100 do....c	56⅛		

First Board—10:30 A. M.

$1000 N C, fund act '68	23	400 shs L S & M S.b c.b3	96¼
9000 N C 6's, new	22	500 do	96⅛
12000 S C 6's, n, Ja & Jy	30	300 do....s3	95⅞
5000 Ark 7's, is Cen RR	58½	100 Un Pac RR	38¾
5000 do	59	1100 do....b c	38⅜
5000 do	59½	1200 do....b3	38½
1000 N Y C 6's, '83	93	100 do....b10	38⅞
1000 Hud R 2d, s f bds	103⅝	800 do	38⅝
1000 Cen Pac gold bds	104⅞	100 do....c	38⅝
3000 Un Pac RR 1st	93½	100 do....b3	38⅝
2000 Un Pac 10's, inc	86⅞	1100 do	38⅞
5000 H & St J 8's, con b	92	300 do	38⅝
10000 Tol & Wab 1st m	93½	200 do....b3	38⅜
3000 Tol & Wab 2d m	93½	500 do	38
1000 Chic & NW, con	97	100 Clev & P, gtd....b3	91½
1000 C & RI & Pac 7's	104½	25 do	91⅝
2000 Clev & Pitts 4th	87	200 Chic & N W RR...s3	72½
1000 Alt & T H 1st m	100	200 do....b c.b3	72⅝
1000 Chic & Alt 1st m	106	1400 do	72¾
14000 C, C & I C 2d m	70½	300 do	73
5000 B, H & E 1st	42½	200 do....s3	72¾
11000 do	42½	300 do....b3	73
23 shs Am Ex Bank	115	400 do	73
200 Canton Co	101½	100 do....b3	73⅛
100 do....b3	101	100 do	73⅜
100 do....b c	101	1200 do	73⅛
200 do	100½	400 do	73¼
100 do	100	100 do	73⅜
13 Penn Coal Co	215	500 do	73⅝
100 Cum Coal & Iron.b c	71½	300 do....b3	73¼
100 Quick M Co	39½	300 do....s3	73⅛
100 Quick pref	50	500 do	73
200 do....b	50	1000 do....s3	73⅝
500 West Un Tel...b c.b3	75½	400 do	73⅛
750 do	75½	200 do	73
100 do	75⅜	600 do	73⅝
5 Am M Un Ex Co	73½	400 do	73¾
200 Pac M SS Co	70½	100 do	73⅝
30 do	70⅞	200 do	73⅜
300 do....b c	70⅞	1600 do	73⅜
500 do....b3	70⅝	700 do	73⅜
500 do	70½	100 do....s3	73⅜
200 do....b3	70¾	700 do	73½
1100 do	70⅞	10 Chic & NW pref	91
1500 do	70⅞	100 N J Cen RR	116
100 do....c	70⅞	400 Chic & R I RR...b c	110⅞
600 do	70¾	400 do....s3	110⅞
400 do	70⅞	100 do....b30	111
900 do....b3	71	1700 do....b3	111
200 do	71	100 do	110⅞
200 do....s3	71	100 do	110⅞
300 do	71⅛	300 do	111
300 do	71⅛	100 do	111⅛
100 do....c	71⅛	100 do....c	111
100 do	71⅛	100 B, H & E RR...b c.b3	8
500 do	71¼	200 T, W & W RR	73⅞
700 do....s3	71¼	100 do....b c	74
600 do	71⅛	100 Del, Lack & W RR	107⅞
300 do....b3	71⅜	100 do	107½
100 do	71⅜	10 Ohio & Miss RR pref	57
300 do	71⅜	100 H & St Jo RR	40
100 do	71⅜	25 do	40½
2000 N Y C & H cts.b c.b3	97⅜	200 Ohio & Miss...b c.s3	45⅞
200 Erie RR	56⅛	1200 do	45½
300 do....b c	56⅛	100 do	45⅝
300 do	56	500 do....b3	45⅝
300 do	56	100 do	45⅝
200 do....b3	56	200 do	45⅝
100 do	55⅞	500 do	45½
200 do	55⅞	100 do....c	45½
100 do	56⅛	300 C, C & I C RR...b c.c	36
500 do	55⅝	300 do	36⅜
200 do	56	200 do....b3	36¼
200 do	56⅛	400 do	36¼
300 do	56	200 do	35⅞
200 do	55⅞	200 do....b3	35⅞
300 do	55¾	500 do....b3	36½
600 do	55½	100 do	35½
700 do	55¾	200 do	36⅞
700 do	55⅝	500 do	36¼
100 do	55⅝	300 do	36⅛
200 do	55½	200 do....s3	35
100 N Y C & H RR...b c	97⅞	200 do....b3	36
1100 do	97¾	700 do	36
800 do	97½		
200 do	97¾		
200 do....b3	97¾		
200 do	97⅝		
100 Mo, Kan & Tex RR	43		

12:30 P. M.—Before Call.

100 shs West Un Tel.b3	75⅜	600 shs C, C & I C RR	36
2200 do	75⅜	100 Un Pac RR....b3	38⅛
200 do....b3	75⅜	600 do	38⅜
100 Pac M SS Co	71	500 do....c	38
600 do	70⅞	100 Chic & R I RR	111
300 do....b60	70⅞	200 do	110⅞
300 do	71	500 do	110¾
200 do	70⅞	200 do....b3	110⅞
200 do....b3	71	100 do	111
100 do	71	600 C & N W RR....s3	73⅝
200 do	71⅛	400 do	73⅜
900 do	71¼	300 do....b3	73¼
100 do....s3	71⅛	100 do....s3	73½
300 do	71¼	2100 do	73⅛
200 do....b3	71⅛	900 do	73⅛
200 do	71⅛	300 do....b3	73⅜
200 Erie RR	55⅞	100 Mil & St P RR	53⅞
100 do....b3	55¾	100 do....b10	54
200 do	55⅞	100 do....b3	54
100 do....b3	55⅞	100 Ohio & Miss RR	45½
100 do	55¾	100 do....s3	45⅝
100 do	55⅞	100 do	45⅝

Second Board—1 P. M.

$5000 S C 6's, n, Ja & Jy	30	200 shs Un Pac RR..b c	38¾
10000 do	30½	200 do....b3	38⅜
1000 Missouri 6's	98	400 do....b3	38⅜
10000 Ark 7's, iss to Gen	60½	200 do....s3	38
4000 Un Pac 1st m	93½	200 Ill Cen RR	137
5000 E Ten, Va & Ga 1st m	95	100 C & N W RR....b3	73⅝
100 shs W U Tel....b c.c	75⅜	300 do	73½
600 do	75⅜	300 do....b c.b3	73⅝
100 Con Coal of Md..b c	44	100 do	73⅜
200 N Y C & H R	97⅝	800 do	73⅜
50 do	97⅝	500 do	73⅝
100 do....b c	97⅝	1000 do	73¼
1600 Pac M SS Co....b c	71⅞	500 do....s3	73⅝
500 do	71⅝	1200 do	73½
700 do....b3	71¾	300 do	73
1400 do	71⅝	700 do	73¼
200 do....s3	71¾	500 Chic & R I RR..b c	111⅛
400 do	71⅜	200 do....b3	111¼
200 do	71¾	14 C, C, C & I RR	94¼
2400 do	71⅝	100 Mil & St P RR..b c	54¼
500 do....b3	71¾	100 do....s3	54¼
100 do....s30	71½	100 do....b3	54⅜
6000 N Y C & H Scrip	97⅝	100 Mil & St P pf....b c	77⅞
100 Erie RR....b c	55⅞	100 Ohio & Miss..b c.b3	45⅝
200 do	55⅞	100 do....c	45½
300 do	55⅞	100 do	45⅝
100 L S & M S RR....b c	96⅛	700 C, C & I C RR..b c	36⅞
500 do....b3	96⅛	200 do	36⅞
200 do....b3	96⅛	300 do	36⅝
200 Harlem RR	116	100 do	36¼

CLOSING PRICES—4 O'CLOCK P. M.

Western Union	74⅞ a 75		Northwest'n pf	90½ a	90⅝
Pacific Mail	71⅝ a 71¾		Rock Island	111 a	111⅛
N Y Central	97⅝ a 97⅞		St Paul	53⅞ a	54
N Y Cen scrip	97⅝ a 97⅞		St Paul pref	77¼ a	77⅜
Erie	55⅞ a 56		Wabash	75¼ a	75⅜
Lake Shore	96⅛ a 96¼		Ohio & Miss	45⅝ a	45¾
Union Pacific	37⅞ a 38		B, H & Erie	8 a	8⅛
Northwestern	73⅛ a 73¼		C, C & Ind C	36⅛ a	36¼

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

Cotton Quiet—Flour Dull—Wheat Moderately Active—Corn in Good Demand—Oats Firmer—Pork Quiet—Lard Firmer—Whiskey Quiet.

MONDAY, June 24—6 P. M.

COTTON.—The demand for spot cotton was limited, but with moderate offerings prices were readily sustained. For future delivery a moderate business was in progress at a concession of about 1-16c. a ⅛c. per lb. The sales foot up as follows:—

	To-Day.	Sat. Ev'g.	Total.
Consumption	211	492	703
Speculation	30	—	30
Total	241	492	733

—For future delivery (basis low middling) the sales have been as follows:—Sales Saturday, after 12 M.—June, 100 at 25 1-16c.; July, 400 at 25⅛c., 400 at 25 5-16c., August, 800 at 25⅝c., 400 at 25 15-16c., 700 at 26c.; September, 200 at 25⅞c., 100 at 25 9-16c.; October, 200 at 21 7-16c., 200 at 21⅜c.; November, 200 at 20 1-16c.; December, 800 at 19⅞c., 100 at 19 5-16c. Total, 4,400 bales. Sales to-day up to 3 P. M.—July, 1,200 at 25⅛c.; August, 200 at 25 15-16c., 100 at 25⅞c., 300 at 25 13-16c., 200 at 25⅝c., 200 at 25¾c., 600 at 25 13-16c., 100 at 25⅝c.; September, 500 at 23⅞c., 200 at 23⅝c., 200 at 23⅛c.; October, 300 at 21c., 100 at 20 15-16c., 200 at 21c.; November, 200 at 20c. Total, 4,600 bales. Grand total, 9,200 bales. The receipts at the ports sum up thus:—Galveston, 9 bales; New Orleans, 605; Mobile, 63; Savannah, 151; Charleston, 358; Wilmington, 11; Norfolk, 1,544; Baltimore, 70; New York, 785; Boston, 30. Rates on cotton to foreign ports closed as follows:—To Liverpool, by steam, ⅜d.; by sail, 5-32d. a 3-16d. To Havre, by steam, ¾c., gold; sail, ⅝c. To Hamburg, by steam, ¾d., compressed; sail, ⅝c. To Bremen, by steam, ⅞c., gold, compressed; sail, ⅝c. To Baltic ports, by sail, ⅝c. a 1c., gold. To Mediterranean ports, by steam, ¾c. We quote:—

	Uplands.	Alabama.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	21	21	21	21
Good ordinary	23⅛	23¼	23⅜	23⅜
Low middling	25⅛	25¼	25⅜	25⅜
Middling	26⅜	26½	26¾	26¾
Good middling	27½	27⅝	27⅞	27⅞

—The quotations are based on cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted.

COFFEE.—A moderate inquiry prevailed for cargoes, but the holders were too firm in their views to admit of any extended business, and sales reported were of lots from second hands for jobbing purposes. We quote:—Ordinary cargoes, 16c. a 16½c.; fair do., 17½c. a 17¾c.; good do., 18⅛c. a 18⅜c.; prime, 19¼c. a 19½c.; extreme range for lots, 16½c. a 19¾c., gold, per lb., in bond, 60 a 90 days' credit; Java, government bags, 22c. a 23c.; do., mats, 22c. a 23c.; Singapore, 18c. a 19c.; Ceylon, 19c. a 20½c.; Maracaibo, 19c. a 21c.; Laguayra, 19½c. a 21c.; Jamaica, 19c. a 20c.; St. Domingo, gold, in bond, 13½c. a 13¾c.; Porto Rico, 20c. a 21c.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts, 12,632 bbls. flour, 100 bbls. and 150 bags corn meal, 56,873 bushels wheat, 16,391 do. rye, 59,957 do. oats and 388,650 do. corn. The flour market ruled dull and heavy, though prices were nominally the same as on Saturday. Rye flour was quiet. Southern flour was dull and almost nominal at our quotations. The sales of flour were 7,500 bbls. Corn meal was quiet. We quote:—

No. 2 State	$4 00 a $5 00
Superfine State	5 00 a 6 00
Extra State	6 75 a 7 00
Choice State	7 25 a 8 00
Superfine Western	5 75 a 6 00
Extra Western	6 50 a 7 00
Extra Minnesota	7 50 a 9 50
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands	7 00 a 7 25
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	7 50 a 8 50
Family	9 50 a 10 50
St. Louis low extra	7 50 a 8 00
St. Louis straight extra	8 00 a 9 50
St. Louis choice double extra	9 50 a 11 00
St. Louis choice family	11 00 a 12 00
Rye flour	4 75 a 5 50
Southern No. 2	4 00 a 5 00
Southern superfine	5 50 a 6 25
Southern extra	7 25 a 10 00
Southern family	10 50 a 13 50
Corn meal, Western	3 50 a 3 75
Corn meal, Jersey	3 65 a 3 75
Corn meal, Brandywine	4 00 f. o. b.
Baltimore	4 00 f. o. b.
Caloric	3 65 a 3 85
Puncheons	16 50 f. o. b.

—Wheat was dull but unchanged. The sales were about 50,000 bushels, at $1 59 a $1 60 for prime Chicago, $1 61 a $1 63 for Milwaukee, closing at the inside prices; $1 72½ for prime red winter in store. Corn was steady, with sales of about 185,000 bushels, at 62c. a 63c. for steamer, 64c. a 65c. for prime sail. Oats were firmer; sales 130,000 bushels, at 47c. a 47½c. for Western, 49c. a 50c. for white.

FREIGHTS.—In the line of grain engagements there has been a fair movement; but aside from this very little was done in berth freights. Rates for all commodities ruled firm, under a moderate offering of room. The chartering business was quiet, with vessels held for fully previous rates. The engagements were:—To Liverpool, by steam, 16,000 bushels grain at 7½d. a 8¼d., 150 bbls. rosin on private terms; by sail, 24,000 bushels corn at 6½d., and 7,500 bushels wheat at 7d. To London 12,000 bushels corn, by sail, at 7½d. To Glasgow, by steam, 15,000 bushels grain at 3½d., and 200 bbls. rosin on private terms. The charters were:—An Austrian bark (rechartered), hence to Cork for orders, with 3,200 quarters grain at 6s. 3d., and 6s. if direct; a British bark, from Philadelphia to a direct port in the United Kingdom, with 1,800 bbls. refined petroleum at 5s.; a German ship, from Philadelphia to Antwerp or Bremen, with 6,600 bbls. refined do. at 4s. 4½d.; a British bark (to arrive), from Wilmington to the Continent, with 500 bbls. spirits turpentine and 1,500 bbls. rosin on private terms.

MOLASSES.—Both foreign and domestic descriptions were neglected, and prices were to a great extent nominal. Twenty five bbls. choice New Orleans, new crop, realized 87c. per gallon. We quote:—

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba—Centrifugal and mixed	19c. a 20c.	— a —
Clayed	22c. a 25c.	29c. a 33c.
Muscovado, refining	23c. a 30c.	30c. a 34c.
Muscovado, grocery	30c. a 35c.	34c. a 38c.
Porto Rico	25c. a 49c.	35c. a 60c.
English Islands	— a —	30c. a 40c.
New Orleans	30c. a 45c.	40c. a 85c.

NAVAL STORES.—There has been a more active inquiry for spirits turpentine, with prices irregular and the tone of the market weak. The sales were 50 bbls. at 54c. flat, 50 at 54½c. regular, 285 bbls. spot at 55c. a 55½c. and 100 bbls., seller first half July, at 51c. For rosin there has been but little inquiry, but holders were firm in demanding former prices. Strained, quoted $3 25. We heard only of 500 bbls. pale sold at $5 25 a $6. Tar has been in active request and firm. Sales of 2,500 bbls. Washington and Wilmington were reported, without particulars. City pitch steady at $3 50.

PETROLEUM.—The general market has been dull, but firm. In crude a very limited business was done, owing in part to the firmness of holders, who insisted upon a slight advance. A sale of 500 bbls bulk was reported at 12½c., which was the quoted price for spot. Shipping crude nominal at 17c. On the Creek $3 80 was bid and $4 asked for spot. Refined has ruled dull, but steady, at 23½c. for June, with 1,500 bbls. July sold at 22½c. Case oil steady at 27c. a 27½c. Naphtha neglected and nominal. In Philadelphia the nominal quotations for spot and June were 22½c. a 22⅝c.; July, 22½c.; 1,000 bbls. August, 22¾c., and 1,000 bbls. September, 23c.

PROVISIONS.—Receipts—203 packages cut meats, 565 do. lard. The pork market was extremely quiet, but steady; sales 500 bbls. June delivery and 1,050 bbls July delivery at former prices, and in jobbing lots 250 bbls. at $13 25 a $13 50 for mess and $10 a $10 75 for extra prime; prime mess selling at $12 50 a $12 75 in a small way; also, Saturday evening, 500 bbls. July delivery at $13 25. Beef was quiet without noteworthy sales. We quote:—Plain mess, $8 a $11; extra mess, $10 a $12 50; prime mess tierces, $15 a $18; India mess, $18 a $20. Beef hams were neglected and nominal. Bacon was absolutely inactive; long clear nominally 7½c.; short clear, 7¾c., with sellers at these prices, but no demand. Cut meats were firmly held. We quote:—Smoked hams, 10½c. a 13c.; city smoked shoulders, 6⅜c. a 6½c.; pickled bellies, 7c. a 7½c.; pickled hams, 9½c. a 11c.; pickled shoulders, 5⅜c. a 5½c.; shoulders, dry salt, 5¼c. a 5½c.; fresh hams, 9c. a 9½c. Dressed hogs were in good demand and firmer, selling at 5½c. a 6¼c. per lb. Lard was firm, with a fair demand. We note sales of 200 packages at 9½c. cash for Western steam; 500 to arrive on private terms, and 3,000 June and July, 9 7-16c. a 9½c. per lb.; also 500 for August at 9⅝c.; 50 tierces city sold at 9⅜c. per lb. Cheese ruled in buyer's favor; 13c. for fine factory was the best bid. Butter was in large supply, and tended downwards.

RICE was steady, with further sales of 225 bags Rangoon at 6¾c. a 7⅛c.; 150 bags Patna at 7½c. a 7¾c., and 40 casks Carolina at 8⅞c. a 9¼c. per lb.

SUGAR.—Raw was entirely nominal in value in the absence of any considerable business. Refined ruled easier, closing at about 12c. for A, 12¾c. for granulated, 13½c. for crushed and 14c. for powdered. We quote (nominally):—Cuba—Refining, inferior to common, 7¾c. a 8⅛c.; fair to good, 8⅜c. a 9c.; prime, 9⅛c.; grocery, fair to good, 9⅛c. a 9½c.; prime to choice, 9⅝c. a 10c.; centrifugal, hhds. and boxes, 9⅝c. a 10⅛c.; molasses, hhds. and boxes, 7¾c. a 8⅛c.; melado, 4½c. a 6⅝c. Havana—Boxes, Dutch standard, Nos. 7 to 9, 8⅛c. a 9c.; do., 10 to 12, 9¼c. a 9⅝c.; do., 13 to 15, 10c. a 10⅛c.; do., 16 to 18, 11c. a 11⅛c.; do., 19 to 20, 12c. a 12⅛c.; do., white, 11¼c. a 12¼c. Porto Rico—Refining, common to prime refining, 8c. a 9c.; fair to choice, grocery, 9⅛c. a 10⅛c. Brazil—Dutch standard, Nos. 8 to 12, 7⅞c. a 9⅛c. Java—Dutch standard, Nos. 10 to 12, 9⅛c. a 9⅝c. Manila—Superior and extra superior, 7⅞c. a 8⅛c.

STEARINE was dull and prices entirely nominal.

TALLOW was easier, with a fair inquiry. Sales were reported of 140,000 lbs. at 9⅛c. a 9¼c., including 50 hhds. choice city at 9⅜c.

WHISKEY.—Receipts, 405 bbls. The market was quiet but firm; sales 50 bbls. at 90c.

THE CATTLE MARKET.

JUNE 24, 1872.

NATIONAL DROVE YARD.

Receipts, 108 cars; 1,890 cattle. Market unsettled. Prices ½c. per lb. lower. Supply good. Sales range at from 10½c. a 12c. per lb., as to quality.

ALLERTON'S YARD.

Receipts, 8,500 hogs, all for slaughterers. Fair demand at 4½c. a 4⅝c. per lb.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

GALVESTON, June 24, 1872.

Cotton nominal; good ordinary, 20½c. Net receipts, 9 bales. Exports coastwise, 533. Stock, 2,256.

NEW ORLEANS, June 24, 1872.

Cotton nominal; middlings, 24½c. Net receipts, 229 bales. Gross, 229. Sales, 100. Stock, 26,413.

MOBILE, June 24, 1872.

Cotton dull; middlings, 24½c. Net receipts, 40 bales. Sales, 100. Stock, 1,156.

SAVANNAH, June 24, 1872.

Cotton quiet; nothing doing; middlings, 24c. Net receipts, 82 bales. Exports coastwise, 98. Sales, 20. Stock, 3,405.

LOUISVILLE, June 24, 1872.

Tobacco unchanged. Sales, 95 hhds.

OSWEGO, N. Y., June 24, 1872.

Flour steady and unchanged; sales 1,400 bbls., at $8 25 for No. 1 spring, $9 50 for amber winter, $10 for white winter, $10 25 for double extra. Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee nominally $1 58. Corn dull and lower; sales of three cars at 59c. for low mixed, 61c. for yellow. Barley, rye and peas quiet. Corn meal, $1 50 for bolted, $1 40 for unbolted per cwt. Mill feed steady, shorts, $18, shipstuffs, $20, middlings $22 a $23 per ton. Highwines, 89c. Canal Freights:—Wheat, 7c.; corn and rye, 6½c. to New York; lumber, $3 25 to the Hudson, $4 25 to New York. Railroad freights—Flour, to Boston, 60c.; to New York, 50c.; to Albany, 41c. Receipts by lake—3,500 bushels wheat, 17,000 do. bushels corn, 14,000 do. oats, 3,900 do peas, 1,198,000 feet lumber. Shipments by Canal—2,213,000 feet lumber.

UTICA, N. Y., June 24, 1872.

The Utica *Herald* reports the Utica cheese market dull, with a fair offering, but only about 2,500 boxes registered. Few sales were made at from 12c. to 12½c. Some lots were sent on commission. The Little Falls market was in a similar condition. About 700 boxes of private dairy were sold at 9c. a 11½c. Few sales of factory at 10c. a 12½c., the ruling figure being 12c. Considerable cheese was sent on commission.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 24, 1872.

Grain in store to-day—Wheat, 205,195 bushels; corn, 728,642 do.; oats, 617,443 do.; rye, 20,567 do.; barley, 17,296 do.; barley malt, 24,859 do. Lake imports—Flour, 12,588 bbls.; wheat, 47,644 bushels; corn, 362,775 do.; oats, 61,800 do. Canal shipments—Wheat, 53,300 bushels; corn, 463,490 do.; oats, 1,365 do. Rail shipments from elevator—Wheat, 2,300 bushels; corn, 63,650 do.; oats, 52,650 do. Flour declined 25 cents per bbl.; sales of Western spring at $7 25 a $7 75; baker's, $8 62½ a $9; amber, $8 75 a $9 25; white, $9 a $10. Wheat firmer and a shade higher; sales of 3,000 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee spring at $1 44; quotations nominal at $1 43 a $1 45; Duluth spring, $1 46. Corn quiet; sales of 15,000 bushels No. 2 at 51c.; quoted at 51c. a 52c. Oats higher; sales Western No. 2, in small lots, at 38c. Barley malt in good demand; quoted at $1 25 a $1 30 for Canada; Western, $1 15 a $1 20. Canal freights—Wheat, 12½c.; corn, 11½c.; oats, 7½c.

FINANCIAL.

ALL DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10 IN the THIRD AVENUE SAVINGS BANK, corner Twenty-sixth street, will draw interest from July 1. Interest payable in July and January, and if not drawn, will be added to accounts and bear interest from July 1. Six per cent. from $1 to $5,000. DAVID MORGAN, Sec. JNO. H. LYON, Pres't.

A.—NASHVILLE AND CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD Company.—Interest coupons maturing July 1, 1872, will be paid on presentation on and after July 1, 1872, by V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street, New York.

JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO., No. 41 Lombard street, London. Foreign Exchange, Commercial Credits, Cable Transfers, Circular Letters for Travellers, available in all parts of the world. JAY COOKE & CO., No. 20 Wall street.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, 283 Bowery, near Houston street. Interest—The trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum on all sums entitled thereto for the six months and three months ending June 30, payable on and after the third Monday in July. Interest not withdrawn will be credited as principal. Deposits made now draw interest from July 1. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7. ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President. HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

NOTICE.—NEW YORK, JUNE 24, 1872.—COUPONS maturing July 1, 1872, on the Bonds of the Norfolk and Petersburg and the South Side Railroad, payable in New York, will be paid at the banking house of Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., less the tax of the State of Virginia, imposed on the market value of the bonds, as of the 1st May, 1872. JAMES E. CUTHBERT, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL.

$8,000 FIRST MORTGAGE, THREE YEARS, wanted on improved Property near by, worth $30,000; no agents. Address G. W., Herald office.

$20,000 TRUST FUND TO LOAN—ON NEW York or Brooklyn property, in sums of $1,000 and upwards. Address EXECUTOR, Brooklyn Branch Herald office.

$20,000 WANTED—FOR A TERM OF YEARS on productive New York city and Westchester county Property worth more than twice the amount. Address NO BONUS, box 185 Herald office.

$100,000 TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE. Jersey and Brooklyn Mortgages cashed. JOHN P. STOCKTON, Jr., 51 Pine street.

$250,000 TO LOAN—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on first class city property; Second Mortgages cashed. Apply to WILLIAM KENNELLY, No. 4 Pine street.

$175,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on real estate in this city, without bonus. Liberal loans on first class property. JOHN F. CONREY, 162 Broadway, room 8.

YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &C.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

FOR SALE—THE YACHT ALPHA; SLOOP RIGGED, 35 feet long; has a handsomely fitted up cabin; suitable for a club or private use; to be sold cheap. Inquire of C. ELFERS, 113 Broome street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS SLOOP YACHT, NEW this spring, 50 feet long, 15 feet 6 inches beam; a very good sailer; sold for want of use. Address C. D. L. M., Herald office, for one week.

FOR SALE—A DOUBLE SCULL WORKING BOAT; Parron build, in complete order, as good as new. Address J. F. A., box 6,921 Post office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A SLOOP YACHT, IN GOOD order; 35 feet long, 14 feet beam. Can be seen for ten days at foot Fifty-first street, North River. Captain JAMES H. LEVINGS.

FOR SALE CHEAP—HANDSOME, LOW-PRESSURE, sea-going steam Yacht, new last year; can make 14 miles an hour; engine 12 square; hull 70 feet; schooner rig; saloon and large stateroom; walnut, marble top furniture; Brussels carpets; price only $5,000; owner wishes to go abroad. Inquire at 53 Wall street, room 14, up stairs.

WANTED—A CAT BOAT, UNDER 20 FEET; ALSO A Row Boat, with awning; both must be in order. State all particulars and price. Address CAT BOAT, box 198 Herald office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A SUIT OF PARLOR FURniture of not less than six pieces, at reasonable price; no objection if used a short time. Address FURNITURE, Herald office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—OLD VOLUMES "LEDger," "New York Weekly," "Sunday Times," "Fireside Companion," "Chimney Corner," "Western World," &c.; must have complete stories in each volume. Address, with price and full particulars, JOSEPH DIXON, 260 Broadway.

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED.

In this City and Brooklyn.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, OF THE HIGHEST respectability and undoubted reference, would like to take charge of a gentleman's house during the summer. Address R. A. L., Herald office.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN WANTS A SINGLE ROOM in a house desirably located and occupied by a private family. Address, stating terms, BRIGHTON, Herald office.

A RESPECTABLE MAN AND WIFE TO TAKE charge of a gentleman's house for the summer while the family are in the country, or the man as janitor or night watchman or any place of trust; best references and security given if necessary. Call on or address B. GANS, 418 East 14th st.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED TILL OCTOBER 1 by a small family without children; location between Sixth and Madison avenues and above Fourteenth street. Address OCTOBER, Herald office.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, UNFURNISHED Apartments, suitable for housekeeping; location between Fourteenth and Thirty-sixth streets and Fourth and Sixth avenues. Address, with terms, W. B. K., box 4,443 New York Post office.

WANTED—BY TWO SMALL FAMILIES, FLOORS IN a cottage house in Yorkville or Harlem. Address, stating terms, H. D., 205 Third avenue.

WANTED—A NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE, FOR A small family; location Sixth to Second avenue, Sixteenth to Thirty-fourth street; rent not to exceed $200 per month. Address FURNISHED, Herald Uptown Branch office.

In the Country.

WANTED—TO LET OR LEASE, A SMALL IMPROVED Country Place, in a rolling or mountainous district, and of easy access to the city. Address, stating full particulars, H., box 5,582 Post office, New York.

INSTRUCTION.

AT THOMPSON'S COLLEGE, 20 FOURTH AVENUE, opposite Cooper Institute.—Bookkeeping, Writing, Arithmetic and Languages; separate ladies' department; day and evening; telegraphy taught practically; demand for operators; no vacation.

A LADY, EDUCATED IN EDINBURG, SCOTLAND, with good certificates and references, capable of teaching English, French, German, pianoforte and singing, desires a situation as day or resident governess. Address G. S., 423 East Eighty-fourth street.

AT PAINE'S COLLEGE, 62 BOWERY, BOOKKEEPing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Languages, $5 each; 24 Writing Lessons, $2 50. Foreigners taught Pronunciation and all English branches. Ladies qualified as Bookkeepers, Cashiers, &c.

A FRENCH GENTLEMAN OF REFINEMENT AND very well acquainted with instruction and general business wishes to engage as a companion of one or two gentlemen going to Europe. Apply at M. GAREAU'S school, 180 Sixth avenue.

BUSINESS WRITING, BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMEtic, &c., for business men, ladies and boys. DOLBEAR'S Commercial College, 875 Broadway, corner Eighteenth street, will remain open day and evening all summer. Messrs. DOLBEAR guarantee to remove stiffness, cramping and trembling from the worst hand.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, established in New York in 1814, for young Ladies and Misses, 1,527 and 1,529 Spruce street, Philadelphia, Pa. French is the Language of the Family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute. MADAME D'HERVILLY, Principal.

180 SIXTH AVENUE.—FRENCH LESSONS, WITH the best pronunciation, given in private families or at the school, by M. GAREAU, formerly a magistrate and member of the University of France.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A GREAT REDUCTION.—BEST SEASONED IVORY Billiard Balls, 2⅜ inch, $15; Adhesive Cue Leathers, $2; best plain Leathers, $1 50 per 100, and all other Billiard Goods at lowest prices. The largest and best stock of Billiard Goods in the country, with weekly shipments from Europe. H. W. COLLENDER, 738 Broadway. Manufacturer of the Standard American Billiard Tables.

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A.—REMOVAL.—SLATE MANTELS, GRATES, &C.—Large and elegant stock at our new warerooms, Union square, corner of Fourth avenue and Seventeenth street. PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY, manufacturers of every variety of Slate work, plain and ornamental.

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W. H. PIERSON, MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, from $12 upwards; elegant new designs. 434 Canal street, near Varick.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ABSOLUTE OR LIMITED DIVORCES MAY BE OBtained on application to GEORGE WHITE, Attorney-at-Law, 11 Wall street, New York.

BEEBE'S KITCHEN RANGES.

$60

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1. March, "Ye Merry Birds".................Voigt
2. Overture, "Poet and Peasant"...............Suppe
3. Waltz, "Deutsches Gemuthsleben"...........Keler-Bela
4. "Benediction," "Huguenots"...............Meyerbeer
5. A Musical Tour Through Europe, "Quodlibet"..Conradi
6. Violoncello Solo, "Souvenir de Spa"...........Servais
Mr. A. LIESEGANG.
7. "Polka Boquet"...............................Pertha
8. Introduction to the third act of "Lohengrin"....Wagner
9. Overture de Concert in D....................Kalliwoda
10. Waltz, "Pesther"................................Lanner
11. Fantasie, "Monastery Bells"................Lefebure Wely
12. Quadrille, "Les Dragons de Villairs"...........Maillard (Glockchen des Eremiten).

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1. March, "Campaign"............................Schreiber
2. Overture, "Stradella"..............................Flotow
3. Waltz, "Geschichten aus dem Weiner Wald"......Strauss
4. Ballet, "Faust"......................................Gounod
5. Maerchen-Overture..............................Horneman
6. Andante, "First Symphony"....................Beethoven
7. Waltz, "Koenigslieder"............................Strauss
8. Selections from "The Flying Dutchman".........Wagner
9. Overture, "Semiramis"............................Rossini
10. Paraphrase, "Loreley"...........................Nesvadba
11. Waltz, "Autumn Roses"............................Strauss
12. Galop, "Japanese"...................................A. H. Pease

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GRAND MASS MEETING TO-DAY AT TONY PASTOR'S Opera House, to hear Billy Pastor's new song, "The Eight-Hour Strike," dedicated to the workingmen.

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THE JUBILEE.

An Unprofitable, Intolerable Day of Oratorio.

THE HANDEL SOCIETIES' BENEFIT.

"Israel" Consigned to Egypt or Anywhere Rather than Boston.

POOR ENCOURAGEMENT FOR THE FINANCIERS

Evidences of the Decline of the Great Jamboree.

BOSTON, June 24, 1872.

In order to satisfy the members of the Handel and Haydn Society and some other of the New England choruses of Gilmore's Jubilee, this day was given up to the performance of Handel's grand oratorio, "Israel in Egypt." These societies had made their attendance at the Jubilee conditional on a day being devoted to oratorio, and this was the day selected. The directors endeavored to procure a postponement, but the societies were inexorable and threatened to depart *en masse* unless the agreement was faithfully fulfilled. As it was evident they would keep their word the directors got frightened, for the loss of these singers would leave only the skeleton of a chorus, and, under these circumstances, it was agreed to give Handel's "Israel in Egypt," which these societies had been rehearsing for some months. The general public, as was expected, manifested but little interest in the performance, and the number of people present was absolutely smaller than yesterday.

"ISRAEL" NOT POPULAR IN BOSTON.

Oratorio is evidently not popular in Boston; the poverty of the attendance proved that, and also the departure of large numbers of people before the oratorio was ended. A good deal of boasting was indulged in by the friends of the societies as to the result they would obtain, and it is only due to them to say that they acquitted themselves better than most people expected. It is somewhat difficult for the generality of mankind to become enthusiastic over oratorio, because it goes beyond the general comprehension. The grand and impressive quality of the music is recognized, but people get tired of being impressed and want to hear something they can understand, or that they imagine they understand. It was unquestionably owing to this feeling that the solo and duet parts were received with a warmth and appreciation which was not at all warranted by the execution, but the audience felt they were a relief from

THE OPPRESSIVE GRANDEUR

of the never-ending chorus. The performance opened with the recitation, "Now There Arose a New King," which was rather ineffectively given by the tenor, Mr. Winch, whose voice was almost inaudible in the gallery. The alto did a little better with the air, "Their Land Brought Forth Frogs." The vast space of the building is very trying in the solo parts, and only those who are endowed with voices of great power and compass can be heard to great advantage. The execution to-day showed pretty clearly how much the 20,000 voices lose in power for want of better training. The volume of sound to-day was not equal to the effects produced by the monster chorus, but it represented a good two-thirds, although not half the numerical strength was engaged. At times the grandeur and solemnity of the music was fully appreciated and a most impressive effect realized. This was especially the case in the chorus

"AND I WILL EXALT HIM,"

which brought out the full strength of the performers and was given with appropriate vigor; but it fell flat on the audience, who were evidently bored. The duet which followed, "The Lord is a Man of War," given by Messrs. Rudolphsen and Winch, was received with extraordinary enthusiasm, doubtless as a protest, for certainly the singing was not at all deserving of any very special applause. Madame Rudersdorff sang the air, "Thou Didst Blow." But her singing was very poor; her voice was worn and threadbare. It is evident that the size of the hall is too much for her waning powers. The audience, however, good-naturedly conferred the honor of an encore, but it was cold and evidently *par politesse*.

ORATORIO NOT WANTED.

It is to be hoped that we shall not be afflicted with any more of these oratorios or sacred concerts. They are very nice for people who like them, but they are so few that a smaller hall than the Coliseum will meet their requirements. As monetary speculations they don't pay. The amount realized on Sunday was not more than about seven thousand dollars. The receipts to-day scarcely reach that figure. This is not very encouraging, and it is not likely that the experiment will be tried again. Boston would break away from the traditions of the Pilgrim fathers if the departure could be made to pay, but as it cannot we may look forward to the resumption of the strictest propriety and a vigorous denunciation of Sabbath breaking. A strong effort is about to be made to retrieve somewhat the fortunes of the Jubilee by making the foreign bands the leading features of the performance. This is a step in the right direction, and we shall gain in good music a hundred fold what may be lost in sensation effect.

THE EVENING CONCERTS

opened to-night with but poor success. The attendance was by no means so large as had been expected, but the audience was for the most part composed of a different class from that which attended in the day. When the French band appeared they were made the recipients of quite an ovation. The programme for the evening opened with a new *morale* by A. Thomas, entitled "Salut à Boston." It is a rather notorious composition, and was rendered with the artistic completeness which characterizes this band. It is no common treat to have musicians like these Frenchmen. The playing last night was an educational course, which ought not to be lost on the vast body of musicians who were present. It is creditable to these latter that no professional rivalry prevented them from being the loudest in praise of the wonderful delicacy and correctness of execution which distinguishes the

BAND OF THE GARDE REPUBLICAINE.

It is difficult to describe the enthusiasm manifested by the people, so warm and spontaneous, and differing so much in complexion from the good-natured applause which they shower on some of the performers as a kind acknowledgement of good intentions. The "Grand March" was followed by the overture from "Zampa" and this by a solo on the picolo by Mr. Elie. The first part concluded with the fantasia, "Sacred Love of Country," from "Massaniello." After every piece an encore was demanded by the people. In the interval between the first and second parts the mountebank Wehli was introduced to play a solo on the piano.

COOL AND NOT ENCORED.

With a coolness quite refreshing he struck up "God Save the Queen," with some slight variations. The execution would have done little credit to a school girl, and the audience seemed to think so. It required all the natural politeness of the French band to refrain from laughing, but the look of puzzled amazement on their faces was really entertaining. As soon as Wehli disappeared they evidently breathed freer, as if a nightmare had vanished. The second part opened with the overture from "William Tell," and in answer to the enthusiastic applause of the audience the band played "Hail Columbia," which again caused a demonstration that was only allayed by the "Marseillaise." The performance was relieved by solos on the saxhorn, clarionet, oboe and saxophone, which created a series of sensations.

THE DECLINE OF THE JUBILEE.

There are numerous evidences of a decline in the whole affair, and the most conspicuous was the closing up of the Western Union Coliseum Telegraph office, which was established under such a flourish of trumpets and other wind instruments at the beginning of the Jubilee. This was the only evening that it has been closed since the performance began, and singularly enough it was the only time that its operation in full force would have been a convenience to its regular and most profitable customers. Internal difficulties among the managers are not unknown. Mr. Chadwick, the Superintendent of the Coliseum, and a man identified with the Jubilee from the beginning, has thrown up the sponge on account of a predominance of red tape, and a whole platoon of his assistants will resign to-morrow. The performers are weakening.

THE AUDIENCES FALLING OFF

and the whole "Jamboree" is destined to an eternity of the worst kind. The attendance of President Grant and a few others of prominence to-morrow will attract a handsome crowd, together with a reduction of the admission fees, and on Wednesday evening the hall will be liberally attended, and undoubtedly it will be a splendid affair. From that moment, however, the event known as the World's Jubilee will decline, and by the 4th of July it will have become as stale and uninteresting, and about as consequential as the historical impeachment trial of Andy Johnson.

REPORTED SINKING OF A SCHOONER.

BOSTON, June 24, 1872.

Passengers report that the steamer Bristol, on the passage from New York last night, ran down and sank a schooner in the Sound. Boats were lowered, but no survivors found.

OUR COLLEGES.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER'S COLLEGE.

Twenty-second Annual Commencement Last Evening—A Large and Brilliant Audience—The Winners of the Medals and the New A. B.'s and A. M.'s.

The twenty-second annual commencement of St. Francis Xavier's College, Sixteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, took place last evening. It is almost unnecessary to add that the occasion was an exceedingly enjoyable one, as the annual commencements of the famous college always are, and that there was an immense assemblage of ladies and gentlemen present. To be sure the temperature inside the building was not exactly what a well-regulated Esquimaux would have desired, or even what a New Yorker, with the freezing recollections of the last winter yet fresh in his mind, would have diligently prayed for beforehand; but, despite the heat, the friends of the students and the college kept trooping in from the moment the doors were thrown open until the hall was packed to its utmost capacity. The ladies, of course, predominated in numbers, and were by long odds the most enthusiastic portion of

THE AUDIENCE.

Besides, they took good care to come in all the glory of the latest fashions; and although it is not to be supposed for an instant that any one of the dear creatures came with the malicious intention in her heart of outdoing any other one in point of "style," it must be said that the array, which met one's eyes at every turn, of "loves of bonnets" and "ducks" of round hats, with their ribbons and flowers and what not all that the *modiste* knows so well how to set off their costly manufactures with, was something quite bewildering, at least to bachelor eyes. How on earth the inexperienced students, who are not supposed to know much about the fascinations of the fair sex, managed as well as they did, in the face of such attractions, to go through the exercises without becoming utterly demoralized, is a question that may as well be left unanswered. The scene from the stage was certainly bewildering enough to disconcert the most calculating aspirant to A. M. honors, but the "orators of the day" somehow or another never lost their presence of mind during the evening, and performed their part of the exercises with as much deliberation as though they were talking to the heedless ocean waves after the fashion of their old friend, Demosthenes, but with no pebbles in their mouths, and not to an assemblage of grave professors critically severe and a congregation largely made up of pretty girls only too ready to applaud in the wrong place if only for the sake of enjoying a laugh at one another after the blunder.

THE EXERCISES

had the rare merit of being short as well as well selected for a commencement occasion—a merit, by the way, which the managers of other commencements yet to take place should strive to deserve. The fact is, ten or twelve dreary essays, with any amount of chorus singing sandwiched between them to keep the audience from going home in a huff, are too much of a good thing even for a good-humored audience at a commencement of a hot summer night. There were only three speeches by the graduates on this occasion, and hence the excellent humor of the audience from beginning to end. It should not be inferred, however, that the only merit the oratorical portion of the exercises had was that it was short, for the essays were really excellent, and were, besides, well delivered. The first one, "The Law of Respect," which, at first blush, has a rather indefinite look, was well treated by Mr. John F. X. O'Conor. "Social Discord" was handled in truly masterly style by Mr. Francis H. Wall, and Mr. Michael Cremin's discourse on "Education," while the manner of its treatment might have been distasteful to a certain class of extreme thinkers, was as sound in its arguments as it was moderate in tone.

THE AWARD OF MEDALS

was as follows:—Post graduate course—Gold medal for superior success, Michael McSwiggan; donor, Rev. Thomas S. Preston. Graduating class—Gold medal for Evidences of Religion, Francis H. Wall; donor, Rev. Michael Callaghan, Class of 1865. Silver medal for Mental Philosophy, Francis H. Wall; silver medal for Physics and Mathematics, John F. X. O'Conor. Undergraduate course—Gold medal for the best Latin and English composition in the three classes of the undergraduates, Joseph H. Hoey; donor, Mr. John Kelly.

The medals for proficiency were awarded as follows:—Joseph L. Hoey, Class of Rhetoric; John T. Newton, Belles Lettres; John F. Higgins, Classics.

The prize of honor was awarded to Richard V. O'Connell, of the Class of Classics, who was examined at his own request on the entire Æneid.

THE CONFERRING OF DEGREES.

The degree A. M. was conferred on Michael McSwiggan, county Tyrone, Ireland; Michael A. Cremin, county Limerick, Ireland; John McDermott, county Tyrone, Ireland; Lawrence J. Boylen, New York; Thomas H. Mosher, New York; Robert J. McGinley, New York; William P. Mulry, Charleston, S. C.; James F. Kiely, county Limerick, Ireland; John H. Burns, Middletown, N. Y.; Patrick J. Martin, county Sligo, Ireland; Edmund J. Healy, New York.

The degree A. B. was conferred on Francis H Wall, New York; John F. X. O'Conor, New York; Patrick J. McCloskey, New York; Andrew T. Sullivan, Brooklyn, L. I.; William J. Brown, New York; David J. Hickey, New York; Joseph A. Flanly, New York; Henry W. Nevin, Brooklyn, L. I.; John H. Sullivan, Brooklyn, L. I.; Eugene J. Donnelly, Williamsburg, L. I.; Aloysius W. Reilly, New York; Joseph P. Molphy, county Westmeath, Ireland.

After the conferring of the degrees a sensible address to the graduates was made by the Rev. James J. Moriarty, of the Class of 1861. The Archbishop then addressed them briefly.

THE EXAMINATION CROP.

It may be said, in conclusion, that the examination of the College terminated on the 29th inst. It lasted eight days for the Collegiate course. The aspirants to the degree A. B. were for three successive days submitted to an oral and written examination in the various branches of mental and natural philosophy. All the other students passed in succession before four different boards of examiners. Each student's grade of success or failure, together with the promotions, were proclaimed on the 21st inst. before the President and faculty of the college. Of all the students twenty failed to attain the number of marks necessary for promotion. Of these fifteen have been allowed the choice of leaving the college or remaining another year in the same class, and five were peremptorily dismissed. The general result gave proof of serious study and application.

THE RUTGERS COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

Female Education and Its Effect Upon Society.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

DEAR SIR—The attention of so many readers of the HERALD has been called to the report of the Commencement exercises of Rutgers Female College, held at Steinway Hall last Thursday, that it seems but justice that the HERALD'S statement receive a word of explanation. The interests of higher female education, the credit of the only institution in New York which has received from the State a college charter, and justice to two or three of the graduates seem to demand this.

While so much injury is done to the interests of female education by those who are seeking to push woman into man's sphere, the attention of thoughtful statesmen in Russia, Germany, England, France, and of America, it ought to be added, is called to the fact that real injustice has existed in the provisions made for female education. For centuries young women who were to occupy elevated positions in European society have been educated as highly as the young men whose companions they were to be; but this higher education has been received from private tutors. Intelligent men have always observed that no families can be kept up, no high social position can be maintained without thorough mental culture is possessed by the wife and mother.

The demand now controlling European governments for more and more of popular representation is calling thinking men to meet the fact recognized in Napoleon's remark, "What France wants is mothers." The same cause which calls for extended common school education is calling for higher education for the thousands who by their energy are fitting themselves for a higher social position. Hence, even during the past year in Russia, France and England initiatory steps for the organization of female colleges have been taken.

In the State of New York two charters for colleges proper, authorized to confer college degrees, have been granted within the last ten years. The first of these was Vassar, the second Rutgers. To show that the design of these colleges was not at all to alter women's sphere, but only the better to maintain her position and to do credit to men in their sphere, the following fact is sufficient testimony. The charter of Vassar College, first granted, gave the unrestricted privilege of conferring college degrees. Into the charter of Rutgers was incorporated this restriction, "except professional." The people of New York need not fear that any effort to make unworthy wives and mothers is on foot. Some of the successful business men of New York are already thanking the college that it has given them companions whose culture is the best guarantee that their own position can be maintained with propriety.

As to the report now of the proceedings of the day, it will take many years to make female colleges realize all that colleges for young men, after years of successive stages of progress, have attained. In all the public exercises of such colleges the same variety of excellence and of imperfection, the same differences of native talent and of taste, will be displayed. During the infancy of such progress it is not simply gallantry and generosity, but justice, demands that criticisms be discriminating and to the point, and genial while just. Some few men, accustomed to the oversight of colleges for young men, have entered the field of higher female education to meet a great public demand, and nothing can turn them back from their mission. They only ask on behalf of educated young women that diplomaed young gallants will not give blows to those who do not intend to train themselves for man's arena.

COMMENCEMENT AT VASSAR COLLEGE.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 24, 1872.

The hotels are fast filling up with visitors to Vassar College. To-night there was a musical soirée at the institution. To-morrow is class day, and on Wednesday the closing Commencement exercises. Two thousand dollars' worth of railroad tickets have already been sold to pupils going home. One hundred and twenty of the third class left yesterday.

CORNELL UNIVERSITY.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 24, 1872.

This is commencement week at Cornell University. The results of the examination to-day of candidates for admission indicates that there will be a longer entering class the present than any preceding year. The competition for the Woodford gold medal took place this evening. To-morrow evening Mr. John Stanton Gould, of Hudson, will make the address before the College of History. On Wednesday the annual meeting of the trustees will be held, and on Wednesday evening the Rev. William Alvin Bartlett, of Chicago, will address the College of Literature. The fourth annual commencement exercises will be held on Thursday.

BATES COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

LEWISTON, Me., June 24, 1872.

The commencement exercises of Bates College, which commenced on Sunday with the Baccalaureate of President Cheney and a sermon before the Theological Class by the Rev. Dr. Fullerton, were continued to-day with a champion prize debate by members of the Junior Class. The prize was awarded to Charles H. Davis. This evening the Rev. E. E. Hale, of Boston, delivers an oration before the United Literary Societies.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25—1 A. M.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

Cloudy weather, areas of rain and light to fresh winds are now prevailing from North Carolina and Eastern Tennessee northeastward over the Middle and New England States; otherwise clear and partially cloudy weather at the stations east of the Rocky Mountains, with light to fresh winds.

Probabilities.

Clear and partially cloudy weather and light to fresh easterly to southerly winds continue north and west of the Ohio Valley. Clear and clearing weather over Kentucky, Tennessee and the Gulf States, with light to fresh winds. Cloudy weather and areas of rain for the South Atlantic States, with light to fresh southerly to westerly winds for the Middle and New England States.

The Weather in This City Yesterday.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, HERALD Building:—

	1871.	1872.		1871.	1872.
3 A. M.	76	70	4 P. M.	71	75
6 A. M.	75	68	6 P. M.	68	73
9 A. M.	73	71	9 P. M.	65	71
12 M.	69	72	12 P. M.	63	70

Average temperature yesterday 71¼
Average temperature for corresponding date last year 70

OBITUARY.

Charles Murray, United States Navy.

Pay Director Charles Murray, of the United States Navy, died in Baltimore some few days since at the age of seventy years. Mr. Murray was widely known in the Naval Department and much respected. In 1843 he was appointed Purser by President Tyler, and served over twelve years at sea and the balance on land. He was stationed several years in Brooklyn, Mare Island, California, and also at Panama. He acted as purchasing agent at New York for the United States Navy for some time. Mr. Murray was born in Ireland and came to America when only sixteen years of age. During his career in the navy he was frequently complimented at headquarters for the able manner in which he discharged his duties. His funeral took place at Baltimore (where he has resided for the past two years), and was attended by a large number of citizens. The pall-bearers were Admiral Stribling, Admiral Purviance, Medical Director Grier, Pay Director Looker, Professor Lagur, Paymaster Prichard, Commodore Grundy and J. Y. Bryant, of Washington.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE AT COOPER INSTITUTE.

The Right Rev. *Ignatius Persico, D. D.*, Bishop of *Savannah, Ga.*, lectured last evening in the hall of Cooper Union, under the auspices of the Metropolitan Catholic Total Abstinence Union, on the subject of "Temperance." The hall was nearly full, several societies, with banners and regalia, being present in force. The reverend gentleman said that it became necessary sometimes, for the preservation of the morals of the individual, to abstain entirely from indulgence in intoxicating liquors. Intemperance not only ruined the individual, but the community. In one individual it not only destroyed the physical energies but the mental faculties. Great nations of the olden time had been rendered imbecile by it. Alexander the Great, who conquered the world, fell from his high estate by its influence. Among the ancient philosophers, and in the most prosperous empires of the early ages, and even among the Chinese, the Brahmins and the East Indians, temperance was admired as one of the highest virtues. The reverend gentleman was heartily applauded throughout the lecture.

THE CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH.

This church last night invited Rev. John F. W. Ware, of Baltimore, to be their pastor, and it is understood that he will accept. This church, founded some fifty years since, has been unusually unfortunate in its pastors. Rev. Mr. Lunt and Rev. Dr. Dewey were obliged by ill-health to resign. Rev. Dr. Osgood, after twenty years' ministry, joined the Episcopal Church. Rev. George H. Hepworth, after three years' trial, went over to the Orthodox Church. Mr. Ware is a Unitarian of the Channing school, and there is no danger, it is thought, of his seceding, his father and grandfather having been distinguished Unitarian divines in their day.

THE POLICE AND THE STREET ENCUMBRANCES.

An arrangement was yesterday entered into between the Police Commissioners and the Department of Public Works by which the removal of all street encumbrances devolves upon the police. This has been brought about in consequence of the difficulty the street sweepers have in thoroughly cleaning the streets and to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, through the number of wagons that are left out in the streets during the day and night. These vehicles the sweepers are unable to get under with the brooms, and in many streets large spots are unavoidably left only half cleaned. The Police Commissioners intend to remedy all this by ordering a summary removal of all vehicles from the streets, no matter under what pretence they are put there. The manufacturer's half dozen carriages will have to be swept away as well as the fruit vender's wagon. The captains of police are now making a house to house visitation in their precincts for the purpose of asking the householders to assist the Commissioners in keeping the streets free from garbage and in a healthy condition. If the people will not assist the police of their own accord after this the ordinances relating to the subject will be rigidly enforced.

FIRES IN NEWARK.

On Sunday night and early yesterday morning a number of fires, more or less serious in results, occurred in and near Newark. The building on the Passaic, near Belleville, owned by a Mr. D. E. Sanchez, of Newark, and made somewhat famous as the former home and property of the late William Henry Herbert, better known perhaps as "Frank Forrester," was burned. It was situated in the fine grove known as "The Cedars," and involves a loss of about $17,000. The Lodi Poudrette Works, on the Hackensack bank, between the New Jersey and Plank road bridges, were destroyed. The loss is estimated by some as high as $75,000. A kerosene lamp upset in the store of Mrs. Wilhelmina Horstman and set the place on fire. The damage was slight.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, June 24—5 P. M.—Consols closed at 92⅝ for money and 92¾ for the account. American securities unchanged.

FRANKFORT BOURSE.—FRANKFORT, June 24—A. M.—United States five-twenty bonds opened at 96¼ for the issue of 1862.

PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, June 24—A. M.—Rentes opened at 54f. 20c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 24—5 P. M.—The cotton market closed unchanged. The sales of the day have been 8,000 bales, including 2,000 for export and speculation.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 24—5 P. M.—The market for breadstuffs is dull.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, June 24—Evening.—Spirits turpentine 43s. per cwt.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, June 24—5 P. M.—Tallow unquotable and all prices of St. Petersburg are unsettled and speculative only.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	4 29	Moon rises...eve	11 26
Sun sets	7 34	High water.morn	11 58

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATES OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTHS OF JUNE AND JULY.

Steamers.	Sails.	Destination.	Office.
Idaho	June 26	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
City of New York	June 27	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Republic	June 29	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
Washington	June 29	Havre	58 Broadway.
Deutschland	June 29	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
City of Paris	June 29	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
India	June 29	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Hansa	July 2	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Manhattan	July 3	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Trinacria	July 3	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
City of Limerick	July 4	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Baltic	July 6	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
California	July 6	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Ville de Paris	July 13	Havre	58 Broadway.

PORT OF NEW YORK, JUNE 24, 1872.

CLEARED.

Steamship H G Tisdale, Tisdale, Quebec—Campbell & Gardner.
Steamship Eastern Queen, Chadwick, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond—R & H Chamberlaine.
Steamship Franconia, Bragg, Portland—J F Ames.
Ship British Monarch (Br), Rowe, Liverpool—Grinnell, Minturn & Co.
Ship Belvedere, Bursley, San Francisco—C Comstock & Co.
Bark Volturno (Ital), Savarese, Gloucester—Funch, Edye & Co.
Bark Ruth (Nor), Jensen, Queenstown or Falmouth for orders—Tetens & Bockmann.
Bark Europa (NG), Rekler, Bremen—H Koop.
Bark Carib, Jayne, St Croix via St Kitts—P Hanford & Co.
Bark Smyrna (Br), Wetherington, Havana—H J DeWolf & Co.
Bark Gertrude, Carlisle, Portland—Jas Henry.
Brig Emma Dean (Dan), Ackerman, Curacoa—Jos Foulke's Sons.
Brig Anita Owens, Butterfield, Cardenas—Thompson & Hunter.
Brig Mary E Dana, O'Neil, Georgetown—F O Merkle.
Schr C M Newlins, Ruland, Pernambuco—A Abbott.
Schr H Middleton, Brower, Port au Platte—L Del Monte & Co.
Schr Sandolphin, Aylward, Pembroke—Jno Boynton's Son & Co.
Schr Evelyn, Crossley, Portsmouth—Z Simpson.
Schr Chase, Peck, Boston—Candee & Pressey.
Schr Massachusetts, Woodman, Boston—Chas Wing.
Schr Gipsey, Van Valkenburg, Norwich—H W Jackson & Co.
Steamer Fanny Cadwallader, Foster, Baltimore.
Steamer Ann Eliza, Richards, Philadelphia.
Steamer Monitor, Jones, Philadelphia.
Steamer Mars, Grumley, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Bienville, Timmerman, Havana June 19, with mdse and passengers to F Alexandre & Sons. [The reported arrival of the Bienville yesterday was an error.]
Steamship Niagara, Walker, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse and passengers, to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.
Steamship Eastern Queen, Chadwick, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse to J & H Chamberlain.
Ship John Bunyan (of Searsport), Gilmore, Grand Turk, TI, 10 days, with salt to Carver & Barnes. Had fine weather.
Bark Catarina (Ital), Maresca, Liverpool 44 days, with salt to order; vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Took the northern passage, and had fine weather; was 20 days west of the Banks.
Bark Ella Moore (Br), Shaw, London, 36 days, with mdse to H J De Wolf & Co. Had northerly winds to the Banks; from thence 20 days, with light westerly winds and thick fogs.
Bark Jenny (Russ), Bjorkquist, Newcastle, 61 days, with coal to order; vessel to Tetens & Bockmann. Took the northern passage, and had light winds and calms, with dense fog; has been 32 days W of the Banks.
Bark Marie (NG), Keeling, Leith, Dec 30, via Falmouth 50 days, with coal, to C L Wright & Co; vessel to master. Took the northern passage and had strong W and SW winds, with a heavy sea; has been 36 days W of the Western Islands.
Bark Try Again (Br), Davidson, Palermo, 56 days, with fruit to J C McArthur. Passed Gibraltar May 16; took the northern passage and had fine weather; been 16 days west of the Banks.
Bark Alfred (of Bath), Burt, Gloucester, Mass, 4 days, in ballast, to J W Elwell & Co.
Bark Mary (Aust), Camus, Boston 3 days, in ballast, to Slocovich & Co.
Brig Katie (Dan), Robinson, Laguayra 20 days, with coffee, &c, to master.
Schr Mary Queen (Br), Cummings, Palermo 63 days, with fruit to order; vessel to G F Bulley. Passed Gibraltar May 10; took the southern passage, and had light winds and calms; has been 13 days west of Bermuda.
Schr M R Samson (of Egg Harbor), Samson, Caibarien 11 days, with sugar to Willie, Kuevalis & Co. Has been 5 days north of Hatteras, with squally weather.
Schr M E Mangam (of Staten Island), Beveridge, Eleuthera 7 days, with pineapples to James Douglas; vessel to B J Wenberg. Had variable weather.
Schr H W Jones, Fernandina 9 days, with naval stores to Dollner, Potter & Co; vessel to A Abbott. Had light easterly winds.
Schr Gen Talbot, Sheppard, Antigua, SC, 5 days, with shingles to DeMill & Co. Is bound to Poughkeepsie.
Schr R C A Ward, Edmunds, Virginia.
Schr J H Segume, French, Virginia.
The steamship City of Paris, from Liverpool, which arrived 23d, reports—16th, lat 51 09, lon 25 27, signalled ship Belle Isle (Br), bound east; 19th, lat 47 32, lon 45 33, passed a bark-rigged steamship bound west; 23d, 127 miles east of Sandy Hook, steamship City of Brussels, bound east; same day, 191 miles east of do, steamship Oceanic, do; same day, 181 miles east of do, a German steamship, do.

Passed Through Hell Gate.

BOUND SOUTH.

Brig Masonic (Br), Carson, Windsor NS, 8 days, with plaster to D R DeWolf & Co.
Schr Ariana (Br), Hamlyn, St John, NB, 12 days, with lath to P I Nevius & Sons.
Schr T Townsend, Bartlett, Windsor, NS, for New York, with plaster to order; vessel to Jed Fry & Co. Was eight days on the passage.
Schr Prarie Bird, Purcell, Windsor, NS, for New York, 8 days, with plaster to Crandall, Berteaux & Co.
Schr W H Mailler, Crowley, St John, NB, for New York, with lumber, to J Ed Fry & Co.
Schr Sea Bird, Little, St John, NB, for New York, with lumber to Peters & Co.
Schr Waterloo, Peck, Bangor for New York, with lumber to Wilson & Co.
Schr E H Nash, Cole, Addison for New York, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.
Schr Susan, Maloney, Calais for New York, with lumber to Jed Fry & Co.
Schr Challenge, Armstrong, Bangor for New York, with lumber to Holyoake & Co.
Schr Mary A Rice, Rice, Portland for Newark, with lumber to order.
Schr E G Knight, Pratt, Rockland for New York, with lime to J R Browne & Co.
Schr Justina, Pearce, Rockland for New York, with lime to J R Browne.
Schr Anna Brown, Hopkins, Providence for New York.
Schr Maria L Hall, Harold, Portland for New York, with stone to order.
Helen Mar, Duncan, Rockport for New York, with stone to order.
James Magee, Chase, Middletown for Trenton, with stone to order.
Schr D Sawyer, Rogers, Jonesport for New York, with stone to order.
Schr Sea Breeze, Freathey, from Calais for New York, with lumber and lath to Wilson Godfrey.
Schr Daniel Morris, Manson, Providence for New York.
Schr Joseph, Davis, Port Jefferson for New York.
Schr Alice B Gardiner, Turner, New Haven for New York.
Schr Reading RR, No 46, Adams, Hartford for New York.
Schr E Browne, Browne, Hartford for New York.
Schr Vulcan, Muggins, New Haven for New York.
Schr Jed Fry, Samuels, New Haven for New York.
Schr Mary Fulmer, Jones, New Haven for New York.
Schr E F Mead, Armstrong, Hartford for New York.
Schr S Taber, Cox, Glen Cove for New York.
Schr Emily, Morrell, New Haven for Elizabeth.
Schr Maria L Hall, Farrell, Portland for Troy, with stone, to order.
Schr Phillip Sheridan, Murray, Fall River for New York.
Schr Black Diamond, Cook, Newport for Philadelphia.
Schr Julia A Swan, Knapp, Oyster Bay for New York.
Schr Emerald, Morrell, Sugar Bowl for New York.
Schr L S Seymour, Nickerson, Stonington for New York.
Schr Olive C Cooper, Cooper, Providence for New York.
Schr Wishton Wish, Ellis, Norwich for New York.
Schr Ann E Jacobs, Jones, Plymouth for Jersey City.
Schr Maria A Tucker, Nantucket for New York.
Schr A A Rowe, Ahearn, Georges Banks for New York, with fish, to order.
Schr A Bailey, Saunders, Providence for New York.
Schr Hannah E Brown, Hamilton, New Haven for Haverstraw.
Schr Amos Briggs, Knapp, New Haven for Haverstraw.
Schr Dan Webster, Arnold, Newport for New York.
Schr Francis Eich, Eich, Newhaven for New York.
Schr Highland, Lynch, Roslyn for New York.
Schr J S Terry, Raynor, Pawtucket for New York.
Schr Potter A Hooper, Goldsmith, Portland for Haverstraw.
James Butler, Lyle, Hartford for Staten Island.
Schr Helen Townsend, Hawley, Boston for New York.

BOUND EAST.

Steamship Franconia, Bragg, New York for Portland.
Brig Anna (Br), Nugent, New York for St John, NB.
Brig Acadia (Br), Gannon, New York for Sydney, CB.
Brig Dominion (Br), White, New York for Halifax.
Brig Wm Gordon (Br), Irving, New York for Pictou, NS.
Schr A Tayler, Dodge, Hoboken for Chelsea.
Schr Daniel H Raynor, Browne, New York for Fall River.
Schr Expedite, Rackett, Rondout for Fall River.
Schr Sarah Wescott, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Sarah Falconer, Amboy for New London.
Schr A Taylor, George, Hoboken for Ellsworth.
Schr Sunbeam, McQueen, Trenton for Hartford.
Schr Pennsylvania, Mott, Milburn for New Haven.
Schr J Anderson, Johnson, Elizabethport for Norwalk.
Schr Liberty, Carroll, Rondout for Norwalk.
Schr Deborah Jones, Perrin, Port Johnson for Sackville, NB.
Schr Sarah Maria, Curry, New York for Guilford.
Schr Dictator, Jacobs, South Amboy for Norwich.
Schr Ellen Perkins, Kelly, New York for New Bedford.
Schr Quickstep, Smith, Rondout for Millbridge.
Schr Alice Scranton, Stuart, Newburg for Providence.
Schr S S Smith, Baldwin, Rondout for Dutch Island.
Schr S L Thompson, Hull, East Kingston for New London.
Schr Nellie Dal, Richardson, New York for Boston.
Schr Romeo, Matthews, Elizabeth for Charlestown.
Schr George Hotchkiss Lord, Elizabeth for Fallriver.
Schr Harry H Ridley, Rogers, Hoboken for Providence.
Schr Favorite, Clarke, Rondout for Providence.
Schr Minerva, Pritchard, Elizabeth for Fall River.
Schr Naiad Queen, Day, Rondout for Somerset.
Schr Eva, Day, Elizabeth for Hyanis.
Schr Henry, Remsen, Allen, Poughkeepsie for Providence.
Schr Mary Johnson, Godfrey, Rondout for Fall River.
Schr J P Worthington, Ferris, Rondout for Somerset.
Schr S Wright, Wright, Rondout for Providence.
Schr Nautilus, Gould, Elizabeth for Rockland.
Schr Seaport, Ney, Rondout for Fallriver.
Schr Staten Islander, Hammond, Port Johnson for Stonington.
Schr Goodspeed, Parker, Rondout for Providence.
Schr Undine, Smith, New York for Hartford.
Schr Sarah H Raymond, Coyle, Port Johnson for Boston.
Schr Elm City, Kelly, New York for Fallriver.
Schr A Knowles, Cobb, New Brunswick for Providence.
Schr Maria Cooper, New York, for Plymouth.
Schr Henry Croskey, Potter, New York for Boston.
Schr Flora King, Cooke, South Amboy for Plymouth.
Schr John Fry, Higgins, Rondout for Boston.
Schr M Norton, Wescott, New Brunswick for New Haven.
Schr Tempest, Shropshire, Trenton for Norwich.
Schr J Anderson, Johnson, Elizabethport for Norwalk.

Steamer Electra, Mott, New York for Providence.
Wind at sunset S., light.

Marine Disasters.

SHIP N MOSHER, belonging to Messrs De Wolf & Powell, of Quebec, lying at Davis' wharf, Quebec, was on fire June 19 several times in the stern and rigging, but by the exertions of the crew and the people from the shore the fire was ultimately extinguished. The stern is nearly burned through to the cabin, and she is injured in several other places.

SHIP GLENALLEN—Messrs A J Maxim & Co, Quebec, sold on Tuesday the whole of the materials, sails, &c, saved and brought up from the wreck of the ship Glenallen (Br), to different parties, for the sum of $2,000.

BARK LAKEMBA (Br), ashore at Jones' Inlet, LI, has been abandoned. The entire cargo and material have been saved by the Coast Wrecking Co.

SCHR J R LAWRENCE—It is understood that an attempt will be made to haul off schr J R Lawrence, wrecked on Plum Island beach, early this week. She is in as good condition now as when she first went on the beach, with her foremast still standing and rigging in pretty good condition.

SCHR LOOKOUT, while coming up Portland harbor Friday afternoon, run her bowsprit on to the capsil of Union wharf so firmly that she could not be floated off. The tide went down, and the vessel hung by the spar until the weight of the hull snapped it short off.

SCHR A J BENTLEY remained ashore at Ragged Point, Potomac River, June 22. The captain and crew have left the vessel, and she is in charge of one man.

SCHR JESSIE HART 2d, Hart, loading at Union Island, Ga, was struck by lightning night of June 16, and had foretopmast badly shivered by it. It would not detain her from proceeding on her voyage as soon as loaded.

SCHR SUNNY SOUTH, from Cat Island, at Philadelphia 21st, reports encountered rough weather in the Gulf Stream, and sprung a leak of 1500 strokes an hour.

COWES, June 13—The Swedish bark Monitor, Gullbergsen, which put in here last night (rails) from Havre for New York, has lost maintopsailyard, and has cargo shifted.

CALMAR, June 1—The Annie Burr, American schooner, Webber, from Reval for Gottenberg (ballast), got on shore on the south side of Oeland yesterday, during a dense fog, but came off the following night and proceeded.

CALCUTTA, May 17—The Charlotte W White, Griffin, from Montevideo, which grounded on Saugor Sand May 9, floated on the 15th, and is now in port awaiting inspection.

CAPE TOWN, May 14—The Susan Pardew, Davis, from Algoa Bay for Montreal, which was wrecked April 29 at the mouth of the Great Brakke River, was sold, together with 530 bales and some loose wool on the beach at Mossel Bay, May 11, for £7000.

LIVERPOOL, June 12—The Ubla, Rintoul, hence the 28th ult for Boston, has been towed back leaky.

Miscellaneous.

We are indebted to Purser Thos Kinsey, of the steamship City of Paris, for favors.

Purser C F Burke of the steamship Bienville, from Havana, has our thanks for courtesies.

BRIG JAMES CROSBY, from Wilmington, NC, for Cardenas, put into the Tybee 24th inst, short of provisions and water and the crew all sick.

SCHR JOE (Br), 111 tons, built at Essex, Mass, has been sold for $7750.

STEAMER NORWICH, 333 tons, built at Norwich in 1861, has been sold on private terms.

SHIPBUILDING—The iron steamer David J Burr, now being built at the Rockette yard, in Richmond, by the New York and Virginia Steamship and Packet Company, will soon be ready for launching.

Notice to Mariners.

RHODE ISLAND—FULLER'S ROCK AND SASSAFRAS POINT LIGHTS, PROVIDENCE RIVER.

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th of June, 1872, fixed white lights will be exhibited at Fuller's Rock and Sassafras Point. The lenses are of the sixth order, illuminating arcs of 180 degrees. They are placed in portable beacons, painted white, surmounting granite piers. The focal planes are 25 feet above low water mark.
Treasury Department, Office Lighthouse Board, Washington, DC, June 15, 1872.

Whalemen.

Spoken—April 14, lat 13 25, lon 37 W, bark Cape Horn Pigeon, Robinson, from St Helena, of and for Dartmouth, with 3 whales.

Spoken.

Ship Taitsing (Br), Bloomfield, from New York for Shanghae, April 9, lat 2 S, lon 27 W.
Bark Clara, Nickels, from Boston for Buenos Ayres, April 29, lat 7 44, lon 29 8 W.
Bark Oneco, Haskell, from Newport for Boston, June 3, lat 48, lon 10.
Bark Fresh Breeze, McDonald, from Pensacola for Montevideo, June 18, lat 24 8 N, lon 81 S W.
Brig Frode (Dan), Heering, from Baltimore for Rio Janeiro, May 21, lat 35 N, lon 59 W.
Brig Belle of the Bay, from Georgetown, DC, for Newport, June 19, off Chincoteague.
Brig Mina, from Cardenas for Boston, June 20, lat 40 11, lon 71 54.
Brig G S Berry, hence for Boston, June 20, off Five-fathom Bank.

Foreign Ports.

ARDROSSAN, June 10—Sailed, Emma Parker, Stanley, Boston.
Arrived at do 7th, Maid of Orleans, Tarlton, Liverpool.
AMSTERDAM, June 11—Arrived, Atlantic, Johansen, New York.
ALGOA BAY, May 10—Arrived, J A Brown, Greenish, Boston; Patriot, Thomas, New York.
ACCRA, WCA, May 17—In port, Lemuel, Hultman, from Boston; Aurora, McBride, from do; Sea Gull, Plummer, unc.
BRISTOL, June 10—Sailed, Republic, Becker, Swansea.
BREMERHAVEN, June 8—Arrived, Shakspeare, Fechter, Playa Colorado.
BELFAST, June 8—Arrived, Agnes C James, McMillan, Maryport.
BORDEAUX, June 10—Arrived, Marie, Charleston.
Sailed 10th, Garibaldi, Hover, Cardiff.
BOMBAY, May 13—Sailed, Whittier, Swap, Madras.
BASSEIN, May 3—Arrived, Fleetwing, Roberts, Rio Janeiro.
CARDIFF, June 12—Sailed, Angelo V, Carliant, New York; Windemere, Yeomans, New Orleans.
Cleared 11th, Udus, New York.
Entered for ldg 7th, Mary Lester, Jenkins, for Rio Janeiro; 8th, Don Justo, Bennett, City Point; 11th, Tourist, Axelsen, and Hnos, Gundersen, for New York.
COWES, June 12—Put in, Monitor, Gullbergsen, from Havre for New York (see Disasters).
CETTE, June 7—Arrived, Augusta, Lundberg, Philadelphia.
CHEFOO, April 12—In port schr Admiral, Smith, for Swatow.
COLOMBO, May 1—Sailed, Nevada, Pottinger, London.
CARDENAS, June 14—Arrived, barks Henry Flitner, Dickey, Philadelphia; Hancock, Collins, do; Eliza A Cochrane, Swazey, Baltimore; Ellen Dyer, Blanchard, Boston; brig T Remick, Rose, New York.
Sailed 14th, brigs Manson, Gickey, north of Hatteras; Mendotta, Perry, do.
CAIBARIEN, June 13—Arrived, brigs Bride (Br), Brooks, Philadelphia; Charlotte, Whittemore, do; schrs Robert Wing, Chadbourne, Matanzas; M A Coombs, Coombs, Baltimore.
Cleared 10th, schr M R Sampson, New York; M Reynolds, Houghton, Philadelphia; 11th, Mary Louise, Simpson, do; 12th, barks Weymouth (Br), Cosman, New York; 13th, Bessie Simpson (Br), Gibbs, Boston.
CAT ISLAND, June 14—In port, schrs Fleetwing, Roberts, for Baltimore; Laura A Webb, Hatch, for New York in 4 days.
DEAL, June 12—Off, Lapwing, Hewiston, from Middlesborough for San Francisco.
DUBLIN, June 13—Arrived, Lady Young, Flinn, Philadelphia.
ELSINORE, June 9—Arrived, Progress, Olsen, New York.
FALMOUTH, June 9—Put in, Victoria Nyanza, Brown, from Middlesborough for Portland, Oregon (with mate sick).
GREENOCK, June 12—Sailed, Trinacria (s), Thomson, New York.
GOTHENBERG, June 6—Cleared, Orion, Ellersen, Philadelphia; 7th, Ebenezer, Birketvedt, North America.
GENOA, June 5—Sailed, Ismailia (s), Ovenstone, Leghorn (and arrived at Marseilles 7th).
HAVRE, June 11—Cleared, Nyphon, Day, Cardiff and United States.
HAMBURG, June 10—Arrived, Mary Bangs, Howes, Mejillones; Ellsworth, Woodward, Guanape; Star, Vianello, do; 11th, Silesia (s), Trautmann, New York; Louise, Bellstedt, Boston.
Sailed 10th, Etta, Pritchard, Newport.
Sailed from Cuxhaven 11th, Richard Busteed, Johnson, Manila.
HELVOET, June 9—Cleared, Jeanie Lonlit, Murdock, London.
HONG KONG, April 23—Arrived, bark Cap-sing-Moon (Br), from Swatow.
Sailed April 18, bark Garibaldi, Noyes, Manila; 19th, ships Fabius, Males, Bangkok; India, Patten, San Francisco; bark Lyee-Moon (Br), for Saigon; 21th, Forward, for Portland, O.
In port April 27, ship Jubilee (Br), Monkman, for Philippine Islands, to load for New York; barks Noord (Coll), Frost, and Alden Besse, Besse, for Portland, O; Mania (Span), Aboras, and Æolite (Ned), Vander Elb, for San Francisco.
Arrived June 2, steamer America, Doane, San Francisco via Yokohama (and sailed 12th on her return).
HAVANA, June 15—Arrived, bark Cardenas, Sundberg, New York; 16th, steamship Marco Aurelio (Sp, late Hornet), Lazo, New York; bark Jasper, Webber, Santa Cruz (Teneriffe); brig M A Herrera (Br), French, New York; 17th, steamship Yazoo, Barrett, Philadelphia.
Sailed 14th, brigs William Welsh, Gay, Caibarien; 17th, Bessie Rowe (Br), Le Roy, Boston; steamships Maryland, Johnson, New Orleans; Yazoo, Barrett, do.
ISLE OF WIGHT, June 11—Off, Jessore, McLellan, from Philadelphia for Antwerp; Mary Lawton, from do for Bremen.
LIVERPOOL, June 12—Arrived, Young America, Cummings, San Francisco; 13th, Mississippi (s), Bouchette, Quebec; 21st, Western Empire, Grozier, Savannah; Alex Marshall, Gardner, St John, NB.
Sailed 7th, Georgiana, Mann, Charleston; 11th, Sarah Hignett, Burwell, Calcutta; Edith Warren, Clark, do; 12th, Richard III, Wood, Philadelphia; Manhattan (s), Price, New York.
Cleared 8th, Crimea, Glover, Baltimore; Goethe, Steenken, Philadelphia; Unanima, Minto, Savannah.
Entered out 12th, Nestorian (s), Aird, Montreal and Quebec; Vasa, Nielsen, Philadelphia.
Off Point Lynas 12th, Astracana, Dunlop, from Pensacola for Liverpool.
LONDON, June 24—Arrived, ship Constantine, Creevey, New York.
Arrived at do 13th, Henrietta, Decent, New Orleans; Rex, Hansen, Darien, Ga.
Sailed from Gravesend 13th, Niger (s), Wake, Quebec and Montreal.
LEGHORN, May 31—Sailed (not arrived), LeBaron, Holmes, Boston; June 8, J L Bowen, Taylor, and Harriet, Hoyet, do.
LYTTELTON, NZ, March 24—Sailed, Imperial, Taylor, London; April 8 (and 11th) Jewess, Glet, do.
MESSINA, June 12—Put in, Wonder, Foley, from Fort Talbot for New York.
MARSEILLES, June 12—Sailed, Carolus, Hunne, New York.
MELBOURNE, April 12—Sailed, Moses Day, Woodward, London; 18th, Magnet, Crosby, Lyttleton, NZ.
MANILA, April 16—Arrived, Surprise, Ranlett, Hong Kong.
MATANZAS, June 14—Sailed, brigs Laura Gertrude, Brisk, New York; J B Brown, Bain, Hatteras.
NEWCHWANG, April 5—Arrived previous, Witch, Dursley, Tientsin.
NEWCASTLE, NSW, April 4—Arrived, Adelia Carlton, Carlton, McDonough; 12th, Formosa, Allen, do; 15th, Marianne Nottebohm, Manler, San Francisco.
Sailed March 23, Chattanooga, Freeman, Auckland; 28th, Nehemiah Gibson, Smalley, Hong Kong; April 1, Horatio Harris, Newell, San Francisco; Zenobia, Hutchings, Hong Kong; 5th, Francis Thorpe, Buck, San Francisco; 10th, Rose M, Pendleton, do; 19th, Herman, Minot, do.
PENARTH, June 7—Sailed, Columbus, Leith, Callao.
PLYMOUTH, June 23—Arrived, steamship Holsatia (NG), Barends, New York for Hamburg.
QUEENSTOWN, June 12—Arrived, Huntress, Gunn, New York; 13th, Eunomia, Killvreen, do.
Passed 11th, Macaulay, Rogers, from Liverpool for Baltimore.
Arrived at do 22d, steamship Tarifa, Mourland, Boston for Liverpool (and proceeded).
Arrived at do 23d, steamships Wyoming, Whineray, New York for Liverpool; 24th, City of Washington, Jameson, do for do (and both proceeded).
ROTTERDAM, June 11—Cleared, Emma D, Boswell, New York.
REVAL, May 30—Arrived, New England, Baxter, New Orleans.
RANGOON, May 4—Arrived, Tonguelliant, Phillips, Rio Janeiro; 7th, Herculès, Lincoln, Singapore.
STRANGFORD, June 11—Arrived, Howard, O'Neill, Pensacola.
SWINEMUNDE, June 10—Arrived, Anna Maria, Thornton, Boston.
SANTANDER, June 5—Arrived, Saxonia (s), Minzen, New Orleans (and sailed 6th for Havre and Hamburg).
SEVILLE, June 4—Arrived, J W Barss, Dawson, Cadiz.
SHANGHAE, April 13—Sailed, brig Spray, Buckmaster, Swatow.
In port April 20, barks Ida F Taylor, Anderson, for Swatow; Juno, Blethen, unc.
SWATOW, April 11—Arrived, Elsinore, Clark, Shanghae; 20th, Cleopatra, Jansen, Chefoo; Argonaut, Nicholson, do; 18th, Spray, Buckminster, do.
Sailed April 16, Adele, Mills, Foochow; 23d, Vesta, Percy, Shanghae.
ST HELENA, May 11—Arrived, New Wabeno, Mathias, Akyab (and sailed 11th for Liverpool).
SYDNEY, NSW, April 15—Arrived, Alice Ball, Guest, New York.
Sailed April 10, Atalanta, Sinclair, San Francisco.
SIERRA LEONE, May 24—In port Rescue, Marshall, for Boston; Greyhound, Marks, for do.
SAGUA, June 13—Arrived, brig Glendale, Ross, Cardenas.
ST JOHN, NB, June 18—Arrived, bark Harvest Queen, Hutchinson, Charente.
Cleared 18th, brig Beauty, Saverly, Santa Cruz.
TEXEL, June 7—Arrived, Edw McDonald, Greenough, Galveston.
TRINIDAD, June 14—Sailed, brigs Harmony, Knight, New York; Louise (Br), Belfast, do; Aroostook, Bryant, Philadelphia.
WATERFORD, June 12—Put in, St Mary, Hallowell, from New Orleans for Cronstadt, with mate sick.
YOKOHAMA, April 13—In port ship Itasca, Rush, unc.
YLOILO, April 20—Arrived, Great Admiral, Chatfield, Manila for Boston.

American Ports.

BOSTON, June 22—Arrived, schrs Ann E Grammer, Grammer, Norfolk, Va; Hector, Higgins, and Harriet S Brooks, Lore, Philadelphia.
Cleared—Bark R P Buck, Curtis, Bathurst, NB; schrs A M Bliss, Roberts, Port au Platte; Emeline (Br), Chisholm, Hayti; Chas F Hever, Poland, Baltimore; Oriole, Baker, do; Isaac Rich, Stanley, Philadelphia; Cabot, Parker, New York.
Sailed—Steamers Oriental, William Kennedy, William Crane; barks Albertina, and Clara; brig O C Clary. Ship Tennyson, and J P Wheeler, and brig Juno started, but anchored in the Roads, where they remained at sunset Sunday.
23d—Arrived, barks Colorado (Br), Littney, Ardrossan, via Fayal; Caribou (of Boston), Treat, Matanzas; Ada Carter, Nichols, Savannah; brigs Antelope, Rumball, Ponce, PR; Helen G Rich, Strout, Port Johnson; schrs Spark (Br), Cook, Bonaire, via Vinyard Haven; Eliza S Potter, Potter, and Marietta Steelman, Steelman, Philadelphia; Abbie E Willard, Weeks, and Burmah, Winslow, Elizabethport; Dr Kane, Black, and Sarah Elizabeth, Kelley, Port Johnson; A Tirrell, Atwood; Virginia, Fickett, and Balloon, Nickerson, Hoboken; George Whistler, Crosby, Albany.
Bark William Stephenson; brigs Nellie Mitchell, and Tendenz, outward bound, remain at anchor in the Roads.
24th—Arrived, barks Albert, from Monrovia; Ada Carter, from Savannah; brigs Emma, from Cardenas; Mardalia, from Havana.
BALTIMORE, June 22—Arrived, brig Rabboni, Coombs, St Jago de Cuba; schrs Henry H Fisk, Wixon, Boston; Mary Collins, Collins, Ponce, PR; John Farnum, Chase, Portland.
Cleared—Barks Village Belle (Br), Little, Londonderry; Lincoln (Br), Murray, Bristol; brigs Fidilia, White, Martinique; George Latimer, Willson, St Johns, PR; Barbara (Br), Bigg, Hull, E; brig Mary H Stockham, Cordery, Boston.
Sailed—Barks Neried, Belfast; Village Belle, Londonderry; brigs Ellinor Chapman, Hamburg; Florinda, Queenstown.
23d—Arrived, brig Adonnis, NG, Breckwald, Rio de Janeiro.
BUCKSPORT, Me, June 17—Arrived, schr Anna Leland, Bennett, Elizabethport (and sailed 20th for Bangor).
21st—Sailed, schr Annie Powers, Sparks, New York.
BROOKSVILLE, Me, June 17—Sailed, schr Centurion, Blodgett, New York.
BANGOR, June 21—Arrived, schr July Fourth, Cobb, New York.
Cleared—Schr Mary Stewart, Stewart, Washington.
CHARLESTON, June 21—Cleared, schr Florence Shay, Hutchinson, Brunswick, Ga.
24th—Sailed, ship Melita (Br), Lightbody, Quebec.
CITY POINT, June 22—Arrived, bark James Muir, Newcastle, E.
Arrived 20th, bark Tillid (Nor), Fredericksen, Cardiff.
EAST GREENWICH, June 22—Arrived, schr Kate Thomas, Barlow, New York.
FORTRESS MONROE—Passed in for Baltimore June 24, bark Clausmen, from Leghorn; Wild Gazelle, from Montevideo; Francesca, from Gloucester; Windward, from Nassau; brig Florence and schr Ellen Howell, from do.
Passed out, ship Hansa, for Bremen; bark St Lawrence, for Demerara; brigs Winona, for Portland; Affie C Titcomb, for Martinique; Cairo, for Pictou, NS.
Also passed in for Baltimore, brigs Mississippi, from Demerara; Maggie Vail, from Matanzas; R C Wright, from Fajardo, PR; schr W F Green, from Pernambuco.
Passed out—Ship Tamerlane, for San Francisco; bark Industrie, for Bremen; brigs Cleta, for St Johns; Eugenie, for Havana.
FALL RIVER, June 20—Arrived, schrs R S Dean, Macomber, Hoboken; Independence, Turner, for New York.
21st—Sailed, brig Chas Wesley, Griffin, Bucksville, SC, to load for Searsport, Me; schrs Adaline Hamlin, Lewis, and Arene, Whitten, New York.
23d—Arrived, schr Ney, Chase, Elizabethport.
JACKSONVILLE, June 21—Sailed, schr Anna Shepard, Newton, New York.
NEW ORLEANS, June 19—Arrived, steamship Lord Lovell, Agnew, Matanzas; ship Success, Chase, Newport, Wales.
Cleared—Ship Scioto (Br), Mitchell, Liverpool; bark Moneta, Fossett, Genoa; schr Etna, Pizzati, Ruatan Island.
22d—Sailed, steamships Emily B Souder, Burdick, and St Louis, Whitehead, New York.
23d—Arrived, steamships George Washington, Gager, and Western Metropolis, Quick, New York.
SOUTHWEST PASS, June 19, 6 PM—Arrived, ship Freeman Clarke, Bosworth, Sunderland.
NEWBURYPORT, June 21—Arrived, schrs Z Stratton, Bray, Hoboken; Baker, Cobb, and Onward, Bunker, Rondout; Edward Kidder, Baker, and C L Vandervoort, Kelley, Philadelphia; Sarah, Richardson, Elizabethport.
Sailed 21st, schr Edward Lameyer, Gorman, Mayaguez, PR.
NEWPORT, June 21, PM—Arrived, schrs Ella Powell, Smith, Philadelphia; Adeline Hamlin, Lewis, and Charlie Miller, Fall River for New York; Fashion, Hudson; James English, Barker, and Veranda, Pond, Providence for do.
Sailed—Brig H Perkins, for Providence; schrs Monitor, Robbins, Wareham for New York; Flying Arrow, Webster, Fall River for do; Prize, Thurston, New York or Calais; President, Barber, Fall River for New York.
22d, 4 PM—Arrived, schr Kate Scranton, Palmer, Providence for New York; sloop Harvest, Corwin, do for do.
NANTUCKET, June 15—Arrived schr L O Foster, Eldridge, New York.
Sailed 16th, schr Jessie B Allen, Case, Philadelphia.
NORWICH, June 21—Sailed, schr Julia A Rich, New York.
NEW HAVEN, June 22—Arrived, schrs Arizona (Br), Alden, St John, NB; A H Hurlburt, Griffing, Alexandria; Surprise, Beers, Baltimore; Edward Lindsley, Hill, South Amboy; Harriet & Sarah, Babcock, do; W S Thompson, Larder, do; sloops M Hope, Smith, Clinton Point; Charles Lynch, Myers, Kingston.
Sailed—Schrs Vulcan, Coggins, New York; Joseph, Skidmore, do; S J Gurney, Gurney, do; George Taulane, Adams, do.
PORT GAMBLE, June 14—Sailed, bark Buena Vista, Emery, San Francisco.
PENSACOLA, June 19—Arrived, ship Mercy (Br), Cershon, Galveston; brig Eva M Johnson, Johnson, do.
Sailed—Schr Lavalta, Whitmore, New York.
PHILADELPHIA, June 22—Arrived, brigs Guiseppe (Ital), Bartolomeo, Palermo; Ida M Comery, Dyer, Matanzas via Fortress Monroe; Talisman (Nor), Schoot, Havana; schrs M E Rankin, Fuller, Corpus Christi; Chas H Moller, Brown, Boston; Martha Innes, Wiley, Lynn; Elwood Doran, Jarvis, Gardiner, Me; Archer & Reeves, Ireland, Boston; Addie Murchie, Merrill, Providence; Babel H Irons, Hubbard, Portsmouth, NH; Allen Middleton, Davis, Fall River; Charm, Ellis, Boston; H N Miller, Miller, Weymouth; Lady Ellen, Somers, and Vrale, Mason, Boston; M H Westport, Candy, Lynn; Jessie Knight, Fenton, Davenport; Admiral, Steelman, Salem; Adelia Corson, Corson, Somers t; L P Pharo, Anderson, Newport; Jos Porter, Burroughs; L & M Reed, Steelman; Gettysburg, Corson; Sallie S Godfrey, Godfrey; West Wind, Tracey; G Nevinger, Smith; W H Tiers, Gifford; J B Clayton, Phampion, and J G Babcock, Babcock, Boston.
Cleared—Steamships Hunter, Harding, Providence; Norman, Nickerson, Boston; Rattlesnake, Pierce, Portsmouth, NH; Wilmington, Brown, Providence; bark Medura (Ger), Meir, Stettin; brigs Laura B (Br), Merriam, Bay Verte; Nereta, McCaulder, Caibarien; Shannon, Sawyer, Boston; Addie Hale, Sheppard, Portland; schrs Vrale, Mason, Boston; Sarah Clark, Griffing, Gloucester; S C Hart, Kelly, New Bedford; Paul P, Keller, King, Medford; Pennsylvania, Ewing, Norwich; C H Moller, Brown, Hyannis; H N Miller, Miller, Weymouth; E H Naylor, Naylor, Newburyport; E Haight, Atkins, Provincetown; A G Buckley, Buckley, Danversport; S McManemy, Nowell, Braintree; Henry Hobart, Burton, Fall River; W Collver, Taylor, Providence; S McDevitt, McDevitt, Norwich; David Miller, Toothaker, Cambridge; A D Huddell, Long, Boston; L D Small, Tice, Danversport; M M Weaver, Weaver, Chelsea; Alaska, Clark, Old Cambridge; W H Tiers, Gifford, Beverly; M H Wescott, Gandy, Norwich; M J Chadwick, Gage; Geo Nevenger, Smith, and Emily & Jennie, Hewitt, Boston.
23d—Arrived, barks Dronning Louise (Nor), Larden, London; Scud, Wilson, Turks Island; Almira Coombs, Hanson, Matanzas; Lete (Aust), Cosulich, Marseilles; brig Riverside (Br), Neville, Waterford; schr Lizzie Dakers (Br), McDonald, Caibarien.
LEWES, June 24—Arrived, bark Anna Frances, Demarara for orders.
PORTLAND, June 22—Arrived, bark Ada Gray, Kace, Boston; schr Delmont, Gates, New York.
PROVIDENCE, June 22—Arrived, bark Fairy Belle (Br), Tate, Liverpool; brig Henry Perkins, Seymour, Fortune Island, TI; schrs Searsville, Chase, Osborne's Landing, Va; E D Endicott, Endicott, Georgetown, DC; American Eagle, Shaw, Philadelphia for Pawtucket; Gust, Johnson, Trenton; Margaret Jane, Kennedy, Haverstraw; Minquas, Heaney, Hoboken; Estelle, Furness, do; Eliza J Rayner, Mitchell, do; C F Schultis, Young, do.
Sailed—Steamer Whirlwind, Sherman, Philadelphia; brig Haze, Cooper, Baltimore; schrs Mary A Holt, Higgins, Wilmington, NC; Nathaniel Holmes, Northrup, San Louis, Ryder, J P Spofford, Squires, E & I Oakley, Newman, David A Berry, Walters, F Merwin, Bunce, New Regulus, Halleck, Kate Scranton, Palmer, Alida, Knowles, Motto, James, New York; Hudson, Champlin, New London; Hannah D Brown, Sacket, Croton; Pilot, Eldridge, Nantucket, sloop Unity, Dewick, New York.
23d—Arrived, schrs Belle Halliday, Potter, Georgetown, DC; L S Levering, Corson, Philadelphia; Samuel Carlton, Burke, Elizabethport.
Sailed—Schrs Cynthia Jane, Gardner; Leon, Rafford, and John Warren, McGar, New York.
PAWTUCKET, June 22—Arrived, schrs American Eagle, Shaw, and Ann E Safford, Powell, Philadelphia.
Sailed—Schr S S Terry, Raynor, New York.
PORTSMOUTH, June 21—Arrived, schr Allston, Fitzgerald, Port Johnson.
RICHMOND, June 22—Arrived, steamship Isaac Bell, Blakeman, New York.
Sailed—Schr Menawa, Disoway, New York.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 14—Arrived, bark Naramissic, Dodge, Humboldt.
Cleared—Bark Northwest, Farnham, Fort Townsend.
16th—Sailed, barks Forest Queen, Burns, and Ava (Sal), Lawrence, Fort Townsend; Atlantic, Leighton, Fort Blakely; brig Hesperian, Wilkinson, Humboldt.
SAN PEDRO, June 14—Sailed, brig Curlew, Morton, San Francisco.
SAVANNAH, June 20—Cleared, schr M E Simmons, Gandy, Jacksonville.
STONINGTON, June 22—Arrived, schrs Reading RR No 44, Trainor, Philadelphia; Artist, Foster, South Amboy for Somerset (and sailed).
TAUNTON, June 20—Arrived, schrs Sylvester Hale, Coleman, Albany; Henry Gardner, Miller, New York; Messenger, Dean, Port Johnson.
21st—Arrived, schrs Mary J Mead, Thrasher, Woodbridge, NJ; Chas L Levering, Hathaway, and Ida, Deering, Port Johnson; John W Bell, Pierce, New York.
TSALADY, June 16—Sailed, bark Chatham (Br), Roe, Shanghae.
WILMINGTON, NC, June 21—Arrived, steamship Regulator, Freeman, New York; schr Henrietta, Leavitt, Quincy, Mass.
Cleared—Bark Ariadne (Br), Howell, Rotterdam.
WAREHAM, June 18—Arrived, schrs Luna, Wells, Hudson; Caleta, Cammett, New York; 20th, Empire Matthews, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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A.—HERALD BRANCH OFFICE, BROOKLYN, corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

BARGAINS IN TEAS, COFFEES, GROCERIES AND Provisions; warranted to suit the palates and the pockets of the million. THOMAS R. AGNEW, 260 Greenwich street, New York.

CORNS, BUNIONS, NAILS, ENLARGED JOINTS, &C., cured by Dr. RICE, 210 Broadway, corner Fulton street. ANNIHILATOR cures corns, &c.; by mail 30c. Beware of barber shop butchers.

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SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

1 UNION COURT (UNIVERSITY PLACE), BETWEEN 11th and 12th sts.—A respectable woman as first class meat cook in a hotel or club, city or country; can take full charge. Call or address for two days.

7 EAST 43TH ST.—AS COOK; COMPETENT, TIDY and trustworthy. Best references from present employer, where she can be seen until next Thursday.

11 LEWIS ST., NEAR GRAND.—A RESPECTABLE woman as cook; no objection to the country; best reference.

13 44TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—A competent girl as good plain cook in a small family and to assist with washing and ironing.

25 WAVERLEY PLACE, BETWEEN BROADWAY and University place.—A respectable woman as first class cook in French, English and German styles; would like full charge in kitchen; hotel, restaurant, club or large boarding house; city or country; best reference from last place. Call for two days.

36 1ST AV., TOP FLOOR.—AN HONEST GERMAN girl to cook, wash and iron. Address.

49 WEST 48TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook; assist in washing; private family; good city reference.

52 WEST 35TH ST.—A LADY BREAKING UP housekeeping would like to find situations for her cook and waitress, both of whom she can recommend highly; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call between 10 and 2.

62½ WEST WASHINGTON PLACE.—AS GOOD cook, washer and ironer; is a good baker; city or country.

89 WEST 11TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTAble woman as good cook in a private family; would do plain washing; no objection to the country; best references. Address.

125 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A YOUNG girl as cook in a private family; understands all kinds of cooking and baking; would go a short distance in the country; is willing and obliging.

131 WEST 19TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS COOK, washer and ironer; best city references.

137 EAST 46TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook and to assist with the washing and ironing. Can be seen at present employer's.

139 WEST 18TH ST.—A COMPETENT YOUNG GIRL as cook, washer and ironer, or to do housework in a small family; several years' excellent reference from last place.

144 EAST 43D ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable girl as first class cook; understands baking and all such; no objection to go in the country; best city reference.

147 WEST 52D ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A young girl as good plain cook, washer and ironer; good city references.

154 WEST 22D ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs.—A respectable woman as cook, washer and ironer. Can be seen at present employer's.

159 WEST 57TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A first class cook; no objections to a private boarding house; five years' reference.

159 WEST 32D ST.—A COMPETENT WOMAN AS good cook; will assist with washing if required; excellent reference.

159 WEST 33D ST.—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN as good plain cook; willing to assist in washing and ironing.

159 EAST 30TH ST., CORNER 3D AV.—A COMPEtent woman to cook, wash or iron and make herself generally useful by the day or week; good reference. Call on or address B. B.

163 WEST 19TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK; WILLING TO assist in the washing and ironing; good city reference.

205 WEST 20TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK, WASHER and ironer in a private family; city reference.

208 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS good cook in a private family; will do the coarse washing; has the best city reference.

216 WEST 27TH ST.—AS COMPETENT COOK IN A private family; understands soups, meats and pastry; will go a short distance in the country with a family; best city reference.

217 EAST 38TH ST.—TWO SISTERS; ONE AS GOOD cook; the other to do chamberwork and waiting; very respectable, steady women; best city reference.

217 WEST 25TH ST.—AS COOK, WHERE A KITCHEN maid is kept; understands all kinds of cooking, both French and English; no objection to a first class boarding house; or would take a pastrycook's place. Call for two days.

220 WEST 27TH ST., ONE FLIGHT STAIRS UP, IN the back.—A respectable girl as good plain cook; is willing to assist in washing and ironing; has four years' city reference from her last place.

225 EAST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as first class cook; no objection to a private family or boarding house.

229 ELIZABETH ST.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK AND excellent washer and ironer; city reference. Call for two days.

232 EAST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as cook, washer and ironer; good city reference.

235 EAST 22D ST.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK IN A private family by a respectable Protestant woman; fully understands her business; best city reference. Address.

237 EAST 80TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A respectable young girl to cook, wash and iron in a small private family; best city reference. Call for one day only.

237 EAST 80TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable young girl as cook, washer and ironer in a small private family; best city reference from last place.

241 WEST 33D ST.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK IN THE country for a boarding house; understands German and American cooking, and all kinds of pastry.

245 WEST 27TH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS; one as cook, the other as chambermaid; would assist with children and washing; city or country; good reference. Address.

250 WEST 41ST ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—As good plain cook; to assist with washing and ironing; good city reference.

253 WEST 45TH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG girls, lately landed; one as cook, washer and ironer, and the other as chambermaid and waitress.

255 7TH AV.—AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN AS cook; understands all kinds of cooking; best city reference.

301 MULBERRY ST., REAR.—A WOMAN AS FIRST class cook; thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; willing to go to the country for the summer; best reference. Call for two days.

332 WEST 17TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A respectable woman as good plain cook, washer and ironer for a small family; good city reference.

334 EAST 48TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTAble girl as good cook; city preferred; good reference from last place.

336 EAST 34TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK IN A hotel or private boarding house; French and American cooking; no objection to the country; best city reference. Call for two days.

342 WEST 23D ST.—AS GOOD COOK, WASHER and ironer in a small family; best city reference. Call for two days.

423 EAST 12TH ST.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS cook, washer and ironer in a small family, or would do general housework; city or country; good reference.

442 WEST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as good plain cook, washer and ironer; will do general housework; no objections to the country; city reference from last place.

499 7TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL TO COOK, WASH and iron or to do general housework in a small private family; good city reference; is willing to go in the country.

517 7TH AV., BETWEEN 37TH AND 38TH STS., IN the store.—As first class cook; understands meats, soups, boning, larding and all kinds of fancy side dishes, French, English and Spanish dishes; is a first class pastry cook; public or private; city reference.

549 7TH AV.—TWO SISTERS, ONE AS FIRST class cook; understands all kinds of cooking; the other as first class chambermaid; country preferred; excellent city reference.

590 3D AV., FANCY STORE.—A RESPECTABLE girl as cook and to assist with washing and ironing; best city reference.

816 LEXINGTON AV., ABOVE 62D ST.—A YOUNG girl as plain cook, good washer and ironer; or would do general housework for a small family. Call at present employer's after 9 o'clock.

1,526 2D AV., BETWEEN 79TH AND 80TH STS.—A respectable girl as cook, washer and ironer; best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR TWO COMPETENT, trustworthy girls; one as cook, the other as chambermaid and waitress. Apply this week at present employer's, 345 Lexington av.

Chambermaids, &c.

1 STRIKER'S ROW, BETWEEN WEST 52D AND 53D streets.—A respectable young girl (lately landed) as chambermaid and to do washing and ironing, and willing to do according to orders. Call for two days.

11 EAST 22D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman as chambermaid and waitress or to assist in the washing; best city reference from her last place.

11 EAST 16TH ST.—TWO YOUNG WOMEN; ONE AS chambermaid and waitress; the other as laundress. Call for two days at their present employer's.

62 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE, IN THE GROCERY.—A girl to do chamberwork and waiting; would not mind the country; good city reference. Call for two days.

63 WEST 24TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

110 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing; no objection to the country; reference.

110 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and to do fine washing and ironing or would do general housework in a small family; best city reference. Call for two days.

120 WEST 52D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do chamberwork and waiting or mind children; best city reference.

125 WEST 30TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—TWO YOUNG girls; one as chambermaid, to assist the washing; the other to do household work; good reference.

130 WEST 19TH ST., IN THE STORE.—A RESPECTable girl in a private family in the country as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Chambermaids, &c.

139 WEST 28TH ST.—TWO YOUNG GIRLS; ONE as chambermaid and waitress, the other as nurse and plain sewer. Call between 9 and 12 o'clock.

140 WEST 52D ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A girl as chambermaid and waitress and to assist in washing and ironing; good city reference.

162 MADISON ST., THREE DOORS ABOVE PIKE st.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and nurse; good reference.

204 EAST 47TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress and to do plain sewing; good reference; no objection to the country.

214 EAST 48TH ST.—AS CHAMBERMAID AND waitress, or to do upstairs work and take care of children, by a young girl, who has lived in her present place over two years; no objection to the country. Call at her present employer's.

217 WEST 35TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO UPstairs work and assist in the washing. Call for three days.

220 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference given.

221 EAST 21ST ST.—A PROTESTANT SWEDISH girl, as chambermaid and waitress for a private family; no objection to the country.

225 EAST 18TH ST.—A PERSON OF MUCH EXperience as chambermaid and waitress or laundress in a private family; can be highly recommended.

227 WEST 37TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A girl to do chamberwork and waiting in a private family, or would do housework. Can be seen for two days.

232 EAST 54TH ST., TOP FLOOR, REAR.—A REspectable girl, lately landed, as chambermaid and waitress, or would assist with the washing.

232 EAST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GILL AS chambermaid and waitress; best city reference.

232 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or chamberwork and waiting; good city reference.

234 6TH AV., IN THE CORSET STORE.—AS CHAMbermaid and seamstress, or would take charge of a baby; good city references.

238 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress, or to mind children; good city reference.

253 WEST 13TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress, or would do general housework; city or country; best city references from last place.

257 MONROE ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid in a hotel; no objection to the country.

263 WEST 32D ST.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, to do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing; city reference.

316 EAST 31ST ST.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and to do fine washing; best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

338 WEST 49TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress in a small private family and to assist with the washing and ironing; city reference. Inquire in the grocery store.

339 EAST 65TH ST.—AN AMERICAN GIRL AS chambermaid in a small private family. Call between 8 and 1 o'clock.

401 37TH ST., CORNER 9TH AV., OVER THE TEA store.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress or to do general housework in a small family; is willing and obliging.

422 EAST 13TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable young woman as chambermaid and waitress or to assist in washing and ironing; three years and seven months' best city reference from last place.

422 WEST 46TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE young girl, lately landed, a Protestant, as chambermaid and waitress in private family. Call for two days.

424 WEST 27TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and waitress; willing and obliging; best city reference. Call for two days.

457 WEST 40TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress; willing and obliging; good reference if required.

465 WEST 42D ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS; one as chambermaid, the other as laundress or to take care of children; city or country; seashore preferred; best city reference.

516 WEST 27TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTable woman as chambermaid and waitress. Would like the country. Can give good city reference.

568 10TH AV., BETWEEN 41ST AND 42D STS.—A girl as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

581 3D AV., CORNER 38TH ST.; RING THE FOURTH bell.—A respectable young girl to do chamberwork or fine washing and ironing, or waiting and to do fine washing and ironing.

614 2D AV.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO CHAMBERWORK and waiting; three years' reference from her last place.

743 3D AV., NEAR 46TH ST, SECOND FLOOR.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress and to assist in the washing and ironing, or would do general housework for a small American family; is willing and obliging; good city reference.

1,067 2D AV., BETWEEN 56TH AND 57TH STS., top floor.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; two years' reference. Call for two days.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

14 ABINGDON SQUARE.—UNDERSTANDS DRESSmaking in all its branches; ladies' and children's suits in the latest style; work taken at home, or by the day. Terms reasonable.

26 SOUTH 5TH AV., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT ROOMS.—A respectable girl as seamstress and to do upstairs work. Apply for two days.

32 WEST 9TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Mme. GRENIER does French dressmaking in all its branches in the most fashionable styles; walking costumes and elegant evening dresses are made at short notice; also cutting and basting, and her charges are far less than any other first class reliable dressmaker in this city. No sign.

59 WEST 45TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A competent young woman as seamstress and minding growing children, or wait on a lady. Call for two days.

112 WEST 40TH ST.—A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER wishes to make a few more engagements to work in private families by the day; can cut, fit, trim and also operate on different machines; first class references. Please address Miss E. F. SENTER, care of Mrs. Hawkins.

113 WEST 25TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker solicits the work of a few first class families at her own house; is a first class fitter and trimmer. Address Mme. BARBER.

121 WEST 13TH ST.—WANTED, WORK BY THE day, at her own house preferred, by a superior French dressmaker, from the celebrated house of Worth, in Paris; is a veritable artist, cutter, fitter and trimmer; second to none in America; work done quick and cheap. Call all the week. Mme. BRUN.

130 WEST 20TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS seamstress; no objections to wait on a lady or child to go in the country; best reference. Can be seen Tuesday.

132 WEST 49TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A respectable woman as seamstress or to take care of growing children; understands cutting and fitting children's clothing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; very best city reference.

154 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS seamstress; wishes a home a short distance in the country for the summer; can do all kinds of family sewing, operate on Grover & Baker's machine and make herself useful; wages no object; good city reference.

160 WEST 28TH ST.—A DRESSMAKER WISHES A few more customers by the day or week; can operate.

201 WEST 38TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—AS seamstress or to take care of a growing child, by a neat person; works Wheeler & Wilson's machine; wishes to go in the country with a lady. Call for two days.

213 EAST 30TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A competent seamstress would like to go out by the day or would take in sewing; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; can do all kinds of family sewing; understands dressmaking; best city reference.

218 WEST 23D ST.—AS COMPETENT DRESSMAKER and seamstress; no objection to the country with a private family; will wait on grown up children; good city reference. Call for two days.

225 WEST 31ST ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES work by the day or week as dressmaker in a private family; can cut and fit in every style; has long experience.

227 WEST 16TH ST.—A THOROUGH SEAMSTRESS; can operate on a machine and dress hair; willing and obliging; good city reference.

238 EAST 36TH ST., NEAR 2D AV.—A FIRST class seamstress wishes to go out by the day or would do work at her own residence.

311 6TH AV., NEAR 19TH ST., IN THE FANCY store.—A seamstress going out by the day would like a few more customers; can cut and fit for children; has considerable knowledge of dressmaking.

312 3D AV.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO GO AS SEAMstress to the country by the week or month; sews on the machine; is a good hand sewer. Call for two days.

313 WEST 44TH ST.—TWO YOUNG GIRLS, ONE AS seamstress; would assist with light chamberwork; other as chambermaid and waitress, or for housework in a small private family.

314 EAST 23D ST.—A FASHIONABLE DRESSmaker, first class cutter, fitter and trimmer, desires a few more engagements by the day in first class families; references given or work can be seen.

327 EAST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS seamstress; can cut and fit and operate on machines; is willing to make herself useful if required; has the best city references. Call or address for two days.

383 6TH AV., BETWEEN 17TH AND 18TH STS., IN the fancy store.—As seamstress in a family; can cut and fit for children; has considerable experience; would like to go to the country for the summer; best city references.

406 WEST 39TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS SEAMstress to do plain sewing, children's underclothes or dresses at her residence. Call on or address Mrs. LUDWIG.

426 EAST 15TH ST., ROOM 10.—A YOUNG WOman as seamstress and nurse; understands cutting and fitting children's clothing; can take the entire charge of a baby; would go in the country; best city reference. Call or address.

457 7TH AV., SECOND FLOOR.—A FRENCH DRESSmaker wishes a few engagements in private families; can cut and trim latest fashions.

526 6TH AV.—A SWEDISH WOMAN AS SEAMstress and dressmaker; cuts and fits well and is familiar with all kinds of sewing.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

571 3D AV., BETWEEN 37TH AND 38TH STS.—A first class dressmaker wishes a few more engagements to go out by the day; can cut and fit in the latest style; has a Grover & Baker machine. Call for two days.

809 7TH AV., THIRD BELL.—A FIRST CLASS dressmaker wants a few more families to work for by the day or week; truly understands her business; cuts, fits, trims in the latest style; work taken home; suits from $5 upwards.

A STEADY, ACTIVE WOMAN, WITHOUT ENCUMbrance, wishes a situation to do plain sewing and mind children. Address M. E. L., Herald office.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER, WHO IS PERfect at cutting and fitting, desires a few more engagements by the day or week. Address J., box 135 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WILL ACCEPT A few engagements by the day; has the latest styles and patterns; terms reasonable. Address COMPETENT, box 159 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

A YOUNG GIRL WISHES A SITUATION AS SEAMstress in a private family; is working at present in a dressmaking establishment and knows the styles, and would be willing to make herself very useful. Address M. M. K., Herald office.

A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, WHO UNDERstands cutting and fitting perfectly, also children's clothing and family sewing in general, with use of machine, would like employment, by the week or month, in the country, for the summer; best testimonials given. Address COUNTRY, Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

SEAMSTRESS AND DRESSMAKER, BY THE DAY OR week; can cut and fit ladies' and children's clothes; reference if required. Address A. M. R., Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

General Housework, &c.

35 KING ST., REAR BUILDING.—A GIRL, LATELY landed, to do general housework.

47 LUDLOW ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A RESPECTAble German girl as assistant in general housework or chamberwork.

119 WEST 30TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs., rear.—A respectable middle-aged woman to do general housework in a small family.

130 WEST 17TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A girl to do general housework in a small private family; no objection to living in apartments; good city reference.

139 WEST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A girl to do housework in a small family.

161 WEST 33D ST.—A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO housework in a small private family; best city reference.

174 MADISON ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to do housework in a small private family; good city reference from last place.

203 LEXINGTON AV.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS to do the work of a house between them.

210 WEST 20TH ST, REAR HOUSE.—A COMPETENT girl to do housework in a small private family; excellent references.

219 EAST 38TH ST., TOP FLOOR, IN THE REAR.—A young girl to do general housework in a small private family or to do upstairs work; good city reference. Also a young girl, lately landed, to do general housework or mind children.

224 WEST 22D ST., ROOM 12.—A RESPECTABLE young woman, lately landed, to do general housework.

239 WEST 46TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AV. AND Broadway.—A young girl to do general housework in a small family; is a good plain cook.

241 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A woman to do general housework.

244 WEST 47TH ST., THIRD FLOOR.—TWO REspectable young girls wish to do the work of a small private family; no objections to the country; best city reference.

255 WEST 32D ST.—AN ABLE AND WILLING Protestant girl to do general housework.

299 EAST 5TH ST., BETWEEN AVS. B AND C.—A respectable girl, lately landed, to do general housework in a small family.

300 EAST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, lately landed, to do housework; is willing and obliging.

311 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS., IN the fancy store.—A respectable young woman to do general housework, or as plain cook, washer and ironer in a small private family; two years' reference from her last place.

316 EAST 27TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, UP STAIRS.—A young girl, lately landed, to do general housework in a small private family; is a good washer and ironer; willing and obliging.

323 WEST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do general housework; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer.

327 EAST 32D ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D avs.—A respectable young girl to do general housework in a small private family; no objection to go a short distance in the country; good references. Call for two days.

329 WEST 38TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable and obliging young girl, lately landed, to do general housework in a small family; is willing to be instructed.

332 EAST 54TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTable girl to do general housework in a small private family; good reference. Call for two days.

334 EAST 38TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do general housework in a private family; city or country.

338 EAST 38TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do down stairs work; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; good city reference.

349 WEST 51TH ST.—A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework in a small family; highly recommended by last employer.

401 WEST 36TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, NOT LONG in the country, as general house servant in a respectable American family; good washer and ironer.

419 WEST 17TH ST.—TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork or chamberwork.

427 EAST 18TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT room.—A respectable young girl to do general housework in a private family; good city reference from last place. Can be seen with parents for two days.

441 EAST 12TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A GIRL, lately landed, to do general housework in a private family. Call for two days.

473 9TH AV., NEAR 36TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A respectable girl to do general housework in a small family; good reference.

484 37TH ST., 9TH AV.—A YOUNG WOMAN IN THE country, in a private family, to do housework.

607 1ST AV., BETWEEN 34TH AND 35TH STS., TOP floor.—A respectable girl to do general housework; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; good city reference from last place. Call for two days.

776 3D AV., NEAR 48TH ST., TWO FLIGHTS UP.—A competent girl to do housework; excellent city reference from last place.

848 3D AV., BETWEEN 51ST AND 52D STS.—A REspectable girl to do general housework in a private family; Staten Island preferred; good reference.

1,480 2D AV., ONE FLIGHT UP, REAR, CORNER 77th st.—A respectable girl to do general housework in a private family; city or country; good references.

Housekeepers, &c.

334 6TH AV., NEAR CHURCH OF HOLY COMMUnion.—A middle-aged Protestant as housekeeper or to wait on an old lady or invalid; 12 years' experience in above capacity in one family, to which she can refer; is a seamstress; has a Wheeler & Wilson machine.

1,278 BROADWAY, TWO FLIGHTS UP.—AN American widow lady as housekeeper in a widower's family or hotel, or in linen room. Call or address all the week.

A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-AGED LADY WISHES a situation as housekeeper and governess; understands French and Spanish. Address Mrs. AUSTIN, box 120 Herald office.

A LADY DESIRES A SITUATION AS A FIRST CLASS housekeeper in a hotel; no encumbrance; prefers a permanent situation; no objection to city or country. Address Mrs. E. MILLER, 45 Elizabeth st.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY WISHES TO TAKE CHARGE of a gentleman's house; is capable of making home pleasant and agreeable; first class housekeeper; only gentlemen of respectability and refinement need answer. Address SINCERITY, box 104 Herald office.

AN AMERICAN WIDOW WISHES A SITUATION AS housekeeper or any position of trust; a widower's family preferred; a good home more an object than high wages. Address, stating where an interview can be had, HOME, box 125 Herald office.

WANTED—IN A FAMILY, BY A RESPECTABLE American widow, to assist in household duties and family sewing, or would wait on an invalid lady; is perfectly trustworthy; good references given; no objections to go out of the city. Address S. A., Brooklyn Branch Herald office.

Laundresses, &c.

111 WEST 15TH ST., FRONT BASEMENT.—A REspectable woman wishes some families' washing; can do them up in first class style; can do any kind of fluting and pulling; good references.

112 10TH AV., CORNER 17TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, back room.—A woman wants to go out by the day to do washing and ironing or housecleaning.

140 WEST 19TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A respectable woman wishes to go out by the day to do washing and ironing or housecleaning; best reference.

150 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO go out by the day washing, ironing, housecleaning or cooking.

202 EAST 28TH ST.—A CAPABLE WOMAN AS first class laundress; understands all kinds of fine washing; no objection to the country; Newport preferred; best city reference.

204 WEST 27TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT room.—A respectable woman to go out by the day; is a good washer and ironer. Can be seen all the week.

208 WEST 23D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN will take in washing or go out to work by the day.

225 EAST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes to do ladies' and gentlemen's washing; terms reasonable.

226 EAST 47TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WIDOW woman to go out by the day or take in washing, ironing and fluting at her own house. Call or address.

228 WEST 28TH ST., THIRD FLIGHT, BACK room.—As first class laundress in a private family.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Laundresses, &c.

238 EAST 41ST ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A competent woman to go out by the day; or would take washing home by the dozen.

306 EAST 31ST ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS., second floor.—A respectable young woman as laundress or waitress; best city reference. Call or address for two days.

315 EAST 31ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman wants mechanics' washing to take home, or will go out by the day if required. Call all the week.

320 EAST 28TH ST.—FIRST CLASS WASHING AND ironing; gentlemen's shirts done up in a very desirable manner, country bleached and whitened without the aid of chemicals.

342 WEST 23D ST.—A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH girl as laundress in a private family, or as chambermaid and to do fine washing; best city reference.

348 WEST 18TH ST., FIRST PAIR OF STAIRS, back rooms.—A respectable woman wishes washing, at home or would go out.

353 WEST 26TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE woman to go out by the day washing, ironing or housecleaning; good references.

408 EAST 15TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first class laundress, or as chambermaid and to do fine washing; city or country; best city references.

408 7TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES to take in a few gentlemen's or families' washing.

416 EAST 13TH ST., BETWEEN AV. A AND 1ST AV., second floor, back.—A respectable woman, who has moved in from the country, wishes to go out washing and ironing several days in the week; can go out steady. Call for three days.

425 7TH AV., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—WANTED, by a respectable woman, washing; a first class shirt ironer, $1 per dozen; good references.

449 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to go out by the day as laundress; best city reference.

804 8TH AV., BETWEEN 48TH AND 49TH STS.—A first class laundress will take in some ladies' and gentlemen's washing; can do fluting; best city references. Ring second bell.

1,089 1ST AV., BETWEEN 59TH AND 60TH STS.—A respectable woman to go out washing and ironing and housecleaning by the day.

A LAUNDRESS' SITUATION WANTED—BY A CAPAble woman; understands the business thoroughly; summer hotel preferred. Address Mrs. KEEF, box 167 Herald office.

Nurses, &c.

10 DOWNING ST., NEAR BLEECKER.—A YOUNG woman as wet nurse; also one for her child.

16 THOMPSON ST.—AN ENGLISHWOMAN, AGED 23, to go out by the day or week as nurse or to do housework or plain sewing. Address Mrs. LECKIE.

29 WEST 44TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL to take care of children; will make herself generally useful; no objection to go to the country; can be recommended.

36 EAST HOUSTON ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—AS experienced nurse in the care of children; can take full charge of them; no objection to city or country or travel by sea; good city reference.

107 WEST 25TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A respectable girl, lately landed, to take care of one or two children; can sew neatly and instruct them if required; no objections to the country. Call for two days.

111 WEST 46TH ST.—A COMPETENT YOUNG WOman as nurse and seamstress; is fully competent to take the entire charge of a baby; can come well recommended.

125 WEST 25TH ST.—A GIRL, LATELY LANDED, as nurse.

137 EAST 45TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH girl as nurse; will assist with chamberwork; willing to go in the country; first class reference. Can be seen at her present situation.

139 WEST 50TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTable young girl as nurse or chambermaid; best city reference.

161 WEST 27TH ST.—AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS; understands the care of children from their infancy; or would like chamberwork and sewing; best city reference given.

253 WEST 13TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as children's nurse; can do plain sewing; city or country; a good home preferred to wages; best city reference.

226 EAST 39TH ST., REAR.—A YOUNG GERMAN girl as nurse, seamstress or lady's maid.

232 EAST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, lately landed, to take care of children and do plain sewing.

241 EAST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A respectable young American girl as child's nurse; willing to go to the country for the summer; best city reference.

254 WEST 39TH ST.—A WOMAN WHO HAS LOST her own baby as wet nurse.

302 EAST 59TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to bring up a baby on the bottle. Call for two days.

306 EAST 53D ST.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman, with one child, wishes a child to mind at her own home; will have a good home and a mother's care.

311 EAST 42D ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A YOUNG American girl as infant's nurse; is capable of taking charge of an infant from its birth; has no objection to growing children; sews neatly; has several years' references.

326 WEST 41ST ST., THIRD FLOOR, ROOM 12.—A respectable woman as wet nurse; best city reference.

332 EAST 32D ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A young woman as nurse; can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth and do plain sewing; has no objections to the country for the summer months; best city reference.

339 WEST 43D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman as infants' nurse; is fully competent; has five years' city references.

347 EAST 33D ST.—A FRENCH GIRL AS NURSE and seamstress; good city reference from last place.

349 WEST 51ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to take care of children and to do light chamberwork; excellent references.

381 WEST 22D ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS NURSE, or as chambermaid and waitress; city or country. Can be seen at her last employer's.

416 4TH AV.—A TRUSTWORTHY, ELDERLY American woman as monthly or invalid nurse; has had many years' experience; will go out of the city.

437 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl as nurse; understands the care of infant children from birth, with or without the bottle.

453 WEST 50TH ST.—A YOUNG PROTESTANT girl as child's nurse; good references.

801 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL TO take care of children and do plain sewing; no objections to the country. Call for two days.

859 6TH AV.—A COMPETENT SICK NURSE, WITH good city references, offers her services to the ladies by the week or month; no objection to the country or travelling.

860 6TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE AND to do sewing; no objection to the country. Call for two days.

AN AMERICAN WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION AS nurse for one or two children and to do plain sewing; willing to leave the city during the summer months; best city references given. Address W., Herald office, for two days.

AS NURSE—A COLORED GIRL; CAN TAKE ENTIRE charge of an infant and bring it up on a bottle; or would take care of growing children and do plain sewing for a family who are going to the country for the summer months; best city references. Address M. E. G., box 17 Saratoga Springs (N. Y.) Post office.

MONTHLY NURSE.—AN AMERICAN LADY IS DISENgaged for the next two weeks; is thorough and experienced. Address Mrs. K., 217 West 36th st.

Waitresses, &c.

26 WEST 39TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A competent person as waitress and chambermaid, or nurse. Apply for two days.

116 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH AVS.—A respectable young woman as first class waitress, or as waitress and chambermaid in a private family or boarding house; has good city references.

132 WEST 19TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A COMPETENT girl as first class waitress or chambermaid in a private family; good references. Call or address.

315 WEST 35TH ST.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS housemaid and waitress or as general servant; is kind to children; no objection to the country.

333 WEST 25TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and waitress or to take care of a baby; willing to make herself generally useful. Call or address.

454 WEST 52D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS WAITRESS, or would take care of children, in city or country; good reference.

574 5TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS WAITRESS AND to assist with chamberwork; thoroughly understands her business; three years' reference from her present employer.

Miscellaneous.

50 LUDLOW ST.—A COMPETENT PERSON AS forewoman in a cap, millinery establishment; five years' experience in one of the largest houses in London. Address J. M.

33½ 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, DESIROUS of returning to England, would like to give her services during the voyage in return for her passage being paid, either as nurse and stewardess or to wait on a lady; good reference. Call on or address M. BLANCH, for two days.

359 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN as a good baker, washer and ironer; city or country. Can be seen for two days.

422 WEST 22D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as lady's maid or child's nurse; will make herself generally useful; no objection to the country. Can be seen at present employer's.

AN EDUCATED FRENCH LADY, HAVING GOOD references, desires a situation with a family residing in or near the city; salary no object. Address Miss [illegible], Herald office.

A YOUNG LADY, WHO IS A COMPETENT NEEDLEwoman, and who has had several years' experience with children, wishes to enter a good family as governess or companion to a lady; country preferred. Address A. F. T., No. [illegible] place, Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Intelligence Offices.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL POSITIONS—CAPAble and trustworthy, constantly found at 318 Bowery; entrance on Bleecker st. Mrs. LOWE.

PROFESSIONAL SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

AN ENGLISH LADY WOULD INSTRUCT IN ENGlish, French and music in return for board. Address E. H., 78 St. Mark's place.

A SITUATION AS TEACHER OR ASSISTANT MAtron wanted, by a young lady who has had three years experience in an institution in New York city. Address, for three days, INSTITUTION, Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

EUROPE.—AN ACCOMPLISHED ENGLISH LADY, musical, speaking German fluently, would act as companion to a lady or take entire charge of young ladies. Address Mrs. M. L., 328 West 36th st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

A FEW GOOD DRESSMAKERS WANTED—ALSO AN apprentice. Come ready to work, at Mme. M. DE CORDOBA'S, 429 4th av.

A GIRL (GERMAN OR AMERICAN PREFERRED) wanted—One who thoroughly understands cooking, washing and ironing. Apply, with reference, at 65 Prince st., basement door.

A WOMAN TO COOK AND DO GENERAL HOUSEwork, a temperate woman, not afraid of work, will receive high wages. No Irish Catholic need apply at store 51 Murray st. at 12 o'clock to-day.

A GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK, cook, wash and iron, in a private family. Apply at 1,101 Bergen st., near Nostrand av., Brooklyn.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A FIRST RATE cook, washer and ironer wanted, with good city reference; small family. Apply at 35 Charlton st., near Macdougal.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED.—GOOD HANDS; ALSO one who can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Apply at 739 6th av., near 42d st.

FUR SEWERS WANTED. APPLY TO C. G. GUNTHER & CO., 19 Union square.

GOOD FUR SEWERS WANTED.—243 8TH AV., BEtween 22d and 23d sts.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—TO TAKE CHARGE OF a first class house, overlooking Madison square. The owner desires to let furnished Rooms to gentlemen only, without board, during the absence of his family in Europe; the lady must be genteel and trustworthy. Reference required. Address H. B., box 112 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

SERVANTS WANTED.—NICE PLACES, CITY AND country. PELTON & CO., 645 6th av., near 38th st. (Formerly with Bedell.)

SEVERAL EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES, FOR suits, underwear, corset and fancy goods departments, wanted; good salary paid; also few girls to learn. Apply at BATTEMAN & CO.'S, 331 and 333 6th av.

TWO GIRLS WANTED—ONE FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be first class laundress and good plain cook; the other as children's nurse. Apply at 129 58th st., near 4th av.

WANTED—A GOOD LAUNDRESS; MUST ASSIST IN housework; city references. 57 West 56th st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND IRONER. Apply at 459 West 21st st.

WANTED—A WET NURSE, WITH A FRESH BREAST of milk. 233 East 35th st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS. APPLY at 220 East 17th st.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, at 421 West 47th st.

WANTED—OPERATORS ON FLANNEL SHIRTS and linen coats. Apply at 246 East 37th st.

WANTED—A WET NURSE, CLEAN AND HEALTHY, in a small family; good wages. Apply at 55 East 123d st., Harlem, between 4th and Madison avs.

WANTED—A FEW GOOD DESIGNERS, TO WORK on pattern bonnets and hats. Apply to KAHNWEILER & LEWIS, 47 Mercer st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT, SOBER COOK, WITH first class references at the Pleasant Valley Hotel, Pleasant Valley, N. J., opposite Manhattanville.

WANTED—A NEAT GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID; willing to assist with washing and ironing. Apply, with city references, at 45 West 9th st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST IN CARE OF CHILD and be generally useful; Protestant preferred. 15 St. Luke's place, Leroy st.

WANTED—A GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID AND ALSO competent to take care of a child three years old; good references required. Apply at 236 West 55th st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK, GERMAN OR English, to go to the country for the summer; best references required. Call at 37 East 39th st., from 9 to 12 A. M.

WANTED—A LITTLE GIRL, 12 TO 14 YEARS OF age, to mind children and make herself generally useful. Apply at 744 3d av., second floor.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT CAPABLE OF TRAINING girls in household duties; one from the country preferred; references required. Call for three days at 27 St. Mark's place.

WANTED—A GOOD SMART WOMAN TO DO THE general housework, washing and ironing for a small private family. Apply at 240 East 119th st., near 2d av.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE, NICE AND TIDY GIRL for general housework, washing and ironing in a small private family. Apply at 32 East 10th st., between Broadway and University place.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK in a small private family; also one to take care of the baby few hours every day. 417 East 51st st.

WANTED—A HALF-GROWN GIRL TO DO HOUSEwork and mind a baby in a small family. Apply at 1,574 3d av., between 88th and 89th sts.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS FOR THE COUNTRY: A thorough laundress; also a chambermaid and waitress; must be willing to make herself generally useful. 106 East 17th st.

WANTED—A CHAMBERMAID AND TO ASSIST IN washing and ironing; good references desired. 118 East 62d st.

WANTED—FOR A SUMMER HOUSE, NEAR NEW York, two first class chambermaids and waitresses. Apply at 33 West 10th st.

WANTED—TWO RESPECTABLE GERMAN GIRLS; one as good cook, washer and ironer, and one as chambermaid and waitress. Apply for two days, with city references, at 107 East 46th st.

WANTED—AN HONEST GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small private family of three; Wages $12 a month. Call at 401 West Nineteenth street.

WANTED—A TIDY GIRL, 15 OR 16 YEARS OF AGE, for light housework in a small private family. Call at 274 West Nineteenth street, after 8 o'clock.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL, FRENCH OR GERMAN, to take care of children and sew. Apply at 60 West Twenty-third street, after 9 A. M.

WANTED—A PLAIN COOK; MUST BE A GOOD washer and ironer; city reference required. 146 East 61st st.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ATTEND STORE; one who can speak French preferred; references required. Apply at 913 Broadway.

WANTED—A COMPETENT COOK, TO ASSIST WITH washing and ironing. Apply, with city references, at 323 West 28th st.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS IRONERS, ON LADIES' and children's fine undergarments, at LORD & TAYLOR'S, Broadway and 20th st. Entrance to workroom on 20th st.

WANTED—TWO GOOD GIRLS TO DO THE WORK of a small private family. Inquire at 431 West 22d st., between 9th and 10th avs.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be a good cook, washer and ironer; city reference required. Apply at 137 East 19th st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESWOMAN, IN A bakery; good reference required. Call at 573 3d av. M. ELLIS.

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK AND TO ASSIST with the washing and ironing. Apply, with references, at 329 West 23d st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK FOR A LARGE FAMILY; one understanding German cooking preferred. Also a waitress and to assist with the washing and ironing; both must thoroughly understand their business and have city reference. Call at 30 West 23d st., between 9 and 12 or after 6.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS BAKER AND PASTRY cook. Apply immediately at the St. Mark's Restaurant, corner 27th st. and Broadway, between 12 and 2 o'clock.

WANTED—SEVERAL EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES, for different departments in a large fancy goods house; also a few to learn. Address, with particulars, box 146 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, FOR GENEral housework for a small private family. Apply at 309 6th av., second floor.

WANTED—A WOMAN, FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be a good cook, washer and ironer; also a girl about 12 years of age. At 146 East 27th st.

WANTED—SEVERAL GOOD DRESSMAKERS AND one smart operator on the Empire machine. Come prepared to work. Mme. BRUN, 12 West 13th st.

WANTED—IN A SMALL, PRIVATE FAMILY, A COMpetent, steady girl to do chamberwork, waiting and fine ironing; reference required. Apply at 112 West 28th st. after 10 o'clock.

WANTED—A NEAT YOUNG WOMAN ACCUSTOMED to children, as nurse and seamstress; must be a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine and willing to go in the country; city reference required. Call at 30 West 23d st.

20 FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKERS WANTED.—TO first class hands the highest wages will be given. Come prepared to work. 100 West 22d st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

A COLORED YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION as waiter. Call at 216 West 29th st., room 13.

A YOUNG MAN DESIRES A SITUATION AS waiter or any employment; city or country; good reference. Address B. C., box 115 Herald Uptown Branch office.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A POSITION AS BARtender in a respectable house, at present working where satisfactory reference will be given. Address, for two days, J. W. R., Herald office.

ONE WEEK'S WAGES GIVEN FOR A PERMANENT situation, by a young married man; is a licensed engineer; can do all his own repairs, steam and gasfitting; can take any place in a perfumery house, hotel or restaurant; could be order cook or cashier. Call on or address A. Y. M., 602 East 14th st., corner av. B, first floor, front.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG, RESPECTABLE colored man, as light porter in a store; is perfectly willing and not afraid to work. Address EDWARD THORN, 81 Mercer st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITERMAN OR travelling servant; is willing and active; last with the late Governor of Canada. Call at or address A. B. Hanan's grocery store, 483 6th av.

WANTED TO PROCURE—FOR A GOOD WAITERMAN, situation to travel with a family to Europe; a young man of fair education; good references. Address 60 West 24th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A HOTEL BY A YOUNG Englishman, just landed, as second cook, or to assist in pastry. No objection to the country. Good reference. Address G. M., 698 2d av., New York.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

ACCOUNTS ADJUSTED AND BOOKS BALANCED and scientifically kept; books balanced, however complicatedly confused. Address A. B. R., box 3,432 Post office.

A SILK SALESMAN, OF SUPERIOR TACT AND ability, just arrived from London, is open to an engagement with a good house in the above capacity. Address M. A. P., box 125 Herald office.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, LATELY LANDED from Ireland, wishes a situation as bookkeeper. Address T. M., Post office, Elizabeth, N. J.

A MAN OF FAIR EDUCATION, ENERGETIC AND industrious, wanted, to deliver books and collect on our Jersey route; remuneration $15 weekly. Apply after 10 o'clock at 735 Broadway, to McMENAMY & CO.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER WANTED—IN A FIRST-class dry goods house. Address, with references, J. G. S., Herald office.

ACCOUNTS, EIGHT LANGUAGES, ARREARS WRITten up; books opened, kept, examined or balanced. References. JAMES COX, 47 Wall st., third floor.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER DESIRES A SITuation; is competent in all respects and can give No. 1 references from present and last employers. Address BOOKKEEPER, box 142 Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION IN A TEA or grocery store; is not afraid of work, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address J. H. SANDERS, 512 West 35th st.

A YOUNG MAN OF 20 WISHES A POSITION IN A wholesale house; has been in the retail men's furnishing and dry goods trade the last five years; best city reference. Address H. S. L., Herald office.

A CLERK WANTED—IN THE SEWING MACHINE business. One who can loan $1,000 on good security for one year may address MACHINE, box 213 Herald office, for two days.

AN ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN WANTED—ON AN ESTablished weekly journal; must have a good address and a fair education; as the position is one of trust we require $1,500 deposit as a guarantee of good faith and integrity, for which security will be given, and a fair salary with commission paid. This is a splendid opportunity for a gentleman's son. Address for interview J. C., box 122 Herald office.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED—IN A PRODUCE COMmission house; a young man who is quick and correct at figures and capable of taking full charge of the books; salary not to exceed $550. Address, with references, D. E. C., Herald office.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—TO GO A SHORT DIStance in the country. Apply to PINCHOT, BRUEN & HOBART, 214 Fulton st.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, fully competent to fill a situation as senior clerk in a first class drug store. Apply, with references, to C. M. WRIGHT, 227 Columbia st., corner of Union, South Brooklyn.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—IN THE RETAIL DEPARTment of a wholesale business; must speak French and English; one speaking German also preferred. Address FRENCH CHEMIST, Herald office.

FOUR SALESMEN WANTED—ACQUAINTED WITH the canned goods or fine grocery trade, to sell a special article on commission. Apply to or address HOOPE & COIT, 87 Warren st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, AS CLERK, assistant bookkeeper or in any capacity where he can make himself useful; best references given. Address EDMUND, box 222 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 19 YEARS of age. Would like to get in some shipping office or wholesale house. First class reference given. Address F., box 179 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A THOROUGH BOOKkeeper; is quick and very correct; has first class recommendations. Address W. WALLACE, box 104 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE, selling shawls, felt skirts and woollen piece goods, a capable, energetic salesman. Address B. B., Herald office.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN, A situation in a wholesale house; dress goods and notions preferred; can command a first class trade. Address P. C. H., Herald office.

WANTED—A GOOD DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER who understands his business; position temporary. CUSHING, BARDUA & CO., 644 and 646 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN WHO HAS BEEN engaged for several years in the South, employment in a wholesale or jobbing dry goods house; best references given. Address W. W. L., Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CLERK IN A BOOT and shoe store, by a young man who has had experience and can give good recommendations. Address T. H. J., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A JOBBING LIQUOR HOUSE IN BUFfalo, a travelling salesman for a route in this and the Eastern States; none need apply unless experienced in the business. Apply to MANKLIN, EDSON & CO., 19 Whitehall st., New York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TRAVELLING SALESman for a wholesale grocery or a commission house commanding a Pennsylvania trade. Address ENTERPRISE, Herald office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED VARNISH SALESman who is well and favorably known to the trade and can give good references as to character and ability. To such a one a liberal salary will be given by a first class house. Address B. A. Herald office.

WANTED—BY A STATIONERY HOUSE, A TRAVELling salesman, who has experience and trade. State what salary is expected, and address, with references, JOBBING STATIONERS, Herald office.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

AS ASSISTANT GARDENER.—RESPECTABLE AND competent young man, just landed from England. Address J. H. B., care of B. K. Bliss & Sons, 23 Park place.

A COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A Scotchman; single, sober and reliable man; safe, experienced city driver, excellent groom and always obliging; best reference. Address W., box 143 Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES A SITUATION FOR HIS coachman, who is a first class city driver and whom I can highly recommend. Address O. B. BREWSTER & CO., corner 27th st. and 5th av.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG SINGLE MAN, as first class groom and coachman; good city and country reference; country preferred. Address, for two days, T. D., Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS COACHman and gardener; can milk. Two years' reference from his last place. Address J. D., Herald office.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS COACHman; understands his business in all respects and has the best reference. Address COACHMAN, 229 West 33d st.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, AS coachman and gardener; good milker if required; good reference. Call at 13 Carlisle st., opposite pier 11 North River.

A YOUNG MAN OF THE PROTESTANT PERSUASION would like to engage in some respectable family as coachman and groom; he has excellent recommendations as to honesty, sobriety and capability. Address C., box 230 Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN GOING TO EUROPE WISHES A situation for his coachman; has lived with him ten years; first class man. Call on or address N. N., 11 East 27th st., private stable.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS GROOM; thoroughly understands his business in all respects; best reference. Address GROOM, 247 West 33d st.

A RESPECTABLE MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS private coachman in a private family; good references. Address 15 East 27th st.

A RESPECTABLE MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS coachman in a private family; thoroughly understands the care of horses; will make himself agreeable and generally useful. Address J. K., box 130 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

A SINGLE YOUNG MAN AS COACHMAN—UNDERstands the care and management of horses and carriages; a good driver. Call or address J. M., 29 West 44th st.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE man; best city reference. Address D. C., Herald office.

COACHMAN OF LONG EXPERIENCE IN DRIVING and care of horses; can be well recommended. Apply to last employer, Mr. FELLOWS, 17 Maiden lane.

COACHMAN WANTS A SITUATION—THOROUGHLY understands his business; strictly temperate; no encumbrance. Apply to or address J. M., 55 Madison av.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—MARRIED; four years' city reference from last place. Call on or address R. S., 1,250 Broadway, corner 33th st., for two days.

COACHMAN WANTS A SITUATION; UNDERSTANDS his business thoroughly; best references; is a married man. Address E. O. K., Harness store, 57 5th av.

COACHMAN WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN, WHO THOROughly understands the care of horses; must be of temperate habits. Apply at the harness maker's, 19 West 29th st.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE man; understands his business thoroughly; fifteen years' best city references. Address COACHMAN, box 120 Herald Uptown Branch office.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPEtent, steady married man; no encumbrance; a new place, where improvements are wanted, preferred; best reference. Address J. O. K., Herald office.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE man, a Protestant; has nine years' experience in this country and five in the old; good reference. Address, N. N., Herald office.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A MARried man, with no incumbrance; has ten years' experience in this country and good reference. Address A. A., Herald office.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A MAN who has served a regular apprenticeship to the business, also the improvement of country places and the ornamental planting of the same; the best reference. Address GARDENER, box 149 Herald office.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE, practical man; city reference. Address C. F., No. 9 John st.

GERMAN GARDENER AND COACHMAN, WHO speaks English, would like situations for himself and wife, who is acquainted with general housework; good references. Apply at No. 7 Battery place.

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COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

GROOM'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT young man; unexceptional references from last employers. Call on or address R. F., at harness store, 50 4th av., for two days.

GENTLEMAN GOING TO EUROPE WISHES A SITUation for his coachman; has lived with him ten years; has no objection to the country; married. Call on or address M. N., harness store, 68 University place.

LANDSCAPE.—ANY LADY OR GENTLEMEN WISHing to have a new place laid out or an old one improved, with economy and taste, address box 211 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHman; colored and married; understands his business in all its branches; can take care of road stock; no objection to country. Address H. A. B., Brooklyn Post office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GARDENER AND FLORist, by a German, single; understands taking care of green and hot houses and all kinds of gardening. Address FLORIST, box 149 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS MAN, AS coachman and groom; best city reference. Call on or address J. B., 1,339 Broadway.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN MAN AND his wife; understands gardening in all its branches, or can do any kind of work; has two clean, well-behaved boys; wife strong and able to do the housework of a family; wages not so much an object as a good home; any family desiring such will find us willing and obliging; can come well recommended. Address for one week J. H., gardener, Greenville, N. J.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN AS coachman; understands his business thoroughly; good city reference from his former employer. Address J. B., 1,339 Broadway, corner of 38th st., harness store.

TWO YOUNG MEN (WELSHMEN) WOULD LIKE situations; one as gardener, with the best reference, and the other to take care of horses and cows; or would work together on a farm for a gentleman; will be found willing and obliging and not afraid of work. Address R. H., Herald office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED MAN, A situation as coachman; no objection to the country; can give good reference from last employer. Call on or address at 153 West 24th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR GROOM, by a single man; understands his business in all its branches; has no objection to the country; good city reference. Call at or address No. 4 West 36th st., private stable.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS COACHMAN AND gardener for a small place in the country; must have good recommendations. Call between 10 and 2 o'clock at 177 West, corner Warren st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A young married man; has first class reference from last employer. Call on or address M. S., No. 4 West 44th st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, A SITUAtion as first class coachman; best city reference from present employer. Apply to JESSE DAW, 638 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; has long experience in the city; has the best of city references; has no objection to the country. Call at 110 West 40th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, AS coachman and groom; best city reference; no objection to go in the country. Call at 22 East 18th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A young married man; has the best of city references; no objection to city or country. Apply at 200 Broadway (basement).

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN AS coachman and gardener; thoroughly understands his business; satisfactory reference given; country place preferred. Can be seen for two days. Address E. F., box 184 Herald office.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED GARdener; must be a married man, with a small family only; one who is capable of taking charge of greenhouse, fruit trees and understands laying out grounds. Address, giving particulars, box 295 Post office, New York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, FIRST class; married, no children; has a thorough knowledge of hot and cold graperies, greenhouse, fruit, flowers and vegetables in general; first class reference. Address M. M., box 163 Herald office.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

A DEMAND.—MEN, WOMEN, BOYS, GIRLS, LEARN Telegraphy, $20. We are prepared to give positions. THOMPSON'S College, 23 Fourth avenue, opposite Cooper Institute. Day and evening. No vacation.

A GOOD WAITER WANTED—AT 141 AV. D, FAIRfield House Dining Saloon. Call early.

A.—EMPLOYMENT FOR AN ENERGETIC MAN, IN A light, lucrative business; a good position to the right party. No. 7 Warren st., office 29, up stairs.

A SMART BOY, 15 TO 17 YEARS OLD, WANTED IN office of a real estate broker and auctioneer; salary $200 first year. Address PINE STREET, Herald office.

BOY WANTED.—APPLY FROM 8 TO 10 A. M. AT room 16, No. 7 Beekman st.

CANVASSERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY—TO SELL a first class article in this city and Brooklyn; experienced men preferred. P. H. HOSS, 685 Broadway (up stairs).

EDITOR WANTED.—APPLY FOR ONE WEEK AT the Local office, 2,236 3d av., Harlem.

OFFICE BOY WANTED—15 TO 18 YEARS OLD. Apply after 10 o'clock at 111 Broadway, room D, basement.

TWO SMART WAITERS WANTED—THIS DAY, AT SIMMONS' dining rooms, 71 Murray st.

WAITER WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN TO WAIT ON table in restaurant. Nixon House, 88 Fourth av.

WANTED—FOR A FEW DAYS, A YOUNG MAN WHO writes a good hand. Apply at 542 Broadway.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO DRIVE HORSE AND cart. One who understands shipping goods and is well acquainted in the city may apply at 57 Vesey st.

WANTED—A GERMAN BOY TO DELIVER ORDERS and help in store. BEEKMAN & BRO., Grocers, 19 and 21 Stanton street, corner Chrystie street.

WANTED—SIX BOYS, FOR AN HOUR'S WORK each morning. Inquire of B. S. LEFFERTS, 38 Whitehall st., room 11, between 12 M. and 2 P. M.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO OPEN OYSTERS AND wait on tables. Apply at DIXON'S restaurant, 289 Bleecker st., after 10 o'clock A. M.

WANTED—A YOUNG, HEALTHY, INDUSTRIOUS German or American as shampooer in the Russian baths 25 East Fourth street; none but those who are thoroughly acquainted with the business need apply. Apply this morning at 9 o'clock.

WANTED—SECOND COOK (MALE), AMERICAN preferred. Steamer Mary Powell, pier 39, 11 A. M.; satisfactory recommendations.

WANTED—A STRONG BOY, WHO UNDERSTANDS the grocery business and taking charge of a horse, with reference. 246 West 47th st.

WANTED—20 GOOD CANVASSERS, WHEREBY they can make from $25 to $40 per week by applying to G. A. WILLIAMS, No. 7 Murray st., room 24.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE, ENERGETIC YOUNG MARried man (American preferred); must understand driving and write a fair hand; only those having first class references will be noticed. Address, with name and residence, Y., box 207 Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 18 YEARS OF age, to work in a dining room. 273 8th av., basement.

WANTED—A GOOD, STRICTLY SOBER BAR keeper; also bar boy, to wash tumblers, &c., at the Pleasant Valley Hotel, Pleasant Valley, N. J.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN, AS ORDER COOK FOR A first class restaurant; one understanding his business thoroughly will be liberally dealt with. Apply at PARKER'S, Broadway and 34th st.

WANTED—FOR COAST SURVEY STEAMER BACHE, one white waiter; good reference and sea experience required. Apply at Dean's wharf, foot of Partition st., South Brooklyn.

WANTED—THREE BOYS, 16 OR 17 YEARS OF AGE, to wait on table and make themselves generally useful. Apply at A. J. BARNEY'S, corner of Jay and West sts., between 8 and 9 o'clock.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, FROM 16 TO 18 years of age, to tend soda water fountain and make himself generally useful in a patent medicine store. Address S. D., Herald office.

WANTED—A COMPETENT COLORED MAN AS cook. Address HOTEL COOK, Herald office, by 10 this morning.

WANTED—AGENTS TO CANVASS FOR A FINE ENgraving of the Rev. Father Burke; liberal inducements offered. Apply at 17 Park place, after 9 o'clock.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE MAN, IN THE FEED AND flour business; has been established for 12 years. Apply at 535 Second avenue, near Forty-5th street. JOHN REYNOLDS.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES MARINE Corps, 500 fine able-bodied men. This service offers splendid opportunities to visit foreign countries on board United States ships-of-war. For further information apply at Recruiting Rendezvous, Nos. 35 and 37 Chatham street, New York city. HENRY A. BARTLETT, Captain U. S. Marine Corps.

THE TRADES.

A FIRST CLASS ELECTROTYPE MOULDER wanted. KRESS BROS., 60 John st.

A GENTLEMAN, COMPETENT TO ENGRAVE ON wood, steel, brass, &c., would like to have work for July and August. Direct Mr. R., box 135 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A BOY WHO HAS A good knowledge of the sign painting business. Address 213 East 27th st.

A YOUNG MAN, GRADUATED AS CIVIL ENgineer, wishes some employment; moderate pay only asked. Address ENGINEER, 130 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

A PHOTOGRAPHER WANTED—TO TRAVEL IN A car with his apparatus. Apply to GEIN BROS., 46 Hudson st. before 11 or after 3 o'clock.

A YOUNG MAN WANTED—WHO CAN CUT UNDERgarments, to assist in cutting shirts. MILLER, 6th av. and 22d st.

AN ENGINEER WANTS A JOB TO RUN AN ENGINE (high or low pressure, stationary or marine); has first class license and best reference. Address for one week ENGINEER, Herald office.

ATTENTION, PRINTERS!—WANTED, A FIRST CLASS power pressman, accustomed to color and cut work, and willing to go West. Apply to WILSON, HINKLE & CO., 28 Bond st., from 10 to 12 A. M.

COTTON PRINTS DESIGNER AND PANTOGRAPH sketcher for first class work, of twenty years' experience, is ready for an engagement, term being out. Address HENRY J. HOFFMAN, care of Mr. Jules Gerson, second floor, 369 Broadway, New York.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

THE TRADES.

PHOTOGRAPHERS WANTED—AT WHITEMAN'S, 260 Bowery, those who can make good ferrotypes and print and tone; German preferred.

SITUATION WANTED—AS PLUMBER, BY A STEADY man, who understands his business in all its branches. Address D. G., box 135 Herald office, for three days.

TO JEWELLERS.—WANTED, A MAN WHO THOroughly understands lapping. Apply to HODENPYL, TUNISON & SHIEBLER, 95 and 97 Cliff street.

WANTED—A GOOD CARVER AT 357 SPRING ST. Paige's Hotel, corner West st.

WANTED—SIX GOOD BRASS FINISHERS ON STEAM and Water Cocks, Valves, &c. Apply to JAMES MORRISON, between 12 and 1 o'clock A. M. and 6 and 7 P. M., French's Hotel.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS FINISHER FOR A woollen mill. For particulars apply to TOKLAS, HAHN & CO., 39 Warren st.

WANTED—TWO GOOD STEAM GAUGE MAKERS. Apply to JAMES MORRISON, between 12 M. and 1 P. M. and 6 and 7 P. M., at French's Hotel.

WANTED—ONE GOOD WATCHCASE MAKER; ALSO one good watchcase engraver. For information address MARGOT BROTHERS, 23 Water st., Boston.

WANTED—A JEWELRY ENGRAVER WHO CAN CUT general work. Address LIPPIATT & CO., 177 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, RECENTLY ARRIVED from Paris, a position as painter, decorator and designer. Address for one week A. B., 22 East 19th st.

WANTED—THIRTY GOOD COOPERS, TO WORK BY the week; steady employment; those who are willing to be governed by the rules of their own society preferred. Apply to N. & H. O'DONNELL, corner of Washington and Morris sts., Jersey City, and No. 6 Gouverneur slip, New York.

WANTED—A MAN OF GOOD HABITS AND CHAracter competent to make toilet soaps in all varieties; also a man competent to manufacture family soaps. Parties desiring permanent situations will address box 4,459 Post office, with particulars.

WANTED—A BOY TO WORK A ONE-QUARTER MEdium Gordon press; one having some knowledge of composition preferred. Address, stating terms, box 5,554 Post office.

477 3D AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN DEsires work with a good employer at bricklaying; has been at it some time. Call or address.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

ON DEMANDE—UNE FRANCAISE OU UNE SUISsesse pour prendre soin et enseigner deux enfants de 4 et 6 ans. Il faut qu'elle sache coudre. S'adresser entre 10 heures et midi au 172 Clinton st., Brooklyn.

UNE JEUNE FILLE FRANCAISE NOUVELLEMENT arrivee, desire se placer dans une maison bourgeoise comme bonne d'enfants. S'adresser au 216 7me av., de 10 a 2 heures.

UNE FRANCAISE DESIRE SE PLACER POUR SOIgner des enfants et coudre. S'adresser au No. 5 Washington place.

UNE JEUNE FILLE FRANCAISE, NOUVELLEMENT arrivee, desire se placer pour apprendre le francais ou comme bonne d'enfants. S'adresser au 246 East 35me rue.

UNE JEUNE FRANCAISE DESIRE SE PLACER dans une bonne famille pour soigner un ou deux enfants, ou comme femme de chambre. S'adresser chez M. Provot, 23 Est 9me rue.

UNE CUISINIERE FRANCAISE, NOUVELLEMENT arrivee, desire trouver une bonne place dans une famille privee de deux personnes. S'adresser au 106 East 35th st., at 7 P. M.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

East Side.

A FREE REGISTER, CONTAINING 2,000 CITY Houses and Lots, City Maps, &c., gratis. Apply to V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine st., and 226 Fifth av.

A.—BARGAINS.—HANDSOME BROWN STONE House, $15,000, worth $17,500; Tenement House, $9,000, worth $11,000; 2,500 city Dwellings, Lots and Tenements for sale. Free descriptive list gratis. WILLIAM TUCKER, 220 Fifth avenue, above Twenty-sixth street.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

WATER FRONT, NEAR THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, East River, with 14 Lots and Buildings to lease. Apply to HENRY A. PECK & CO., northeast corner Thirty-eighth street and First avenue.

West Side.

A.—BETWEEN CENTRAL PARK AND GRAND BOUlevard, south of 100th street, ten full Lots for sale very low; also Boulevard and Eighth avenue Parcels. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street and 226 Fifth avenue.

A.—GRAND BOULEVARD, AT SEVENTY-SECOND street and Tenth avenue junction, fronting that superb plaza, two full Lots, at a decided bargain; cellars excavated. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street and 226 Fifth avenue.

A GREAT BARGAIN.—FOR SALE CHEAP, FOUR high stoop four story and basement brown stone Houses, south side of Fifty-eighth street, west of Broadway, fronting the Park; all modern improvements; terms easy. Apply to owners—BRADLEY & CURRIER, 54 Dey street; JAMES SMITH, 420 West Fifty-first street; J. McLAUGHLIN & CO., 125th street and Eighth avenue.

A.—$10,000 FOR TWO FULL LOTS AND COTTAGE, north side of Eighty-third street, 250 feet west of Eleventh avenue, and near Riverside Park; easy terms. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine street and 226 Fifth avenue.

A.—FOR SALE, VALUABLE FRONT ON EIGHTH avenue; Grand Boulevard, near Sixty-eighth, Eightieth, Eighty-second, Eighty-third streets; entire Front on Riverside Park; Lots on Seventy-eighth street, near Fifth avenue. J. W. WOODWARD, 735 Sixth av.

A LARGE FOUR STORY BROWN STONE FRONT House for sale, 232 West Thirty-ninth street, 22x53x100; rents in floors, and will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, 1,066 Third avenue.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON EIGHTY-SEVENTH street, 175 feet west of Boulevard, with three story brick and frame House, in good order and rented; is a good investment; will be sold cheap. Inquire at 402 West Fifty-fourth street.

37TH STREET, BETWEEN EIGHTH AND NINTH avenues—Five story brick House and full lot, price $20,000; Twenty-fourth street, between First and Second avenues, four story brick House, extra wide, and well built; price $22,000. FOX BROTHERS, 11 Pine street.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE AND TO LET.

HERALD BRANCH OFFICE—BROOKLYN.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD RECEIVED AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE IN THE LONG ISLAND SAVINGS BANK BUILDING, CORNER OF FULTON AV. AND BOERUM ST. OFFICE OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TILL 9 P. M. CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' DEPARTMENT, NO. 7 FRONT STREET, BROOKLYN.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

FOR SALE—$3,000—ON EASY TERMS, A WELL BUILT Cottage House, 275 Prospect avenue, Brooklyn; lot 25x100. For full particulars apply to SHELDEN CARY, No. 5 Hudson street, New York.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A COSEY TWO STORY Cottage House, with extension, and two Lots of ground, at East New York; also three Lots corner of Truxton and Sackman streets, Brooklyn; terms easy. Apply to G. B. DE REVERE, Merchants' Hotel, New York.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, A NEAT TWO STORY HIGH stoop brick House, 516 Dekalb avenue, near Bedford avenue, with all the modern improvements. Apply to O. F. SWIFT, corner of Dekalb avenue and Bedford.

TO LET—FURNISHED, THREE STORY AND BASEment brick House; 12 rooms; all improvements; five minutes' walk of ferries in Brooklyn; rent low. JOHN PURDY, 212 Broadway, New York.

JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN, HUDSON CITY AND BERGEN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

DOCK PROPERTY IN NEWARK, N. J., ON PASSAIC River, suitable for manufactory, sawmill, lumber, brick or coal yard, for sale or lease. Apply to GEORGE W. HOJER, 97 Duane street, New York.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A FARM OF 36 ACRES, IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, only 30 minutes' ride from this and 10 minutes' walk from two railroad stations, for sale, or would exchange for good improved property in New York. Apply to JOSEPH McGUIRE, 81 Cedar street.

A COMFORTABLE HOME IN WESTCHESTER county; price $5,000; 40 minutes by Harlem River Railroad; three minutes from depot; splendid shade and fruit trees; excellent bathing, boating and fishing; quick trains; neighborhood improving wonderfully; urgent cause for selling low. For particulars address OWNER, care of Mr. Hanson, 360 Sixth avenue.

A HOUSE TO LET, AT FORDHAM—FURNISHED OR unfurnished; beautifully located; 11 rooms; large stable; house modern and in good order; eight minutes from depot; rent moderate. Inquire at Murray Hill Bank, Thirty-seventh street and Third avenue.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF MOUNT VERnon, N. Y., on the New York and New Haven Railroad, a commodious House, and 22 City Lots; will be sold as a whole or in lots to suit purchasers. Inquire of the owner, G. W. BARNES, 12 First street, New York city.

PROPERTY FOR SALE IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—Five beautiful Swiss Cottages, containing about nine rooms, at Larchmont Manor, a beautiful private park, situated midway between New Rochelle and Mamaroneck.

The property has a mile and a half (1½) frontage on the Sound, is laid out in drives and walks, distant one and a quarter (1¼) miles from New Haven Railroad depot, with which it is connected by private horse railway.

The property is the finest, without exception, accessible to New York. The cottages for sale are located with water fronts. Splendid fishing, boating and bathing.

For particulars inquire of Mr. E. FHALON, 517 Broadway, or Mr. W. L. BARKER, Larchmont Manor, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

VILLAS FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—AT THROG'S Neck, near Pelham Bridge, several handsome Villas, with from 6 to 8 lots; splendid location; have water fronts on Eastchester Bay; plenty of shade trees; perfectly healthy; fine fishing, bathing and boating. Also, to rent, furnished, F. Lorillard's Mansion at same place. Terms and prices very reasonable. Apply at 15 Chambers street.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE—OCCUPY AND TRY BEfore buying—A delightful Villa Residence, 40 minutes only from Grand Central Depot, via New York and New Haven Railroad; privilege of purchase any time during period of rental; spacious mansion house, filled with modern conveniences; large stable and other outbuildings; all in most thorough repair and ready for immediate occupancy; the grounds comprise several acres, extending to the water, and so elevated as to command superb views of the Sound and the Long Island shore opposite, and laid out in lawns, walks and garden (planted), with numerous shade and fruit trees and flowers in profusion. For full particulars inquire of STEPHENS BROTHERS, 187 Broadway (street floor), where plans, photographs, &c., may be seen.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

ALL WANTING FARMS—GOOD SOIL, MILD CLImate—for papers address C. K. LANDIS, Vineland, N. J.

AT GREENWICH, RIVERSIDE AND VICINITY.—Attractive shore front Properties for sale; Country Seats and Cottages, several containing modern improvements. Address J. W. ATWATER, Riverside station, Conn.

AT NEWBURG—OVERLOOKING THE HUDSON, 20 acres excellent Land; brick dwelling, outbuildings and tenant house; soft water, nice grounds, abundance of fruit, shade, beautiful surroundings. Address box 729 Post office, Newburg.

A.—FOR SALE, IN THE VILLAGE OF ESSEX, Conn., a fine Dwelling House, containing 15 rooms; a good Barn and nine acres of good, cultivated Land, with good water and fine fruit and berries; a quarter mile from steamboat landing and half mile from Valley Railroad depot; one of the most desirable summer residences in the place, it being well elevated, with three miles' view of the river. For further information inquire of E. H. & W. S. WILLIAMS, Woodruff & Beache's Wharf, Hartford, Conn., or of W. S. WILLIAMS, on the premises; price $3,500; terms easy.

ATTENTION, CAPITALISTS.—20 ACRES CHOICE building Land in the city of Rahway, on 80 foot avenue; five minutes from two depots; will sell cheap; terms easy; can be realized on at once. See maps with owner, 149 Broadway, room 5.

A COSEY, PARTLY FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET, suitable for both summer and winter residence, situated on the Hudson River, within 20 minutes' ride of Thirtieth street depot and two minutes' walk of station; contains 11 rooms, with gas, water and heaters in house; will be rented for $600 for the unexpired year. Address COTTAGE, Herald office.

A FARM IN HOLBROOK, L. I., OF 20 ACRES, IMproved.—House, barn and fruit, $1,250 (worth $1,500); half cash, or 5 per cent less for all cash. Also 5, 10 and 20 acre unimproved farms, of excellent soil; also Lots in the village of Holbrook, $35 to $50. Apply to the owner, A. McCOTTER, 142 Fulton street.

AT THE SEASIDE.—A COTTAGE TO LET AT ROCKaway for $250; near railroad depot and beach. Apply at 237 Greenwich street.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, 14 ROOMS; 40 ACRES RICH improved Land; plenty fruit; commands fine view of the ocean; twelve minutes' drive from Staten Island ferry; $15,000, worth $25,000, to close estate; terms to suit. DARRIN, 50 Broad street.

CHEAP COUNTRY HOME—SIXTY ACRES GOOD Land, near Spring Valley, Rockland county, N. Y.; fine orchard; all kinds of small fruit; House and outbuildings in good repair; stock and crops if desired. Apply to HAIGHT, 243 Broadway, room 5.

ENGLEWOOD AND ALL TOWNS ON NORTHERN New Jersey Railroad.—Choice Farms and Residences for sale for homes or investments; furnished Houses to rent for season or year; also Palisades property a specialty. C. D. KELLOGG or H. S. DOWNS, 4 Pine street.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE FARM OF 140 ACRES, ON Lake Hopatcong, Morris county, New Jersey, 40 miles from New York, 1½ mile from Drakesville depot, Morris and Essex Railroad; this property has a high and commanding view of the lake for eight miles, and of the surrounding country for 30 miles; splendid scenery, as fine as any within 100 miles of New York; is unsurpassed as a healthy location; it lies 1,000 feet above tidewater; good fishing at all seasons; this lake is noted as a resort for fishing parties, and a popular hotel is situated in the immediate vicinity of the property, called Lake View House, and is a favorite resort for city boarders; the property is splendidly adapted for hotel improvement, being higher ground, with finer scenery than from Lake View House; another item of great value connected with this property is its undoubted richness in iron ore, being on the same range of hills of well developed mines in the vicinity; the buildings consist of a cottage house, with 13 rooms; two barns, one wagon house, hennery, &c. Inquire for particulars, &c., of J. W. B., the owner, at Brett & Co.'s, Lithographers, 116 Fulton street, New York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT CRANFORD, N. J., 50 minutes from New York, fine, new House; four lots; price $5,000; terms easy. THOMPSON & CO., 218 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT NOROTON STATION, NEAR STAMford, on New Haven Railroad, beautiful Swiss Cottage; nine rooms; fine lawn, garden and orchard, stable, carriage house, &c.; only ten minutes' walk from sea bathing, boating and fishing; elegant furniture in house; can be rented for the summer. For terms, &c., apply to MELVILLE E. MEAD, Darien, Conn.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY HOME FOR a gentleman, one hour's ride from city; a Farm of seven acres, well stocked with fruit, with house having ten rooms, hot bed, &c.; all in fine order. Can be seen at any time by applying to Mrs. M. J. NEWHALL, Dunellen, Central Railroad of New Jersey. Price $11,000.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES IN LLEWELLYN PARK, AT Orange, N. J.; one of the finest parks in this country, also one of the most healthy places. Apply to E. KNOX, owner, 251 Broadway.

NYACK.—ANY ONE WISHING TO HIRE A FINE House, at reduced price, will do well to call on A. L. SMITH, 138 Chambers street, room 10—owner wishing to travel.

OCEANIC, FORMERLY PORT WASHINGTON, N. J., on Shrewsbury River.—Three Cottages to let, one at $300, one at $450, one, furnished, at $700 per season. Address C. JEFFREY, Oceanic, Monmouth county, N. J.

ONLY $50 PER MONTH AND INTEREST AND $750 cash will buy an elegant House of 7 rooms, bath, range, heater, water closets, &c., on finished street, five minutes from depot at Whitestone, L. I., 55 minutes from City Hall, 50 minutes from Madison square, by 41 trains and 4 steamboats daily. Call and get passes and examine. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

RARE CHANCE.—A SPLENDID FARM OF 68 ACRES, in Bucks county (the garden of Pennsylvania), one mile from large town and station, 35 miles from Philadelphia. 12 trains daily, only four hours from New York; land is level, free from stone, all like a garden, splendid crops, six acres wheat and rye, five oats, five corn, one potatoes; 40 acres splendid grass, cuts two tons to the acre, cash market; beautiful stream running through farm, good fishing; six acres splendid hickory and oak timber, good farm buildings; price, including crops, only $6,000, terms $3,000 cash, balance $300 yearly. A great bargain. Address box 21 Quakertown Station, Richland Centre, Bucks county, Pa.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON, AT NEWPORT, FURnished House, with 15 rooms and bathroom; terms moderate. Apply to JACOB J. STORER, No. 8 Summer street, Boston.

TO LET—AT QUEENS, L. I., 13 MILES FROM Thirty-fourth street ferry, a double cottage House; barn and stable, with about six acres of land nicely laid out with fruit, shade and ornamental trees; good water; location healthy and desirable; rent not so much an object as a good tenant. Address QUEENS, 107 John street.

TO LET—SEASIDE COTTAGES, AT BLACK ROCK, furnished, for July or August, or longer. Inquire at 954 Broadway.

TO LET FURNISHED—IN BLOOMFIELD, N. J., SIX minutes' walk from depot, for July, August and September, modern House, 11 rooms; lawn shaded, garden, fruit, &c.; low rent to a careful family. EDWARD WARD, 331 Washington street.

TO RENT—FOR TWO OR THREE MONTHS, NEAR Englewood, a large House, furnished; gas, water, &c. Address OWNER, box 53 Englewood Post office.

TO RENT—A FIRST CLASS LARGE COUNTRY MANsion, completely furnished, every modern improvement, on the Passaic; high grounds, six acres of garden and lawn, with fruit; most desirable as to location, within 10 miles of City Hall and 40 minutes' time after the 1st of August; possession the 1st of July; to an acceptable tenant terms low. Inquire of G. DEWITT, 90 John street.

TO RENT—ON LINE OF NEW HAVEN RAILROAD near Long Island Sound, a charming Country Seat, containing everything necessary for housekeeping; house, grounds and furniture in perfect order; a greater part of the rent will be taken in board of the owner, a single gentleman. Address, stating size of family, RESIDENCE, Herald office.

TO RENT—A LARGE HOUSE, FURNISHED, SUITable either for a family or boarding house, 20 miles from the city, in New Jersey. Apply to J. S. MARCY, 31 Pine street, second floor, rear office.

$5,000.—35 ACRES, ROSE HILL PARK, TWO miles from Cruger's, on the Hudson; splendid views; buildings, springs, crops, tools. FLAGLER, 160 Broadway, hat store.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

BEAUTIFUL STOCK AND GRAIN FARM, CONTAINing 101 acres, two sets of buildings, three fine orchards, Catholic church on the premises, for sale cheap; might exchange. D. F. CURLEY, 12 Centre street.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

EXCHANGE—$3,000 CASH AND BALANCE STOCK worth 25 per cent, premises par on development, for a Place of 15 to 50 acres, in Jersey. Address JERSEY, Herald office.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—$1,000 CASH PAID—Three brick Houses, in Brooklyn, moderately mortgaged, valued together at $24,000; will be exchanged for Second Mortgages or other Property; $2,000 cash will be paid on sale or exchange if required. Apply to W. W. BADGER, 152 Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR FIRST CLASS Brooklyn and New York city property—The Lease, Stock, Good Will and Fixtures of a first class corner Liquor Store, doing an average business of $600 per week. Apply to THOMAS GAFFNEY & CO., 71 East Houston street, or to MACOMBER & BARKER, 387 Broadway, room 13.

FINE HOUSE, WITH ALL MODERN IMPROVEments, at Elizabeth, N. J.—Grounds extensive; beautifully adorned; fronts on two avenues; price $20,000; no mortgage; will exchange for City Property, and pay some cash if desired. SMITH, KNAUSS, GEARY & CO., 741 and 743 Broad street, Newark, N. J.

LARGEST AND BEST FARM IN NEW JERSEY—Profitable for investment; delightful for residence and home; I challenge any man to show a better for the money; City Property or Mortgages taken; also a large and excellent House on best part of Brooklyn Heights; will take smaller city House or near-by Country Property; possession immediate. ELDER, 29 Pine street.

TO EXCHANGE—FOR TENEMENTS OR WELL RENTed Property, large Hotel in New Jersey, 25 miles from city, doing excellent business, fully furnished, clear. SLAWSON & WELLS, 1,265 Broadway.

TO EXCHANGE FOR MERCHANDISE, REAL ESTATE or good Securities—About $40,000 worth of improved and unimproved Farms in Iowa, near railroad junctions and depots; also valuable Lots, Stores and Dwellings in the county seat, a flourishing city on the line of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, in parcels to suit. Apply to GEORGE W. TENNER, 1,265 Broadway, in the drug store.

WHITE LAKE, SULLIVAN COUNTY, N. Y.—FOR sale, or exchange for House and Lot in Brooklyn, a splendid Stock and Dairy Farm, containing 85 acres, under a high state of cultivation; fine young orchard, well wooded; two sets of buildings; near churches, schools, Post office, &c. For further particulars address WILLIAM A. VAN WERT, White Lake, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

A MEDIUM-SIZED HOUSE, WITH FAIR SURroundings, below Thirtieth street, between Third and Seventh avenues; terms to suit seller. Address A. F., Herald office.

A BUILDER WANTS A THREE STORY, BASEMENT and sub-cellar House in the Eighth, Ninth, Sixteenth or Twenty-second Ward, not west of Ninth avenue; would improve an old property; must be in a good neighborhood; state particulars and lowest all cash price, amount of taxes, &c.; will not treat with agents. Address GABERLUNZIE, Herald office.

COUNTRY SEAT OR FARM.—WANTED TO PURchase, on the water, at Shrewsbury or Red Bank, a Farm or Country Seat; buildings and fencings must be in good repair. Address box 2,191 Post office.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

FARM WANTED—WITHIN 100 MILES OF NEW YORK, in exchange for a first class Store, Property in Brooklyn; equity $6,000. Owner, No. 5 Dey street, room 15.

MEDIUM SIZED MODERN HOUSE, ABOVE THIRTY-fourth street and west of Third avenue, for good First and Second out of town Mortgages. Apply to CHARLES SEARS, 62 John street.

TO BUILDERS.—I WANT A HOUSE, FOR WHICH I will give 500 Building Lots (within one hour of City Hall) and several thousand dollars cash; house must be worth $40,000 and not more than $10,000 mortgage. Address, with full particulars (no others noticed), J. Y. S., World office.

WANTED—FOR CASH, LOTS NEAR THE UPPER end of Central Park. D. TRACY, 33 Park row, room 5.

WANTED—A HOUSE WORTH $10,000, FREE AND clear, between Third and Seventh avenues, below Central Park, for which Kensington Gardens will be given; said gardens will be only one hour from City Hall when Harlem Railroad is completed; now only one hour from Grand Central depot. Rare chance to build up a city, as one-quarter mile of river front and one-half mile of railroad front are embraced in the grounds, together with five buildings, post office, hotel and railroad depot, where 12 trains stop daily. Address, with full description, OWNER, New York Evening Express office.

$100 CASH WILL BE PAID FOR 20 ACRES OF wood land within 100 miles of New York. Address JOHN BUTCHER, 609 Greenwich street, New York.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD LIQUOR STORE AND LODGING HOUSE for sale—Opposite two ferries. Particulars given by WILLIAM ABBOTT, No. 5 City Hall place.

A SMALL JOB PRINTING OFFICE, CONSISTING OF some hundred and fifty (150) fonts of type, a Liberty Press, &c., all in complete order, for sale. Inquire of A. BRAY, 97 Montgomery street, Jersey City, in shirt store.

A FIRST CLASS OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED FOR a party to buy a Wine and Liquor Business, with House and Lot; also Millinery and Trimming Store adjoining; two lots and houses, with stock, good will, &c., will be sold for $12,000; will be sold separately if desired; ill health cause for selling; property situated at Long Branch, N. J., on Main street, in very centre of trade; terms easy. Apply at drug store 62 Suffolk street.

A NEAT AND WELL PATRONIZED OYSTER AND Ice Cream Saloon, 306 Hudson street, great concourse and thoroughfare, can be purchased remarkably cheap this day, or will be sold at auction to-morrow by JAMES CAGNEY, 531 Hudson street.

A.—TWO FIRST CLASS MILK ROUTES FOR SALE, together or separate; net profits over $15 daily; owner sells cheap through sickness. LLOYD, 29 Broadway, first floor.

A CONFECTIONARY AND ICE CREAM SALOON for sale, now doing a paying business; sickness cause of selling. Apply for three days at 322 Bowery, near Bleecker street.

A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT FOR SALE—AT A great sacrifice; also Corner Liquor Stores, a fine Grocery and Tea Store, down town Sample Rooms, near Stock Exchange. MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A SPLENDID BAKERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON for sale; a first class Stationery Store, Confectioneries, Ladies' Ice Cream Saloons, Milk Depots, Meat Markets, cheap Bakeries, Hotels. MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

RESTAURANT AND OYSTER HOUSE FOR SALE—Doing a good business; selling out on account of sickness. Apply at 391 First avenue, corner Twenty-third st.

A.—LIQUOR STORES, RESTAURANTS, CIGAR Stores and all other Businesses for sale. Send for our June Register, mailed free. BETTS & YORSTON, Business Agents, 56 West Thirty-second street.

A FIRST CLASS CORNER LIQUOR STORE WILL be sold on reasonable terms. Apply for three days corner of Broadway and Fifty-third st. McGOVERN.

A LARGE, FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT FOR SALE—On Broadway; established 11 years by present owner; sold on account of sickness; or will sell half interest. Apply to N. C. BISHOP, 243 Broadway.

A FIRST CLASS WELL FITTED LIQUOR STORE, old established, lease three years; low rent; well located, on one of the principal avenues; will bear the strictest investigation; good reasons for selling. BETTS & YORSTON, Business Agents, 56 West Thirty-second street.

A BUTCHER AND GROCERY STORE FOR SALE.—Capital location; store, cellar and two rooms; $20 per month; price $350. BETTS & YORSTON, Business Agents, 56 West Thirty-second street.

CHEAP, VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.—FOR SALE, TO day or to-morrow, our store of Fruit, Candy and Soda Business; 10 years old; sold in consequence of sickness. Inquire at 22 Third avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE CHEAP—HANDSOMELY fitted up in hard wood; well stocked; must be sold immediately; owner going to the country. G. & S. CRAWFORD, 119 Fulton street.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST BARROOMS, RESTaurants and Summer Gardens, near the ferry, Broadway, Williamsburg; five years' Lease; rent low; the proprietor leaving for Germany, therefore will sell cheap. Apply at 54 and 56 Broadway, Williamsburg.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A first class Book, Stationery and Periodical Store; a bargain. Apply to GEO. W. BEALL, Jr., Attorney at Law, 51 St. Paul street, Baltimore, Md.

FOR SALE—OLD ESTABLISHED GROCERY STORE, 277 Third avenue; everything in complete order; horse, wagon, harness, &c.; dwelling above; stable in rear; cheap. Inquire on premises.

FOR SALE—IN CONSEQUENCE OF A DEATH, AN old established Hardware and Housefurnishing Store, doing an excellent business; will exchange for Real Estate. Apply to F. J. WALL, 80 Cedar street, or G. STEVENS, 77 West 124th street.

FOR SALE—THE "CALEDONIA," CORNER OF West Broadway and Leonard street.—This old established house, handsomely fitted up with restaurant conveniences, &c., a Dean's improved Range and Broiler, will be sold reasonably. For further information apply to STIRLING & SON, 119 Warren street.

FOR SALE—GOOD WILL AND FIXTURES OF A boarding house in the Fifth ward; reason for selling lady going South; has 13 rooms and full of boarders. Address J., box 142 Herald office.

FOR SALE—A WELL ESTABLISHED LIQUOR STORE, 52 Oak street; five years' lease; cheap rent; will be sold at a sacrifice. For particulars apply to JOHN A. DUNN, 227 Bowery, or on the premises.

FOR SALE—A CIGAR STORE, CHEAP; TO BE SOLD on account of sickness. Apply at 131 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—A GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS Store, on Broadway; stock small and new; a bargain. Address H. J., Herald office.

FOR SALE—A WELL LOCATED CORNER LIQUOR Store, east side; long lease and cheap rent. Apply to P. GAFFNEY & CO., 157½ Bowery.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS LIQUOR STORE, OPposite the railroad depot Cross Town cars, Greenpoint, corner Box street and Union place.

FOR SALE—A HOSIERY AND FANCY STORE, WITH Stock and Fixtures; three years' Lease, at 1,493 Third avenue.

FOR SALE—100 NEW AND SECOND HAND DESKS, Showcases, Drug Drawers, Stationers', Tailors' and Dry Goods Counters, in large variety; stores and offices fitted up. Apply at 257 Hudson street, to JAMES HODGE.

FOR SALE—A RESTAURANT AND LODGING HOUSE, with Lease and Fixtures; good location; near a ferry. Inquire of W. A. TYLER, 58 Broad street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS LUNCH AND WINE Room, one of the best locations down town. Cheap rent. Apply to JOHN A. DUNN & CO., 227 Bowery.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT AND Liquor Saloon on Broadway, 116 feet by 23; three years' lease; $1,800; to be sold a bargain; retiring from business. Apply to G. W. PALMER, 19 Beaver street.

FOR SALE—COAL AND KINDLING WOOD YARD near a water front; doing a good business. Address COAL YARD, Brooklyn Branch Herald office.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS TEA AND FINE GROcery Establishment in the best business avenue in Brooklyn and doing a large cash trade. Apply at LLOYD'S, 29 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A WELL LOCATED CORNER LIQUOR Store, down town, and doing a good business; an excellent chance for those meaning business. Apply to THOMAS GAFFNEY, 67 East Houston street.

GENTS' FURNISHING STORE AND SHIRT MANUfactory for sale very cheap; established seven years. Inquire in the store, 34 East Broadway.

GROCERY STORE, STOCK AND FIXTURES FOR sale; in a good location; 202 West Twenty-seventh street, near Seventh avenue; easy terms.

HOTEL FOR SALE OR LEASE—BEST CHANCE TO make money ever offered. Apply at 10 Third av.

SAFES.—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SECOND HAND Safes, of every style, size and make, for sale cheap. Call and examine. AMERICAN STEAM SAFE COMPANY, 300 Broadway.

$500 WILL BUY ONE-HALF OF A VALUABLE patent recently granted; purchaser to take charge. Particularly by addressing P. PATENTEE, Herald office.

MACHINERY.

ABOUT 25 SCHENCK & STEWART'S BRASSFINISHers' Lathes, Monitor Screw Machine, Upright Drill, Brassfoundry Fixtures, Shafting, Pulleys, Vises, Benches, &c., very cheap. Apply at 84 Centre street.

BOILER TUBES, OF DIFFERENT SIZES AND lengths; Tubes for hot water and heating purposes, at New York Tube Works, 120 and 182 Water street.

FOR SALE—ONE 8-HORSE PORTABLE ENGINE and Boiler; one power Punch, taking in 24 inches; one Punch and Shear combined. Address B. HAMILTON, box 494 Post office, Newburg, N. Y.

GORDON FULL CYLINDER PRESS, IN GOOD CONdition, for sale cheap, by L. H. FRANK & CO., 687 Broadway.

WANTED—A LATHE, TO SWING ABOUT 25 INCHES and take in about 6 feet. Planer, 2 to 4 feet bed and 18 or 20 inches width. Also a Boiler, 75 to 100 horse, upright or horizontal; boiler new or nearly so. Address H., box 3,370 Post office.

EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.—STEAM TO QUEENStown and Liverpool.
Sailing every Wednesday.
IDAHO, Price.......June 26, at 10 A. M.
MANHATTAN, Price, Jr.......July 3, at 3 P. M.
From Pier 46 North River.
Cabin passage, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency.
Prepaid tickets, $33, currency.
Passengers booked to and from Paris, Hamburg, Norway and Sweden, &c. Drafts on Ireland, England, France and Germany at lowest rates. Apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE OF STEAMSHIPS. WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.
To Queenstown and Liverpool, from piers 44 and 47 North River.
HOLLAND, Bragg, Wednesday, June 26, at 9:30 A. M.
EGYPT, Grogan, Saturday, June 29, at 12 M.
ITALY, Thompson, Saturday, July 6, at 4 P. M.
TO LONDON DIRECT.
HELVETIA, Griggs, Wednesday, July 3, at 3 P. M.
Cabin passage.......$65 and $75, currency
Steerage.......$28, currency
Prepaid Steerage Tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32, currency.
For further information apply at the Company's office, 69 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

WHITE STAR LINE.
New York, Cork and Liverpool. New and full-powered steamships, the largest in the world.
OCEANIC, BALTIC, MAJESTIC, ADRIATIC, REPUBLIC, CELTIC, ATLANTIC,
[illegible],000 tons burden, 3,000 horse power each.
Sailing from New York on Saturdays, from Liverpool on Thursdays, calling at Cork Harbor each way.
REPUBLIC, June 29, 12:30 P. M.
BALTIC, July 6, at 11 A. M.
ATLANTIC, July 13, at 10 A. M.
OCEANIC, July 27, at 11 A. M.
From the White Star Dock, Pavonia ferry, Jersey City.
Passenger accommodations for all classes unrivalled, combining safety, speed and comfort.
Saloons, staterooms, smoking room and bathrooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.
Rates—Saloon, $80 in gold; steerage, $30 in currency.
Those wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain Steerage prepaid certificates, $33 currency.
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.
Excursion tickets granted at lowest rates.
Drafts from £1 upward.
For information apply at the company's office, 19 Broadway, New York.
Bills of lading issued through to Continental ports. J. H. SPARKS, Agent.
ISMAY, IMRIE & CO., 10 Water street, Liverpool, and No 7 East India avenue, Leadenhall street, London.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA.—WHITE STAR LINE.—FINEST and tastiest steamers afloat. REPUBLIC sails 12:30 Saturday. Cabin and steerage passage tickets and drafts, 253 Broadway, opposite City Hall.

CUNARD LINE.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steamships, Between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

From New York.	From New York.
CHINA, Wed., June 26.	CALABRIA, Sat., June 29.
RUSSIA, Wed., July 3.	ABYSSINIA, Sat., July 6.
CUBA, Wed., July 10.	BATAVIA, Sat., July 13.
SCOTIA, Wed., July 17.	ALGERIA, Sat., July 20.
JAVA, Wed., July 24.	PARTHIA, Sat., July 27.

And every following Wednesday and Saturday from New York.
Rates of Passage—Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent and for Mediterranean ports. For freight or cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green; for steerage passage at 117 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
The General Transatlantic Company's Mail Steamships between New York and Havre, calling at Brest.
The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from pier No. 50, North River, as follows:—
WASHINGTON, Roussan.......Saturday, June 29
VILLE DE PARIS, Surmont.......Saturday, July 13
SAINT LAURENT, Lemarie.......Saturday, July 27
Price of passage, in gold (including wine), to Brest or Havre. First cabin, $125; second cabin, $75. Excursion tickets at reduced rates.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travellers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe by taking the steamers of this line avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense. GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, 58 Broadway.

INMAN LINE.—FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERpool. Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—
CITY OF NEW YORK.......Thursday, June 27, 11 A. M.
CITY OF PARIS.......Saturday, June 29, 1 P. M.
CITY OF LIMERICK.......Thursday, July 4, 2 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.......Saturday, July 6, 2 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON.......Thursday, July 11, 9 A. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.......Saturday, July 13, 11 A. M.
and each succeeding Saturday and Thursday, from pier 45 North River.
Rates of Passage.

Payable in gold.		Payable in currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	30
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
Through bills of lading given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.
Drafts issued at lowest rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP COMPANY, FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.
The steamship DEUTSCHLAND, Captain H. A. F. Neynaber, will sail on Saturday, June 29, at 2 P. M., from Bremen pier, foot Third street, Hoboken, to be followed by steamship HANSA, Captain E. Brickenstein, on Tuesday, July 2.
RATES OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE AND BREMEN.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.
First Cabin.......$120
Second Cabin.......72
Steerage.......30
For freight or passage apply to OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling Green.

THE HAMBURG AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY'S iron mail steamship HAMMONIA, Captain J. Meyer, will sail on Thursday, June 27, 1872, at 2 P. M., for Hamburg, taking passengers from New York to Plymouth, London, Cherbourg and Hamburg.
First Cabin, $120. Second Cabin, $72. Steerage, $30, payable in United States gold.
KUNHARDT & CO., General Agents, 61 Broad street, N. Y. — C. B. RICHARD & BOAS, General Passenger Agents, 61 Broadway, N. Y.
The CIMBRIA will sail July 4.

REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES. ANCHOR LINE
EXPRESS PASSENGER STEAMERS SAIL FROM NEW YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as any other route or line.
THE NEW DEPARTURES.

SATURDAY'S STEAMERS.		WEDNESDAY'S STEAMERS.	
INDIA	June 29	TRINACRIA	July 3
CALIFORNIA	July 6	IOWA	July 10
AUSTRALIA	July 13	BRITANNIA	July 17
COLUMBIA	July 20	ASSYRIA	July 24
EUROPA	July 27	OLYMPIA	July 31
ANGLIA	August 3	CALEDONIA	August 7

At noon from pier 20 North River, New York. Currency rates of passage to London, Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, by Wednesday's steamers, $60; by Saturday's steamers, $65 and $75; excursion tickets, $120; intermediate, $33; steerage, $28. Certificates at lowest rates can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Apply at the company's offices, to HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling Green.

ANCHOR LINE—SPECIAL NOTICE.
The new steamer TRINACRIA sails Wednesday, July 3. The new steamer CALIFORNIA sails Saturday, July 6. Excursionists and passengers to Europe will study their own interests by inspecting these fine steamers before purchasing tickets elsewhere. Apply on board steamers at pier 20 North River, or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling Green. HENDERSON BROS.

TRAVEL TO EUROPE AND THE EAST.—W. RAU, OF Vienna, arranges following pleasure trips:—First—To Vienna, every month, occupying 52 days; price $400. Second—To Switzerland, occupying 70 to 80 days; price $550. Third—To Spain, in August, 80 days; price $550, gold. Fourth—To Italy, Greece, Turkey, Palestine and Egypt, in August, four to five months; price $1,000 and $1,200, gold. These charges include first class travel and fare, transport of baggage, couriers, guides, &c. These trips have been made by excursion parties under the management of Mr. Rau for the past ten years, whose chief office is at Vienna, under control of the imperial government of Austria. The Great Excursion Round the World will occupy about seven months. Terms, $2,400, gold; fare, board, &c. Hotel Coupons.—Having made arrangements with the first class hotels in Europe and the East, we are enabled to sell Hotel Coupons, securing first class Board at hotels there from $2 to $3 per day, according to accommodation. (See hotel list.) All information regarding the Vienna International Exhibition can be given. For further particulars see our illustrated Travellers' Journal. Address or apply to W. RAU, Director Universal Excursion Company, 306 Broadway, room 20, New York; London, 121 Regent street; Vienna, 14 Singer Strasse.

STEAM TO LONDON.—THE FINE A1 NEW SCREW steamer HUTTON, 2,350 tons, Captain F. W. Hodges, sailing on or about Thursday, 27th June, has room for a few first class passengers. Having been built for the East India trade (via Suez Canal), she is fitted with all modern conveniences, including bath and smoking rooms, ice room, &c., &c.; carries a stewardess. Persons intending to take passage are invited to inspect this splendid steamer, at pier 44 East River. For particulars apply to HENRY SWEETLAND & CO., 45 Beaver street, New York.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA, VIA PANAMA, CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO KINGSTON, JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILE.
Steamers leave 15th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
June 29—Steamer OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. Jeff Maury, will leave pier 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with steamer CONSTITUTION, Capt. ——, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last named ports received until 4 P. M. of June 27.
Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC will leave San Francisco July 1, 1872, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information apply at Company's office on the pier foot of Canal street. F. R. BABY, Agent.

TEXAS LINE OF GALVESTON STEAMERS—TOUCHing at Key West, carrying the United States mail.
The A1 steamship CITY OF AUSTIN, Captain Eldridge, at pier 20 East River, will leave on Saturday, June 29.
Through bills of lading given to Houston and to all points on the Galveston, Houston and Henderson and B. B. and C. Railroad.
For freight or passage apply to C. H. MALLORY & CO., 153 Maiden lane; W. P. CLYDE & CO., 119 Wall street.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA, HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.
New York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, leaving pier 17 East River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.
CITY OF MERIDA, Timmerman.......Monday, July 1.
CLEOPATRA, Phillips (Havana only).......Tuesday, July 9.
CITY OF HAVANA, Deaken.......Saturday, July 20.
For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, 33 Broadway.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP Company.—The elegant sidewheel steamship NORTH AMERICA, 2,000 tons burthen, Captain George B. Slocum, will sail for St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio Janeiro, on Monday, June 24, at 10 o'clock A. M., from pier 43 North River.
For freight or passage apply to WILLIAM R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling Green.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA. Atlantic Mail Steamship Company.
Sailing regularly every Thursday at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from pier No. 4 North River.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. J. B. Baker, (via Nassau) June 27
COLUMBIA, Capt. Thos. S. Curtis.......July 4
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. Thos. H. Morton.......July 11
For freight or passage apply to A. W. DIMOCK, President, No. 5 Bowling Green.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT. The Cromwell Steamship Line.
The steamship CORTES, Captain S. Whitman, will leave pier No. 9 North river, on Saturday, June 29, at 3 o'clock P. M. Freight received daily.
Through rates given to Galveston, Indianola, Mobile and St. Louis. Cabin passage, $50; steerage, $25.
For freight or passage apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., 86 West street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT. MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE, from pier No. 5 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M. GENERAL MEADE, on Saturday, June 29.
Freight received daily. Through rates given for St. Louis, Vicksburg, Mobile, Galveston and Indianola.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to FREDERIC BAKER, 30 Broadway.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT. SOUTHERN LINE.
The steamship VICTOR, Captain Gates, will leave pier 21 East River, Wednesday, July 3, at 3 P. M.
The steamer CITY OF GALVESTON will follow.
Freight for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston taken.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to C. H. MALLORY & CO., 153 Maiden lane, New York.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.—The Old Dominion Steamship Company will despatch, from pier 37 North River, their elegant sidewheel steamship WYANOKE, Couch, commander, for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, Tuesday, June 25, at 3 P. M., giving through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Through passenger tickets issued to all points. Accommodations unequalled. Apply at pier 37 or at the general office, 197 Greenwich street, corner of Dey street.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

ALBANY AND TROY BY DAY LINE BOATS C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW, commencing May 27.—Leave Vestry street pier at 8:30 A. M. and Thirty-fourth street at 8:45, landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown and Nyack (by ferryboat), Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Tivoli, Catskill and Hudson.
Trip tickets to Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall and Newburg, returning same day, $1.
Connecting for all points West and North.
Special Trains to Saratoga and Sharon same evening.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPsie, Rondout, Kingston, Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, New Hamburg, Milton and Hyde Park. The MARY POWELL, from Vestry st., pier 39, every afternoon at 3:30.

CITIZENS' EVENING LINE STEAMERS FOR ALbany and Troy; fare 50 cents. Steamers SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL leave pier 39 North River, foot North Moore street, daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 P. M., making sure connections with all trains going North, East and West. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points on Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroads.

OLD ESTABLISHED ALBANY AND TROY LINE OF steamers, landing at Catskill, from pier 44 North River, foot of Spring street, daily, Saturdays excepted. Fare, 50 cents; half staterooms, 75 cents. Fare to Catskill, 10 cents. Steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT, connecting with railroads to all stations West and North, will leave as above at 6 P. M. Freight at reduced rates.

REGULAR EVENING CATSKILL LINE.—STEAMERS NEW CHAMPION and ANDREW HARDER leave pier 35, foot Franklin street, every evening for Catskill and intermediate landings.

STONINGTON LINE. FOR BOSTON, PROVIDENCE and all parts of New England.—The splendid steamers STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT, from Pier 33, N. R., daily, at 5 P. M. Tickets sold and staterooms secured at 319 Broadway, and Wescott Express Co.'s offices, 785 Broadway, corner Tenth street, and 1,302 Broadway, corner Thirty-fifth street. D. S. BABCOCK, President.

EXCURSIONS.

A VARIETY OF BARGES, STEAMBOATS AND Groves to charter for excursions; also a large Hotel and beautiful grounds to lease for summer boarding house. BLOOMER & CO., 245 Front street.

A.—FOR EXCURSIONS, SALOON STEAMER WYOMing, barges Sarah Smith, Caledonia, Anna and Republic; Oriental Grove, Englewood, Excelsior Park and Wewapex Grove. 368 West street, near Christopher. H. B. CROSSETT.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy. JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street. GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

ONLY REGULAR BOAT—FISHING BANKS.—THE staunch, sea-going, commodious steamer HUGUENOT, Captain E. R. Ferguson, daily trips for the season (Saturdays excepted), leaving Peck slip 7:45, Christopher street, North River, at 8:30, and pier 4 at 9 o'clock A. M.; and on Sundays, Eighth street, East River, New York side, at 7 o'clock A. M. Bait and fishing tackle, choice refreshments and lunch counter on board. Lutz's Cotillion Band will accompany the excursion. Fare—Gentlemen, $1; ladies, 50 cents.

REGULAR AFTERNOON BOAT FOR POUGHKEEPsie, landing at Cold Spring, Newburg, Marlboro, Highlands and Poughkeepsie. The elegant steamer NEVERSINK, Van Renseler Woodward, commander, leaves pier 35, foot of North Moore street, north side of Franklin, every afternoon, at 2 o'clock, making the above landings. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 9 o'clock P. M. Fare, 50c. Fare to Poughkeepsie and return, $1. For further particulars inquire of CYRUS OVERBAUGH, agent, corner West and Harrison streets.

STEAMERS MORRISANIA AND HARLEM, FOR MORrisania, Harlem, Astoria and Yorkville (via Ninety-second street ferry), landing at Eighth, Thirty-third and 119th streets. Leave Fulton Market slip at 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30 A. M.; 1:15 P. M., landing at Eighth street; 3:15, 4:15 P. M. landing at Thirty-third street; 5:15, 6:20, landing at Eighth street; and 7:15 P. M., except on Saturdays. Leave Morrisania at 6:05, 7:10, 8:15 A. M., landing at Eighth street; 9:15, 10:15 A. M., 1:30 P. M., landing at Thirty-third street; 2:45, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15 P. M., landing at Eighth street. Sunday boats leave every hour from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. These boats land within three minutes' walk of the United States Submarine Excavation under the East River at Hell Gate, Astoria. Each trip connects with our own steamer at Morrisania for High Bridge.

PROPOSALS.

BALTIMORE SHIP CHANNEL.
Sealed proposals will be received until noon of 1st day of July, 1872, for excavation and removal of material from the Ship Channel of the Patapsco River, between Fort Carroll and the "Angle" buoy near "Seven Foot Knoll" Light.
Proposals must state price per yard for material removed, measured in scows; kind and number of machines proposed to be used, and the average daily amount of excavation guaranteed to be done.
Proposals must be endorsed on outside, "Ship Channel," sealed and addressed to "Hon. Joshua Vansant, Chairman of the Patapsco River Improvement Board, of Baltimore."
They will be opened at 12:30 P. M. of July 1, in presence of such bidders as may choose to attend at the Mayor's office, Baltimore.
The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals, and no bid will be received for less than 100,000, or more than 800,000 cubic yards.
Specifications and any other desired information may be had by application to W. P. CRAIGHILL, Engineer in charge, Union Bank Building, Baltimore.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, NEW YORK COUNTY COURT HOUSE, NEW YORK, June 15, 1872.
The Committee on Fuel of the Board of Supervisors invite proposals for furnishing the Courts and offices of the county with the following, say:—
1,300 tons best quality white ash broken Coal, of 2,240 pounds to the ton.
115 tons best quality white ash range Coal, of 2,240 pounds to the ton.
40 cords (of 128 cubic feet) of best quality Virginia pine Wood, cut and split for use.
140 cords (of 128 cubic feet) of best quality Virginia pine Wood, not less than 3½ feet in length.
5 tons (of 2,240 pounds) Cannel Coal.
The same to be delivered at such times and places as the committee may direct, without charge for delivery. The contract for supplying said coal and wood to be binding until the 1st day of June, 1873. The committee reserve the right to reject any or all such proposals. Proposals will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors on or before noon of the 29th of June, instant. Separate proposals will be received for the coal and for the wood.
JOHN FALCONER, SOLOMON MEHRBACH, WILLIAM JOYCE, SAML. B. H. VANCE, Committee on Fuel.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT 80 NASSAU STREET, BETWEEN FULTON AND John streets—NEWMAN LEOPOLD continues the buying, selling or advancing on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Pianos, Merchandise, Life Policies, for any amount.

AT 715 BROADWAY.—THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID for Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Camel's Hair Shawls, Silks, Pianos, &c.; also Money liberally advanced on the same. Private office, No. 1 Washington place.

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED OFFICE, 66 NASSAU street, you can obtain liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, &c., or will purchase them at their utmost valuation. A. HONIGMAN, Broker.

AT WOLF BROTHERS', 986 BROADWAY, BETWEEN Nineteenth and Twentieth streets—Money loaned on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Silks; particularly Pianos; private parlor for ladies. Business strictly confidential.

AT 57 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR BROADWAY.—I pay the highest price for Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c.; or advance on the same. ISAACS, Diamond Broker, 57 Thirteenth street, near Broadway.

AT HYMAN'S, 710 BROADWAY, LIBERAL ADVANCES made on Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, &c.; or will pay the highest market price for the same.

AT 735—ESTABLISHED 1854—$75,000—ANY AMOUNT loaned on fine Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Camel's Hair Shawls, Laces, Valuables, &c., or will buy; extraordinary prices paid. J. H. BARRINGER, 735 Broadway, opposite Astor place.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWelry, Pianos, Liquors, Cigars and all descriptions of merchandise, especially furniture; same bought; storage taken. 11 and 17 Abingdon square, Eighth avenue.

39 NASSAU STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and all kinds of Merchandise. The same bought and sold. HAYMAN LEOPOLD, room 1.

403 SIXTH AVENUE, BETWEEN TWENTY-FOURTH and Twenty-fifth streets.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and all kinds of Goods. Same bought at full value. L. BERNARD.

685 BROADWAY, CORNER AMITY STREET.—Money liberally advanced on Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds and all other personal property. The same bought and sold. M. ROSENBERG.

697 BROADWAY, CORNER OF FOURTH STREET.—Liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, Camels' Hair Shawls, Laces and property of every description. JAMES P. MATTHEWS.

806 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE ELEVENTH STREET.—Money liberally advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, Dry Goods and personal property of every description; private entrance for ladies. J. L. JACKSON.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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BOARDERS WANTED.

1 WEST TWENTY-SIXTH STREET, CORNER OF Broadway.—Southerners and strangers, elegant Rooms, first class table and attendance, $25 to $40 per week for gentleman and wife; house newly furnished, fresh, clean and home like. SHERMAN HOUSE.

1 HANDSOME FLOOR TO LET—SEPARATELY OR together, with Board, to a small family or to party of gentlemen, at 159 West Twenty-third street; family small. House first class.

2 WHITON STREET, NEAR MAPLE, LAFAYETTE, Jersey City.—Gentlemen can have Room, Breakfast and Tea; family private; one block from cars; Sunday dinner; price $5

3D HOUSE FROM TWENTY-SECOND STREET AND Fourth avenue, 281 and 279.—Fine cool Rooms, with Board, for gentlemen and their wives or family; location first class; good table; terms moderate.

5TH AVENUE, 164, NEAR TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—Handsomely furnished front Rooms on the first story to let; bath and gas; also other Rooms; Breakfast if desired. References.

5TH AVENUE (NO. 33), CORNER TENTH STREET.—Handsomely furnished Rooms, for families or gentlemen, with first class Board. Transient parties accommodated; also a few table boarders.

5TH AVENUE, ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE summer locations in town.—Large, airy, well furnished Apartments, with or without private table, on moderate terms, in the spacious double house 45 Fifth avenue.

5TH AVENUE, 273.—FRONT SUIT OF ROOMS HANDsomely furnished, to let, with first class Board.

5 ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, BATHROOM ..., with Board, for single gentlemen and gentlemen and wives. ... West Twelfth street, near Fifth avenue. Terms moderate.

$6 TO $10.—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH EXCELLENT Board, for families and single persons, at 176 Bleecker street, six blocks west of Broadway.

$6 TO $10 PER WEEK.—GENTLEMEN OR GENTLEman and wife can obtain Board, with pleasant Rooms, at 29 East Washington place, between Broadway and Washington square.

$6 TO $8.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM, WITH presses, marble basins, hot and cold water, bath, gas, good table. 292 West Twenty-fifth street, near Eighth avenue.

$7 PER WEEK FOR HANDSOMELY FURNISHED Rooms, with Board; also Rooms en suite or singly, without board, at moderate prices. Apply at Everett Library, 583 Sixth avenue.

9 WEST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—ROOMS TO rent, with first class Board; four doors from Gilsey House; transient boarders taken.

10 EAST THIRTY-THIRD STREET.—VERY DESIRAble third floor, front, and hall Rooms; also Rooms on fourth floor, to rent, with Board.

14TH STREET.—ROOMS TO LET, SINGLY OR EN suite, with Board; house and location unusually desirable; liberal arrangements will be made for the summer; references. 156 West Fourteenth street.

14 WEST TWENTY-EIGHTH STREET.—ROOMS, singly and en suite, with and without Board, at reduced rates for the summer.

14 EAST THIRTY-SECOND STREET, BETWEEN Fifth and Madison avenues.—Large front Rooms on second floor, or entire Floor; also Hall Rooms, first class Board; reasonable terms.

16 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE MADison Park.—Southerners can find elegant furnished Rooms, with or without Board, in suits or separately.

19 WEST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—WITH BOARD, Suit of front Rooms, or will let separate; also single Room; summer prices.

24 WEST THIRTIETH STREET.—PARLOR AND Bedroom adjoining; also single Rooms, with or without Board; summer prices. Adjoining Gilsey House.

25TH STREET, NO. 114, EAST.—VERY DESIRABLE Rooms on second and third floors to let, with Board, in a private family. References exchanged.

27 WEST THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET.—PLEASANT Rooms, singly or en suite, with Board, very low for the summer; satisfactory reference required.

29 WEST FIFTEENTH STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVenue.—Handsome Rooms on second and third floors, with Board; first class brown-stone house, newly furnished; location excellent; reference required.

31ST STREET, 214, NEAR THIRD AVENUE.—PLEASant front Room, with good Board, with a private American family; $14 for two; every convenience and good location; reference required.

34TH STREET, 146, EAST, NEAR LEXINGTON AVEnue.—Pleasant large and Hall Rooms, with Board, to Southerners and others; summer prices; house and location first class; references exchanged.

34TH STREET.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FLOOR to let, with first class Board, for families and single gentlemen. Inquire at 166 West Thirty-fourth street.

35 GRAMERCY PLACE, EAST TWENTIETH street.—Large, handsomely furnished Front Room for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; also a handsome small Room, with first class Board; summer prices.

36 EAST THIRTY-SECOND STREET, NEAR MADIson avenue.—Large handsome Room on second floor to let, with Board; Large Room on fourth floor; transient boarders taken.

36 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, NEARLY OPposite Madison square.—To let, with first class Board, entire Floor, three rooms deep, with every convenience possible—closets, drawers, clothes rooms, &c.; new carpets, new furniture, all handy; neat small family.

37 UNION SQUARE.—TWO NEATLY FURNISHED Rooms, $4 50 and $5 50 per week; delightful location; Board if desired. Inquire of Mrs. LAWRENCE, top floor.

38 WEST TWELFTH STREET, BETWEEN SIXTH and Seventh avenues.—Handsomely furnished Rooms, en suite or single, with or without Board; also Board in the country; terms moderate; references.

42 GROVE STREET.—A LARGE FRONT ROOM, neatly furnished, to let, with good Board, at low prices for the summer; also Room for single gentlemen.

44 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET.—LARGE AND airy Rooms to let, with or without Board; location fine; cool and healthy; very desirable for summer.

48 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET, NEAR SIXTH avenue.—Strangers visiting New York can find good Board, with home comforts, by the day, week or month; house kept by a Southern lady; best references given.

50 WEST NINETEENTH STREET.—LARGE AND small Rooms, handsomely furnished, with strictly first class Board, for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. Reasonable price.

50 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET.—ELEGANT Rooms for gentlemen, with Board, during the summer.

51 WEST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN Broadway and Sixth avenue.—A fine Suit of Rooms on second floor to let, with Board; generous table; terms moderate; small family.

54 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, NEAR FIFTH Avenue Hotel.—Most central location in the city; Rooms with Board, at moderate prices, for the summer months.

63 PARK AVENUE.—ELEGANT COOL ROOMS TO let, with Board, to families or single; reference.

66 WEST NINETEENTH STREET.—A HANDSOMEly furnished Second Floor to let, en suite or singly; also handsome Rooms on third and fourth floors, front, with good Board, at reasonable rates.

104 EAST FIFTEENTH STREET, NEAR FOURTH avenue.—A few young ladies can be furnished with Board.

104 LEXINGTON AVENUE, NEAR TWENTYseventh street.—Several very desirable furnished Rooms, with Board, at first class private residence. Terms for summer moderate. Reference given and required.

123 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET.—HANDsomely furnished Room to let to gentleman and wife; Board for lady only; brown stone house; modern improvements; table first class.

123 MADISON AVENUE.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO rent, en suite or separately, without board or with private table.

160 WEST ELEVENTH STREET, NEAR SIXTH avenue.—Large and small Rooms to permanent parties, with unexceptionable Board, at moderate prices. References.

184 BLEECKER STREET, NEAR MACDOUGAL.—Handsomely furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board, at moderate rates. Table Board $4 50 per week.

200 WEST FOURTH STREET.—FURNISHED Rooms to let, with Board; price $5 and $8 per week.

200 WEST FORTY-SECOND STREET, CORNER Seventh avenue.—Beautiful front Room, with first class Board, to gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; highest reference to guests.

203 WEST THIRTY-EIGHTH ST, ONE SHORT block from Broadway.—Brown stone front; prettily furnished second story front Room and Bedroom, $25, en suite, or to let separately; best of Board.

224 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET.—TO LET, with Board, a large Room on second floor, furnished or unfurnished; hot and cold water; bath attached. Those in pursuit of a home call. Terms moderate.

262 WEST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN Seventh and Eighth avenues.—A gentleman and wife or a few single gentlemen can be accommodated with good Board; private family.

302 EAST EIGHTEENTH STREET.—PLEASANT Rooms to let, with Board, on second floor.

302 EAST BROADWAY.—TWO GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with front Room and Board; $9 per week.

357 WEST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—PRIVATE family, with few select boarders, have hall Rooms to let, to single gentlemen, with good Board; house and neighborhood first class. References.

410 EIGHTH AVENUE.—A MAN AND WIFE CAN BE accommodated with Board in a small family. Apply all the week.

A PRIVATE FAMILY (WHERE THERE ARE NO other boarders) desire to rent a handsomely furnished Room, with good Board. Address 418 Lexington av.

A PRIVATE FAMILY HAVE NICELY FURNISHED Rooms to let for housekeeping, or would board a small party or lady; no other boarders. Also Floor to let suitable for doctor or any other business, furnished or unfurnished; house nice, and has all modern conveniences. Terms moderate. For three days call at or address 228 West Fortieth street.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—WITH OR WITHout Board, at 233 West Twenty-sixth street.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM TO let to a gentleman and wife in a small private family, with Board for wife; terms low and no other boarders. Address A. C., box 200 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED LARGE ROOM on third floor, also a Hall Room on same floor, with first class Board, at summer prices, at 17 West Fortysecond street; references exchanged.

AN AMERICAN LADY HAS A PLEASANT AND neatly furnished Room to rent, permanent or transient; where there are no other boarders; none but first class parties need apply. Call for three days. Address 22 Sixth avenue.

BOARDERS WANTED.

MADISON AVENUE, NO. 112.—PLEASANT ROOMS, with home comforts and first class Board, for families or single gentlemen; terms very reasonable for summer or to permanent parties.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

A YOUNG GERMAN GENTLEMAN WANTS A COMfortable Room and Board in an American family; terms moderate. Address, with particulars and price, BOARD, box 1,963 Post office.

A YANKEE CLERK WANTS BREAKFAST AND TEA, with single Room, in a clean locality, for $5 50 a week. Address O. S. A., Herald office.

A WIDOW HAVING A ROOM TO LET, WITH COMforts of home and no other male boarders, may address M. L., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE between Thirtieth and 100th streets and Fourth and Eighth avenues. Address, with terms, &c., B., box 237 Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, FOR two young gentlemen; location, vicinity Fourteenth street, east to Second avenue, west to Sixth avenue. Address, with terms, S., box 194 Herald office.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy.
JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street.
GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

NICE ROOMS WANTED—BETWEEN TWENTY-THIRD and Thirty-fourth streets, not west of Sixth avenue, with Board for lady; would prefer a place where there are no other boarders. Address M. G. M., Herald Uptown Branch office, ... Broadway.

TWO AMERICAN GENTLEMEN WISH TO FIND Board in a respectable German family, where they will have an opportunity of hearing the German language spoken. A. B. C., 77 University place.

TWO GENTLEMEN WOULD LIKE TO ENGAGE Board in a private family, where there are no other boarders; location between Dominick and North Moore streets. Address J. B. B., 115 Hudson street.

WANTED—SITTING ROOM AND TWO BEDROOMS, with Board for five persons, two of them children, aged 7 and 12; private table preferred. Address, stating terms, L., box 54 Post office.

54½ WEST 32D ST.—A FRENCH LADY OF EXperience in teaching, owning a piano, wishes to exchange lessons in music and French for board in city. Address L. O.

BROOKLYN BOARD.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—TO LET, WITH OR WITHout Board, a handsome Suit of three Rooms on second floor; also one large Room on third floor; location very desirable. 255 Henry street, near Joralemon, five minutes' walk from Wall street or South ferry.

HOTELS.

ANGELL'S TURKISH BATHS—LEXINGTON AVENUE and Twenty-fifth street, coolest rooms in New York, for gentlemen or families; transient or permanent; with or without meals; house and baths open all night.

LELAND'S ST. JULIEN HOTEL, NEAR BROADWAY, No. 4 Washington place.—Large cool Rooms, $7 a week; Board, with wine, $10; Parlor, with Bedroom, on first floor, with Board, $30.

LIBBY HOTEL, WARREN STREET, ONE BLOCK from City Hall.—Cool, light Rooms, with new hair beds, 50c. a day; $2 50 to $4 a week; family Rooms $1 and $1 50 a day, $4 to $8 a week.

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL, 30 BOWERY, CORNER Bayard street.—200 light Rooms, neatly furnished, 50c. or 60c. per night, $3 to $4 per week, for gentlemen only.

SHERMAN HOUSE, BROADWAY, CORNER OF Twenty-sixth street, on American plan.—Elegant and newly furnished Rooms, $3 per day. Full Board per week for gentleman and wife, $25 to $40. Lodging, $1.

WHITNEY HOUSE, CORNER OF TWELFTH STREET and Broadway, second block above Stewart's.—Single and double Rooms at very reasonable prices for the summer months. The most desirable situation in New York.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A FEW BOARDERS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED AT the residence of a private family. Address box 218 Post office, Stamford, Conn.

A LADY, INFANT AND NURSE WANT BOARD AT A farm house, within 50 miles of New York and easy of access; terms must be moderate. Address A., box 127 station D, New York.

A FAMILY OF FIVE CAN HAVE FIRST CLASS Board in a cottage near the Pequot House, New London. Inquire of Mr. WEEK, 53 West Twenty-third street, New York.

A FEW ADULTS, OR CHILDREN UNDER GOOD discipline, can find a shady home, in a pleasant locality, 2½ hours' from city, four minutes from station; terms very reasonable. Address FARMHOUSE, Salem Centre, Westchester county, N. Y.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J., 20 MINUTES' DRIVE FROM depot, 1 hour and 25 minutes by rail from New York, a few desirable Rooms can be had for the season in the Grand View House; pure mountain air, picturesque drives and all the advantages of country living; excellent stabling. Particulars at 45 Fifth avenue.

AT PIERMONT, ON THE HUDSON.—AMPLE grounds; healthy location; no chills; house situated on the river bank; rooms en suite or singly, with Board. Apply at 54 West Twenty-third street.

BATH, L. I., ONE HOUR FROM NEW YORK.—Country Board on seashore, late summer residence of Hon. Godfrey Gunther; first class Board; superior facilities for bathing, fishing, &c.; finest location on Long Island. Particulars at 273 Fifth avenue.

BOARD AMONG THE CATSKILLS.—A PARTY OF young ladies can be accommodated with Board at a gentleman's private residence in a beautiful village among the Catskill Mountains; price $6; table, house and location first class. Inquire for particulars of H. C. SAGE, 336 Greenwich street.

BOARD AT BERGEN POINT.—FINE ACCOMMODAtions for two or three single gentlemen; boating, bathing, fishing and stabling; conveyance to and from the depot. Apply to or address S. F. IRELAND, 201 Broadway.

BOARD AT CORNWALL, ON HUDSON.—FIRST class house; most healthy location; one hour and forty minutes from city. For particulars apply to
JOHN PARR, 647 Eighth avenue.

BOARD AT WOODBRIDGE, N. J.—MOST DELIGHTful location on the Hackensack Railroad; stabling for horses. Address H. A. P., Herald office.

BOARD AT HASTINGS, ON HUDSON.—FIRST CLASS house; very healthy location; 45 minutes from city, Hudson River Railroad; good stabling. Apply to or address R. S. MOORE.

BOARD WANTED IN THE COUNTRY—FOR TWO ladies, in neighborhood of fishing; farm house preferred. Address, with terms, F. J., 56 Water street, New York.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A LADY, WHERE THERE are not many other boarders, within a short distance of New York, near the water; Long Island or New Jersey preferred. Address, stating terms, Mrs. H., box 60 Post office, Rye, N. Y.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, WIFE AND two children (one 6 years old, the other 3) near the city; price not over $15 per week. Address O. H., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—BY SEASIDE, MOUNTAINS, springs, farm houses, immediately. Address BOARDERS' DIRECTORY, 737 Broadway. Applicants for board directed.

BOARD WANTED—AT NEW BRIGHTON OR SNUG Harbor, Staten Island, by a single gentleman, of highest respectability; private family preferred. Address PUBLISHER, box 6,001 Post office, New York.

BOARD WANTED—ON STATEN ISLAND, FOR MAN, wife and three children; New Brighton preferred. Address box 4,405 New York Post office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A PARTY OF 10 OR 12, AT A private house; surf bathing, good Board and within one hour of New York; terms moderate. Address O. K., 242 West Fiftieth street.

BOARD WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY, ABOUT 20 miles from city, for a lady and infant; a good, comfortable Room and plain food desired; a farm house preferred; would be permanent if suited; terms not over $7 per week. Address WIDOW, Herald office.

BOARDERS WANTED—AT A FARM HOUSE IN CONnection, 45 miles from New York; mountainous and healthy location; terms, $7 per week. Address Mrs. CHAS. HOEGAN, North Milton, Conn.

CENTRAL HOTEL, ORANGE, N. J.—HAS BEEN thoroughly renovated and is now open for the reception of summer boarders.
J. W. McCHESNEY, Proprietor.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT THE MINERAL SPRING Mountain House, Cornwall, near the Mountainville station; terms $10 for adults, $5 for children. Address CHARLES C. HAILLER, Post office, Mountainville, Cornwall.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT A LARGE FARM HOUSE 20 miles in New Jersey, for a small family; rooms large and airy; mountain air, &c.; terms moderate. Address COMFORT, Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD—NEAR KATONAH, HARLEM Railroad; farm house; terms moderate. Call on or address W. G. FULLER, 450 West Twenty-fifth street, for two days.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT A PRIVATE BOARDING house, among the Catskill Mountains; good farm; plenty of milk and vegetables; every attention; ½ of a mile from cars; trout streams in vicinity; city reference. Address NICHOLAS BROWNE, Shandaken, Ulster county, New York.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT A PRIVATE BOARDING house, six miles from Catskill village; Board $5 per week. Call, for particulars, on E. R. FROST, 42 Fourth avenue.

COUNTRY BOARD—IN A FIRST CLASS HOUSE, near Catskill Mountain House; good rooms and table, and pleasant location. Address W. A. PECK, Palenville, Greene county, N. Y., for particulars.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT MODERATE PRICES; MUST be seen to be appreciated; well adapted for families with children. Gentlemen wishing to spend the Sabbath with their families will be conveyed to and from the Depot free of charge. Address Mrs. ANNER, Nyack, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD—ONE HOUR AND A QUARTER from city, Morris and Essex Railroad, one mile from Chatham depot, on a farm; high ground; splendid views; 10 trains daily; terms $8. Address Mrs. FRANCES W. GREEN, New Providence, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD AND A FEW HOURS' DAILY INstruction, for two boys, aged about twelve years, in a private family; within an hour of the city. For terms, &c., address M., box 2,223 Post office, New York.

COUNTRY BOARD AT ROSELLE, N. J.—HOUSE beautifully situated within three minutes of depot, 45 minutes of city; terms reasonable. Apply or address MANSION HOUSE, as above.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—WITHIN 40 MILES OF New York, by a gentleman, wife, infant and nurse; a quiet farmhouse near a railroad station preferred. Address, stating terms and location, BOARD, 53 Murray street, New York.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN and wife, from July 26 to October 1; within one hour's ride from the city; terms must be reasonable. Address W., Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—SEASHORE PREFERred, for lady, child (3½ years) and nurse, with husband over Sunday; applicants must state terms or no notice taken. Address, for five days, BUCKINGHAM, box 193 Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—AT WEST POINT OR Cornwall, by a gentleman and wife, in a first class private house or boarding house. State particulars, and address box 819 Post office, New York city.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—IN A FARM HOUSE, for a lady and two children, aged two and three years; terms not to exceed $12 per week. Address G. M. L. S., Herald office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—IN A FIRST CLASS PRIvate family, for lady and two daughters, in vicinity of Riverdale, Yonkers or Tarrytown, where there are plenty of shade, lawn and good table; terms $7 per week each. Address, stating location and accommodations, E. H. R., box 1,501 New York Post office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—STATEN ISLAND PREferred; an elderly gentleman wishes a Room, with breakfast, in a good house, well situated. Address, with terms, PETTEGREW, box 3,623 Post office.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy.
JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street.
GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

DE GROOF MANSION, FOREST GROVE, MORRISania.—Large, airy Rooms; bath, gas, &c.; shady grounds; location high and healthy; within one hour of city by boat or cars. Address box 127 Morrisania Post office. Reference, present guests.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, SUITABLE FOR families or single persons, at beautiful farm residence, near Elizabeth, N. J. Call at Moody & Co.'s, 153 Broadway.

GOOD BOARD, PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH SPLENdid view of mountains, can be had at Franconia, N.H. Reference—C. Oak, 52 Park place. Address MILO J. CORLISS, Franconia, Grafton county, N. H.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, SOUTH ORANGE, MONTROSE station, N. J., one hour from Barclay street, via Morris and Essex Railroad.—Favorable arrangements can be made for the summer season at this popular hotel, which for comfort and convenience has no equal in the vicinity of New York; 34 trains daily.
C. HITZELBERGER, Proprietor.

OSCAWANA LAKE HOUSE, ON THE BEAUTIFUL lake of that name, in the mountains, above Peekskill, N. Y., is now open for the reception of guests; terms $11 and $12 per week; fishing, hunting.
ABIJAH LEE, Proprietor, Peekskill, N. Y.

ONE OR MORE FAMILIES CAN OBTAIN PLEASANT, newly furnished Rooms and Board with a private family, in one of the most pleasant villages in Southern Berkshire, Mass., at moderate figures. Refer to S. B. GOODALE, No. 5 West Twenty-third street, Fifth Avenue Hotel.

PERSONS DESIRING BOARD FOR THE SUMMER can be accommodated at a house pleasantly situated along a river, near the ocean, a short distance beyond Long Branch; boating and bathing; terms moderate. Address Mrs. L. TUCKER, New Branch, N. J.

PLAIN, GOOD COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR gentleman, wife and infant, where few boarders are taken, within one hour of city; near water preferred; terms must be moderate. Address W. J. T., box 4,253 New York Post office.

SANDS' POINT OR VICINITY.—WANTED, ONE Room for wife and child 6 years and self over Sunday; plenty shade; terms moderate for good plain country fare. Address, with full particulars, FRANK, box 663 New York Post office.

SUMMER BOARD AT CORNWALL. ADDRESS G. H. CARSWELL, Cornwall Landing, N. Y.

SEABRIGHT.—LONG BRANCH LINE; SHADED grounds, large house, private family, bountiful table, city style; low prices; surf or still bathing, elegant drives, stabling, &c. Apply at 14 East Sixteenth street.

WANTED—COUNTRY BOARD FOR THREE LADIES at a farm house; location must be up the Hudson, where there are bathing facilities; also good drives; must be reached from the city in one hour by rail or boat; terms must be reasonable. Address, stating particulars, A. G. R., Herald office.

WANTED—COUNTRY BOARD, IN A QUIET COUNtry farm house where there are no other boarders, 60 or 75 miles from city, on shore of Long Island preferred, where can be had good sea food, with sailing, fishing and bathing and good roads; accommodations wanted for gentleman, two sisters, maid, coachman and two horses; for the above a liberal compensation will be made. Address, stating terms, COUNTRY BOARD, station H.

WANTED—BOARD BY A GENTLEMAN, NEAR THE water, within 1½ hour of Wall street. Address C. E. W., Herald office.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ALBEMARLE HOUSE, SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Broadway, near Clarendon, now open.—First class private family hotel; situation and accommodations unsurpassed. Address as above, or No. 7 Warren street, room 5.

A FEW PLEASANT ROOMS VACANT AT THE Clarendon, Nyack, on the Hudson, convenient to the city by boat or cars. Call, or address Mrs. ADAMS, box 129 Herald office.

A.—ST. MARK'S HOTEL, NEW BRIGHTON, STATEN Island.—Two Suits of two Rooms each, just vacated. Apply by letter or in person to DE CAMP & COLE, proprietors.

BELMONT HALL, NEW BRIGHTON, STATEN Island, fronts the bay.—Large new bathing house, just erected; splendid salt water bathing; 30 minutes from Dey street, near landing; reasonable rates.

BOARD TO BE HAD IN THE CATSKILL MOUNtains, 16 miles from Catskill landing, at the foot of High Peak; good fishing, fine hunting and romantic walks; board $6 per week. For further information address K. EVERY, P. M., South Durham, Greene county, N. Y.

CHESTNUT GROVE HOUSE, THIRD LANDING, Clifton, Staten Island.—Beautiful, cool and shady grounds; Board at reasonable rates. Refers to R. Baxter, 29 Barclay street, for full particulars.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL IS NOW OPEN.
Address EDWARD COZZENS,
West Point, N. Y.

CORNWALL-ON-THE-HUDSON.—JOHN L. WOOD offers excellent accommodations to summer visitors in the delightful mountain air and scenery of the Highlands. Direct to JOHN L. WOOD, Cornwall, N. Y.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy.
JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street.
GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

JENKINSON'S HOTEL,
Highlands, New Jersey,
enlarged this year (1872) to double its former size, will open June 25. JAMES JENKINSON, Proprietor.

LINWOOD HOUSE, ON THE PALISADES—FIRST class House, newly furnished throughout; very fine location; well shaded; one hour from city by boat from Spring street, at 10, 2, 5:15; from Thirty-fourth street, at 10:15, 2:15, 5:30; terms moderate. Apply on the premises, or at 341 Broadway.

MAISON DOREE, PENSION PRIVAT, WASHINGTON street, opposite Continental Hotel, Saratoga Springs. Table d'hote, de 1 à 3. Parties desiring a comfortable home will do well to call before going elsewhere.
BOON & CO.

MANSION HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, N. J., IS NOW open. SAMUEL LAIRD, Proprietor.

NORWOOD HOTEL, NORWOOD, N. J.—TWENTY miles from New York, on the Northern Railroad of New Jersey; terms moderate.
WM. R. FUNSTON & OSCAR FLORENCE.

OCEAN HOTEL (LATE CONTINENTAL),
LONG BRANCH,
open for the season Wednesday, 26th. Superior accommodations for families and gentlemen.
CHARLES & WARREN LELAND, Managers.

PAVILION HOTEL, GLEN COVE, L. I.—ACCOMMOdations for families at moderate rates; music every evening. C. L. BRIGG.

PAVILION HOTEL, KEYPORT, N. J.—NOW OPEN for summer boarders; 1½ hour by boat from foot of Barclay street, at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
W. J. FOOLE, Proprietor.

PEABODY HOUSE, YONKERS, ON THE HUDSON—Now open for transient and permanent guests.

RING LAWN, CORNWALL, ON THE HUDSON, ADjoining Linden Park.—A few families desiring good Board can be accommodated. Address H. SMITH, Ring Lawn.

SOUTHSIDE HOTEL, AMITYVILLE, L. I., ON GREAT South Bay, 1½ hour by Southside Railroad, open for guests; good fishing and boating.
Mrs. E. C. KING & SON, Proprietors.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, MARION, N. J.—FIRST CLASS table; elegantly furnished Rooms, en suite or singly; all modern improvements; splendid shade trees and parks; good stabling, driving, boating; all the attractions of the country; eight minutes by New Jersey Railroad from Jersey City ferries, Cortlandt or Desbrosses street; 58 trains daily; terms moderate. Apply on the premises, or to GILES, WALES & CO., 13 Maiden lane.

STORM KING HOUSE—NOW OPEN; ALSO A NICE Cottage to let, furnished.
JESSE BIRDSALL, Cornwall Landing, N. Y.

SUMMER BOARD ON CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.—Maple Grove House, Palenville, Greene county, N. Y. PHILO PECK, proprietor. A delightful summer resort, within a few hours of New York, by steamboat or railroad. For terms address as above, or apply at 110 William street, New York.

SUMMER BOARD AT CORNWALL—FIVE MINUTES walk from Mountainville station, two hours from New York; terms reasonable; rooms fine. Address STEPHEN BRUNDAGE, Mountainville Post office, Orange county, N. Y.; or inquire of J. RIDDLE, 13 Waverley place.

TO RENT—BUILDING 134 EAST FORTY-FIRST street, near Lexington avenue; four stories; 22x122, and 24 feet width in rear; adapted for a livery stable or factory. Apply to COLEMAN BENEDICT, 14 Broad st.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, LONG BRANCH, IS NOW open. P. LAIRD, Proprietor.
E. H. CRITTENDEN, Manager.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I., has been newly refitted and renovated with all modern improvements, is now open for guests.
MICHAEL MULRY, Proprietor.

WAWAGANDA HOUSE, WARWICK, ORANGE COUNty, N. Y., F. W. POND, Proprietor.—This popular summer resort has just been thoroughly renovated, improved and newly furnished, and offers great attractions for families from the city.

BILLIARDS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW AND SECOND hand Billiard Tables; also Balls, Cues, Cloth and everything appertaining to the business; Tables taken on storage. GEORGE E. PHELAN, No. 7 Barclay street, formerly of the firm of Phelan & Collender.

GREAT REDUCTION, BALLS—$12, $15, $18 PER SET; Cloths, $5, $6 and $7 per yard; Tables, from $100 up to $400, complete, with Delaney's Patent Wire Cushions, which are being daily substituted in the place of all other makers; first for elasticity and correctness of angles; second, they are self-protective; third, eleven cushions can be made. Be not humbugged by the different makers. Call at any factory, 40 Vesey street, and examine for yourselves. W. H. GRIFFITH, 40 Vesey street.

THE BEST NEW AND SECOND-HAND BILLIARD Tables in the city for sale at SHARP'S warerooms, 153 Bleecker street. Prices from $150 to $300 cash.

SALES AT AUCTION.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
Salesrooms 95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets.
By ALLEN B. MINER & BRO.,
THIS DAY (TUESDAY), JUNE 25,
at 10½ o'clock, at private residence
353 West Fifteenth street, between Eighth and Ninth avs.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet and Brussels Carpets, pier and mantel Mirrors, rosewood and black walnut Parlor Suits, in crimson and gold brocatel; black walnut marble top Centre and Side Tables; Etageres, black walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes, Wardrobes, Bookcases, oak Extension Dining Table and Chairs, mahogany Etagere, Sofas, in haircloth; Rockers, painted and enamelled Cottage Suits, hair Mattresses, feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows; mantel Ornaments, lace Window Curtains, Shades and Cornices; black walnut Hall Stand, Stair Carpet, Rods, Crockery, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.
Also,
THIS DAY (Tuesday), June 25,
at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 4 Leroy place, Bleecker street, Mortgagees' sale of a general assortment of Household Furniture. By order, Henry H. Rice, Attorney for Mortgagees.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
Salesrooms 95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets.
By ALLEN B. MINER & BRO.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26,
at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence
457 West Thirty-fourth st., between Ninth and Tenth avs.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Velvet and Brussels Carpets, stair Carpet, damask and lace Curtains, black walnut Cornices, crimson rep Parlor Suits; black walnut Piano, aeolian attachment; elegant carved rosewood, mahogany and black walnut Chamber Suits; rosewood Card Table, black walnut marble top Centre Tables, black walnut Bed Lounge in reps, hair Mattresses, feather Bolsters and Pillows, black walnut Wardrobe, black walnut and marble top Buffet, oak Extension Dining Table, Mirrors, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
Salesrooms 95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets.
By ALLEN B. MINER & BRO.
WEDNESDAY, June 26,
at 11 o'clock, at their salesrooms,
95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets.
SALE OF FINE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKEYS, &c.
Including two lines of Cognac Brandies in original packages of 11 and 4½ gallons each; consignments of the favorite shipments of the London and Peninsular Wine Company, goods imported in cases; Duff Gordon Sherries; Mousley's Virgin Sherry; Hunt, Roope & Co.'s Ports; J. Howard March's Madeiras; Barton & Guestier's Sauternes; Hennessy's Martel and Otard Brandies, old Jamaica Rum, Bourbon Whiskeys of 1855, Holland Gins, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
Salesrooms 95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets.
By ALLEN B. MINER & BRO.,
THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, JUNE 27 AND 28,
at 11 o'clock each day, at their salesrooms,
95 CHAMBERS AND 77 READE STREETS,
A LARGE AND FINE COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL MODERN OIL PAINTINGS,
embracing choice characteristic works of the leading artists of the Belgian, French and German schools; also a number of fine examples from the studios of resident American artists:—

Angus, W.	Hulk, F.	Ronner, Henrietta
Carabain, J.	Kurrasseg, C.	Reyntjens, H. E.
De Beul, L.	Koekkoek, B. C.	Savry, H.
De Beul, H.	Koekkoek, M. A.	Ten Kate, H.
De La Hoese, E.	Leickert, Charles	Vander Waarden, J.
De Block, A.	Moorman, Frans	Van Severdonck, F.
Dansschroeder,	McEntee, J.	Van Wyngaert, C.
Eversen, A.	Portielje,	Van Hove, H.
Gyselinkx, J.	Verschuur, W.	Vermeulen, A.
Gerard Lucien,	Willems,	Von Seben, H.

And others. The above are on exhibition, with catalogues.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
Salesrooms 95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets.
By ALLEN B. MINER & BRO.,
SATURDAY, JUNE 29,
at 10½ o'clock, at our salesrooms,
95 Chambers and 77 Reade streets,
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CARPETS, &C., &C.
Details in time.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street,
opposite the Post office.
IMPORTANT AND COSTLY SALE OF SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
made to order, without regard to cost,
by our best city makers.
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL
have received instructions
to sell by auction on
THURSDAY and FRIDAY, June 27 and 28,
at their salesroom,
37 Nassau street, at 10½ o'clock,
the entire costly Furniture of a family declining housekeeping. In the
DRAWING ROOM
may be found superb velvet and moquet Carpets, very beautifully carved Suit, in striped satin brocatel, with slip covers; Etagere, statuary marble-top inlaid Centre Tables, bois de rose Cabinets, inlaid Music Canterbury, Chickering's Grand Piano, Reception Chairs, Ladies' Reclining Chairs, Work Tables and Escritoire, elegant marble Clocks, Vases and Ornaments; lace and brocatel Curtains, pier and mantel Mirrors.
The Etagere, Ornaments and Bronzes are very fine.
Among the various articles in the
DINING ROOM
are very elegant French inlaid carved walnut Extension Table, with Buffet, Chairs and Lounge to match; fine English Carpets and Curtains to match.
THE GLASSWARE
made to order, delicately cut and engraved.
THE CHINA,
of the finest French porcelain, very beautifully decorated.
The
Clocks, Vases, Candelabras,
Gas Fixtures in keeping.
Silver Ware, Cutlery, Epergne, &c.
In the assortment of
Chamber Furniture
are beautiful French inlaid and carved French walnut and rosewood Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes, Armoire-a-Glace, Turkish Easy Chairs and Lounges.
THE BEDDING OF THE FINEST QUALITY.
Hair and Spring Mattresses, Bolsters and Pillows, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Towels, Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.; Carpets, Lace Curtains, &c.
LIBRARY.
Fine Dwarf and Wing Bookcases, Pedestals, Bronzes and Clocks, Lace and Brocatel Curtains, Library Tables, Ottomans, Library Suit, silk reps; Reclining Chairs, &c.
The Books to be sold on some future day.
The assortment of
KITCHEN FURNITURE
very fine, consisting of single and double Refrigerators, Tables, with six and eight drawers, inlaid with marble, for pastry; Copper Ware, fine English
Britannia and Bell Metal Ware,
Glass, China, Cutlery, &c.
The assortment of Linen is very large and quite new.
Also
Camphor-Wood Chests, Walnut Silver Chests.
The above, on inspection, will be found to be the finest sale of the season.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street,
opposite the Post office.
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL
will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, June 27, at 11 o'clock, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF AT PRIVATE SALE,
the entire contents of the elegant Confectionery Store, 135 Court street, near State street, Brooklyn, comprising in part an elegant Soda Fountain, one "Gee's" Patent Generator, marble-top Tables, carved walnut Counters and Partitions, Baker and Oyster Oven, Oilcloths, Glassware and China, all the Utensils appertaining to a first class confectioner's, the stock, Candies, &c.; also the Lease of above store from May 1, 1872, four years to run. For full particulars apply at the auctioneer's office, 37 Nassau street.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER,
office and salesroom 37 Nassau street,
opposite the Post office.
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL
will sell on Tuesday (this day), at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, 37 Nassau street,
a general assortment of
Household Furniture of every description.
Office Desks, Refrigerators, &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, AUCTIONEER.
A PORTION OF THE HARSEN ESTATE,
COMPRISING FIFTY-FOUR LOTS AND GORES ON THE WEST SIDE OF GRAND BOULEVARD, NORTH SIDE OF SEVENTY-FIRST STREET AND EAST SIDE OF ELEVENTH AVENUE,
will be sold at auction, by
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.,
on THURSDAY, June 27, at 12 o'clock,
at the Exchange Salesroom, 111 Broadway.
Two-thirds of the purchase money may, at the option of the purchaser, remain on bond and mortgage for three years.
The title is undoubted. The lots are naturally graded, and none of them are much above or below the street level; the grade of the Boulevard at Seventy-first street is 74 feet above high water mark, and at Eleventh avenue and Seventy-first street the grade is 82 feet above.

A LARGE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE SALE This day, at private residence, 124 West 29th st., commencing at 10½ o'clock, by HENRY ZINN, Auctioneer. Sells over 350 lots by catalogue, viz.:—Rosewood Pianoforte, cost $900; rich Parlor Suits, in latest styles; Mirrors, Brussels Carpets, Lace Curtains, 30-day Clocks, Ornaments, Bookcase, Oil Paintings, marble top Tables, &c. Bedroom contains rosewood and walnut Bedroom Suits, single and double Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, spring and hair Mattresses, Bedding, Chairs, Carpets, Toilet Sets, Sheets, &c.; also Dining Room, Basement and Kitchen Furniture. Sale positive.

ALBERT B. WALDRON, AUCTIONEER.
Salesrooms 108 Liberty, 111 Cedar and 88 Church streets.
FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, &C.
On WEDNESDAY, June 26, 1872, at 10½ o'clock.
WALDRON & COOKE will sell, as above, a very fine assortment of Goods, including Parlor, Library, Dining Room and Hall Furniture, in suits or separate pieces, and of every description; also Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Bedding of all kinds, Crockery, Glass, Mirrors, Pictures, &c. On exhibition this day. Catalogues to-morrow morning. On Thursday, Dry and Fancy Goods, Hats, Groceries, &c., &c.

AUCTION NOTICE.
THIS DAY—TUESDAY,
at 10 o'clock,
LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE SALE
of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
including
DAMAGED GOODS,
saved from a late railroad collision,
consisting of
Dress Goods, Domestics, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Notions, Hardware, &c., &c.
Also,
20,000 PIECES PAPER HANGINGS,
A portion slightly damaged at a late fire, comprising gold and velvet, embossed satin and plain Paper Hangings, Borders and Decoration, Newest Styles Foreign and American Manufacture.
Attention of buyers is invited. Catalogues and goods now ready. WM. TOPPING & CO., Auctioneers,
122 Church street.

AUCTION SALE.—MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD Furniture, rosewood Pianoforte, Drawing Room Suits, Paintings, Bronzes, Silver Ware, at public auction, this day (Tuesday), June 25, at the elegant residence, 36 West 15th st., between 5th and 6th avs., the property of M. A. Finke, Esq., sale commencing at 10½ o'clock. AUGUSTE MARTINES, Auctioneer. Drawing Room Suits, Pompadour, Marie Antoinette styles, covered richest description silk brocade; Etageres, Cabinets, Bookcase, Tables, Paintings, Bronzes, Clocks, Vases; rosewood Pianoforte, celebrated maker; rosewood, walnut Bureaus, Bedsteads; Mattresses, Blankets, Counterpanes; Chinaware, Linen, Glassware, Cutlery; Basement, Kitchen Furniture. N. B.—Parties wishing to attend this sale take 5th av. stages or 6th av. cars.

AMOS STOOKEY, AUCTIONEER—NINTH SALE UNclaimed property at Central Office, Tuesday, June 25, at 10 o'clock—Irish Rags, Boots, Sugar, Clothing, Dry Goods, Bonds, Watches, Revolvers, &c.

AUCTION NOTICE.—EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF China, Crockery, Glass, Fancy Goods and Table Cutlery. E. H. SEIXAS, Auctioneer, will sell on Wednesday, June 26, at 10 o'clock, the balance of the entire Stock and Fixtures of the late S. W. Heath, contained in store 510 Sixth avenue, consisting of the most desirable assortment of the above goods ever offered at auction. Trade will find this sale well worthy of their attention, as every lot will be sold without any reserve to close the estate.

SALES AT AUCTION.

AUCTION.—CLINTON B. OSGOOD, AUCTIONEER.
OSGOOD & CO.
will sell at their salesroom,
126 Chambers street, near College place,
TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), JUNE 26, 10½ A.M.,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT SECOND HAND
Carpets, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Plympton Secretary Bedstead, Hair, Husk, Straw Mattresses, Pier Mirrors, Feather Beds, Pillows, Bolsters, Parlor Suits, Centre Tables, Buffets, Chairs, Tables, &c.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR HOUSEKEEPERS, hotelkeepers and the trade.
Over 600 lots and over $20,000 worth
elegant Household Furniture, Paintings, Carpets,
at public auction, to the highest bidders,
this day (TUESDAY), June 25, at 10½ o'clock,
at the large five story brown stone mansion
252 West Forty-second street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues. EDWIN NICHOLS, Auctioneer. Over 600 yards velvet, Brussels Carpets; eight elegant Parlor Suits, covered with brocatel, reps and haircloth; Mirrors, rosewood Pianoforte, Curtains, Bronzes, Vases, Clocks, Paintings, Etageres, Tables, Bookcase, Buffet, Dining Table, Glass, China, Silver Ware; 15 rosewood and walnut Chamber Suits, Mattresses, Bedding, Sofas, Lounges, Chairs; Basement and servants' Furniture, &c. Goods packed and delivered for purchasers.

AUCTION SALE THIS (TUESDAY) AFTERNOON, AT 1½ o'clock,
Handsome and genteel Household Furniture.
Property of a private family leaving city, at their residence, 238 West Forty-second street, one block west of Broadway, rosewood 7½ octave Pianoforte, two satin brocatel Parlor Suits, two do. covered with reps, Carpets, Curtains, fine Paintings, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Tables, Lounges, Turkish Suit, Etageres, Bronzes, Vases, Statuary, Glass, China and Silver Ware. Sale positive.

AUCTION NOTICE.—$20,000 WORTH OF ELEGANT Household
Furniture at public auction this day (Tuesday), morning, commencing at 10½ o'clock, at 5 story private mansion 120 West 23d street, bet. 6th and 7th avenues, comprising 350 lots by catalogue—viz., brilliant toned 7¼ octave rosewood Pianoforte, 3 magnificent Parlor Suits, 500 yds. Carpet, Mirrors, Books, Bookcase, Oil Paintings, rich Bronzes, magnificent Bedroom Suits, rosewood and walnut single and double Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Hair and Spring Beds, Linen, &c.; Dining Room, Basement and Kitchen Furniture. Sale positive in lots to the highest bidder. Goods packed and shipped.
LUKE FITZGERALD, Auctioneer.

BY JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., AUCTIONEERS.—THE Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell
100,000 tons Scranton Coal
at public auction, on Wednesday, June 26, at 12 o'clock noon, at 26 Exchange place.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

BY MAX BAYERSDORFER, AUCTIONEER—SELLS at 10 o'clock, 497 Pearl street, elegantly fitted up Meat Market. Rare business chance. Together or in lots.
MAX BAYERSDORFER'S Office, 245 Bowery.

BY MAX BAYERSDORFER, AUCTIONEER—SELLS this day (Tuesday), at corner Court street and Centre avenue, Hunter's Point, large stocked Grocery, choice stock of Groceries, excellent Fixtures, &c. Fine business place. Dealers, attention.
MAX BAYERSDORFER'S office, 245 Bowery.

BY JOHN A. DUNN, AUCTIONEER.
JOHN A. DUNN & CO.,
Salesroom 237 Bowery.
Mortgage sale, this day, at 10½ o'clock, at 528 Hudson street, the Stock and Fixtures of that old established Drinking and Oyster Saloon, consisting of Brandies, Gins, Sherry and Port Wines, Bourbons, &c.; also Chairs, Tables, Glassware, Crockery, Cooking Utensils, Stoves, Mirrors, Engravings, Gas Fixtures, together with black walnut Counter, Oyster Stand, &c. By order of mortgagee.

BY S. DINGEE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.
Unreserved sale of
Household Furniture, Piano, Carpets, Bedding, &c., &c.
S. DINGEE, Auctioneer,
will sell THIS DAY (TUESDAY), June 25, 1872,
commencing at 11 o'clock A. M.,
the Furniture contained in private house, 245 East Thirty-second street, between Second and Third avenues, consisting in part of fine Parlor and Bedroom Suits, Piano, Patent Bed Lounges, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, Hair, Husk and other Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows, &c., &c.

BY ISADORE J. SWARZKOPH, AUCTIONEER—SELLS at 10 o'clock, at 633 East Sixteenth street, stock Groceries, Teas, Coffees, Soap, Fixtures, in lots. Dealers invited. I. J. SWARZKOPH, 273 Bowery.

CALL FOR FREE PASSES AND PICK OUT LOTS, AT Whitestone, before the 27th; know what you buy.
JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street.
GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, 133 Nassau street.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE at South Orange, N. J.
By order of Caleb D. Gildersleeve and James M. Gildersleeve, executors of John Gildersleeve, deceased.
J. W. WILDEY, Auctioneer,
will sell on Thursday, June 27, 1872, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the late homestead of John Gildersleeve, on the Morris and Essex Railroad, between South Orange and Maplewood stations, the following pieces of Real Estate:—
1. Corner Lot of about one and seven-tenths acres.
2. Homestead, with about 2 acres.
3. Saw Mill Lot of about 3½ acres.
4. Wood Lot of about 7¼ acres.
5. Two salt meadow Lots.
Trains leave New York—Barclay and Christopher streets—at 10:10 and 11 A. M. and 1:10 P. M.
SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., June 15, 1872.

EDWARD PETTINGER, AUCTIONEER—SELLS THIS day, at 11 o'clock, at August Hynard's, 77 Eighth avenue, elegant Furniture, consisting of Bedsteads, Bureaus, Chairs, Saloon Tables, Paintings, large assortment of Carpets, Bedding; also elegant Meat Fixtures, marble-top, complete, and large lot Human Hair, Waterfalls, Braids, Frames, Fixtures, &c. Sale peremptory.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—HENRY DREHER & SON, AUCtioneer's office, 172 East Houston street, sell, Tuesday, June 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the northeast corner avenue B and Thirteenth street—Household Furniture, Brussels Carpet, Sofa, Chairs, Bureaus, one fine black walnut Wardrobe, one imported French Clock, 6 fine Feather Beds and Pillows, Hair Mattresses, Bedsteads, Tables, Stoves, Engravings, Curtains, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Utensils, &c. By order of Henry Bernhardt, Executor.

GO TO
THE GREAT
CONTINUATION SALE.
200 SUPERB LOTS,
WEST DUNELLEN, NEW JERSEY,
THURSDAY, JUNE 27.
Free train, free lunch, music by Grafulla.
For free tickets, maps, &c., apply to
R. L. WILLIAMS & CO.,
112 Broadway,
MABEN & CO., 15 Willoughby and 206 Montague streets, Brooklyn, and real estate offices opposite depot, Plainfield.

HENRY B. HERTS, AUCTIONEER, 534 BROADWAY.
Household Furniture, Carpets, Mirrors, &c.,
on THURSDAY, June 27, at 10½ o'clock,
at salesroom, 534 Broadway, between Spring and Prince streets,
being the entire contents of a large house, removed from Staten Island for convenience of sale,
comprising velvet, Brussels and ingrain Carpets; Pier Mirrors, rosewood and walnut Parlor and Library Suits in cotelaine and reps; walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, fine Hair Mattresses, Feather Pillows and Bolsters; China, Glass and Silverware; Table and Bed Linen, Lace Curtains; fine Oil Paintings, Engraving and Chromos; French Clocks; Lounges and Easy Chairs, &c., &c.; in use only a few months, and well worthy the attention of purchasers.

HENRY FELTMAN, AUCTIONEER.—WHITNEY & FELTMAN will sell to-morrow, at 11 o'clock, at their salesrooms, corner Dey and Greenwich streets, a fine lot of Horses, Top and No top Wagons, Harness, Blankets, Saddles, &c. Rare chance.

JERE. JOHNSON, JR., AUCTIONEER.
Brilliant auction triumphs.
Fourth grand sale
in the lovely village of
Whitestone, L. I.
350 splendid Lots,
adjoining improvements of
Conrad Poppenhusen, J. J. Locke,
and others, will positively be sold,
by peremptory order of Messrs. Pauly & Schlesinger, of College Point, under direction of
George W. Van Siclen, attorney, on
THURSDAY, June 27,
on the premises, at 12:30 o'clock.
Grafulla's famous Band.
The inimitable Harrison.
Rural Banquet under an
Immense Canvas Pavilion.
Sale absolute; no reserve; no by bidding.
Terms easy; 70 per cent on mortgage.
Special train, free, will leave, via James' slip and Thirty-fourth street ferries, at 11 o'clock sharp.
Free tickets, also passes to visit the property beforehand, of WM. PAULY & A. D. SCHLESINGER, at India Rubber Comb Company's Works, College Point; also of JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 25 Nassau street, and of G. W. VAN SICLEN, Attorney, 133 Nassau street.

JERE. JOHNSON, JR., AUCTIONEER.
REMEMBER
the great sale of the
MICKLE ESTATE,
consisting of Mansion,
in which three of the Mayors of
New York have resided,
1,030 Building Lots
and
20 water view Villa Plots,
situated at
BAYSIDE, L. I.,
takes place this day.
Mammoth Clam Bake (Crocheron),
Turtle Soup, Gould's inimitable style,
Grafulla's famous Seventh Regiment Band,
Harrison, the great Improvisitore,
Rural Banquet, under an immense Canvas Pavilion.
Special train will leave via James slip and Thirty-fourth street ferries at 11 o'clock sharp. Free tickets, until 10½ at JERE. JOHNSON'S, Jr., 25 Nassau street, N. Y.

JOHN H. DRAPER, AUCTIONEER.
JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.
will sell on
Tuesday, June 25, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
at 53 South Fifth avenue, between Prince and Houston streets, contents of Mineral Water Factory—1 French Apparatus for manufacturing mineral water, 1 French Apparatus for manufacturing champagne and bitters, 1 Bottling and 1 Fastening Machine, 2,130 French Syphons, 210 Seltzer Water Boxes, 75 Soda Water Boxes, 144 dozen Soda Water Bottles, Corks, Chemicals, &c.; all implements, Fittings, Apparatus, Cylinders, &c., connected with the business.

JACOB BOGART, AUCTIONEER.
Wednesday, June 26,
at 11 o'clock, at the auction rooms, No. 1 North William street, a general assortment of Parlor, Bedroom, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture; Carpets, Mirrors, &c.

JAMES CAGNEY, AUCTIONEER, REAL ESTATE and Loan Broker, 531 Hudson street.—Handsome Household Furniture this day, at 10½ o'clock, at private residence 339 West Houston street, without any reserve, in consequence of a death; consisting elegant Pier Mirror, with marble; excellent Piano, Parlor Suits, Oil Paintings and Pictures, marble top Centre and other Tables, Brussels, three-ply Carpets, French and Cottage Bedsteads, Bureaus and Washstands, fine Bedding and Bed Linen and Clothing, Wardrobes, Card Tables, Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, complete; Dining and Kitchen Furniture, Crockery, China and Glassware, &c.

JAMES CAGNEY, AUCTIONEER, REAL ESTATE and Loan Broker, 531 Hudson street.—Genteel Household Furniture Thursday, June 27, of the three story dwelling 11 Varick street, comprising entire Furniture, without any reserve, owner leaving the city.

MORTGAGE SALE.—JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL, Auctioneers, 110, 112 and 114 East Thirteenth street, will sell, on Friday, June 28, at 12 o'clock, by virtue of a chattel mortgage, the Horses, Harness, Clarences, Barouche and Carriages of a livery stable. By order of S. J. STORRS, mortgagee's attorney.

SALES AT AUCTION.

LEWIS E. WOOD, AUCTIONEER,
will continue the sale of
200 valuable Building Lots,
IN THE TOWN OF GREENVILLE, HUDSON COUNTY, N. J., ON
WEDNESDAY, June 26,
at 2½ o'clock, on the premises.
This property comprises some of the most desirable real estate ever offered in Hudson county. The location is delightful, on high ground, with an extended view of the city and bay of New York, Brooklyn, Staten Island, &c.
The station of the Central Railroad of New Jersey is on this property. There are twenty-six daily trains each way between New York and Greenville; the time from foot of Liberty street, New York, to Greenville Station is twenty minutes, and the fare (by excursion tickets) ten cents.
Terms of sale.
One-third cash, two-thirds to remain on bond and mortgage for three years at seven per cent.
For maps, &c., apply at the Post office, Greenville, or of LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer, 79 Montgomery street, Jersey City, or to M. ARMSTRONG, 19 Ferry street, New York.

MORTGAGE SALE.—BENJAMIN P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer—On Wednesday, June 26, 1872, at 11 A. M., at 43 Maiden lane (top floor), a quantity of Type of every description. By order of Attorney for Mortgagee.

O. H. PIERSON, AUCTIONEER.
By A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., Auctioneers and Dealers in New Jersey Real Estate, No. 6 Pine street, New York.
Auction Sale
of
300 of the choicest Lots
ever offered at auction, at
Rutherford Park, N. J., on
WEDNESDAY, June 26, 1872,
at 12:30 P. M., on the premises at and about the Erie station, in the midst of
Churches, Schools, Stores and Dwellings.
Every lot graded and fronting on avenues graded and sewered, with sidewalks and trees; the very best lots, without any exception, that have ever been offered at Rutherford Park, being the most valuable property in the town for business purposes or residences.
Special train will leave New York at 11 A. M. on day of sale.
Music by Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band.
Luncheon.
For Maps and Passes apply to J. FISHER SATTERTHWAITE, 10 Pine street, or to the Auctioneers.

ORDER OF SUPREME COURT.—AUCTION SALE OF Business Property on West Broadway, at Exchange Salesroom, 111 Broadway, on Wednesday, June 26, at 12 o'clock.

PAWNBROKERS' SALE.—WATCHES AND JEWELRY, R. FIELD, Sheriff's and General Auctioneer,
Salesroom 121 Bowery,
will sell THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
600 lots
Gold and Silver Watches,
Diamond and Gold Jewelry,
Pins, Rings, Earrings, Gold Guard, Fob and Vest Chains, &c.
Also Guns, Pistols, Musical and Mathematical Instruments, &c., &c.
By order of R. Simpson & Co., 195 Bowery.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—THOMAS KEYWORTH will sell, this day, at 107 Columbia street, at 1 o'clock, a large assortment of goods, viz.:—Coats, Pants, Vests, Dresses, Remnants, Shawls, Sheets, Under-clothing, &c., &c. By order of Joseph A. Weaver. Dealers invited.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—WILLIAM S. INGRAHAM, 58 New Bowery, will sell this day, at 12 o'clock sharp, 500 lots (seasonable) men's and women's Clothing, Dresses, Shawls, Remnants, Bedding, Undergarments, Coats, Pants, Boots, Shoes, &c. By order David Silberstein, 40 Sixth av.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—THIS DAY, BY JOHN MORTIMER, 42 East Broadway, 500 lots choice Men's and Women's seasonable Clothing, fine Bedding, Boots and Shoes, &c. By order A. H. Samuels, 335 Grand street, Williamsburg.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—THIS DAY, JAMES AGAR, Auctioneer, will sell, at 50 New Bowery, 500 lots silk and other Dresses, lace and crape Shawls, silk Basques, Remnants, Table Linen, Underclothes, Sheets, Spreads, Coats, Pantaloons and Vests. By order of A. J. Jackson, 90 Prince street.

SALE OF IMPORTED CATTLE AND SHEEP.—JOHN H. DRAPER & CO. will sell on Friday, June 28, at the country seat of Mr. W. H. Aspinwall, Rockwood, Tarrytown, Alderney Cattle, Grade Cows and Northamptonshire Down Sheep. Sale at 1 o'clock P. M., without regard to weather and without reserve. Conveyances will meet 10:45 A. M. train from New York.

S. HERMAN, AUCTIONEER.—MARSHAL'S SALE OF Sewing Machines, Tables, &c., on Wednesday, June 26, at 10½ o'clock, at 18 Bowery, six Singer's Sewing Machines, eight Stands, a lot of Sad Irons, Ironing Boards, Tables, Chairs, &c., being the contents of a tailoring establishment; also, at 11 o'clock, at 741 Ninth street, a lot of Tables, Chairs, Stoves, &c. Sale positive.
L. RINDSKOPF, City Marshal.

WILLIAM ABBOTT, AUCTIONEER,
office No. 6 City Hall place,
will sell on this day, at 10½ o'clock, the splendid Restaurant and Fixtures at 289 Eighth avenue, corner of Twenty-fourth street; all the fixtures are in perfect order. By order of G. B. Dorvant.

FURNITURE.

AT PRIVATE SALE FOR LESS THAN HALF ORIGInal cost—Property of family leaving city; magnificent Pompadour satin brocatel Parlor Suit, cost $450, for $150; one do. $100; Marie Antoinette Parlor Suit in satin, cost $550, for $225; beautiful Turkish Suit, two colored reps, silk tassels, cost $600, for $250; walnut reps Suits, $35 and $50; Carpets, 50c. per yard up; Pianoforte, Stool and Cover, cost $750, for $275; Mirrors, Curtains, Paintings, Bronzes, Alaska Vases, Chamber Suits, in walnut, rosewood and painted; Mattresses, Buffet, Extension Table, &c., at a great sacrifice. 252 West Forty-second street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

A PARTY HAS AN ORDER TO PURCHASE A LARGE quantity of handsome and plain second hand Furniture for cash; will buy in any sized lots, from $100 to $10,000. Address ATTORNEY, Herald office.

A RARE CHANCE.—PRIVATE FAMILY LEAVING city, at private residence, 124 West 25th st., Parlor Suits $75, rep Suits $40, Bedroom Suits $45, and 300 lots cheap for cash. Call for one week.

A PRIVATE FAMILY LEAVING THE CITY WILL dispose of their Furniture in lots to suit purchasers; Pianoforte; Parlor Suits, $150; one do., $50; Bedroom Suits, $25 upwards; Bookcase, Etageres, Curtains, Mirrors, Oil Paintings, Bronzes; Carpets, 50c. per yard; over 300 lots, less than half cost. Call at private residence 120 West 23d street, near 6th avenue.

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF HOUSEHOLD Furniture for sale; property family leaving city; superb Drawing Room Suits, covered satin brocatel, cost $650, for $200; one do. $150; do. $45; rosewood Pianoforte, cost $800, for $275; Mirrors, Velvet, Brussels Carpets, Paintings, Bronzes, Clocks, Ornaments, Silverware, Glassware, Cutlery; rosewood, walnut Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, style Louis XIV.; Mattresses, Bedding, Furniture servants' apartments. Call before purchasing elsewhere. 36 West 15th st., near 5th av.

BARGAINS FOR CASH OR ON EASY TERMS—AT B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.'S, 155 Chatham street. The largest and best assortment of Furniture, Carpets and Bedding in the city; Parlor and Chamber Suites in great variety. Weekly and monthly payments taken.

CARPETS,
Furniture,
Beds, Bedding, &c.
Payments taken
by the week or month.
Terms easy.
KELLY & CO.,
corner of Twenty-fifth street and Sixth avenue.

MONTHLY OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS—CARPETS, Furniture, Bedding, &c.
DEALY & CUNNINGHAM.
384 and 386 Third avenue, near Twenty-eighth street.
Prices lower than any other house in the city.

PARLOR AND SOFA BEDS, PAYNE'S PATENT.—Before buying examine them at No. 40 Bleecker st.

THE FURNITURE OF A FIRST CLASS, WELL ESTABlished boarding house for sale; rent cheap; location pleasant and desirable; thirteen permanent, good paying boarders. Address M. V. G., Herald office.

CLOTHING.

AT 833 BROADWAY, NEAR THIRTEENTH STREET—H. HERZ pays the highest prices for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel, Carpets, &c. Ladies waited on by Mrs. Herz.

AT B. MINTZ'S, 63 SIXTH AVENUE, BETWEEN Washington and Waverley places, ladies and gentlemen will be astonished at the great prices B. MINTZ pays in cash for Silk Dresses, $10 to $60; gentlemen's Clothing, 50 per cent more will be paid than elsewhere. Please call or address. A note by post punctually attended by Mr. or Mrs. Mintz.

AT 33½ SIXTH AVENUE, NEAR FOURTH STREET—we will pay 50 per cent more than any other dealer for cast-off Clothing, Carpets, Jewelry, &c., by calling or addressing by post. Satisfaction given by Mr. or Mrs. NATHAN.

AT M. MARKS' WELL KNOWN ESTABLISHMENTS, 93 and 101 Sixth avenue, opposite Eighth street, ladies and gentlemen can receive the utmost value in cash for their cast off Clothing, Carpets, Jewelry, &c., by calling on or addressing Mr. or Mrs. MARKS. Please call and satisfy yourself.

AT S. MISH'S, 127 THIRD AVENUE, LADIES AND gentlemen can receive the highest price for Cast-off Clothing and Carpets by calling or addressing. Ladies attended by Mrs. Mish.

AT 297 THIRD AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-THIRD street—M. LEON pays the highest price for ladies and gentlemen's cast-off Clothing, Carpets, &c. Ladies waited on by Mrs. Leon.

AT THE UPTOWN ESTABLISHMENT, 536 SIXTH avenue, near Forty-sixth street—Wanted immediately, 200 pairs cast-off Pants; also 100 Overcoats. Can pay for Pants from $1 to $5; Coats from $5 to $20 each; and Dresses from $5 to $60 each; also Carpets. Address Mr. or Mrs. FLATTO.

ATTENTION!—I TAKE THE PLEASURE OF INforming you, ladies and gentlemen, having any Wearing Apparel, Carpets, Furniture, &c., to dispose of, should call on or address Mr. or Mrs. ROSENBERG, 246 Seventh avenue, second house above Twenty-fourth street, if you wish 50 per cent more than elsewhere.

81 SIXTH AVENUE.—A LARGE ORDER RECEIVED for Cast-off Clothing, Jewelry, Carpets, &c. Astonishing prices can be obtained for Pants, $2 to $18; Coats, $6 to $25; Dresses, $5 to $75, by calling on or addressing Mr. or Mrs. H. HARRIS, 81 Sixth avenue, third door above Waverley place.

MEDICAL.

ATTENTION!—TWENTY YEARS' PRUSSIAN HOSPItal experience. Private diseases successfully and permanently cured. Consultation free.
DR. FRANKLIN, 161 Bleecker street.

A.—MRS. W. H. MAXWELL, 114 EAST TENTH STREET. Female Physician; advice gratis.

A LADIES' PHYSICIAN.—MADAME SELDEN, 67 Amity street, visits ladies at their residences; confidential and skilful treatment. Advice free.

DR. KING CURES ALL DELICATE DISEASES AND derangements; one visit sufficient; consultations strictly private. 14 Amity street, near Broadway.

DR. HARRISON, 188 BLEECKER STREET, CURES special diseases immediately, without exposure. Read celebrated treatise on nervous debility.

LADIES SPEEDILY CURED AND BOARDED DURing sickness by Dr. and Mme. WEST, Ladies' Physicians, 142 West Twenty-fifth street.

MME. VAN BUSKIRK, PHYSICIAN AND MIDWIFE.—25 years' successful practice. Private lying-in. Consultation free. 154 East Twenty-eighth street.

PHYSICIAN FOR LADIES AND FRIEND OF THE unfortunate.—Dr. BOTT, 125 Waverley place, near Sixth avenue. Relief sure.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

YACHTING.

THE WALLACK CUP REGATTA.

A Light Breeze and a Pretty Race to Long Branch and Back.

THE MADELEINE WINS THE CUP.

The Resolute and Eva, Though Beaten, Not Disgraced.

The mug hunters were early afoot yesterday, as a distant rendezvous and uncertain winds always require a large margin of time when depending on canvas alone as the motive power to carry one to the point of departure. The William Fletcher, Captain Emmons, left pier 28 East River at eight A. M., with the Regatta Committee and members of the press on board. While steaming down towards Staten Island the prospects of wind and weather were freely discussed, as after clearing Bay Ridge it became plainly apparent that Sandy Hook was surrounded by a decidedly objectionable fog-bank. The thickness of the atmosphere recalled to mind the day selected last year for the regatta for the Wallack Cup, when fog had obliged a postponement of the race, and it now appeared as if a further delay would arise from a similar cause. As the Fletcher came up to the Narrows the Magic, Tidal Wave, Tarolinta and Peerless were discovered outward bound, and patiently endeavoring to make headway against a light southeasterly breeze and the first of the flood. After steaming past these yachts Mr. Bend, of the Regatta Committee, came to the conclusion that in order to obtain an early start it would be better to give them aid, and consequently returned to carry out that charitable project. The Tarolinta, Magic and Peerless were soon fast to the stern of the Fletcher, and in the meanwhile the Madeleine had been taken care of by another tug that was cruising around in search of a customer. The Fletcher arrived off Sandy Hook shortly before noon, and although there was a pleasant working breeze the fog was still pretty thick. The Resolute, Eva, Foam and Tidal Wave were cruising about, awaiting the arrival of the judges.

THE COURSE

was to be across an imaginary line between the judges' boat William Fletcher and Buoy 5, off Sandy Hook, to and around a stakeboat off the West End Hotel, Long Branch, keeping it on the port hand in turning, and return over the same course. Yachts were to pass between the judges' boat and Buoy 5, off Sandy Hook, coming home. The start was to be a flying one, and the time of each yacht to be taken as she crossed a line between Sandy Hook Buoy 5 and the judges' steamer (the William Fletcher).

The signals for starting were to be given from the judges' steamer, as follows:—

For a preparatory signal one whistle and the yacht club flag on the steamer to be lowered, and ten minutes later, for the start, one whistle and the flag to be again lowered. No yacht's time to be taken less than fifteen minutes after the second whistle, unless instructions to the contrary were given by the judges. The expiration of the time will be marked by a third whistle and lowering of flag.

The regatta was to be sailed under the sailing regulations of the New York Yacht Club, and attention was called to the fact that, by recent action of the club, the rule restricting the number of men to be carried on regattas was rescinded, and yachts might carry any number of men.

All yachts carried their private signals at the main peak.

After some little delay while the Fletcher steamed through the fleet and gave the sailing instructions, a consultation was held with Mr. Lester Wallack, of the Columbia, and the donor of the cup, after which the Fletcher steamed off and took up a position to the eastward of Buoy 5 and blew the preparatory signal. Ten minutes then elapsed, after which the second whistle was blown and the yachts started to cross the line. The following yachts were entered:—

		Cubical Content.
Resolute	Mr. A. S. Hatch	13,755
Madeleine	Mr. F. Voorhis, Jr.	8,544
Tidal Wave	Mr. W. Voorhis	8,880
Magic	Rear Commodore F. Osgood	4,519
Eva	General E. Burd Grubb	4,467
Foam	Shepherd Homans	6,404
Peerless	J. R. Maxwell	2,732

THE RACE.

The Foam was the first yacht to come up to the Fletcher, and she finally crossed the line on the port tack and stood in for the point of the Hook. The Madeleine went across about a minute later, closely followed by the Eva, both heading out to sea on the starboard tack. The Peerless ran across next on the port tack, with the Magic in her wake, about half a minute in advance of the Tidal Wave. The Resolute was some distance behind, and the Tarolinta did not succeed in getting across within the fifteen minutes time. The yachts crossed the line as follows:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Foam	12 57 40	Magic	1 00 44
Madeleine	12 58 58	Tidal Wave	1 01 26
Eva	12 59 10	Resolute	1 10 04
Peerless	12 59 46	Tarolinta	Not tak'n

There was quite a pleasant southerly breeze at this time and the fog had lifted and entirely cleared away. The Foam went in stays at 1h., 15s., and stood out to sea, and the Tidal Wave followed suit about a minute later. There was a rolling ground swell on the water that made the yachts jump around a little, and rather impeded their speed. The Columbia had a party of ladies on board, and as soon as the yachts had all crossed the line she stood off to the eastward. The Magic and Peerless both in went on the starboard tack at 1h., 02m., the latter the windward position. The Madeleine and Eva were both standing out to the eastward and the latter appeared to be getting the best of the match. The Resolute followed after the Madeleine. The Foam was about a cable length ahead of the Magic, who was ocating along side by side with the Peerless. The Tidal Wave was following the Madeleine and overhauling her pretty rapidly. The Peerless stood in shore at 1h. 9m., and, after making a short stretch went about again at 1h. 12m. 36s. The Foam went on the port tack at 1h. 14m. and headed up towards the

HIGHLANDS.

The Tidal Wave was slipping along very cleverly in the light breeze and walking up to windward of the Madeleine and Eva. The Tidal Wave and Peerless stood in shore, passing under the stern of the Magic, who, after standing a couple of hundred yards further, went about at 1h., 20m. The Eva was doing very well and beating the Madeleine, who appeared out of favor. The Eva stood in shore at 1h., 21m., and her example was followed by the Madeleine at 1h., 22m. The Foam, after standing close in shore, went on the starboard tack at 1h., 29m., 30s. The Eva was still slipping away from the

MADELEINE,

and the latter, getting disgusted, went about and stood to the eastward in the hopes of better luck. The Peerless tacked at 1h., 34m., and followed after the Foam. The Tidal Wave went about at 1h., 35m., off the weather quarter of the Peerless. The Magic was doing pretty well, but there was not sufficient wind to bring her best points into play. She finally went about at 1h., 38m., and, being on the port tack, had to give way to the Peerless, who crossed her bow. The Resolute was looking very well, and had adopted the tactics of the Madeleine in standing off to the eastward. The yacht captains appeared all rather puzzled as to whether it was most advisable to tack in shore or keep out, but the latter course appeared to be more generally selected in the hopes of the breeze hauling round more to the westward. The Tidal Wave tacked in shore at 1h., 35m., and crossed the bows of

THE MAGIC

at 1h. 42m. The Eva was closing pretty well, and the Resolute also appeared to be gaining on the Madeleine. The Magic stood in shore at 1h. 47m., and the Tidal Wave went out to sea on the starboard tack at 1h. 48m. and 1h. 49m. respectively. The Foam, Peerless and Resolute all tacked off shore at 1h. 51m. The Madeleine, after making a short stretch on the port tack, stood out again at 1h. 55m. The Magic stood well in shore on the next stretch and then went on the starboard tack at 1h. 56m., passing under the stern of the Tidal Wave, who had gone on the port tack at 1h. 56m.

At this time the breeze still kept pretty steady, and the yachts were about abreast of

SEABRIGHT

with the Foam, Tidal Wave and Magic leading the fleet. The Eva tacked off shore at two o'clock, followed about a minute later by the Peerless, which lay about a cable's length off her windward quarter. The Magic went on the port tack, heading for the shore, at 2h. 4m. The Tidal Wave tacked on the weather quarter of the Foam at 2h. 8m., and succeeded in giving her the go-by. The Magic then lay about two cables' lengths to leeward of the Tidal Wave and Foam, who were leading the fleet. The Eva lay to leeward of the Magic, followed by the Peerless. The Magic finally got bothered a little by the Foam, who was taking her wind, but, letting her have a good full, she slipped ahead and got clear. The Foam and Magic both tacked at 2h. 14m. and the Tidal Wave at 2h. 15m., and then the Magic went about again and stood off shore to get clear of the Foam and Tidal Wave. About this time

THE MADELEINE

began to attract attention as she slipped along about five miles to windward of the fleet and it became apparent that the breeze was hauling more to the eastward and, by a lucky chance, from last she had come to be first. The Eva looked as if she regretted not having followed the same tactics and secured an easy victory, but determined to make the best of a bad job she went in stays at 2:15 and stood in shore. That, however, did not appear to suit her, as a few minutes afterwards she made another stretch off shore. The Madeleine and Resolute shortly afterwards appeared to be heading well up as they set their jib topsails, and shortly afterwards the former sent up a staysail. As the fleet came up towards the northern end of

LONG BRANCH

the Tidal Wave and Foam were running along the shore, and the Magic was standing out, trying to catch a little more breeze from the eastward. The Eva passed the stern of the Magic, and ran along after the Foam and to seaward of the Peerless. The Madeleine now came swooping down about a couple of points off the wind, heading for the stakeboat with staysail and jib topsail drawing, and about a mile and a half ahead of the rest of the fleet. The Magic and Resolute tacked at 3:18, the latter lying off the weather quarter of the former. The Resolute now began to do some very good sailing, and, favored by the easterly, worked steadily by the Magic, about a cable's length to windward. The Madeleine in the meanwhile was slipping ahead, and shortly afterward rounded the stakeboat, anchored off the

WEST END

Hotel and started off for home. The Branch, however, looked rather melancholy, and the yachts were not favored with a very large number of spectators to witness their prowess. The Tidal Wave was the next yacht to get around, followed some five minutes later by the Resolute, who had done remarkably well for a large yacht in a comparatively light breeze. The Eva then came, followed closely by the Foam, who led the Peerless about five minutes. The Magic came last, showing that the race is not always to the swift. The yachts turned the stakeboat as follows:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Madeleine	3 53 05	Foam	4 17 48
Tidal Wave	4 11 52	Peerless	4 22 24
Resolute	4 16 29	Magic	4 23 50
Eva	4 17 11		

Going home the breeze died away considerably, and the yachts spread all sail to catch all the available air that was floating around. The Madeleine got a good start, and, sailing majestically away, wing and wing, was soon a couple of miles ahead. The Tidal Wave came next, followed by the Eva, who had shot by to leeward of the Resolute as they rounded the stakeboat. The monster balloon, jib topsail and club topsail of the latter, however, proved too much for the little Eva in this light air, and the Resolute went by and pursued the Tidal Wave, which was also obliged to succumb to her superior sailing qualities. The Eva also passed the Tidal Wave, which crossed the line a few yards in advance of the Peerless and Foam. The captain of the Magic did not come down to the line, as he kept on his course for Staten Island. The following is the official time of the race:—

	Home. H. M. S.	Act. Time. H. M. S.	Cor. Time. H. M. S.
Madeleine	6 28 51	5 29 53	5 26 25
Resolute	6 50 59	5 40 55	5 40 35
Eva	6 52 28	5 53 18	5 40 41
Tidal Wave	6 52 37	5 51 07	5 48 05
Peerless	6 53 55	5 54 09	5 33 19
Foam	6 54 52	5 57 10	5 50 09

Magic—Not timed.

Mr. W. Bend, of the Regatta Committee, who was assisted during the day by Mr. Charles A. Minton, the Secretary of the New York Yacht Club, decided that the Madeleine had won the Wallack Cup by 6m. 24s., the Peerless being second and the Eva third. The Fletcher then returned home, calling on the way at Staten Island to put on shore Messrs. Bend, Nicholls, Osgood and some other residents of that summer resort. The Fletcher arrived at the Battery shortly after eight P. M.

YACHTING ON THE HUDSON.

The Opening Regatta of the New Jersey Yacht Club—A Fine Breeze and a Good Race—The Sloop Scratch Cat Victrix.

The New Jersey Yacht Club had their first regatta of this season yesterday, and a very pleasant commencement to the lovers of yachting in and around Hoboken it proved to be. During the whole day the heavens were cloaked from view by cumulo-strati clouds, and many fears were expressed lest there should be rain. These fears were groundless, however, as the sequel to the day's sport proved.

The course selected to be sailed over was from the club house at Hoboken, passing to the eastward of a stakeboat anchored off the Columbia Club House, Fifty-seventh street, from thence to the westward of a stakeboat off Pleasant Valley, returning to the westward of the club house mark, and again over the same course. All boats entered had to be handled by members of the club and no ballast was to shifted after the start.

The following sloops took up their position and engaged in the contest for honors:—

FIRST CLASS.

Name.	Measurement. Ft. In.	Name.	Measurement. Ft. In.
Emma	30 3	Frolic	29 3

SECOND CLASS.

Name.	Measurement. Ft. In.	Name.	Measurement. Ft. In.
Charm	28 3	Scratch Cat	25 2
Jessie	26 5	Neptune	22 3
Ripple	25 3		

THIRD CLASS.

Name.	Measurement. Ft. In.	Name.	Measurement. Ft. In.
Dexter	23 10	Lucy	16 0
Dolly Varden	19 4		

A light breeze was blowing from the south-southeast when the starting gun was fired from the steamer Fort Lee, aboard of which vessel were the judges, the committee and a number of ladies who lent their presence to enhance the brilliancy of the scene. A very good start was effected, the sloops getting away together directly the hoarse boom of the signal gun rang out across the turgid tide.

The stakeboat off Pleasant Valley was reached at 12h. 24m. by four yachts in a cluster, and in consequence they got jammed on attempting to round. The Charm, Ripple, Scratch Cat and Dexter hung in a bunch in the wind's eye for several minutes. The Ripple, in colliding with one of her competitors, lost a man overboard (Mr. Brown), but he was recovered and suffered no detriment from his immersion. The Dexter got out of the fix first, and started away on her travels, the wind, freshening slightly, causing her to skim merrily along, with a wet sheet and her lee gunwale adip. The time of rounding the Pleasant Valley boat on the second turn was as follows:—

	H. M.		H. M.
Ripple	4 49	Frolic	4 52
Jessie	4 51	Charm	5 00
Scratch Cat	4 51		

And the remainder some distance astern. The band aboard the Fort Lee dispensed sweet music to the pretty wave cleavers as they sped homewards to the goal. The home stakeboat was passed in the order given below:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Scratch Cat	5 55 00	Frolic	6 01 00
Ripple	5 55 45	Charm	6 01 30
Jessie	5 59 00	Emma	6 41 00

There was quite a considerable excitement at the termination of the race, which was generally voted a very successful one. The judges were Captain Hope, Mr. James Strange and Colonel Cloyd. The Commodore of the club, Mr. E. L. Morton, and the Vice Commodore, Mr. E. W. Ketchum, sailed their respective yachts in the race.

REGATTA OF THE DELAWARE YACHT NAVY.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 24, 1872.

The third regatta of the Delaware Yacht Navy came off to-day. In the first race between cabin yachts of from thirty to thirty-seven feet, course from Shackamaxon street wharf to Chester and return, the Columbia came in ahead, but failing to pass between the wharf and the judges' boat, as the rules required, the prize was awarded to the Colonel J. M. Davis, which was next in order.

The second race was between first and second class fifteen feet yachts. A large number were entered. The Addis won the first prize and the Brown the second.

YACHTING NOTES.

Yacht Edith, H.Y.C., Vice Commodore Cushing, from Harlem, was at Whitestone yesterday and returned.

Yacht Sea Witch, A.Y.C., Mr. Stout, from Greenport, passed Whitestone yesterday, *en route* for Hudson.

TAMMANY HALL.

Action at the Special Meeting Last Night—Seymour To Be Sachem—An Offer Made to Cancel the City's Lease of Its Property for $38,000.

A special meeting of the Tammany Society was held last evening in Tammany Hall, Augustus Schell, Grand Sachem, in the chair. Samuel J. Tilden, Algernon S. Sullivan, Thomas Dunlap and a large number of the recently initiated new members being among those present. After the members had donned their regalia, the flags of the several States had been arranged on the stage, and the old traditional Cap of Liberty had been displayed at the side of the desk of the Grand Sachem, the usual preliminary ceremonies were performed, and Colonel George T. Haws was duly initiated a member of the society. After a few preliminary remarks the following communication was presented by Mr. Samuel J. Tilden, and it was unanimously resolved that it be sent to the Board of Supervisors forthwith:—

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK:—

GENTLEMEN—The Society of Tammany, or Columbian Order, make the following representation to your honorable body:—

The building of this society, except two rooms on the east side which were subsequently for the convenience of the occupants exchanged for two rooms on the west side, was leased to the county by an instrument, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

[Here follows the formal lease of the main portions of the Tammany Hall building to the county for armory purposes, &c.]

The term of the lease is ten years, eight of which were on the 1st day of the present month unexpired.

The rent is $38,000 per annum.

The building is a very large edifice, situate on East Fourteenth street, near Fourth avenue, known as 141, 143, 145 and 147 East Fourteenth street. The cost of the ground and building in 1868 was nearly half a million of dollars.

The rental does not pay the usual interest upon the investment, after defraying the cost of repairs, replacement, assessments and taxes. Nor is any doubt entertained that, with prudent and careful management a better rental could have been obtained from private parties.

Whatever improvidence there may have been on behalf of the public consists, not in agreeing to pay an excessive rent, but in using so valuable a property for unnecessary or inadequate purposes.

At any rate this society is of opinion that the relation created by this lease between the public authority and a society which may be, to some extent, considered political, is not expedient or fit. It leads to criticism, and is calculated to subject this society to imputations of deriving pecuniary advantage from political influence, which, if true, would be wrong, and if untrue would be unjust towards the society.

Under these circumstances this society prefers to deal only with private parties, and to accept such terms as can be obtained from them in the open market.

It, therefore, proposes to your honorable body to give its consent to the cancellation of the lease on the surrender of the possession of the premises, and the payment of the rent up to the time of such surrender. It will also give its consent to the removal of all fixtures and other property belonging to the public on the repair of damage done by such removal.

By order of the Society of Tammany, or Columbian Order. AUGUSTUS SCHELL, Grand Sachem.

JOEL O. STEVENS, Secretary.

TAMMANY HALL, June 24, 1872.

It was announced, after the adoption of the resolutions, that Horatio Seymour has signified his intention to appear at an early day and be installed as one of the Board of Sachems, and it is expected that there will be a very large attendance of the members of the society on that interesting occasion.

The Board of Sachems have made great preparations for the celebration, in the main hall of Tammany Hall building, of the next anniversary of Independence. Prominent democrats from all parts of the country have been invited to participate, and the interior and exterior of the building will be handsomely decorated. The Hon. James Brooks has been selected as the orator of the day, and will make the "long talk," Messrs. Augustus Schell and John Winthrop Chanler, of this city, and several leading democrats from other sections of the country making "short talks," the exercises being varied by music, reading of the Declaration of Independence, &c.

LOUISIANA.

The Split in the Custom House Convention—The Nominations Yesterday.

BATON ROUGE, June 24, 1872.

On Saturday night Kellogg addressed the crowd in front of his headquarters, when he affirmed his intention of inaugurating an honest government in the interests of reform. He denied using a dollar in the way of bribery to secure his election. Several other speakers followed with platitudinous remarks. On Saturday night Billings took away with him about twenty disgusted delegates, and many others also left for home. Great difficulty was consequently experienced when the Convention met this morning in seating the alternates who were on hand. A plentiful supply of free whiskey, a taste of social equality and occasionally a little money gave value to the position of the delegates, which was actively sought after. Each faction had recruited its army without difficulty, but about an hour was spent in settling the rival claims and re-establishing the Convention on a nominating basis. It was as disorderly as ever, and opened with the formal withdrawal of Mr. Bovee, who had been nominated for Secretary of State, in favor of O. C. Blandin, a New Orleans nigger. Bovee said he only sought the office in order to be endorsed against Warmoth's tyranny.

S. Peters (white), of Caddo, was then announced as having been nominated for Congress for the short term by the delegates from the Fourth Congressional district. Several names were put in nomination for Secretary of State, but were nearly all withdrawn again amid a whirl of excitement, Blandin being nominated on the first ballot by a vote of 177 to 99 for a rival candidate.

It was then announced that J. R. Sypher had been nominated for Congress by the delegates of the Second district, amid another scene of confusion. Half a dozen of candidates were placed in nomination for Auditor, and resulted in the nomination of Charles Clinton, at present United States Treasury Agent in New Orleans, by a vote of 162 against 130 scattering.

With coats off and a high sense of responsibility the Attorney Generalship was then tackled, and the backers of Fields, Belden and Colonel George W. Carter rushed their names before the Convention in quick succession amid applause and hisses pretty well distributed. Carter most unexpectedly, and somewhat irregularly, came forward at this point and made a speech. He said he was a true republican and recognized the wisdom of fair dealing in the leaders and of harmony in the ranks. Nothing else could win the fight. He had never asked anything nor did he do so now. He had only to say he did not want to be on the ticket, and therefore withdrew his name from the large, intelligent and dignified body. John Ray, the author of all the iniquitous laws on the new statute books, was then also placed in nomination. The first ballot resulted—A. P. Fields, 129; Belden, 59; Ray, 88. Both the latter then withdrew and Fields was declared unanimously nominated.

It was now plain to be seen that the Custom House slate was to be completed at all hazards, despite the protests of the country delegates, which were loud, long and violent. Burch took the floor, and inveighed against the ticket. The convention was now hopelessly beyond all bounds of propriety, and amid a din and uproar which would have disgraced a Fiji war dance the Chairman declared the nominations for Superintendent of Public Education in order. Here the country negroes made their last stand. From among half a dozen names they centred on Trimble (colored), in opposition to Boothly, who was on the slate. The contest was desperate, enlivened by several fights on the door and in the lobbies. They were on the point of winning when Packard solved the problem by forcing both candidates to decline, and Mr. Charles W. Keating, of Caddo, was nominated by acclamation.

This completes the ticket; and, as nothing is left for the assembled wisdom but to have a war dance and disperse, your reporter bids them adieu, satisfied that they will adjourn *sine die* to-night.

REDISTRICTING MISSOURI.

The Deadlock Between the Two Houses of the Legislature Broken.

ST. LOUIS, June 24, 1872.

The deadlock which has existed between the two houses of the Legislature for some days past on the question of redistricting the State was broken today by the House passing a concurrent resolution, reciting that as grave doubts exist in both houses about the power of the Governor to divide the State into electoral districts both houses adjourn *sine die* at twelve M., and request the Governor to reconvene the General Assembly for the purpose of redistricting the State.

The Senate struck out the preamble from this resolution and passed it.

The House agreed to the amendment and the Legislature adjourned at noon.

Governor Brown immediately issued a proclamation reconvening the General Assembly at two o'clock for the purpose of dividing the State into Congressional districts.

The Senate on meeting took up and again passed the bill adopted last Saturday dividing the State into thirteen Congressional districts, and the House earnestly discussed it most of the afternoon.

The bill gives St. Louis county three Congressmen.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Delegates to Baltimore from the Fifth District.

BOSTON, June 24, 1872.

The Democratic Convention of the Fifth Massachusetts district to-day elected E. M. Skillings, of Winchester, and E. A. Ingalls, of Lynn, delegates to Baltimore.

THE LABOR CONVENTION PRESIDENTIAL TICKET.

BOSTON, June 24, 1872.

It is understood that Mr. Chamberlain, the President of the Columbus Convention, has officially notified Judge Davis and Joel Parker of their nomination for President and Vice President of the United States, and that he is to recall the Columbus Convention to meet in New York in July for a conference.

GROESBECK'S FREE TRADE NOMINATION.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 24, 1872.

There has been no public declaration yet from Mr. Groesbeck with reference to his recent nomination at New York, and there probably will not be until after Judge Stallo's return, which will not occur until Wednesday. Mr. Groesbeck's friends have no idea that he will allow himself to be used in any way to embarrass the Baltimore Convention.

A GREELEY VICTORY IN HOBOKEN.

The following named gentlemen, all Greeley men, were elected yesterday in Hoboken, as delegates to the Democratic State Convention which meets at Trenton, N. J., to-morrow:—

FIRST WARD.—William H. Childs, A. O. Evans, Joseph Russell and E. and S. Besson.

SECOND WARD.—Thomas E. Derken, Hazen Kimball and Frederick W. Heyne.

THIRD WARD.—John McDermott, Rudolph F. Rabe, John Kennedy and Michael H. Murphy.

FOURTH WARD.—John C. O'Sullivan, John Moltze and John Lee.

THE CANAL LOANS.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 24, 1872.

The proposals for a loan of $1,562,000, to supply a deficiency in the sinking fund, were opened to-day. The whole amount offered at par and upwards was $1,751,000, bids and payments to be made in gold. Several offers were made at less than par, but they were not entertained. The range accepted was from 100 and a fraction to 107.27, but mostly at 100 and a fraction.

WASHINGTON.

APACHE WARRIORS AT THE CAPITAL.

Sheep Raid by Their Brethren on the Plains.

THE WHEAT CROP.

The New York Central and the Scrip Dividend Tax.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 24, 1872.

The Apaches in Washington.

To-day General Howard, Captain Wilkinson, of his staff, and Dr. Burdell, Superindent of Indian Affairs in Arizona, made an informal call on General Walker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with the delegation of Indians, representing several tribes in Arizona, who want to have confirmed a treaty of peace recently made at Camp Grant. The Indians were severally introduced to General Walker by General Howard, after which General Walker told the interpreter to say to them that the Secretary of the Interior is away at present, and when he returns they will be officially received. Meanwhile they will be furnished with clothing and can look about the city and see such things as will interest them. Several of the Indians then said, briefly, they were greatly pleased with what they had already seen of the white man's country, and especially with the rain, which seldom falls in the region whence they came. They further said they had seen some of the white man's schools, and desired their children to be educated the same as the children of the pale faces. At the conclusion of the interview the Indians were shown through the model room of the Patent Office, and afterwards they went to the Post Office Department. They were not dressed in Indian costume. All wore pantaloons and shirts and some were provided with coats and hats. They are remarkable in appearance, mainly on account of their short stature, immense shocks of intensely black hair and unusually dark complexion. Neither physically nor mentally will they compare favorably with Red Cloud's party, recently in this city.

The delegation also had an interview with the Secretary of War which lasted half an hour. The chiefs all said that they desired to acquire the ways of civilization, abandon their Indian customs and live like white people. They had been told of the advantages of the life of the whites by the army officers on the frontier, and since they came among the white people they were satisfied the officers told them the truth. They wanted to live in peace with all peoples and help the government in keeping peace. Secretary Belknap said that it pleased him very much to hear such expressions of good will, and he hoped that when they returned home they would practically carry into execution their commendable promises. The President, their Great Father, was now away, but in a few days they should see him and talk to him as they had talked to his Cabinet officer. With this assurance they left for their quarters at the Howard University.

Indian Raid in Arizona.

General Crook reports to the Adjutant General's office, under date of Prescott, Arizona, May 28, that on the 22d of May the Indians killed a herder and captured two thousand head of sheep within a mile and a half of his headquarters. The raid was not known until the evening, when the sheep should have come in. General Crook was absent at the time at Camp Grant, and Captain A. H. Nickerson, of his staff, with two officers and thirty men of the First cavalry, made a pursuit, and, by a rapid night's march, succeeded in recapturing the herd at one o'clock P. M. the next day. Owing to the nature of the canyon in which the command overtook the herd, although they charged immediately, the Indians escaped among rocks and underbrush. The place of capture was about eighty miles from Prescott, near the crossing of the Verde River into the Tonto Basin. The Indians were Santos or Apache Mojaves.

Looking After Poor Lo.

Hon. Felix R. Brunot, Chairman, and Thomas K. Cree, Secretary of the Board of Indian Commissioners, leave to-day for an extended tour among the Indians of Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Utah and Colorado Territories. The object of their mission is to avert the threatened hostility on the part of the wild Sioux on the Northern Missouri River, as the Northern Pacific Railroad approaches their reservation; the purchase of a portion of the Ute reservation in Colorado; to effect the exchange of the southern part of the Eastern Shoshone and Bannock reservation in Wyoming for land north of it, and a general examination into Indian affairs in the Territories visited.

The Wheat Crop.

The June report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture, now in press, is exhaustive in its treatment of wheat statistics. It is based upon reports from 903 counties, of which 199 indicate an average condition, 270 higher than the average and 434 a low condition, ranging from 100, the standard of a medium prospect, down to ten, and in a few cases down to entire failure. The State averages are calculated not simply from the number of counties reported, but from the comparative production of the several counties. These 903 reports include a very large proportion of the wheat area of the country. The summary of the returns of area shows a reduction of two per cent from that of 1871. The acreage of spring wheat in States which grow that variety mainly is represented as follows:—Maine, 105; New Hampshire, 100; Vermont, 102; Massachusetts, 95; Wisconsin, 98; Minnesota, 101; Iowa, 106; Nebraska, 113; Oregon, 107. California, where the distinction of spring and winter is scarcely known, reported:—spring, 120; winter, 130. Illinois, where winter wheat constitutes two-thirds of the crop, gives 101 for winter and 75 for spring. Kansas, where spring wheat predominates, returns 140 for spring and 62 for winter. The States growing winter wheat are:—Connecticut, 95; New York, 98; New Jersey, 98; Pennsylvania, 90; Delaware, 96; Maryland, 100; Virginia, 98; North Carolina, 101; South Carolina, 96; Georgia, 98; Alabama, 105; Mississippi, 95; Texas, 115; Arkansas, 90; Tennessee, 103; West Virginia, 100; Kentucky, 92; Ohio, 78; Michigan, 92; Indiana, 94; Illinois, 101; Missouri, 92.

The condition of the predominant variety in each State is thus stated:—Maine, 101; New Hampshire, 99; Vermont, 106; Massachusetts, 99; Connecticut, 88; New York, 68; New Jersey, 70; Pennsylvania, 70; Delaware, 70; Maryland, 44; Virginia, 85; North Carolina, 101; South Carolina, 97; George, 105; Alabama, 115; Mississippi, 104; Texas, 117; Arkansas, 110; Tennessee, 117; West Virginia, 55; Kentucky, 108; Ohio, 75; Michigan, 75; Indiana, 65; Illinois, 59—spring, 105; Wisconsin, 104; Minnesota, 106; Iowa, 111; Missouri (winter), 58; Kansas, 108—winter, 46; California, 99; Oregon, 95.

The general average of condition for the entire crop is ninety-four. The Department estimate for the crop of 1871 was 230,000,000 bushels, at eleven and a half bushels per acre. Considering twelve bushels an average yield, the area and condition of the present crop on the first week in June pointed to a product of 220,000,000 bushels in 1872. The crop of 1869, which was about sixteen per cent above an average, and the largest recorded in ten years, was 287,000,000 bushels, as returned by the census.

Exit Freedmen's Bureau.

The Freedmen's Bureau is to cease on 1st July, and the property will be transferred to the War Department and put under the immediate control of the Adjutant General.

Secretary Boutwell is not expected until Thursday morning. Attorney General Williams intended visiting Boston, but has been compelled to give up the trip on account of his wife's illness.

The New York Central Scrip Dividend Tax.

The counsel for the New York Central Railroad Company have informed Commissioner Douglass that they will visit Washington some day this week to make final arrangements for the payment of the scrip dividend tax. The counsel have asked the Commissioner to bring suit against the railroad company for the collection of the amount claimed. This Mr. Douglass declines to do, as the law confers a more expeditious method, and if the company do not see fit to pay the amount assessed the property of the road will be seized.

Internal Revenue Stamps.

The Internal Revenue Bureau is now ready to furnish stamps of the denomination of $5,000 for the use of corporations.

Postal Extension.

The Postmaster General to-day ordered the extension of the railway postal service on the Chicago and Illinois Southern Railroad from Marrowbone to Dalton, Ill., six miles.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Homesteads.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has issued a circular of instructions to local land officers in regard to soldiers' and sailors' homesteads under the act of Congress approved June 13, 1872.

Government Bond Interest.

The July interest on the government bonds will be paid without rebate on and after Wednesday next.

Death of the Navigation Examiner.

Dr. G. A. Sturges, of Michigan, principal examiner of navigation and firearms in the Patent Office, died yesterday.

NEW YORK CITY.

Andrew Layke, alias George Hamilton, of Champagne City, Ill., was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective Elder, charged with larceny. He will be sent back to that city to-day to answer the complaint against him.

James Custance, a child two years of age, yesterday afternoon was drowned in the water foot of 106th street, East River. Deceased lived with his grandfather. Thomas W. Custance. Coroner Schirmer was notified to hold an inquest over the remains and will do so to-day.

The alumni of the General Theological Seminary will attend service this evening at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, and to-morrow morning at the Church of the Transfiguration, after which they will have a social reunion at Sivori's, Twenty-seventh street and Broadway.

Coroner Schirmer was yesterday called to 139 West Fiftieth street to hold an inquest on the body of Alex. McIlvany, a child nearly eighteen months old, who died from cerebro-spinal meningitis, thought to have been accelerated from injuries received by a fall some months ago.

On Sunday afternoon William H. Chandler, thirty years of age, and a native of Windsor, Nova Scotia, fell from the mast of the brig Aura, lying off Blackwell's Island, and was so severely injured that death ensued three hours subsequently. The body was removed to the Morgue and Coroner Schirmer notified.

Thomas Ryan, an orphan boy, nine years of age, died on Sunday, at No. 9 Jersey street, where he had long been living. Deceased had long been subject to fits, and on Saturday, it is alleged, he was struck on the breast or head by another boy, which, possibly, may have accelerated his death. Deputy Coroner Cushman, M. D., will make a post-mortem examination on the body.

On Sunday evening John Looney, a man thirty-five years of age, while making a call on some friends aboard the lighter F. L. Miller, lying at pier 49 East River, accidentally fell overboard and was drowned. At six o'clock yesterday morning the body was recovered and sent to the Morgue, where Coroner Schirmer was notified to hold an inquest. Deceased lived at 245 Cherry street.

Commissioner Van Nort visited the public baths last night, between nine and ten o'clock, and found them working satisfactorily. After six P. M. preference is given the men and larger or working boys. Many of the latter evince their fondness for bathing by drying their hair, and, thus deceiving the keepers, get several baths. On Saturday last over six thousand bathers were accommodated. On Sunday over four thousand four hundred bathed before twelve M., when the baths close.

Yesterday morning, at eight o'clock, Officer Deery, of the Twenty-seventh precinct, found the body of an unknown man, about forty-five years of age, five feet eight inches in height, with dark hair and chin whiskers, floating in the dock at pier No. 3 North River. On the right side of the head was a wound or bruise, caused, probably, by coming in contact with some hard substance while in the water. Deceased wore black pants, blue flannel shirt, white cotton socks and brogan shoes. He had a leather strap about his body. Coroner Schirmer was notified.

BROOKLYN COMMON COUNCIL.

New York Car Obstructions—James Street Market—Coal Dealers Warned.

The Board of Aldermen met yesterday, President J. I. Bergen in the chair. The Chairman offered the following preamble and resolutions:—

Whereas Fulton street, in the city of New York, between Front and South streets, and South street, between Beekman and Burling slip, are obstructed by sheds extending into the street beyond the curbstone line of the street, and whereas said obstructions greatly inconvenience the public travel between the two cities; therefore be it

Resolved, That this Common Council request the Common Council of the city of New York to cause said obstructions to be removed.

Resolved, That the City Clerk be requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing to the New York Common Council.

The resolutions were adopted. The Mayor recommended that the old James street Market be abolished at once. If this is done it will test the feasibility of establishing a wholesale market in Brooklyn.

Alderman Ropes moved that no new contracts be made by the city, except in cases of the utmost necessity, and also that a prompt collection of outstanding assessments be made. Adopted.

An ordinance was adopted providing that all persons selling coal shall deliver with each load a printed statement, signed by the seller, and containing a statement of the weight of the load, and in case the load shall be found one hundredth part less than the signed statement the seller shall forfeit the entire load.

THE BROOKLYN BOARD OF ESTIMATE.

Cutting Down the Appropriations Asked for.

The Brooklyn Board of Estimate met last night for the purpose of examining the estimates of the cost of maintaining the different departments of the city and county governments for 1873. The Commissioners of Charities last year asked for $500,000, but the Board of Estimate reduced the appropriation to $400,000. This year they want $22,000 additional, but the Board last night concluded to reduce the appropriation $20,000.

The Police Commissioners ask for an increase, but the Board recommended that the estimate be reduced to the same amount as last year.

The estimate of the amount required by the Board of Health was adopted, with the exception of the items of stationery. The estimate is $30,000, and the cost of stationery was estimated at $1,500.

The estimate of the amount required for the Board of Education was considered. The Comptroller thought it could stand a pretty good slice off. He was of the opinion that it would be necessary to reduce the appropriations of all these departments to the limit of last year. They concluded to recommend a reduction of $50,000 in the estimate of the Board of Education.

County Treasurer Gardener handed in a semi-official communication from the State Comptroller, setting forth that the laws passed at the late session of the Legislature were not yet printed, and therefore it could not be obtained with accuracy the precise amount of the State tax for the next fiscal year.

A communication was received from the Academy of Design requesting that the amount of $1,000 asked for by the Art Association be not appropriated, for the reason that the Legislature authorizing the appropriation specifies that it be for a free academy of design, and they contend that the Art Association is not a free academy of design.

Mayor Powell said that he thought it better not to quarrel with these art associations, and believed that they could settle the matter among themselves. The communication was laid over.

The Board of City Works asked for $64,000. Their estimate was cut down to $45,000.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION CONVENTION.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 24, 1872.

It having been erroneously reported in the newspapers that the recent International Convention of Young Men's Christian Associations, held in Lowell, Mass., had adopted resolutions making total abstinence a test of membership, declaring the use of tobacco inconsistent with the Christian character, and pledging the associations to resist the exclusion of the Bible from the public schools and to make special efforts to place the Bible in every Roman Catholic family, Mr. H. Thane Miller, the President of the Convention, will appear to-morrow in a card declaring that no such action was taken by the Convention. Such resolutions were introduced, but were not adopted. The general misapprehension of the facts is placing the Young Men's Christian Associations of the country in a very false position, and President Miller desires, as far as possible, to present their work properly before the country.

ANOTHER STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION.

Fearful Disaster at New London, Conn.

A GOVERNMENT LIGHTER BLOWN UP.

Three Men Killed and the Officers All Injured.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 24, 1872.

A fearful catastrophe occurred here to-day, which shades every other calamity at this place since the burning of the steamer City of New London. Terrible as the latter disaster was in most respects, there was at least an opportunity afforded for escape to a number of persons on board the ill-fated vessel; but in the present instance the suddenness of the accident almost precluded the possibility of escape.

THE EXPLOSION.

At about a quarter past six A. M. the steam-lighter Wallace, Captain Thomas A. Scott, of Jersey City, started with a load of stone from the government wharf, back of the Custom House, for Race Rock, where the foundation for the new lighthouse is now being laid. When about twenty rods from the dock she exploded her boilers with a tremendous concussion, scattering the fragments in all directions, and dealing death and fearful injuries upon the unfortunate crew. There were on board at the time thirteen men, all of whom, excepting the captain, were more or less injured—several fatally.

CAPTAIN SCOTT LEAPED OVERBOARD

immediately and escaped with little or no injury. Two of the crew are missing, and one, at least, is known to be killed. There is a hope that the other was not on board. Fragments of the boilers were hurled into the air and carried a hundred rods from the scene of the explosion. The tug sunk immediately, and boats put off from the shore to the wreck to render whatever assistance was possible. The injured of the crew were brought ashore and taken into the Custom House, which Collector George H. Marshal converted into an hospital, and where the best medical aid of the town was summoned to the aid of the unfortunate men. The character of the wounds inflicted is frightful, the hot steam and fragments of the exploded boiler making dreadful work.

LIST OF KILLED, MISSING AND INJURED.

The following is a list of the crew, and their injuries as far as ascertained:—

Daniel Allison, fireman, killed; and as yet no traces of him have been found. He was probably blown to pieces, as he was in the engine room at the time. He belonged in Manahawken, N. J.

Lawrence Black, missing. He is also supposed to have been killed, but there is a possibility that he was not on board.

Joseph Waters, steward, Sandy Hill, N. J.; badly scalded and otherwise injured by contusions.

J. W. Crammer, Manahawken, N. J.; leg broken in two places, badly bruised, but no scalds.

Napoleon Crammer, from the same place; badly scalded and bruised.

George Brickley, spine injured and badly cut about the legs.

Harry Pasco, New York; legs hurt.

William Whitley, engineer, Jersey City, fatally injured, with scalds and bruises.

Other members of the crew escaped with comparatively slight injury, and none of them are supposed to be dangerously hurt. Everything was done for the injured that could be, and during the forenoon all but the engineer were removed from the Custom House to more quiet quarters. The injuries of the unfortunate engineer are of such a character that his removal was not attempted.

Among those rendering valuable aid were Collector Marshal and the medical fraternity of New London. Captain Scott also did everything in his power for his unfortunate crew. A boat from the cutter James Campbell, Captain Warner, went to the assistance of the sufferers immediately after the accident and rendered valuable assistance. The remains of the killed and missing men have not been recovered, and the services of a diver will be needed to recover them. The Wallace was what is called a boom derrick lighter, and had two locomotive boilers on board, both of which blew up.

There is no cause assigned for the explosion. The certificate of the Wallace probably went down with her; but the following letters, picked up by the boat of the cutter Campbell, show that she had been recently inspected:—

THE INSPECTION CERTIFICATES.

NEW YORK, May 25, 1872.

Captain F. A. Scott, New London, Conn.:—

DEAR SIR—The inspectors send word that the inspection is all right, but two inspectors have to sign. This will be done Monday, and the documents shall go to you at New London as soon as received. I send you your enrollment. Yours truly, J. LYMINGTON, per F. H. SMITH.

NEW YORK, May 29, 1872.

Capt. F. A. Scott, New London, Conn.:—

DEAR SIR—Enclosed please find inspectors' certificate, for which there were two copies; we have kept one here, and put it in the safe, so as to be sure it is all right. Yours, truly, FRANCIS H. SMITH.

These letters seem to show that the boilers of the tug were all right last month, and the cause of the explosion is, therefore, a mystery. The wreck lies on a bar, in about ten feet of water, and can be raised by removing her load of stone.

The accident has occasioned a tremendous excitement here, and the Custom House, docks and other places are thronged with spectators. It is thought now (ten A. M.) that the unfortunate engineer cannot live the day out. Everything that can be done for the unfortunate sufferers is being done by the people here.

Later.

NORWICH, Conn. June 24—Evening.

Low water was supposed to be the cause of the explosion of the steam lighter Wallace. The engineer said he had but sixty pounds of steam in the boiler when it exploded. The certificate permitted seventy-five pounds. The boiler was new, and was inspected six weeks ago.

THE GRAND TRUNK HOLOCAUST.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury—A Complete Whitewashing for the Company.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., June 24, 1872.

The coroner's jury in the case of the late railroad accident on the Grand Trunk Railroad find that it was purely accidental; "that in our opinion the track was in good condition; that the engineer was a sober, efficient and careful officer, and died at his post. We cannot conclude our painful task without bearing testimony to the anxiety of the Grand Trunk Railway officials to place all the evidence it was possible to procure before us, and to their zealous and unwearied exertions to procure everything that forethought and sympathy could suggest to alleviate the sufferings of the injured passengers."

Signed by the Coroner and thirteen of the fourteen jurymen.

FATAL MEDICAL BLUNDER.

A Remarkable Case of Poisoning—A Patient Takes a Dose of Medicine and Dies, and Two Doctors Share His Fate in Attempting to Show the Medicine Was Not Poisoned.

ST. LOUIS, June 24, 1872.

A letter from Hermitage, Mo., gives an account of a terrible case of poisoning which occurred in the town of Wheatland on Wednesday last. It appears that a young man, named Moore, applied to the county physician for a prescription for some medicine to cure ague, and, as he objected to taking quinine, the doctor prescribed a dose of bitters compounded of Peruvian bark, dog weed and whiskey. Young Moore took a dose of the bitters and started for his home, which he was barely able to reach, and soon afterward died.

Doctors Redfield and Barnes, who had been summoned by Mrs. Moore to attend her son, in order to relieve the mother's fears that the young man had been poisoned, each swallowed some of the bitters and soon afterwards started for their homes, but had proceeded a short distance only when Dr. Barnes was taken violently ill and was compelled to dismount from his horse, and was just able to drag himself home and died during the night.

Dr. Redfield, feeling premonitory symptoms of poisoning, spurred his horse to his utmost speed, and just reached his house and fell insensible at the door. He was carried inside and died within fifteen minutes.

The matter had not been investigated when the letter was written, therefore it is not known whether the doctor who prepared the bitters made a mistake, or whether the druggist from whom he purchased the medicine committed a blunder.

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THE LABOR REVOLT.

A COMPROMISE PROPOSED.

Committees from the Employers and Employes to Arrange Terms.

THE MEN CALM AND COLLECTED

The Citizens' Association and Board of Emigration to "Assist."

Meetings of the Iron Eight-Hour League, German Eight-Hour League, Sugar Refiners, Plumbers, Iron Moulders, Butchers, Granite Cutters, Master Horseshoers, Carpenters and Barbers.

REPORTS FROM OTHER CITIES.

The movement of the eight-hour agitators was very harmonious and quiet yesterday. Some assert that the cause was a sudden faintness of heart and that their purpose is growing feeble. Certainly the movement never showed greater elements of strength and success than now, and if the men fail it seems as though the leaders were again to prove at fault and incompetent.

The conference arranged to take place between the employers and employés, through the mediation of committees from the Citizens' Association and Board of Emigration, will in all probability produce good results, even if in no other way than in pouring the oil of sympathy and mutual concessions upon the troubled waters of discord and contention.

The Singer employés have resolved to hold out for an indefinite period, by which they mean until some remote time. They draw their quota of dollars from the Iron and Metal Workers' League.

The latest sensation of the strike is the notice given by employing carpenters on Saturday night, that they should expect their employés to resume work on the ten-hour system with the present week. All the lodges of the carpenters' unions held secret meetings last night.

Kimball & Cabus, cabinet makers, deny the report that they offered a compromise to their men, made at Teutonia Hall on Saturday evening.

The Iron and Metal Workers' Eight-Hour League.

At Germania Hall, during the afternoon and evening of yesterday, large numbers of the metal workers were gathered, and seemed cheery and hopeful. The Executive Committee of fifteen was in session during the day, and in the evening the President of the league, Mr. Kane, appeared in the hall to announce a temporary embarrassment to the men in the matter of the distribution of funds. A delay had occurred in the drawing of their funds from Wall street, but the whole matter would be arranged and a division by apportionment would take place to-day. He denounced in half sorrowful, half bitter terms the conduct of some connected with the league, who had made unwarrantable remarks in regard to money they had drawn, and stated that all persons receiving funds would be strictly examined before being paid, that no dishonorable advantage should be taken of them. He remarked that one established case of fraud would cut them off from all benefits of the National Union. The accidental hitch in the payment of the men was spoken of with deep feeling and regret, but so far as could be discerned the members showed no uneasiness or ill-feeling whatever.

Mr. KANE shortly after announced that committees from the Citizens' Association, of which Peter Cooper was a member, and from the Board of Emigration had been in conference with the Executive Committee during the day, and had submitted to them a proposal, a copy of which was then in the hands of every trade organization on strike in the city. They proposed that a committee from the Eight-Hour League of Metal Workers should unite with committees from the Board of Emigration, the Citizens' Association and the employers and manufacturers of the city, and that, in a joint conference, endeavors should be made to harmonize all interests and secure the resumption of labor. This announcement was received with evident satisfaction and pleasure by the men.

Mr KANE then added an eloquent address, in which he stated this action might be regarded as an indication that the men supposed to be their uncompromising enemies were disposed, to a certain degree, at least, to take their rights and necessities with honest consideration.

The German Eight-Hour League—Their Cause Before the Police Commissioners.

The Teutonia Hall League, unwilling to be distanced by the metal workers, are forging ahead and have already instilled new vigor into their organization. Rumors prevailed at the place of meeting yesterday that new and important plans of proceeding were on the tapis, though what they are—beyond that they are of a peaceful and orderly character—has not transpired. The following is the additional matter of interest in connection with this league since their Saturday meeting:—

Last week a delegation was appointed to go before the Board of Police Commissioners and demand the name of the commanding officer in charge of the police who attacked them in Forty-second street. Henry Smith, of the Commission, referred them to Superintendent Kelso for information, and gave them instructions concerning the manner of procedure in making charges. The Superintendent informed them on application that on the day in question Inspector Dilks and Captains Gunner and Burden were with the force, and that the command was in the hands of Captain Gunner. Yesterday a committee of the league went before the Board of Commissioners in Mulberry street and preferred charges against the three officials above named. They produced, among other witnesses, three women, wives of members of their league, who, they claim, were themselves so badly beaten that they were confined to their rooms and could not attend. They claim that these witnesses were not allowed to testify, though witnesses in behalf of the police were freely heard. Among others Mr. Steinmitz was sworn, but his testimony was of such a nature as did not tend to convict the unionists of any impropriety of conduct on the occasion of the clubbing.

Superintendent Kelso, on the part of the officers, admitted the clubbing of some of the strikers on that day, but claimed that such measures on the part of the police were necessary to preserve the public peace.

In dismissing the case President Smith said "it was the duty of the police to clear the sidewalks of all large bodies of men for the convenience of the public, and when these bodies assembled in such places and were hostile in their conduct towards peaceable citizens, then the police were in duty bound to use force to dislodge them.

The members of the league are dissatisfied with the proceedings and complain bitterly, stigmatizing the entire trial as a farce.

The Sugar Refiners.

A remnant of the sugar refiners who remain on strike met last evening at 52 Orchard street to consult relative to the propriety of yielding to the bosses. A majority of the refiners have returned to work at the old rates, and those who still hold out are greatly disheartened. It was resolved to hold out a few days longer, and another effort is to be made to induce the bosses to submit.

Journeymen Plumbers.

The journeymen plumbers report everything very quiet in their trade, the greatest contentment reigning since the attainment of their object in the success of their strike. The Benevolent Protective Society held its regular meeting last evening in the Germania Assembly Rooms, corner of Twenty-sixth street and Seventh avenue, and elected new executive officers for the year.

The Iron Moulders.

The iron moulders met last evening at 193 Bowery, but nothing new transpired. The men continue on strike, those who are at work supporting the men still out. Several new members were initiated last evening.

The Butchers.

The provision house butchers met last evening to the Casino, in East Houston street, Louis Volzinez presiding. No business was done save the discussion of the resolution already adopted—to notify the bosses this week that the men demand ten hours for a day's work and twenty per cent advance on present wages. The men have been working all the way from ten to fourteen hours a day, at wages ranging from $19 to $16. The organization numbers about forty men, representing about thirty-four shops out of the forty in the city.

The Granite Stonecutters.

About three hundred members of the Granite Stonecutters' Association met at Putnam Hall last night for the purpose of receiving delegates from Westerly, Richmond and various parts of the States. Mr. James Giblin occupied the chair. The object of the meeting was to adopt such measures as would force Mr. Batterson, owner of the Rhode Island Granite Works, to come to a compromise with the men of the organization on strike in Westerly, R. I. The following was read and carried unanimously. Mr. O'Sullivan, of Westerly, was delegate from that locality, and his statements did much to throw light on the subject:—

Whereas a delegation from Richmond, Philadelphia and the city of Baltimore have reported to this association as being instructed to that effect from their respective associations, that they have already taken steps for a concerted action of the granite stonecutters of those cities with those of New York, with a view to extend an amalgamation throughout the East, the correspondence received by this association for this time past will show that this is the wish of associations from all quarters.

The Master Horseshoers Want Increased Compensation from Their Patrons.

The master horseshoers responded to a call for a meeting last evening signed by the following gentlemen of the trade:—S. Flynn, R. Murphy, E. Gorman, A. Logan, A. Brown, M. Chapman, M. Keogh, A. Blume, J. Kelly, J. Hanlon, J. Rennett, R. Matthews, J. Deery, Morgan & Fitzgerald, J. O'Brien, M. Larcey, M. Connor, McCoy & Mahon, M. Sweet, J. Graham, J. & H. Irwin, H. M. Loughlin and J. Morris, assembling in large numbers at the corner of Thirty-fourth street and Ninth avenue. Mr. J. Rennett was chairman.

The journeymen horseshoers when they struck for a slight increase of wages obtained their demands almost immediately. They are still working ten hours a day. Various causes have led the masters to inaugurate a movement the object of which is to secure higher compensation from their patrons for the work of their craft. The expense of doing such work has been much augmented; firstly, by the better pay given the journeymen, and secondly by the rise in the price of iron. To counteract these facts and to insure the appropriate profits due them and at the same time concede to the workmen what they ask for their labor, three meetings for the purpose of organizing the movement have already been held.

Little was done last night more than to discuss the proper methods of co-operation. It is proposed to form a union, with various ramifications throughout the city.

The Carpenters.

The Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners held a secret meeting on Saturday night and bitterly denounced the action of Mr. Dean, the stair builder, in forcing the ten-hour system again on his men. They considered it outrageous for Dean's men to work ten hours and the other bosses to work eight hours. It was quite evident that if Dean was to be allowed to work on the above terms no employer in the city could compete with him.

Resolutions were adopted to assist the Stair Builders' Union to bring out all Mr. Dean's men from the jobs outside of his shop—in fact, every man he has in his employ, with the exception of relatives.

It was also added that every man who hired with Mr. Dean should be brought away and his wages paid till he got another job. Several of the speakers spoke with determination of making Dean's shop an eight-hour one if it cost $20,000 to do it. One speaker said that the success of eight hours for the stair builders depended on Dean's shop. Another said if that was the case, instead of expending $20,000, they were prepared to expend $50,000, and keep all his men out until he signed a document to adopt the eight-hour system and live up to it for twelve months.

The Barbers' Strike a Success.

In accordance with a resolution passed at the mass meeting on Sunday, the journeyman barbers struck yesterday morning for a reduction of the hours of work from fifteen and sixteen to twelve hours per day. The employers, with a few exceptions, promptly acceded to the demands of the men, accepting the terms prescribed by the newly formed Journeymen Barbers' Protective Union. These terms are, that the hours of work shall be from seven o'clock in the morning until eight o'clock in the evening, with an hour for dinner and half an hour for supper, on week days, excepting Saturdays, when the hours of work shall extend to ten o'clock at night, and on Sundays shops shall be closed at noon. A committee for the management of the strike, composed of Messrs. W. Koerber, F. Pasche, T. Cirker, C. Kaemmerer and J. Schlaeffer, was in session at the office of the Barbers' Agency, No. 16 Chrystie street, receiving reports, and yesterday afternoon reported that only about a dozen men had stopped work on account of the refusal of a few employers to accede to the reform demanded. The Journeymen Barbers' Union, formed only a few weeks since for the purpose of carrying this reform measure through, numbers about one thousand members.

BROOKLYN STRIKES.

The Coach Drivers, Car Conductors and Drivers—Iron Moulders—Laborers Moving.

The laborer, being worthy of his hire according to Scriptural teaching, evidently feels it incumbent to demand the rate which he considers just and in accordance with the amount of labor performed. In Brooklyn the workmen are standing off and on, feeling their way cautiously to permanent success. The Eight-Hour law is not the only bone of contention. There are men engaged in branches of employment which require much longer hours of labor than eight, and these people demand more money per diem. The hack drivers, for instance, surely a hard working body, whose duty calls them out at all hours of the day and night, and whose compensation is but $11 per week, are bound out upon the troubled waters of uncertainty, and will be tossed about until the employers see fit to grant their demand for more wages. The livery stable keepers say they will not give in to the strikers, and that they can find plenty to take the places of the latter on the driver's box. The coachmen disclaim any intention to molest the new drivers, and appeal to their patrons, the public, as follows:—

TO THE LADIES AND GENTLEMEN OF BROOKLYN:—

We beg leave to inform you of the manner in which the stable keepers of Brooklyn are using their men. We have been working for $11 and $12 per week, and they say they will pay us no more. Now, they have raised all their prices on coach hire, and we only ask $14 per week. We ask, is it fair to deny our requests? The bosses say they will starve us out; but we think we can live longer than they can let their coaches stand. We are fully determined not to work for less than the $14 per week which we claim.

the drivers assert that the employers have recently increased their rates of fare. For instance, fare to Coney Island, $8 formerly, is now $10; to Hempstead, formerly $15, now $18 is charged. Charges for theatres, funerals, balls, &c., have also been increased in proportion.

The conductors and drivers on the Brooklyn City Railroad line are "going out" *en masse* in the course of a week unless the company will agree to give them more wages or curtail the long hours of labor that they are now compelled to devote to their arduous and unremunerative duties. The City Railroad employés are required to work fourteen hours on week days and fifteen hours every Sunday. They want their time to be reduced to twelve hours per day; or, in case the corporation (which is a soulless one) will not agree to that, they say then they must have higher wages. The sympathy of the travelling public is with these overworked men, and it is possible that something may be done to ameliorate their sad condition.

The iron moulders are determined to carry their point in favor of the eight-hour system. They number about one thousand men, and have a well filled treasury, which they will drain ere they recede from the position which they have taken. Arrangements are being made to hold a mass meeting at the City Hall Park some evening this week for the purpose of publicly explaining the principles by which they are animated in the present strike. The employers are stubborn, and say that they can afford to shut up shop for a while better than they can give their men a full day's pay for eight hours' work.

The Prospect Park laborers, the most poorly paid mortals on the surface of the earth, are growing preparatory to striking. The Park Commissioners treat the poor fellows interested with the utmost contempt, refusing to give them more than $1 70 per day and requiring them to work ten hours. This pittance barely suffices to keep body and soul together, and as many of the laborers come from New York daily the nature of their grievance will be the more readily comprehended.

THE STRIKE IN JERSEY CITY.

The men employed in Colgate's soap factory, who were on strike, returned to work yesterday, without having accomplished their purpose. Mr. Colgate informed them that the firm would under no circumstance yield to any dictation from the employés, and if the latter had any reasonable demands to make at any time the firm would give them a careful consideration. As a reward to the men who refused to join in the strike the firm added a dollar a week to their wages. So that the strikers are the losers in every sense.

A STRIKER COMMITTED FOR SIX MONTHS.

August Karnatz was brought before the Judges in the Quarter Sessions yesterday on the charge of assaulting a laborer named Meis, who had taken the place of one of the strikers at the sugar refinery. Judge Randolph administered a severe lecture to Karnatz, and warned the men on strike that if they attempt to intimidate any men who may choose to take their places they will bring themselves into serious trouble. A man has a perfect right to leave his employment if he is not satisfied with it, but the law will not allow him to offer violence to the man who succeeds him. In order to make an example, the Court sentenced the prisoner to six months at hard labor in the County Penitentiary at Snake Hill.

STRIKE OF THE BOILER MAKERS OF PATERSON, N. J.

The boiler makers in the Paterson locomotive shops, variously estimated at from four hundred to six hundred men, struck yesterday noon for an advance of fifty cents a day on their wages. They have been receiving $2 50, and demand $3. The movement is supposed to be connected in some sort of way with the New York strikes. One of the shops offered an advance of thirty cents, but it was declined. The employers are reticent about the affair and will give no information other than that unless the men return to work they will have to shut up shop, all their contracts having been made on the basis of the old prices, and they have enough work contracted for at this price to last over a year. It is thought that some sort of a compromise will be made, and that the men will be induced to resume work.

The boiler makers attached to Andrew Brown's shop again quit yesterday, and commenced action against Brown for non-payment of their wages. He was arrested and compelled to give security that the men would be paid off next Saturday; but the men refuse to resume work until they get their money.

Before the work was quit in the locomotive shop last evening all the employés were told that the shops would be closed in the morning unless the strikers resumed work. This would throw about two thousand six hundred men out of work if really so, but it was believed last night to be merely a part of the employers' game to get the boiler makers to resume work.

COMMUNICATIONS ON THE STRIKE.

The Philosophy of the Matter.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

I have watched the progress of the labor movement, not only with interest, but with great anxiety, for in it I see the greatest present agitator of the civilized world. It is, indeed, a momentous question, touching vitally, not only labor and capital, but indirectly every class of society, for with the capital and industry of a people idle or disordered what class of society can be exempt from its blighting effects?

In view of its great importance and in obedience to the common interest of both labor and capital I am led to offer the following suggestions. At the outset I assume that this question must in the end be settled by compromise. Any end or object attained by either party to the wrong or detriment of the other must be temporary and lead to retaliation, and only prolong and embitter the contest to the great injury of both parties. Suppose that labor, by superior and earlier organization, and taking advantage of the necessities of capital, should force it to yield to arbitrary and unjust demands without compromise, can such a settlement be permanent? Will not capital organize and in its turn seek revenge and advantage by dictating terms to labor when the necessities of both parties will best enable it to do so? Both labor and capital, after being thus doubly impoverished by the two periods of inactivity and loss, will find themselves—minus their loss, and plus much ill-feeling—just where they were before the fight commenced.

Now, why will not both parties be wise and at the outset seek a settlement by a compromise that will be permanent by being based upon strict justice, having reference to the entire and mutual interest of both? Labor must know that capital will and should have at least an equal voice in making the conditions in its contracts with labor, and that it can in no case, for a long period, be compelled to pay to labor more than it earns. Capital, too, must know and recognize the fact that labor is no longer a slave, to submit to its commands or the lash, but is emancipated, and must be met as an equal with exact justice, and that any attempt by capital to withhold any share of the earnings due to labor, or by labor to extort from capital more than its fair proportion of the profits, will lead to hostilities and a mutual loss. Labor should make due consideration for the use and also for the risk to which capital is subjected by the fluctuations in the value of material and the manufactured article, from which labor is exempt; so if at one time capital may seem to receive more than its due share it is liable to a corresponding loss or even annihilation. It should be apparent to both parties that the adjustment of the whole question must be in accordance with a mutual interest and justice, and not by the enactment or enforcement of any law. Laws to regulate the hours or pay for labor are as idle as if applied to the regulating of the supply of light and air. No law can give to labor more or compel it to receive less than it earns. The question comes, what shall be the common basis of settlement, since labor contends quite as earnestly for less hours as it does for more pay? It would seem that the only basis would be compensation by the hour. This would enable the laborer to adapt the hours of labor to his inclination and compensation to his necessities. It is evident that, in spite of any law or theory, capital can never afford to pay the same for eight hours' labor it can for ten, and it is equally certain that it is entirely impracticable to bring all kinds of labor within the eight-hour rule; while in all branches there are many laborers who would much prefer, and others whose necessities would demand, more pay than can be given for eight hours. The sooner the belligerents meet at the half-way point, which they must do, as equals, to consider mutually the interest and rights of the other, the easier and more certain will be the satisfactory and permanent solution of this vexatious question. COMPROMISE.

Prepare for the Future.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

I have a few words I would like to say to those of your many readers who are receiving the benefits of the eight-hour system. Now there are in this city a class of men who, if they are spoken to about the men striking, say, "Well, the employers have given in because they were obliged to; but wait until the winter, and then it will be their turn." So one would expect that they intend to reduce us then by the process of starvation to take any terms they may in their goodness dictate. God forbid! But anyhow let the workingman be prepared for the worst, and make hay while the sun shines. Let him show those who are so fond of slandering him that he does not want the extra time to spend in a rum-hole. Let him look to this and at once. Let him look for a suitable house at an easy distance from the city, and take his wife and family out of those cursed tenement houses that are the cause of so much strife, and where it is a moral impossibility for parents to bring up their children in the way they should go. The reason we have no rapid transit is because the capitalist knows that if the workingmen leave the city it would reduce rents considerably. There was a time when a man who earned his bread by the sweat of his brow was looked on as something more than a mere piece of machinery whereby the rich might grow richer and satisfy their own idea of what an aristocrat is and pay for the liveries of coachmen, and there was also a time when he would go a long way before he could get a white man to wear such a flunkey garb. The very men who say the hardest things about you, brother toilers, are the very ones who are sucking your life-blood. Workingmen, remember that God helps those who help themselves. Never heed the promises of the employers and never fear threats. You will never get any more out of them than they are obliged to give you. Be firm, for it was never intended that man should work so many hours for what will barely keep body and soul together. A WORKINGMAN.

Save Money! Be Independent!

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

I am greatly in favor of eight hours' labor; but I don't see what is the use of about one-fifth of the people abiding by this rule. If people want eight hours' labor as a general thing they should make it their business to make everybody strike—not only men working at the same thing that they are themselves. And another thing I want to say. On holidays there are plenty of stores that keep open half the day. Now men ought not to allow it. They ought to tell their bosses that if they do not shut up on the holidays they will leave them. Men ought to insist upon this. Workingmen ought to save money so that they can be independent of these stubborn bosses, and then they can make them do anything they like. AMEN.

Pity the Poor Drug Clerks!

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

Having read so much about strikes for shorter hours, I think the drug clerks ought to say a little about it. Most of them work fifteen or sixteen hours a day, and also on Sundays, which most people take for a day of rest. I think ten or eleven hours a day and no Sunday work would give the drug clerks satisfaction. I believe they would like to see a strike, though not for eight hours, for they would be contented with ten or eleven hours, instead of sixteen hours, as is the case now. By inserting these few lines in your valuable paper your would greatly oblige many of the poor clerks and also myself. Your obedient, DRUG CLERK.

The Car Conductors.

NEW YORK, June 4, 1872.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

Allow me to occupy a small space in your valuable paper in favor of a much-abused class of men—namely, conductors and drivers on our city railroads. They are as much entitled to decent working hours as any laborer or mechanic, who appear to have public sympathy in their efforts to secure eight hours; but not a word for the poor individuals who are compelled to stand on a car platform fourteen to sixteen hours for the miserable pittance of two dollars per diem or give up their situations and starve. I think there should be some law enacted compelling these avaricious monopolies to use their employés like human beings. Even the horses, as badly as they are treated, do not labor half the hours of the men who drive them. The companies would be the gainers in the end by having two sets of human statues for each car. Cannot you aid them by a few remarks on the subject, thereby causing yourself to be gratefully remembered by thousands of sufferers? ONE OF THE SLAVES.

DROWNED IN HOBOKEN.

A boy named William Tanner, aged ten years, while playing on a pile of lumber at the Fifth street docks, missed his footing and fell into the water, in which he was drowned before assistance could be rendered. The place is a favorite resort for young boys. Deceased's brother met a violent death by poison a few months ago.

POLITICAL.

THE GREELEY HEADQUARTERS.

A German Democratic Convention To Be Held in Baltimore—Remarkable State of Affairs in Arkansas.

Horace Greeley was at the liberal headquarters at the Glenham Hotel for two hours yesterday morning. A German delegation, headed by Dr. Gercke, Moritz Ellinger, of the *Jewish Times*, and Dr. Theodore Mierson, of the *New Yorker Journal*, waited upon him, and stated that a German Democratic Convention, which would probably number from three to five hundred delegates, representing all the States of the Union, would be held in Baltimore on July 7, two days previous to the regular Democratic Convention, in order, if possible, to influence the action of the latter Convention in favor of Mr. Greeley.

In answer to a question regarding Senator Schurz, these gentlemen remarked that he was a republican German, and they did not therefore train exactly with that eminent son of "Vaterland;" but they were with him now, and had determined upon their present action in order to neutralize or overbalance the influence of Germans like Ottendorfer and Daenzer and Stallo, who had openly expressed themselves inimical to Greeley.

Mr. Greeley will probably remove his wife and daughters to Chappaqua to-day, and he will himself devote the greater portion of his time hereafter to the cultivation of his farm.

The following letter has been received at the national headquarters. It makes a startling exposition of the state of affairs in Arkansas under carpet-bagger rule, and details a most remarkable series of arrangements for keeping those adventurous gentlemen in power:—

POCAHONTAS, Randolph County, Ark., June 2, 1872.
HON. ETHAN ALLEN, Chairman National Committee:—

SIR—Let me call your attention to the election machinery of Arkansas. Her laws, since reconstruction, make the Governor the State; he appoints and removes registrars of election at will; he can set any registration aside after having been made; he can refuse to accept the result of the election in any county where the judges of election appointed by himself declare that in their belief it was fraudulent. His registrars are responsible to no tribunal save himself for wrongdoing. These registrars appoint the judges and clerks of election. He appoints all county judges and they district their counties as they please. His registrars can act or not act, as suits them; that is they may wholly refuse to register a county.

They register at discretion, refusing whom they please. If a citizen feels aggrieved he has the gracious privilege of appealing direct to the Supreme Court of the State, which holds two sessions a year at the seat of government, where his case might be reached in twenty-one years.

After the registrars' rolls are taken the registrars can privately, and without notice, strike any name from it they choose; and there is none to molest them or make them afraid. If they would only disfranchise those that the law, as it shows on its face, intended to be disfranchised, the State would still give Greeley and Brown 25,000 majority. Truly yours, J. B. BLACK.

THE FREE TRADER'S TICKET.

A Chicago Journal as the Modern Don Quixote—The Lance Put Out in Defence of the Fifth Avenue Hotel Conference and Endorsement of Their Nomination.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 24, 1872.

The Chicago *Times* of this morning, in a double-leaded editorial, under the heading "The Party of Advancement Makes the Party of the Future," takes the ground that the nomination of Greeley by the Baltimore Convention is a foregone conclusion, and that the result is due to the manipulations of place hunters and wirepullers, who have as effectually packed the Baltimore Convention for Greeley as the Philadelphia Convention was packed for Grant. Such being the outlook, the *Times* says, the nomination of Mr. Greeley at Baltimore will terminate the organic existence of the democratic party. In that act the party organization will abdicate its functions, and, of course, with such abdication, the idea of party allegiance will cease, for there is no such thing as party allegiance to men, to candidates, or to conventions. Such allegiance is due only to principles.

PARTY ORGANIZATIONS ARE NOTHING

but instrumentalities by which some aggregate number of persons seek to carry certain principles into effect. When the instrumentality ceases to act for that purpose, or is perverted by scheming individuals to a different purpose, as the nomination for office of a declared enemy of the principles of the party, it ceases to exist as a party authority. The nomination or endorsement of Mr. Greeley at Baltimore will, therefore, place no one holding democratic principles under the slightest obligation to cast his vote for Mr. Greeley. It will be the disbandment of the party and the surrender of all its delegated authority to the members who delegated it, to be used by each and all of them as in their own judgment may seem proper, thus leaving the democrats wholly without an organization and perfectly free to act as to each individual shall seem fit.

CAPTURE OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

The enemies of democratic principles, the writer continues, have captured the democratic organization in order to wield it for the destruction of the democracy. The hope for the latter is in the formation of a new party that will resurrect democratic principles. The resurrection of those principles under the banner of an enemy is impossible. The democrats might as well go to the Grant party as to the Greeley party in such a hope, as one is as pronounced an enemy to democratic principles as the other.

THE NEW PARTY.

Passing to the question as to how their new party shall come into being, the writer quotes the platform adopted by the recent conference of liberals in New York, and endorses it as containing the vital doctrines of democratic faith; every plank expressing not only the vital need of the time, but of a higher and more advanced step in the progress of civilization, and concludes as follows:—"The time for the organization of the party of the future is now. As an organic instrumentality of progressive ideas, as the nucleus around which will gather men of earnest and enlightened purposes, as a means of rescuing from a contemptible fate the moral influence of adherence to principles, the vital need of an organization for the future is upon us."

GROESBECK.

In another article the *Times* eulogizes William S. Groesbeck, and asserts that his nomination at Baltimore would insure the defeat of Grant, while the endorsement of Greeley assures Grant's election.

GREELEY'S CLAIMS AS A CANDIDATE.

Hon. Robert B. Roosevelt to the Baltimore Convention Delegates.

Hon. Robert B. Roosevelt, member of Congress from this city, has addressed the following letter to the delegates from the State of New York to the Democratic Convention at Baltimore, giving his reasons for supporting Horace Greeley as the only Presidential candidate who can possibly defeat General Grant:—

NEW YORK, June 16, 1872.

DEAR SIR—Having been among the first democrats to endorse the action of the Cincinnati Convention and to take an open and active part in favor of its candidates, I feel that I owe to my party, and especially to you who are entrusted at the present juncture with a responsibility which is all-important, an explanation of my conduct and of the reasons which controlled me. I have had certain advantages from my official position for judging of the temper of the people, and am convinced that a mistake now would be fatal to our party and disastrous to the country. When the proceedings of the Liberal Convention were communicated to Washington most of the democratic members of Congress looked upon the result as unfortunate, and offering no possibility of a combination against the corrupt, centralized, despotic and dangerous power which now rules the nation. The first impression was that it was out of the question for the democracy to accept as their leading candidate one who had been their life-long and bitter opponent; but it was not many days before an unexpected sentiment manifested itself among the people and made itself felt with their representatives at Washington, and it became apparent that great changes had taken place in the public mind. Democrats from all portions of the Union announced their approval of the selection of Horace Greeley, while large and influential classes of both adopted and native-born citizens welcomed his nomination enthusiastically. Especially was this apparent at the South, where the whites of both parties were anxious to unite upon him, the one side to prevent further outrages upon their liberties and property, and the other to gain or recover social position among the people with whom they had made their homes. If the negroes were still adverse, it was on account of their being universally banded in their arbitrary Loyal Leagues and ignorantly acting under the orders of their leaders. But while the black vote is of little importance in the locality where it mainly exists, provided the white vote is united against it, any possible injury arising from its loss would be far more than counterbalanced by the adherence of the Irish vote at the North, where every ballot is of consequence. The explanation of this expression of public opinion is to be found in the changed relations of parties. The democrats, having been defeated conclusively in several of their positions, have accepted the expressed will of the people, and universally agreed to abide by the late amendments to the constitution, and to give the blacks equal rights with white men. This made it possible for them to unite with the liberal republicans in the support of Mr. Greeley, who has always been as prominent an advocate of universal amnesty as he has been a resolute and determined foe to corruption and peculation in official life, and who, moreover, was convinced by the illegal course of the present administration, in the danger to our institutions in the concentration of power in a centralized, unscrupulous and irresponsible government. These mutual concessions left but a single point of difference between Mr. Greeley and the democracy. He was a protectionist, while they were supposed to be free traders. I use the words "supposed to be" advisedly; for, to judge by the votes of democratic members of Congress, there was little party distinction between these and the republicans on this question, many of them being decided and prominent protectionists and voting invariably with the extreme high tariff advocates of the other side. But this difficulty, such as it is, was entirely removed and disposed of in the best possible manner by the Cincinnati platform in being relegated to the Congressional districts. As it is a matter purely for the representatives of the people in looking after the interests of their constituents, questions of revenue being expressly confided to that branch of the government by the constitution, at present heavy imports being a fiscal necessity and much capital having been tempted into unnatural channels by unwise legislation, and not to be immediately removed without heavy loss, the doctrine of free trade is hardly a practical issue, although it is sure to revive in a few years if the democratic party is not destroyed.

There are three prominent matters of dispute at present affecting the country. The first is the great question of corruption in office; the second is centralization of power in opposition to the independence of the States, and the third is the demand of the colored people for negro supremacy under special laws, placing the whites at a disadvantage with them. Upon these essential doctrines Horace Greeley is a democrat, while upon the tariff both parties have a loose hold on their members. If he can be accepted he offers us an almost absolute certainty of triumph, as he will not only relieve our party from the unjust insinuations made by our enemies in reference to our good faith in accepting the results of the civil war, but will bring to our support a large body of dissatisfied republicans. His strength among the latter, although apparent already, will not be fully manifested until he is nominated at Baltimore, for without that endorsement he has not the elements of success, and individuals are loth to join a hopeless cause. There are signs of a great uprising of the people to express the disapproval so generally felt with the present administration, but without that his election after such endorsement is as near a certainty as a future event can be. Already his probable nomination has secured us the great States of New York and Pennsylvania and brought about a valuable and powerful combination in Indiana, while it makes every Southern State, with one possible exception, absolutely certain in his favor. Of Mr. Greeley's integrity and devotion to the cause of an honest government it is unnecessary to speak between us who know him, and among whom he has lived the better part of his life. On the other questions involved his opinions are equally well known and accord perfectly with the acknowledged views of the democratic party. On essential issues he is therefore entirely in accord with us, so that we make no sacrifice of duty or of honor in accepting the advances of the party which has nominated him and asks for our support and assistance.

On the other hand, if he is not accepted the dissolution of the democratic party would seem inevitable. No straight-out democrat has a probability of election, while no liberal republican could now be chosen so as to bring in the supporters of the Cincinnati movement, even if one could be found as popular as Mr. Greeley. We have therefore to consider the comparative advantages of moderate concessions, which can afterwards, at the proper time, be again presented for the consideration of the public; or we must prepare to meet a crushing and overwhelming defeat, with its concomitants of disorganization and disintegration. The movement in favor of Horace Greeley has gone too far to be stopped. The liberal republicans are formally committed to him, and his selection has taken so firm a hold of the democracy as to insure its destruction should he be repudiated, this dissatisfaction even perhaps going so far as to assume the form of a bolt from the Convention if a less popular candidate should be chosen at Baltimore. These are the reflections which have influenced me in the stand I have taken, and I think it only just to myself to submit them to you for your consideration. The present crisis is a serious one, involving nothing less than the permanency of the great principles under which our country has flourished for so many years, and which can only be preserved and restored through this movement. The responsibility of the occasion rests with the delegates to the National Convention soon to meet at Baltimore, and at so grave a time you will not regard it as presumption on the part of any public man to express his views of national and party necessities. With great respect, I remain your obedient servant, ROB'T B. ROOSEVELT.

GREELEY AND COLONEL MOSEBY.

What Colonel Mosby Thinks of Greeley's Chances of Election—The Colonel in a Minority of One in His State—An Important Interview by an Ex-Coroner of Brooklyn.

In the course of his rambles around the city yesterday a HERALD reporter met Dr. Norris, formerly coroner of Brooklyn, and in the course of conversation the topic of the day, the Presidential election, was referred to. Dr. Norris mentioned to the reporter that on Tuesday afternoon last he was a passenger on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, and that in the cars he met Colonel Mosby, who got on the train at Warrington. Dr. Norris told the story of his meeting and conversation with the Colonel as follows:—

When we were on the train the word went round, "There is Mosby." Of course so well known a character as he could not escape an interview, and after obtaining an introduction I launched out at once on the all-prevailing subject of the Cincinnati Convention and its candidates.

"Colonel," said I, "I am not a newspaper man, nor a professional interviewer; but I sometimes amuse myself by scribbling. The people in our place, Colonel, are divided as to your exact position on the questions now agitating the political world."

"Well, sir, I have positive opinions on the political situation," he replied.

"May I ask you then, Colonel, what your opinion is as to the chances of Greeley?"

"He will be defeated, as he ought to be."

"Do you believe that the percentage loss of those Bourbon democrats who refuse to support Greeley, will be greater than the acquisition of the liberal republicans?"

"I do, most assuredly."

"What is the relative strength of Greeley as between the Southern and Northern States?"

"Greeley will carry nearly every Southern State and will lose on the Northern."

"You believe, then, that he will lose a very large portion of the democracy of the North?"

"Yes, sir; fully half."

"Your State, Colonel, has pronounced strongly for Greeley?"

"Yes, sir; Virginia will cast her vote for Greeley."

"Are there many prominent men in your State, Colonel, who are open in their opposition to Greeley?"

"Yes, sir, there are some—I shall not vote for him for one."

"Then, Colonel, you are in the position of a man whose people are all on side and he on the other?"

"Perhaps so, sir; at all events I shall vote against Greeley if I have to go it alone."

The gallant Colonel began to grow restive at my questions, and, suddenly believing himself thirsty, left his seat to get a drink of water, and seemed only too glad to find a vacant seat by the side of a friend some distance behind me. Of course this ended the interview. I was afterwards told that he was then on his way to visit General Grant at Washington, who was temporarily at home from Long Branch.

An intelligent Virginian—a well-to-do farmer—told me that Mosby has most completely placed himself outside the confidence of his people by the step he has taken. In fact, he is regarded as an enemy of his neighbors and former followers. The saying goes thus:—"He induced the young men to flock to his standard against the Union when he thought it popular, and by which means many of them lost their lives, and he now joins those who have persecuted the survivors ever since the close of the war."

"His motives are well understood, however," remarked one of his neighbors; "and, as a consequence, he is held in utter contempt by our people. I have just heard him say that he was on his way to Washington to see Grant; no doubt to have an understanding as to the value of his services."

"Do you believe Mosby's example will be followed by a considerable number of your people?" I asked.

"No, sir," replied the farmer. He has no following. He is scarcely recognized by our people. Mosby," he continued, "was a good fighter, and there his ability ends. We attach no importance to his opinions at all."

Thus ended Dr. Norris' story. As an indication of Southern opinion it is a valuable contribution.

PROSPECTS IN VARIOUS STATES.

Pennsylvania.

Says the Pottsville (Pa.) *Miners' Journal* (Grant):—

The Philadelphia *Press* publishes a list of counties in the State in which it asserts General Hartranft will lose 11,000 votes. Now, with the exception of three or four points in the State, among them Lancaster, where local difficulties among the republicans have existed, reliable information warrants us in saying that the republican ticket will be stronger this year than ever. Pennsylvania, with the republicans at work and doing their duty, is good for from thirty thousand to fifty thousand majority for the republican ticket, especially if Greeley should be nominated at Baltimore, and it is certain that he will be.

Referring to the State election in October, preceding the national election in November, the *Journal* avers that:—

Of 175 republican papers in Pennsylvania, all have hoisted the name of General Hartranft, with the rest of the State ticket, at their heads, except the Philadelphia *Press*, Lancaster *Express* and two or three insignificant papers of small circulation and no influence whatever. For all practical purposes our assertion is correct that the republican papers of Pennsylvania are a unit for Hartranft and Allen.

The Harrisburg *Journal* (republican) declares that Hartranft (republican candidate for Governor) is gaining, not losing strength. How is this for Forney?

Wisconsin.

Referring to the late Democratic State Convention in Wisconsin the Minneapolis *News* (republican) remarks:—

It will not do to belittle the strength of the democracy as consolidated yesterday. The conservative portion of the Convention, although chagrined at its action, is prepared to sink all qualmish questions of conscientiousness in the grand stroke for success. Complete preparations were made by the various committees to prosecute a vigorous campaign in every Congressional district and every county, and there will be no stone unturned that will aid to turn in the defeat of the republican ticket of the nation and the State.

Illinois.

The Chicago *Tribune* (Greeley), in reply to an article in the Albany *Journal* (Grant) about the prospects in Illinois, says:—

If it will give the Albany *Evening Journal* any pleasure to know the truth, we inform it that the Chicago *Tribune* does not concede the electoral vote of Illinois to Grant. On the contrary, we expect that the Greeley electoral ticket and the Greeley ticket for State officers will be elected in this State; that a majority of the Greeley candidates for Congress will be elected, and that the friends of Mr. Greeley will elect a majority of both branches of the Legislature, thus securing the United States Senator.

Per Contra, the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* (Grant) says the Republican State Central Committee have met, compared notes, mapped out the work and gone home. The *Inter-Ocean* says:—"The State is sure for Grant and Wilson by an immense majority."

Referring to what is termed the "Greeley under-current" in Illinois, the Rock Island *Union* (Grant) remarks that if this be indeed so, it will be bad for Horace. "An under-current is not only difficult to manage, but is sure death to the poor chap struggling on the surface. If Horace is dependent upon the under-current, his chances for being sucked under and submerged are much better than his chances for anything else."

Kentucky.

The Lexington *Observer* (democratic) gives its reasons why the democracy of Kentucky should support the Cincinnati nominees in a long and well digested editorial. In the course of the article it says:—

Greeley and Brown promise to inaugurate a new era if elected. They are backed by a large number of liberal republicans, and the democratic part in Kentucky, as elsewhere, felt that they were sacrificing no principle, as they could not do it themselves, to unite for such an object with any body of men, no matter who they were, or what their antecedents had been. We are dealing with the future, not with the past, and it is the merest child's play to be quarrelling over the past records of men who propose to act with us hereafter.

The Lexington *Daily Press* says:—

While Mr. Greeley is not at all acceptable, he is far less odious than Grant, and in making our enforced choice we shall select the candidate who is the least objectionable, and give to Mr. Greeley an honest and earnest support.

South Carolina.

The Winnsboro (S. C.) *News* (democratic) referring to the political prospects in that State, says:—

From present indications the October elections in this State are calculated to excite but little interest outside of the two wings of the Radical party. The white people have made every effort to conciliate the blacks, and bring about a union of sentiment and action to advance the material interests of the entire commonwealth. These efforts, however, have met with a cold reception, and the conviction is forced upon us that "Ephraim is joined to his idols," and we think it is about time that our people, in order to retain their self-respect, should cease from all further attempts at reconciliation, and let the party ruling work out the political problems of the day as best they can.

EX-PRESIDENT JOHNSON ON HORACE GREELEY.

He Unbosoms Himself to a Friend.

The Nashville *Republican Banner* (Greeley) states that during Andy Johnson's recent visit to Washington he expressed himself in regard to the Cincinnati movement with characteristic freedom. On one occasion, when referring to Mr. Greeley's nomination, he said:—

ANDY JOHNSON ON THE WOODCHOPPER OF CHAPPAQUA.

* * The Cincinnati movement had a most creditable and patriotic inception; but the result has not been such as I myself would have desired. Certainly I did not foresee it when I gave the movement all the encouragement I could consistently yield. I am positive in the opinion that the nomination of some other man than Greeley would have collected the democrats around the platform which was there adopted with such a rush of overwhelming enthusiasm that, with the disaffected republicans, we would have carried the election beyond the possibility of a doubt. Mr. Greeley has much latent strength, which lies in the fact that his reputation for honesty of purpose has never been impeached. He must now be careful to restrain his friends or his organs, if he has anything of the latter kind, from too enthusiastic adulation of his new adherents. We have men in the democracy who have great influence over the masses, and who still remember and repeat to the public the numerous vigorous assaults of Mr. Greeley on the principles as well as the *personnel* of that party. Now if Mr. Greeley or his friends change to the right about, and are equally vigorous in support of his old opponents, people will make comparisons which are damaging to his reputation for consistent honesty. Remember that he supported bayonet legislation for the South against me; but the *Tribune* opposes it now against the majority of Congress. The tide of radicalism in this country is on the ebb. It has reached its utmost height, and the revulsion has come. I see this fact in the failure to complete the radical intention regarding the Ku Klux and Amendatory Enforcement bills in the House. The current setting in the other way is very feeble just now, and yet sufficiently strong to be perceptible. It is carrying with it many Northern republican politicians, who have wit enough to see the change in public sentiment, or who have commenced to think themselves instead of blindly following the dictates of a Congressional committee. It has been impossible up to this time since the war for the democrats to succeed, but a golden opportunity is now before them. They must act with united decision, however, or they will fail again. Mr. Greeley will doubtless be endorsed at the Baltimore Convention. This may be a bitter pill for some of us to swallow; but we must not show our grimaces to the public. I intend to take the stump myself, in my own State, and perhaps others, against General Grant. I shall oppose him on grounds of public policy, no matter who may receive the benefit of that opposition. It may be Mr. Greeley; it will certainly be intended for the benefit of the nominee at Baltimore.

MISCELLANEOUS POLITICAL NOTES.

The Mobile *Tribune* (Greeley) says:—"It is reported that Henry Wilson, late shoemaker, is not an ultra man. He ought not to be. He should remember the old motto, '*Ne ultra crepidam.*'"

The Chicago *Times* (democratic) is determined that Greeley shall not be elected, and gives the following reasons why he should not be nominated at Baltimore:—

First, because Mr. Greeley can't be elected, and, secondly, because he is not a fit person for President. If these are not sufficient reasons there are plenty more that will readily suggest themselves to any mind that is not afflicted with philosophic insanity.

The Charleston *Courier* is authority for the following doubtful statement:—

Mr. Greeley, always ready to tell what he knows about farming and gardening, answers Colfax's inquiry with the assurance that "squash season" will arrive this season early in November.

The Chicago *Times* refers to the "unspeakable idiocy" which was betrayed in the organization of the New York Conference, but the ticket nominated is "immeasurably superior to the Cincinnati product."

The Toledo *Blade* brandishes its weapon at the nomination of Greeley, crying out:—

Every plunderer, every treasury robber, every Tammany thief in New York, is howling for Greeley and reform with a vehemence that makes an honest man shiver.

The *Blade* of Toledo is sharpening up its wit as the campaign progresses. It is after ex-Congressman Ashley in this manner:—

Our democratic brethren of Toledo are modifying thus:—February, 1872, That damned Ashley; March, 1872, Jim Ashley; April, 1872, J. M. Ashley; May, 1872, Mr. Ashley; June, 1872, Hon. J. M. Ashley; and it will be in July, 1872, "Our" Ashley.

The Philadelphia *Press* (Grant) oracularly declares that "no republican can support Greeley and still remain a republican."

The Georgia *Constitutionalist* (democratic) avers that the New York Conference settles the Baltimore question. It points, it adds, "unerringly to the recommendation by that Convention of Horace Greeley and Gratz Brown as the ticket that is to redeem the country from misrule, and to inaugurate an era of reform, of honesty, security, amnesty and peace."

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